



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

**RE: FINAL PERMIT TO INSTALL MODIFICATION
LUCAS COUNTY**

CERTIFIED MAIL

Street Address:

50 West Town Street, Suite 700

Lazarus Gov. Center TELE: (614) 644-3020 FAX: (614) 644-2329

Mailing Address:

Lazarus Gov. Center
P.O. Box 1049

Application No: 04-01358

Fac ID: 0448011731

DATE: 1/31/2008

Magna Steyr
Richard Smalleys
4400 Chrysler Drive
Toledo, OH 43608

Enclosed Please find a modification to the Ohio EPA Permit To Install referenced above which will modify the terms and conditions.

You are hereby notified that this action of the Director is final and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$70.00 which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section
Division of Air Pollution Control

CC: USEPA

TDES



**Permit To Install
Terms and Conditions**

**Issue Date: 1/31/2008
Effective Date: 1/31/2008**

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE MODIFICATION OF PERMIT TO INSTALL 04-01358

Application Number: 04-01358
Facility ID: 0448011731
Permit Fee: **\$0**
Name of Facility: Magna Steyr
Person to Contact: Richard Smallets
Address: 4400 Chrysler Drive
Toledo, OH 43608

Location of proposed air contaminant source(s) [emissions unit(s)]:

**3800 Stickney Ave.
Toledo, Ohio**

Description of proposed emissions unit(s):

Admn. Mod - incorrect emissions units currently in this permit. Emissions units currently included in this permit are from pti 04-01359, Chrysler South Assembly.

The above named entity is hereby granted a modification to the permit to install described above pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this modification does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the above described source(s) of environmental pollutants will operate in compliance with applicable State and Federal laws and regulations, and does not constitute expressed or implied assurance that if constructed or modified in accordance with those plans included in the application, the above described source(s) of pollutants will be granted the necessary operating permits.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director

Magna Steyr

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Part I - GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

A. State and Federally Enforceable Permit-To-Install General Terms and Conditions

1. Monitoring and Related Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

- a. Except as may otherwise be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, the permittee shall maintain records that include the following, where applicable, for any required monitoring under this permit:
 - i. The date, place (as defined in the permit), and time of sampling or measurements.
 - ii. The date(s) analyses were performed.
 - iii. The company or entity that performed the analyses.
 - iv. The analytical techniques or methods used.
 - v. The results of such analyses.
 - vi. The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- b. Each record of any monitoring data, testing data, and support information required pursuant to this permit shall be retained for a period of five years from the date the record was created. Support information shall include, but not be limited to, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit. Such records may be maintained in computerized form.
- c. Except as may otherwise be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, the permittee shall submit required reports in the following manner:
 - i. Reports of any required monitoring and/or recordkeeping of federally enforceable information shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.
 - ii. Quarterly written reports of (i) any deviations from federally enforceable emission limitations, operational restrictions, and control device operating parameter limitations, excluding deviations resulting from malfunctions reported in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06, that have been detected by the testing, monitoring and recordkeeping requirements specified in this permit, (ii) the probable cause of such deviations, and (iii) any corrective actions or preventive measures taken, shall be made to

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the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The written reports shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) quarterly, by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar quarters. See B.9 below if no deviations occurred during the quarter.

- iii. Written reports, which identify any deviations from the federally enforceable monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements contained in this permit shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency every six months, by January 31 and July 31 of each year for the previous six calendar months. If no deviations occurred during a six-month period, the permittee shall submit a semi-annual report, which states that no deviations occurred during that period.
 - iv. If this permit is for an emissions unit located at a Title V facility, then each written report shall be signed by a responsible official certifying that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the report are true, accurate, and complete.
- d. The permittee shall report actual emissions pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-78 for the purpose of collecting Air Pollution Control Fees.

2. Scheduled Maintenance/Malfunction Reporting

Any scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment shall be performed in accordance with paragraph (A) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. The malfunction, i.e., upset, of any emissions units or any associated air pollution control system(s) shall be reported to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency in accordance with paragraph (B) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. (The definition of an upset condition shall be the same as that used in OAC rule 3745-15-06(B)(1) for a malfunction.) The verbal and written reports shall be submitted pursuant to OAC rule 3745-15-06.

Except as provided in that rule, any scheduled maintenance or malfunction necessitating the shutdown or bypassing of any air pollution control system(s) shall be accompanied by the shutdown of the emission unit(s) that is (are) served by such control system(s).

3. Risk Management Plans

If the permittee is required to develop and register a risk management plan pursuant to section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq. ("Act"), the permittee shall comply with the requirement to register such a plan.

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4. Title IV Provisions

If the permittee is subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 72 concerning acid rain, the permittee shall ensure that any affected emissions unit complies with those requirements. Emissions exceeding any allowances that are lawfully held under Title IV of the Act, or any regulations adopted thereunder, are prohibited.

5. Severability Clause

A determination that any term or condition of this permit is invalid shall not invalidate the force or effect of any other term or condition thereof, except to the extent that any other term or condition depends in whole or in part for its operation or implementation upon the term or condition declared invalid.

6. General Requirements

- a. The permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. Any noncompliance with the federally enforceable terms and conditions of this permit constitutes a violation of the Act, and is grounds for enforcement action or for permit revocation, revocation and re-issuance, or modification
- b. It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the federally enforceable terms and conditions of this permit.
- c. This permit may be modified, revoked, or revoked and reissued, for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or revocation, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any term and condition of this permit.
- d. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.
- e. The permittee shall furnish to the Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that may be requested to determine whether cause exists for modifying or revoking this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Director or an authorized representative of the Director, copies of records required to be kept by this permit. For information claimed to be confidential in the submittal to

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the Director, if the Administrator of the U.S. EPA requests such information, the permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

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7. Fees

The permittee shall pay fees to the Director of the Ohio EPA in accordance with ORC section 3745.11 and OAC Chapter 3745-78. The permittee shall pay all applicable permit-to-install fees within 30 days after the issuance of any permit-to-install. The permittee shall pay all applicable permit-to-operate fees within thirty days of the issuance of the invoice.

8. Federal and State Enforceability

Only those terms and conditions designated in this permit as federally enforceable, that are required under the Act, or any its applicable requirements, including relevant provisions designed to limit the potential to emit of a source, are enforceable by the Administrator of the U.S. EPA and the State and by citizens (to the extent allowed by section 304 of the Act) under the Act. All other terms and conditions of this permit shall not be federally enforceable and shall be enforceable under State law only.

9. Compliance Requirements

- a. Any document (including reports) required to be submitted and required by a federally applicable requirement in this permit shall include a certification by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements in the document are true, accurate, and complete.
- b. Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow the Director of the Ohio EPA or an authorized representative of the Director to:
 - i. At reasonable times, enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or the emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit.
 - ii. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit, subject to the protection from disclosure to the public of confidential information consistent with ORC section 3704.08.
 - iii. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit.

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- iv. As authorized by the Act, sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit and applicable requirements.
- c. The permittee shall submit progress reports to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency concerning any schedule of compliance for meeting an applicable requirement. Progress reports shall be submitted semiannually, or more frequently if specified in the applicable requirement or by the Director of the Ohio EPA. Progress reports shall contain the following:
 - i. Dates for achieving the activities, milestones, or compliance required in any schedule of compliance, and dates when such activities, milestones, or compliance were achieved.
 - ii. An explanation of why any dates in any schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventive or corrective measures adopted.

10. Permit-To-Operate Application

- a. If the permittee is required to apply for a Title V permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-77, the permittee shall submit a complete Title V permit application or a complete Title V permit modification application within twelve (12) months after commencing operation of the emissions units covered by this permit. However, if the proposed new or modified source(s) would be prohibited by the terms and conditions of an existing Title V permit, a Title V permit modification must be obtained before the operation of such new or modified source(s) pursuant to OAC rule 3745-77-04(D) and OAC rule 3745-77-08(C)(3)(d).
- b. If the permittee is required to apply for permit(s) pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-35, the source(s) identified in this permit is (are) permitted to operate for a period of up to one year from the date the source(s) commenced operation. Permission to operate is granted only if the facility complies with all requirements contained in this permit and all applicable air pollution laws, regulations, and policies. Pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-35, the permittee shall submit a complete operating permit application within ninety (90) days after commencing operation of the source(s) covered by this permit.

11. Best Available Technology

As specified in OAC Rule 3745-31-05, all new sources must employ Best Available Technology (BAT). Compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit will fulfill this requirement.

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12. Air Pollution Nuisance

The air contaminants emitted by the emissions units covered by this permit shall not cause a public nuisance, in violation of OAC rule 3745-15-07.

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13. Permit-To-Install

A permit-to-install must be obtained pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31 prior to "installation" of "any air contaminant source" as defined in OAC rule 3745-31-01, or "modification", as defined in OAC rule 3745-31-01, of any emissions unit included in this permit.

B. State Only Enforceable Permit-To-Install General Terms and Conditions

1. Compliance Requirements

The emissions unit(s) identified in this Permit shall remain in full compliance with all applicable State laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit.

2. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall submit required reports in the following manner:

- a. Reports of any required monitoring and/or recordkeeping of state-only enforceable information shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.
- b. Except as otherwise may be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, quarterly written reports of (a) any deviations (excursions) from state-only required emission limitations, operational restrictions, and control device operating parameter limitations that have been detected by the testing, monitoring, and recordkeeping requirements specified in this permit, (b) the probable cause of such deviations, and (c) any corrective actions or preventive measures which have been or will be taken, shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. If no deviations occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a quarterly report, which states that no deviations occurred during that quarter. The reports shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) quarterly, by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar quarters. (These quarterly reports shall exclude deviations resulting from malfunctions reported in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06.)

3. Permit Transfers

Any transferee of this permit shall assume the responsibilities of the prior permit holder.

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The appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency must be notified in writing of any transfer of this permit.

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If applicable, authorization to install or modify any new or existing emissions unit included in this permit shall terminate within eighteen months of the effective date of the permit if the owner or operator has not undertaken a continuing program of installation or modification or has not entered into a binding contractual obligation to undertake and complete within a reasonable time a continuing program of installation or modification. This deadline may be extended by up to 12 months if application is made to the Director within a reasonable time before the termination date and the party shows good cause for any such extension.

5. Construction of New Sources(s)

This permit does not constitute an assurance that the proposed source will operate in compliance with all Ohio laws and regulations. This permit does not constitute expressed or implied assurance that the proposed facility has been constructed in accordance with the application and terms and conditions of this permit. The action of beginning and/or completing construction prior to obtaining the Director's approval constitutes a violation of OAC rule 3745-31-02. Furthermore, issuance of this permit does not constitute an assurance that the proposed source will operate in compliance with all Ohio laws and regulations. Issuance of this permit is not to be construed as a waiver of any rights that the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (or other persons) may have against the applicant for starting construction prior to the effective date of the permit. Additional facilities shall be installed upon orders of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency if the proposed facilities cannot meet the requirements of this permit or cannot meet applicable standards.

6. Public Disclosure

The facility is hereby notified that this permit, and all agency records concerning the operation of this permitted source, are subject to public disclosure in accordance with OAC rule 3745-49-03.

7. Applicability

This Permit to Install is applicable only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the Permit To Install. Separate application must be made to the Director for the installation or modification of any other emissions unit(s).

8. Construction Compliance Certification

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If applicable, the applicant shall provide Ohio EPA with a written certification (see enclosed form if applicable) that the facility has been constructed in accordance with the permit-to-install application and the terms and conditions of the permit-to-install. The certification shall be provided to Ohio EPA upon completion of construction but prior to startup of the source.

9. Additional Reporting Requirements When There Are No Deviations of Federally Enforceable Emission Limitations, Operational Restrictions, or Control Device Operating Parameter Limitations (See Section A of This Permit)

If no deviations occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a quarterly report, which states that no deviations occurred during that quarter. The reports shall be submitted quarterly (i.e., postmarked), by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar quarters.

C. Permit-To-Install Summary of Allowable Emissions

The following information summarizes the total allowable emissions, by pollutant, based on the individual allowable emissions of each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

SUMMARY (for informational purposes only)
TOTAL PERMIT TO INSTALL ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Tons Per Year</u>
CO	237.3
PM10	23.27
PE	16.92
VOC	310.88
NOx	89.42
SO2	10.68

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Part II - FACILITY SPECIFIC TERMS AND CONDITIONS

A. State and Federally Enforceable Permit To Install Facility Specific Terms and Conditions

1. 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A General Provisions

a. 40 CFR 63.1 Applicability.

(a) General.

(1) Terms used throughout this part are defined in 40 CFR 63.2 or in the Clean Air Act (Act) as amended in 1990, except that individual subparts of this part may include specific definitions in addition to or that supersede definitions in 40 CFR 63.2.

(2) This part contains national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP) established pursuant to section 112 of the Act as amended November 15, 1990. These standards regulate specific categories of stationary sources that emit (or have the potential to emit) one or more hazardous air pollutants listed in this part pursuant to section 112(b) of the Act. This section explains the applicability of such standards to sources affected by them. The standards in this part are independent of NESHAP contained in 40 CFR part 61. The NESHAP in part 61 promulgated by signature of the Administrator before November 15, 1990 (i.e., the date of enactment of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990) remain in effect until they are amended, if appropriate, and added to this part.

(3) No emission standard or other requirement established under this part shall be interpreted, construed, or applied to diminish or replace the requirements of a more stringent emission limitation or other applicable requirement established by the Administrator pursuant to other authority of the Act (section 111, part C or D or any other authority of this Act), or a standard issued under State authority. The Administrator may specify in a specific standard under this part that facilities subject to other provisions under the Act need only comply with the provisions of that standard.

(4)(i) Each relevant standard in this part 63 must identify explicitly whether each provision in this subpart A is or is not included in such relevant standard.

(ii) If a relevant part 63 standard incorporates the requirements of 40 CFR part 60, part 61 or other part 63 standards, the relevant part 63 standard must identify explicitly the applicability of each corresponding part 60, part 61, or other part 63 subpart A (General) provision.

(iii) The General Provisions in this subpart A do not apply to regulations

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developed pursuant to section 112(r) of the amended Act, unless otherwise specified in those regulations.

(5) [Reserved]

(6) To obtain the most current list of categories of sources to be regulated under section 112 of the Act, or to obtain the most recent regulation promulgation schedule established pursuant to section 112(e) of the Act, contact the Office of the Director, Emission Standards Division, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, U.S. EPA (MD-13), Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711.

(7)-(9) [Reserved]

(10) For the purposes of this part, time periods specified in days shall be measured in calendar days, even if the word calendar is absent, unless otherwise specified in an applicable requirement.

(11) For the purposes of this part, if an explicit postmark deadline is not specified in an applicable requirement for the submittal of a notification, application, test plan, report, or other written communication to the Administrator, the owner or operator shall postmark the submittal on or before the number of days specified in the applicable requirement. For example, if a notification must be submitted 15 days before a particular event is scheduled to take place, the notification shall be postmarked on or before 15 days preceding the event; likewise, if a notification must be submitted 15 days after a particular event takes place, the notification shall be postmarked on or before 15 days following the end of the event. The use of reliable non-Government mail carriers that provide indications of verifiable delivery of information required to be submitted to the Administrator, similar to the postmark provided by the U.S. Postal Service, or alternative means of delivery agreed to by the permitting authority, is acceptable.

(12) Notwithstanding time periods or postmark deadlines specified in this part for the submittal of information to the Administrator by an owner or operator, or the review of such information by the Administrator, such time periods or deadlines may be changed by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the Administrator. Procedures governing the implementation of this provision are specified in 40 CFR 63.9(i).

(b) Initial applicability determination for this part. (1) The provisions of this part apply to the owner or operator of any stationary source that:

(i) Emits or has the potential to emit any hazardous air pollutant listed in or pursuant to section 112(b) of the Act; and

(ii) Is subject to any standard, limitation, prohibition, or other federally enforceable requirement established pursuant to this part.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) An owner or operator of a stationary source who is in the relevant source category and who determines that the source is not subject to a relevant standard or other requirement established under this part must keep a record as specified in 40 CFR 63.10(b)(3).

(c) Applicability of this part after a relevant standard has been set under this part. (1) If a relevant standard has been established under this part, the owner or

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operator of an affected source must comply with the provisions of that standard and of this subpart as provided in paragraph (a)(4) of this section.

(2) Except as provided in 40 CFR 63.10(b)(3), if a relevant standard has been established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source may be required to obtain a title V permit from a permitting authority in the State in which the source is located. Emission standards promulgated in this part for area sources pursuant to section 112(c)(3) of the Act will specify whether:

- (i) States will have the option to exclude area sources affected by that standard from the requirement to obtain a title V permit (i.e., the standard will exempt the category of area sources altogether from the permitting requirement);
- (ii) States will have the option to defer permitting of area sources in that category until the Administrator takes rulemaking action to determine applicability of the permitting requirements; or
- (iii) If a standard fails to specify what the permitting requirements will be for area sources affected by such a standard, then area sources that are subject to the standard will be subject to the requirement to obtain a title V permit without any deferral.

(3)-(4) [Reserved]

(5) If an area source that otherwise would be subject to an emission standard or other requirement established under this part if it were a major source subsequently increases its emissions of hazardous air pollutants (or its potential to emit hazardous air pollutants) such that the source is a major source that is subject to the emission standard or other requirement, such source also shall be subject to the notification requirements of this subpart.

(d) [Reserved]

(e) If the Administrator promulgates an emission standard under section 112(d) or (h) of the Act that is applicable to a source subject to an emission limitation by permit established under section 112(j) of the Act, and the requirements under the section 112(j) emission limitation are substantially as effective as the promulgated emission standard, the owner or operator may request the permitting authority to revise the source's title V permit to reflect that the emission limitation in the permit satisfies the requirements of the promulgated emission standard. The process by which the permitting authority determines whether the section 112(j) emission limitation is substantially as effective as the promulgated emission standard must include, consistent with part 70 or 71 of this chapter, the opportunity for full public, EPA, and affected State review (including the opportunity for EPA's objection) prior to the permit revision being finalized. A negative determination by the permitting authority constitutes final action for purposes of review and appeal under the applicable title V operating permit program.

b. 40 CFR 63.2 Definitions.

The terms used in this part are defined in the Act or in this section as follows:
Act means the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq., as amended by Pub. L.

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101-549, 104 Stat. 2399).

Actual emissions is defined in subpart D of this part for the purpose of granting a compliance extension for an early reduction of hazardous air pollutants.

Administrator means the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her authorized representative (e.g., a State that has been delegated the authority to implement the provisions of this part).

Affected source, for the purposes of this part, means the collection of equipment, activities, or both within a single contiguous area and under common control that is included in a section 112(c) source category or subcategory for which a section 112(d) standard or other relevant standard is established pursuant to section 112 of the Act. Each relevant standard will define the affected source, as defined in this paragraph unless a different definition is warranted based on a published justification as to why this definition would result in significant administrative, practical, or implementation problems and why the different definition would resolve those problems. The term affected source, as used in this part, is separate and distinct from any other use of that term in EPA regulations such as those implementing title IV of the Act. Affected source may be defined differently for part 63 than affected facility and stationary source in parts 60 and 61, respectively. This definition of affected source, and the procedures for adopting an alternative definition of affected source, shall apply to each section 112(d) standard for which the initial proposed rule is signed by the Administrator after June 30, 2002.

Alternative emission limitation means conditions established pursuant to sections 112(i)(5) or 112(i)(6) of the Act by the Administrator or by a State with an approved permit program.

Alternative emission standard means an alternative means of emission limitation that, after notice and opportunity for public comment, has been demonstrated by an owner or operator to the Administrator's satisfaction to achieve a reduction in emissions of any air pollutant at least equivalent to the reduction in emissions of such pollutant achieved under a relevant design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standard, or combination thereof, established under this part pursuant to section 112(h) of the Act.

Alternative test method means any method of sampling and analyzing for an air pollutant that is not a test method in this chapter and that has been demonstrated to the Administrator's satisfaction, using Method 301 in Appendix A of this part, to produce results adequate for the Administrator's determination that it may be used in place of a test method specified in this part.

Approved permit program means a State permit program approved by the Administrator as meeting the requirements of part 70 of this chapter or a Federal permit program established in this chapter pursuant to title V of the Act (42

U.S.C. 7661).

Area source means any stationary source of hazardous air pollutants that is not a major source as defined in this part.

Commenced means, with respect to construction or reconstruction of an affected source, that an owner or operator has undertaken a continuous program of construction or reconstruction or that an owner or operator has entered into a contractual obligation to undertake and complete, within a reasonable time, a continuous program of construction or reconstruction.

Compliance date means the date by which an affected source is required to be in compliance with a relevant standard, limitation, prohibition, or any federally enforceable requirement established by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) pursuant to section 112 of the Act.

Compliance schedule means: (1) In the case of an affected source that is in compliance with all applicable requirements established under this part, a statement that the source will continue to comply with such requirements; or (2) In the case of an affected source that is required to comply with applicable requirements by a future date, a statement that the source will meet such requirements on a timely basis and, if required by an applicable requirement, a detailed schedule of the dates by which each step toward compliance will be reached; or

(3) In the case of an affected source not in compliance with all applicable requirements established under this part, a schedule of remedial measures, including an enforceable sequence of actions or operations with milestones and a schedule for the submission of certified progress reports, where applicable, leading to compliance with a relevant standard, limitation, prohibition, or any federally enforceable requirement established pursuant to section 112 of the Act for which the affected source is not in compliance. This compliance schedule shall resemble and be at least as stringent as that contained in any judicial consent decree or administrative order to which the source is subject. Any such schedule of compliance shall be supplemental to, and shall not sanction noncompliance with, the applicable requirements on which it is based.

Construction means the on-site fabrication, erection, or installation of an affected source. Construction does not include the removal of all equipment comprising an affected source from an existing location and reinstallation of such equipment at a new location. The owner or operator of an existing affected source that is relocated may elect not to reinstall minor ancillary equipment including, but not limited to, piping, ductwork, and valves. However, removal and reinstallation of an affected source will be construed as reconstruction if it satisfies the criteria for reconstruction as defined in this section. The costs of replacing minor ancillary equipment must be considered in determining whether the existing affected source is reconstructed.

Continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) means the total equipment that may be required to meet the data acquisition and availability requirements of this part, used to sample, condition (if applicable), analyze, and provide a record of

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emissions.

Continuous monitoring system (CMS) is a comprehensive term that may include, but is not limited to, continuous emission monitoring systems, continuous opacity monitoring systems, continuous parameter monitoring systems, or other manual or automatic monitoring that is used for demonstrating compliance with an applicable regulation on a continuous basis as defined by the regulation.

Continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS) means a continuous monitoring system that measures the opacity of emissions.

Continuous parameter monitoring system means the total equipment that may be required to meet the data acquisition and availability requirements of this part, used to sample, condition (if applicable), analyze, and provide a record of process or control system parameters.

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Effective date means:

- (1) With regard to an emission standard established under this part, the date of promulgation in the Federal Register of such standard; or
- (2) With regard to an alternative emission limitation or equivalent emission limitation determined by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program), the date that the alternative emission limitation or equivalent emission limitation becomes effective according to the provisions of this part.

Emission standard means a national standard, limitation, prohibition, or other regulation promulgated in a subpart of this part pursuant to sections 112(d), 112(h), or 112(f) of the Act.

Emissions averaging is a way to comply with the emission limitations specified in a relevant standard, whereby an affected source, if allowed under a subpart of this part, may create emission credits by reducing emissions from specific points to a level below that required by the relevant standard, and those credits are used to offset emissions from points that are not controlled to the level required by the relevant standard.

EPA means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Equivalent emission limitation means any maximum achievable control technology emission limitation or requirements which are applicable to a major source of hazardous air pollutants and are adopted by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) on a case-by-case basis, pursuant to section 112(g) or (j) of the Act.

Excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report is a report that must be submitted periodically by an affected source in order to provide data on its compliance with relevant emission limits, operating parameters, and the performance of its continuous parameter monitoring systems.

Existing source means any affected source that is not a new source.

Federally enforceable means all limitations and conditions that are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Act or that are enforceable under other statutes administered by the Administrator. Examples of federally enforceable limitations and conditions include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Emission standards, alternative emission standards, alternative emission limitations, and equivalent emission limitations established pursuant to section 112 of the Act as amended in 1990;
- (2) New source performance standards established pursuant to section 111 of the Act, and emission standards established pursuant to section 112 of the Act before it was amended in 1990;
- (3) All terms and conditions in a title V permit, including any provisions that limit a source's potential to emit, unless expressly designated as not federally

enforceable;

(4) Limitations and conditions that are part of an approved State Implementation Plan (SIP) or a Federal Implementation Plan (FIP);

(5) Limitations and conditions that are part of a Federal construction permit issued under 40 CFR 52.21 or any construction permit issued under regulations approved by the EPA in accordance with 40 CFR part 51;

(6) Limitations and conditions that are part of an operating permit where the permit and the permitting program pursuant to which it was issued meet all of the following criteria:

(i) The operating permit program has been submitted to and approved by EPA into a State implementation plan (SIP) under section 110 of the CAA;

(ii) The SIP imposes a legal obligation that operating permit holders adhere to the terms and limitations of such permits and provides that permits which do not conform to the operating permit program requirements and the requirements of EPA's underlying regulations may be deemed not federally enforceable by EPA;

(iii) The operating permit program requires that all emission limitations, controls, and other requirements imposed by such permits will be at least as stringent as any other applicable limitations and requirements contained in the SIP or enforceable under the SIP, and that the program may not issue permits that waive, or make less stringent, any limitations or requirements contained in or issued pursuant to the SIP, or that are otherwise federally enforceable;

(iv) The limitations, controls, and requirements in the permit in question are permanent, quantifiable, and otherwise enforceable as a practical matter; and

(v) The permit in question was issued only after adequate and timely notice and opportunity for comment for EPA and the public.

(7) Limitations and conditions in a State rule or program that has been approved by the EPA under subpart E of this part for the purposes of implementing and enforcing section 112; and

(8) Individual consent agreements that the EPA has legal authority to create.

Fixed capital cost means the capital needed to provide all the depreciable components of an existing source.

Fugitive emissions means those emissions from a stationary source that could not reasonably pass through a stack, chimney, vent, or other functionally equivalent opening. Under section 112 of the Act, all fugitive emissions are to be considered in determining whether a stationary source is a major source.

Hazardous air pollutant means any air pollutant listed in or pursuant to section 112(b) of the Act.

Issuance of a part 70 permit will occur, if the State is the permitting authority, in accordance with the requirements of part 70 of this chapter and the applicable, approved State permit program. When the EPA is the permitting authority, issuance of a title V permit occurs immediately after the EPA takes final action on the final permit.

Major source means any stationary source or group of stationary sources located within a contiguous area and under common control that emits or has the

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potential to emit considering controls, in the aggregate, 10 tons per year or more of any hazardous air pollutant or 25 tons per year or more of any combination of hazardous air pollutants, unless the Administrator establishes a lesser quantity, or in the case of radionuclides, different criteria from those specified in this sentence.

Malfunction means any sudden, infrequent, and not reasonably preventable failure of air pollution control and monitoring equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner which causes, or has the potential to cause, the emission limitations in an applicable standard to be exceeded. Failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions.

Monitoring means the collection and use of measurement data or other information to control the operation of a process or pollution control device or to verify a work practice standard relative to assuring compliance with applicable requirements. Monitoring is composed of four elements:

(1) Indicator(s) of performance: the parameter or parameters you measure or observe for demonstrating proper operation of the pollution control measures or compliance with the applicable emissions limitation or standard. Indicators of performance may include direct or predicted emissions measurements (including opacity), operational parametric values that correspond to process or control device (and capture system) efficiencies or emissions rates, and recorded findings of inspection of work practice activities, materials tracking, or design characteristics. Indicators may be expressed as a single maximum or minimum value, a function of process variables (for example, within a range of pressure drops), a particular operational or work practice status (for example, a damper position, completion of a waste recovery task, materials tracking), or an interdependency between two or among more than two variables.

(2) Measurement techniques: the means by which you gather and record information of or about the indicators of performance. The components of the measurement technique include the detector type, location and installation specifications, inspection procedures, and quality assurance and quality control measures. Examples of measurement techniques include continuous emission monitoring systems, continuous opacity monitoring systems, continuous parametric monitoring systems, and manual inspections that include making records of process conditions or work practices.

(3) Monitoring frequency: the number of times you obtain and record monitoring data over a specified time interval. Examples of monitoring frequencies include at least four points equally spaced for each hour for continuous emissions or parametric monitoring systems, at least every 10 seconds for continuous opacity monitoring systems, and at least once per operating day (or week, month, etc.)

for work practice or design inspections.

(4) Averaging time: the period over which you average and use data to verify proper operation of the pollution control approach or compliance with the emissions limitation or standard. Examples of averaging time include a 3-hour average in units of the emissions limitation, a 30-day rolling average emissions value, a daily average of a control device operational parametric range, and an instantaneous alarm.

New affected source means the collection of equipment, activities, or both within a single contiguous area and under common control that is included in a section 112(c) source category or subcategory that is subject to a section 112(d) or other relevant standard for new sources. This definition of new affected source, and the criteria to be utilized in implementing it, shall apply to each section 112(d) standard for which the initial proposed rule is signed by the Administrator after June 30, 2002. Each relevant standard will define the term new affected source, which will be the same as the affected source unless a different collection is warranted based on consideration of factors including:

- (1) Emission reduction impacts of controlling individual sources versus groups of sources;
- (2) Cost effectiveness of controlling individual equipment;
- (3) Flexibility to accommodate common control strategies;
- (4) Cost/benefits of emissions averaging;
- (5) Incentives for pollution prevention;
- (6) Feasibility and cost of controlling processes that share common equipment (e.g., product recovery devices);
- (7) Feasibility and cost of monitoring; and
- (8) Other relevant factors.

New source means any affected source the construction or reconstruction of which is commenced after the Administrator first proposes a relevant emission standard under this part establishing an emission standard applicable to such source.

One-hour period, unless otherwise defined in an applicable subpart, means any 60-minute period commencing on the hour.

Opacity means the degree to which emissions reduce the transmission of light and obscure the view of an object in the background. For continuous opacity monitoring systems, opacity means the fraction of incident light that is attenuated by an optical medium.

Owner or operator means any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises a stationary source.

Performance audit means a procedure to analyze blind samples, the content of which is known by the Administrator, simultaneously with the analysis of performance test samples in order to provide a measure of test data quality.

Performance evaluation means the conduct of relative accuracy testing, calibration error testing, and other measurements used in validating the continuous monitoring system data.

Performance test means the collection of data resulting from the execution of a

test method (usually three emission test runs) used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant emission standard as specified in the performance test section of the relevant standard.

Permit modification means a change to a title V permit as defined in regulations codified in this chapter to implement title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661).

Permit program means a comprehensive State operating permit system established pursuant to title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661) and regulations codified in part 70 of this chapter and applicable State regulations, or a comprehensive Federal operating permit system established pursuant to title V of the Act and regulations codified in this chapter.

Permit revision means any permit modification or administrative permit amendment to a title V permit as defined in regulations codified in this chapter to implement title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661).

Permitting authority means: (1) The State air pollution control agency, local agency, other State agency, or other agency authorized by the Administrator to carry out a permit program under part 70 of this chapter; or

(2) The Administrator, in the case of EPA-implemented permit programs under title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661).

Pollution Prevention means source reduction as defined under the Pollution Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 13101-13109). The definition is as follows:

(1) Source reduction is any practice that:

(i) Reduces the amount of any hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant entering any waste stream or otherwise released into the environment (including fugitive emissions) prior to recycling, treatment, or disposal; and

(ii) Reduces the hazards to public health and the environment associated with the release of such substances, pollutants, or contaminants.

(2) The term source reduction includes equipment or technology modifications, process or procedure modifications, reformulation or redesign of products, substitution of raw materials, and improvements in housekeeping, maintenance, training, or inventory control.

(3) The term source reduction does not include any practice that alters the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics or the volume of a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant through a process or activity which itself is not integral to and necessary for the production of a product or the providing of a service.

Potential to emit means the maximum capacity of a stationary source to emit a pollutant under its physical and operational design. Any physical or operational limitation on the capacity of the stationary source to emit a pollutant, including air pollution control equipment and restrictions on hours of operation or on the type or amount of material combusted, stored, or processed, shall be treated as part of its design if the limitation or the effect it would have on emissions is federally enforceable.

Reconstruction, unless otherwise defined in a relevant standard, means the replacement of components of an affected or a previously nonaffected source to

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such an extent that:

(1) The fixed capital cost of the new components exceeds 50 percent of the fixed capital cost that would be required to construct a comparable new source; and
(2) It is technologically and economically feasible for the reconstructed source to meet the relevant standard(s) established by the Administrator (or a State) pursuant to section 112 of the Act. Upon reconstruction, an affected source, or a stationary source that becomes an affected source, is subject to relevant standards for new sources, including compliance dates, irrespective of any change in emissions of hazardous air pollutants from that source.

Regulation promulgation schedule means the schedule for the promulgation of emission standards under this part, established by the Administrator pursuant to section 112(e) of the Act and published in the Federal Register.

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Relevant standard means:

- (1) An emission standard;
- (2) An alternative emission standard;
- (3) An alternative emission limitation; or
- (4) An equivalent emission limitation established pursuant to section 112 of the Act that applies to the collection of equipment, activities, or both regulated by such standard or limitation. A relevant standard may include or consist of a design, equipment, work practice, or operational requirement, or other measure, process, method, system, or technique (including prohibition of emissions) that the Administrator (or a State) establishes for new or existing sources to which such standard or limitation applies. Every relevant standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act includes subpart A of this part, as provided by 40 CFR 63.1(a)(4), and all applicable appendices of this part or of other parts of this chapter that are referenced in that standard.

Responsible official means one of the following:

- (1) For a corporation: A president, secretary, treasurer, or vice president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation, or a duly authorized representative of such person if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities and either:
 - (i) The facilities employ more than 250 persons or have gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 dollars); or
 - (ii) The delegation of authority to such representative is approved in advance by the Administrator.
- (2) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: a general partner or the proprietor, respectively.
- (3) For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency: either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For the purposes of this part, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes the chief executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., a Regional Administrator of the EPA).
- (4) For affected sources (as defined in this part) applying for or subject to a title V permit: responsible official shall have the same meaning as defined in part 70 or Federal title V regulations in this chapter (42 U.S.C. 7661), whichever is applicable.

Run means one of a series of emission or other measurements needed to determine emissions for a representative operating period or cycle as specified in this part.

Shutdown means the cessation of operation of an affected source or portion of an affected source for any purpose.

Six-minute period means, with respect to opacity determinations, any one of the 10 equal parts of a 1-hour period.

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Source at a Performance Track member facility means a major or area source located at a facility which has been accepted by EPA for membership in the Performance Track Program (as described at www.epa.gov/PerformanceTrack) and is still a member of the Program. The Performance Track Program is a voluntary program that encourages continuous environmental improvement through the use of environmental management systems, local community outreach, and measurable results.

Standard conditions means a temperature of 293 K (68oF) and a pressure of 101.3 kilopascals (29.92 in. Hg).

Startup means the setting in operation of an affected source or portion of an affected source for any purpose.

State means all non-Federal authorities, including local agencies, interstate associations, and State-wide programs, that have delegated authority to implement: (1) The provisions of this part and/or (2) the permit program established under part 70 of this chapter. The term State shall have its conventional meaning where clear from the context.

Stationary source means any building, structure, facility, or installation which emits or may emit any air pollutant.

Test method means the validated procedure for sampling, preparing, and analyzing for an air pollutant specified in a relevant standard as the performance test procedure. The test method may include methods described in an appendix of this chapter, test methods incorporated by reference in this part, or methods validated for an application through procedures in Method 301 of appendix A of this part.

Title V permit means any permit issued, renewed, or revised pursuant to Federal or State regulations established to implement title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661). A title V permit issued by a State permitting authority is called a part 70 permit in this part.

Visible emission means the observation of an emission of opacity or optical density above the threshold of vision.

Working day means any day on which Federal Government offices (or State government offices for a State that has obtained delegation under section 112(l)) are open for normal business. Saturdays, Sundays, and official Federal (or where delegated, State) holidays are not working days.

- c. 40 CFR 63.3 Units and abbreviations.

Used in this part are abbreviations and symbols of units of measure. These are defined as follows:

(a) System International (SI) units of measure:

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A = ampere

g = gram

Hz = hertz

J = joule

K = degree Kelvin

kg = kilogram

l = liter

m = meter

m³ = cubic metermg = milligram = 10⁻³ gramml = milliliter = 10⁻³ litermm = millimeter = 10⁻³ meterMg = megagram = 10⁶ gram = metric ton

MJ = megajoule

mol = mole

N = newton

ng = nanogram = 10⁻⁹ gramnm = nanometer = 10⁻⁹ meter

Pa = pascal

s = second

V = volt

W = watt ; Ω = ohm ; μg = microgram = 10⁻⁶ gram ; μl = microliter = 10⁻⁶ liter

(b) Other units of measure:

Btu = British thermal unit

C = degree Celsius (centigrade)

cal = calorie

cfm = cubic feet per minute

cc = cubic centimeter

cu ft = cubic feet

d = day

dcf = dry cubic feet

dcm = dry cubic meter

dscf = dry cubic feet at standard conditions

dscm = dry cubic meter at standard conditions

eq = equivalent

F degree Fahrenheit

ft = feet

ft² = square feetft³ = cubic

feet gal = gallon

gr = grain

g-eq = gram equivalent

g-mole = gram mole

hr = hour

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in. = inch
in. H₂O = inches of water
K = 1,000 kcal = kilocalorie
lb = pound
lpm = liter per minute
meq = milliequivalent
min = minute
MW = molecular weight
oz = ounces
ppb = parts per billion
ppbw = parts per billion by weight
ppbv = parts per billion by volume
ppm = parts per million
ppmw = parts per million by weight
ppmv = parts per million by volume
psia = pounds per square inch absolute
psig = pounds per square inch gage
R = degree Rankine
scf = cubic feet at standard conditions
scfh = cubic feet at standard conditions per hour
scm = cubic meter at standard conditions
scmm = cubic meter at standard conditions per minute
sec = second
sq ft = square feet
std = at standard conditions
v/v = volume per volume
yd² = square yards
yr = year
(c) Miscellaneous:
act = actual
avg = average
I.D. = inside diameter
M = molar
N = normal
O.D. = outside diameter
% = percent

d. 40 CFR 63.4 Prohibited activities and circumvention.

(a) Prohibited activities.

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(1) No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part must operate any affected source in violation of the requirements of this part. Affected sources subject to and in compliance with either an extension of compliance or an exemption from compliance are not in violation of the requirements of this part. An extension of compliance can be granted by the Administrator under this part; by a State with an approved permit program; or by the President under section 112(i)(4) of the Act.

(2) No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall fail to keep records, notify, report, or revise reports as required under this part.

(3)-(5) [Reserved]

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(b) Circumvention. No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment, or process to conceal an emission that would otherwise constitute noncompliance with a relevant standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to:

- (1) The use of diluents to achieve compliance with a relevant standard based on the concentration of a pollutant in the effluent discharged to the atmosphere;
- (2) The use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with a relevant standard for visible emissions; and

(c) Fragmentation. Fragmentation after November 15, 1990 which divides ownership of an operation, within the same facility among various owners where there is no real change in control, will not affect applicability. The owner and operator must not use fragmentation or phasing of reconstruction activities (i.e., intentionally dividing reconstruction into multiple parts for purposes of avoiding new source requirements) to avoid becoming subject to new source requirements.

e. 40 CFR 63.5 Preconstruction review and notification requirements.

(a) Applicability.

(1) This section implements the preconstruction review requirements of section 112(i)(1). After the effective date of a relevant standard, promulgated pursuant to section 112(d), (f), or (h) of the Act, under this part, the preconstruction review requirements in this section apply to the owner or operator of new affected sources and reconstructed affected sources that are major-emitting as specified in this section. New and reconstructed affected sources that commence construction or reconstruction before the effective date of a relevant standard are not subject to the preconstruction review requirements specified in paragraphs (b)(3), (d), and (e) of this section.

(2) This section includes notification requirements for new affected sources and reconstructed affected sources that are not major-emitting affected sources and that are or become subject to a relevant promulgated emission standard after the effective date of a relevant standard promulgated under this part.

(b) Requirements for existing, newly constructed, and reconstructed sources. (1) A new affected source for which construction commences after proposal of a relevant standard is subject to relevant standards for new affected sources, including compliance dates. An affected source for which reconstruction commences after proposal of a relevant standard is subject to relevant standards for new sources, including compliance dates, irrespective of any change in emissions of hazardous air pollutants from that source.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) After the effective date of any relevant standard promulgated by the Administrator under this part, no person may, without obtaining written approval in advance from the Administrator in accordance with the procedures specified in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, do any of the following:

(i) Construct a new affected source that is major-emitting and subject to such standard;

(ii) Reconstruct an affected source that is major-emitting and subject to such standard; or

(iii) Reconstruct a major source such that the source becomes an affected source that is major-emitting and subject to the standard.

(4) After the effective date of any relevant standard promulgated by the Administrator under this part, an owner or operator who constructs a new affected source that is not major-emitting or reconstructs an affected source that is not major-emitting that is subject to such standard, or reconstructs a source such that the source becomes an affected source subject to the standard, must notify the Administrator of the intended construction or reconstruction. The notification must be submitted in accordance with the procedures in 40 CFR 63.9(b).

(5) [Reserved]

(6) After the effective date of any relevant standard promulgated by the Administrator under this part, equipment added (or a process change) to an affected source that is within the scope of the definition of affected source under the relevant standard must be considered part of the affected source and subject to all provisions of the relevant standard established for that affected source.

(c) [Reserved]

(d) Application for approval of construction or reconstruction. The provisions of this paragraph implement section 112(i)(1) of the Act.

(1) General application requirements. (i) An owner or operator who is subject to the requirements of paragraph (b)(3) of this section must submit to the Administrator an application for approval of the construction or reconstruction. The application must be submitted as soon as practicable before actual construction or reconstruction begins. The application for approval of construction or reconstruction may be used to fulfill the initial notification requirements of 40 CFR 63.9(b)(5). The owner or operator may submit the application for approval well in advance of the date actual construction or reconstruction begins in order to ensure a timely review by the Administrator and that the planned date to begin will not be delayed.

(ii) A separate application shall be submitted for each construction or reconstruction. Each application for approval of construction or reconstruction shall include at a minimum:

(A) The applicant's name and address;

(B) A notification of intention to construct a new major affected source or make any physical or operational change to a major affected source that may meet or has been determined to meet the criteria for a reconstruction, as defined in 40 CFR 63.2 or in the relevant standard;

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- (C) The address (i.e., physical location) or proposed address of the source;
- (D) An identification of the relevant standard that is the basis of the application;
- (E) The expected date of the beginning of actual construction or reconstruction;
- (F) The expected completion date of the construction or reconstruction;
- (G) [Reserved]

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(H) The type and quantity of hazardous air pollutants emitted by the source, reported in units and averaging times and in accordance with the test methods specified in the relevant standard, or if actual emissions data are not yet available, an estimate of the type and quantity of hazardous air pollutants expected to be emitted by the source reported in units and averaging times specified in the relevant standard. The owner or operator may submit percent reduction information if a relevant standard is established in terms of percent reduction. However, operating parameters, such as flow rate, shall be included in the submission to the extent that they demonstrate performance and compliance; and

(I) [Reserved]

(J) Other information as specified in paragraphs (d)(2) and (d)(3) of this section.

(iii) An owner or operator who submits estimates or preliminary information in place of the actual emissions data and analysis required in paragraphs (d)(1)(ii)(H) and (d)(2) of this section shall submit the actual, measured emissions data and other correct information as soon as available but no later than with the notification of compliance status required in 40 CFR 63.9(h) (see 40 CFR 63.9(h)(5)).

(2) Application for approval of construction. Each application for approval of construction must include, in addition to the information required in paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section, technical information describing the proposed nature, size, design, operating design capacity, and method of operation of the source, including an identification of each type of emission point for each type of hazardous air pollutant that is emitted (or could reasonably be anticipated to be emitted) and a description of the planned air pollution control system (equipment or method) for each emission point. The description of the equipment to be used for the control of emissions must include each control device for each hazardous air pollutant and the estimated control efficiency (percent) for each control device. The description of the method to be used for the control of emissions must include an estimated control efficiency (percent) for that method. Such technical information must include calculations of emission estimates in sufficient detail to permit assessment of the validity of the calculations.

(3) Application for approval of reconstruction. Each application for approval of reconstruction shall include, in addition to the information required in paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section:

(i) A brief description of the affected source and the components that are to be replaced;

(ii) A description of present and proposed emission control systems (i.e., equipment or methods). The description of the equipment to be used for the control of emissions shall include each control device for each hazardous air

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pollutant and the estimated control efficiency (percent) for each control device. The description of the method to be used for the control of emissions shall include an estimated control efficiency (percent) for that method. Such technical information shall include calculations of emission estimates in sufficient detail to permit assessment of the validity of the calculations;

(iii) An estimate of the fixed capital cost of the replacements and of constructing a comparable entirely new source;

(iv) The estimated life of the affected source after the replacements; and

(v) A discussion of any economic or technical limitations the source may have in complying with relevant standards or other requirements after the proposed replacements. The discussion shall be sufficiently detailed to demonstrate to the Administrator's satisfaction that the technical or economic limitations affect the source's ability to comply with the relevant standard and how they do so.

(vi) If in the application for approval of reconstruction the owner or operator designates the affected source as a reconstructed source and declares that there are no economic or technical limitations to prevent the source from complying with all relevant standards or other requirements, the owner or operator need not submit the information required in paragraphs (d)(3)(iii) through (d)(3)(v) of this section.

(4) Additional information. The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of an application for approval of construction or reconstruction.

(e) Approval of construction or reconstruction. (1)(i) If the Administrator determines that, if properly constructed, or reconstructed, and operated, a new or existing source for which an application under paragraph (d) of this section was submitted will not cause emissions in violation of the relevant standard(s) and any other federally enforceable requirements, the Administrator will approve the construction or reconstruction.

(ii) In addition, in the case of reconstruction, the Administrator's determination under this paragraph will be based on:

(A) The fixed capital cost of the replacements in comparison to the fixed capital cost that would be required to construct a comparable entirely new source;

(B) The estimated life of the source after the replacements compared to the life of a comparable entirely new source;

(C) The extent to which the components being replaced cause or contribute to the emissions from the source; and

(D) Any economic or technical limitations on compliance with relevant standards that are inherent in the proposed replacements.

(2)(i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of construction or reconstruction within 60 calendar

days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate an application submitted under paragraph (d) of this section. The 60-day approval or denial period will begin after the owner or operator has been notified in writing that his/her application is complete. The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of the status of his/her application, that is, whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination, within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted.

(ii) When notifying the owner or operator that his/her application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application and provide notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(3) Before denying any application for approval of construction or reconstruction, the Administrator will notify the applicant of the Administrator's intention to issue the denial together with:

(i) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and

(ii) Notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(4) A final determination to deny any application for approval will be in writing and will specify the grounds on which the denial is based. The final determination will be made within 60 calendar days of presentation of additional information or arguments (if the application is complete), or within 60 calendar days after the final date specified for presentation if no presentation is made.

(5) Neither the submission of an application for approval nor the Administrator's approval of construction or reconstruction shall:

(i) Relieve an owner or operator of legal responsibility for compliance with any applicable provisions of this part or with any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirement; or

(ii) Prevent the Administrator from implementing or enforcing this part or taking any other action under the Act.

(f) Approval of construction or reconstruction based on prior State preconstruction review. (1) Preconstruction review procedures that a State utilizes for other purposes may also be utilized for purposes of this section if the procedures are substantially equivalent to those specified in this section. The Administrator will approve an application for construction or reconstruction specified in paragraphs (b)(3) and (d) of this section if the owner or operator of a new affected source or reconstructed affected source, who is subject to such requirement meets the following conditions:

(i) The owner or operator of the new affected source or reconstructed affected source has undergone a preconstruction review and approval process in the

State in which the source is (or would be) located and has received a federally enforceable construction permit that contains a finding that the source will meet the relevant promulgated emission standard, if the source is properly built and operated. (ii) Provide a statement from the State or other evidence (such as State regulations) that it considered the factors specified in paragraph (e)(1) of this section.

(2) The owner or operator must submit to the Administrator the request for approval of construction or reconstruction under this paragraph (f)(2) no later than the application deadline specified in paragraph (d)(1) of this section (see also 40 CFR 63.9(b)(2)). The owner or operator must include in the request information sufficient for the Administrator's determination. The Administrator will evaluate the owner or operator's request in accordance with the procedures specified in paragraph (e) of this section. The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of a request for approval of construction or reconstruction under this paragraph (f)(2).

f. 40 CFR 63.6 Compliance with standards and maintenance requirements.

(a) Applicability.

(1) The requirements in this section apply to the owner or operator of affected sources for which any relevant standard has been established pursuant to section 112 of the Act and the applicability of such requirements is set out in accordance with 40 CFR 63.1(a)(4) unless:

- (i) The Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) has granted an extension of compliance consistent with paragraph (i) of this section; or
- (ii) The President has granted an exemption from compliance with any relevant standard in accordance with section 112(i)(4) of the Act.

(2) If an area source that otherwise would be subject to an emission standard or other requirement established under this part if it were a major source subsequently increases its emissions of hazardous air pollutants (or its potential to emit hazardous air pollutants) such that the source is a major source, such source shall be subject to the relevant emission standard or other requirement.

(b) Compliance dates for new and reconstructed sources. (1) Except as specified in paragraphs (b)(3) and (4) of this section, the owner or operator of a new or reconstructed affected source for which construction or reconstruction commences after proposal of a relevant standard that has an initial startup before the effective date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d), (f), or (h) of the Act must comply with such standard not later than the standard's effective date.

(2) Except as specified in paragraphs (b)(3) and (4) of this section, the owner or operator of a new or reconstructed affected source that has an initial startup after the effective date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d), (f), or (h) of the Act must comply with such standard upon startup of the source.

(3) The owner or operator of an affected source for which construction or

reconstruction is commenced after the proposal date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d), 112(f), or 112(h) of the Act but before the effective date (that is, promulgation) of such standard shall comply with the relevant emission standard not later than the date 3 years after the effective date if:

(i) The promulgated standard (that is, the relevant standard) is more stringent than the proposed standard; for purposes of this paragraph, a finding that controls or compliance methods are more stringent must include control technologies or performance criteria and compliance or compliance assurance methods that are different but are substantially equivalent to those required by the promulgated rule, as determined by the Administrator (or his or her authorized representative); and

(ii) The owner or operator complies with the standard as proposed during the 3-year period immediately after the effective date.

(4) The owner or operator of an affected source for which construction or reconstruction is commenced after the proposal date of a relevant standard established pursuant to section 112(d) of the Act but before the proposal date of a relevant standard established pursuant to section 112(f) shall not be required to comply with the section 112(f) emission standard until the date 10 years after the date construction or reconstruction is commenced, except that, if the section 112(f) standard is promulgated more than 10 years after construction or reconstruction is commenced, the owner or operator must comply with the standard as provided in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.

(5) The owner or operator of a new source that is subject to the compliance requirements of paragraph (b)(3) or (4) of this section must notify the Administrator in accordance with 40 CFR 63.9(d)

(6) [Reserved]

(7) When an area source becomes a major source by the addition of equipment or operations that meet the definition of new affected source in the relevant standard, the portion of the existing facility that is a new affected source must comply with all requirements of that standard applicable to new sources. The source owner or operator must comply with the relevant standard upon startup.

(c) Compliance dates for existing sources. (1) After the effective date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d) or 112(h) of the Act, the owner or operator of an existing source shall comply with such standard by the compliance date established by the Administrator in the applicable subpart(s) of this part. Except as otherwise provided for in section 112 of the Act, in no case will the compliance date established for an existing source in an applicable subpart of this part exceed 3 years after the effective date of such standard.

(2) If an existing source is subject to a standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(f) of the Act, the owner or operator must comply with the standard by the date 90 days after the standard's effective date, or by the date specified in an extension granted to the source by the Administrator under paragraph (i)(4)(ii) of this section, whichever is later.

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(3)-(4) [Reserved]

(5) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the owner or operator of an area source that increases its emissions of (or its potential to emit) hazardous air pollutants such that the source becomes a major source shall be subject to relevant standards for existing sources. Such sources must comply by the date specified in the standards for existing area sources that become major sources. If no such compliance date is specified in the standards, the source shall have a period of time to comply with the relevant emission standard that is equivalent to the compliance period specified in the relevant standard for existing sources in existence at the time the standard becomes effective.

(d) [Reserved]

(e) Operation and maintenance requirements.

(1)(i) At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the owner or operator must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. During a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, this general duty to minimize emissions requires that the owner or operator reduce emissions from the affected source to the greatest extent which is consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices. The general duty to minimize emissions during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction does not require the owner or operator to achieve emission levels that would be required by the applicable standard at other times if this is not consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices, nor does it require the owner or operator to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by the applicable standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures (including the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan required in paragraph (e)(3) of this section), review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

(ii) Malfunctions must be corrected as soon as practicable after their occurrence in accordance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan required in paragraph (e)(3) of this section. To the extent that an unexpected event arises during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction, an owner or operator must comply by minimizing emissions during such a startup, shutdown, and malfunction event consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices.

(iii) Operation and maintenance requirements established pursuant to section 112 of the Act are enforceable independent of emissions limitations or other requirements in relevant standards.

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(2) [Reserved]

(3) Startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan. (i) The owner or operator of an affected source must develop and implement a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan that describes, in detail, procedures for operating and maintaining the source during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, and a program of corrective action for malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment used to comply with the relevant standard.

This plan must be developed by the owner or operator by the source's compliance date for that relevant standard. The purpose of the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan is to:

(A) Ensure that, at all times, the owner or operator operates and maintains each affected source, including associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment, in a manner which satisfies the general duty to minimize emissions established by paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section;

(B) Ensure that owners or operators are prepared to correct malfunctions as soon as practicable after their occurrence in order to minimize excess emissions of hazardous air pollutants; and

(C) Reduce the reporting burden associated with periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective action taken to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation).

(ii) During periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the owner or operator of an affected source must operate and maintain such source (including associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment) in accordance with the procedures specified in the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan developed under paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section.

(iii) When actions taken by the owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) are consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the owner or operator must keep records for that event which demonstrate that the procedures specified in the plan were followed. These records may take the form of a checklist or other effective form of recordkeeping that confirms conformance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for that event. In addition, the owner or operator must keep records of these events as specified in 40 CFR 63.10(b), including records of the occurrence and duration of each startup, shutdown, or malfunction of operation and each malfunction of the air pollution control and monitoring equipment. Furthermore, the owner or operator shall confirm that actions taken during the relevant reporting period during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction were consistent with the affected source's startup, shutdown and malfunction plan in the semiannual (or more frequent) startup, shutdown, and malfunction report required in 40 CFR 63.10(d)(5).

(iv) If an action taken by the owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including an action taken to correct a malfunction) is not consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and

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malfunction plan, and the source exceeds any applicable emission limitation in the relevant emission standard, then the owner or operator must record the actions taken for that event and must report such actions within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan, followed by a letter within 7 working days after the end of the event, in accordance with 40 CFR 63.10(d)(5) (unless the owner or operator makes alternative reporting arrangements, in advance, with the Administrator).

(v) The owner or operator must maintain at the affected source a current startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan and must make the plan available upon request for inspection and copying by the Administrator. In addition, if the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan is subsequently revised as provided in paragraph (e)(3)(viii) of this section, the owner or operator must maintain at the affected source each previous (i.e., superseded) version of the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and must make each such previous version available for inspection and copying by the Administrator for a period of 5 years after revision of the plan. If at any time after adoption of a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan the affected source ceases operation or is otherwise no longer subject to the provisions of this part, the owner or operator must retain a copy of the most recent plan for 5 years from the date the source ceases operation or is no longer subject to this part and must make the plan available upon request for inspection and copying by the Administrator. The Administrator may at any time request in writing that the owner or operator submit a copy of any startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (or a portion thereof) which is maintained at the affected source or in the possession of the owner or operator. Upon receipt of such a request, the owner or operator must promptly submit a copy of the requested plan (or a portion thereof) to the Administrator. The Administrator must request that the owner or operator submit a particular startup, shutdown, or malfunction plan (or a portion thereof) whenever a member of the public submits a specific and reasonable request to examine or to receive a copy of that plan or portion of a plan. The owner or operator may elect to submit the required copy of any startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan to the Administrator in an electronic format. If the owner or operator claims that any portion of such a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan is confidential business information entitled to protection from disclosure under section 114(c) of the Act or 40 CFR 2.301, the material which is claimed as confidential must be clearly designated in the submission.

(vi) To satisfy the requirements of this section to develop a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the owner or operator may use the affected source's standard operating procedures (SOP) manual, or an Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or other plan, provided the alternative plans meet

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all the requirements of this section and are made available for inspection or submitted when requested by the Administrator.

(vii) Based on the results of a determination made under paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section, the Administrator may require that an owner or operator of an affected source make changes to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for that source. The Administrator must require appropriate revisions to a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, if the Administrator finds that the plan:

(A) Does not address a startup, shutdown, or malfunction event that has occurred;

(B) Fails to provide for the operation of the source (including associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment) during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction event in a manner consistent with the general duty to minimize emissions established by paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section;

(C) Does not provide adequate procedures for correcting malfunctioning process and/or air pollution control and monitoring equipment as quickly as practicable; or

(D) Includes an event that does not meet the definition of startup, shutdown, or malfunction listed in 40 CFR 63.2.

(viii) The owner or operator may periodically revise the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for the affected source as necessary to satisfy the requirements of this part or to reflect changes in equipment or procedures at the affected source. Unless the permitting authority provides otherwise, the owner or operator may make such revisions to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan without prior approval by the Administrator or the permitting authority. However, each such revision to a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan must be reported in the semiannual report required by 40 CFR 63.10(d)(5). If the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan fails to address or inadequately addresses an event that meets the characteristics of a malfunction but was not included in the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan at the time the owner or operator developed the plan, the owner or operator must revise the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan within 45 days after the event to include detailed procedures for operating and maintaining the source during similar malfunction events and a program of corrective action for similar malfunctions of process or air pollution control and monitoring equipment. In the event that the owner or operator makes any revision to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan which alters the scope of the activities at the source which are deemed to be a startup, shutdown, or malfunction, or otherwise modifies the applicability of any emission limit, work practice requirement, or other requirement in a standard established under this part, the revised plan shall not take effect until after the owner or operator has provided a written notice describing the revision to the permitting authority.

(ix) The title V permit for an affected source must require that the owner or operator adopt a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan which conforms to the provisions of this part, and that the owner or operator operate and maintain the source in accordance with the procedures specified in the current startup,

shutdown, and malfunction plan. However, any revisions made to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan in accordance with the procedures established by this part shall not be deemed to constitute permit revisions under part 70 or part 71 of this chapter. Moreover, none of the procedures specified by the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for an affected source shall be deemed to fall within the permit shield provision in section 504(f) of the Act.

(f) Compliance with nonopacity emission standards: (1) Applicability. The non-opacity emission standards set forth in this part shall apply at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, and as otherwise specified in an applicable subpart. If a startup, shutdown, or malfunction of one portion of an affected source does not affect the ability of particular emission points within other portions of the affected source to comply with the non-opacity emission standards set forth in this part, then that emission point must still be required to comply with the non-opacity emission standards and other applicable requirements.

(2) Methods for determining compliance. (i) The Administrator will determine compliance with nonopacity emission standards in this part based on the results of performance tests conducted according to the procedures in 40 CFR 63.7, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart of this part.

(ii) The Administrator will determine compliance with nonopacity emission standards in this part by evaluation of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements, including the evaluation of monitoring data, as specified in 40 CFR 63.6(e) and applicable subparts of this part.

(iii) If an affected source conducts performance testing at startup to obtain an operating permit in the State in which the source is located, the results of such testing may be used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard if:

(A) The performance test was conducted within a reasonable amount of time before an initial performance test is required to be conducted under the relevant standard;

(B) The performance test was conducted under representative operating conditions for the source;

(C) The performance test was conducted and the resulting data were reduced using EPA-approved test methods and procedures, as specified in 40 CFR 63.7(e) of this subpart; and

(D) The performance test was appropriately quality-assured, as specified in 40 CFR 63.7(c).

(iv) The Administrator will determine compliance with design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standards in this part by review of records, inspection of the source, and other procedures specified in applicable subparts of this part.

(v) The Administrator will determine compliance with design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standards in this part by evaluation of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements, as specified in paragraph (e) of this section and applicable subparts of this part.

(3) Finding of compliance. The Administrator will make a finding concerning an

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affected source's compliance with a non-opacity emission standard, as specified in paragraphs (f)(1) and (2) of this section, upon obtaining all the compliance information required by the relevant standard (including the written reports of performance test results, monitoring results, and other information, if applicable), and information available to the Administrator pursuant to paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section.

(g) Use of an alternative nonopacity emission standard. (1) If, in the Administrator's judgment, an owner or operator of an affected source has established that an alternative means of emission limitation will achieve a reduction in emissions of a hazardous air pollutant from an affected source at least equivalent to the reduction in emissions of that pollutant from that source achieved under any design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standard, or combination thereof, established under this part pursuant to section 112(h) of the Act, the Administrator will publish in the Federal Register a notice permitting the use of the alternative emission standard for purposes of compliance with the promulgated standard. Any Federal Register notice under this paragraph shall be published only after the public is notified and given the opportunity to comment. Such notice will restrict the permission to the stationary source(s) or category(ies) of sources from which the alternative emission standard will achieve equivalent emission reductions. The Administrator will condition permission in such notice on requirements to assure the proper operation and maintenance of equipment and practices required for compliance with the alternative emission standard and other requirements, including appropriate quality assurance and quality control requirements, that are deemed necessary.

(2) An owner or operator requesting permission under this paragraph shall, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart, submit a proposed test plan or the results of testing and monitoring in accordance with 40 CFR 63.7 and 40 CFR 63.8, a description of the procedures followed in testing or monitoring, and a description of pertinent conditions during testing or monitoring. Any testing or monitoring conducted to request permission to use an alternative nonopacity emission standard shall be appropriately quality assured and quality controlled, as specified in 40 CFR 63.7 and 40 CFR 63.8.

(3) The Administrator may establish general procedures in an applicable subpart that accomplish the requirements of paragraphs (g)(1) and (g)(2) of this section.

(h) Compliance with opacity and visible emission standards: (1)

Applicability. The opacity and visible emission standards set forth in this part must apply at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, and as otherwise specified in an applicable subpart. If a startup, shutdown, or malfunction of one portion of an affected source does not affect the

ability of particular emission points within other portions of the affected source to comply with the opacity and visible emission standards set forth in this part, then that emission point shall still be required to comply with the opacity and visible emission standards and other applicable requirements.

(2) Methods for determining compliance. (i) The Administrator will determine compliance with opacity and visible emission standards in this part based on the results of the test method specified in an applicable subpart. Whenever a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS) is required to be installed to determine compliance with numerical opacity emission standards in this part, compliance with opacity emission standards in this part shall be determined by using the results from the COMS. Whenever an opacity emission test method is not specified, compliance with opacity emission standards in this part shall be determined by conducting observations in accordance with Test Method 9 in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter or the method specified in paragraph (h)(7)(ii) of this section. Whenever a visible emission test method is not specified, compliance with visible emission standards in this part shall be determined by conducting observations in accordance with Test Method 22 in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter.

(ii) [Reserved]

(iii) If an affected source undergoes opacity or visible emission testing at startup to obtain an operating permit in the State in which the source is located, the results of such testing may be used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard if

(A) The opacity or visible emission test was conducted within a reasonable amount of time before a performance test is required to be conducted under the relevant standard;

(B) The opacity or visible emission test was conducted under representative operating conditions for the source;

(C) The opacity or visible emission test was conducted and the resulting data were reduced using EPA-approved test methods and procedures, as specified in 40 CFR 63.7(e); and

(D) The opacity or visible emission test was appropriately quality-assured, as specified in 40 CFR 63.7(c) of this section.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) Notification of opacity or visible emission observations. The owner or operator of an affected source shall notify the Administrator in writing of the anticipated date for conducting opacity or visible emission observations in accordance with 40 CFR 63.9(f), if such observations are required for the source by a relevant standard.

(5) Conduct of opacity or visible emission observations. When a relevant standard under this part includes an opacity or visible emission standard, the owner or operator of an affected source shall comply with the following:

(i) For the purpose of demonstrating initial compliance, opacity or visible emission observations shall be conducted concurrently with the initial performance test required in 40 CFR 63.7 unless one of the following conditions

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applies:

(A) If no performance test under 40 CFR 63.7 is required, opacity or visible emission observations shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which a new or reconstructed source will be operated, but not later than 120 days after initial startup of the source, or within 120 days after the effective date of the relevant standard in the case of new sources that start up before the standard's effective date. If no performance test under 40 CFR 63.7 is required, opacity or visible emission observations shall be conducted within 120 days after the compliance date for an existing or modified source; or

(B) If visibility or other conditions prevent the opacity or visible emission observations from being conducted concurrently with the initial performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7, or within the time period specified in paragraph (h)(5)(i)(A) of this section, the source's owner or operator shall reschedule the opacity or visible emission observations as soon after the initial performance test, or time period, as possible, but not later than 30 days thereafter, and shall advise the Administrator of the rescheduled date. The rescheduled opacity or visible emission observations shall be conducted (to the extent possible) under the same operating conditions that existed during the initial performance test conducted under 40 CFR 63.7. The visible emissions observer shall determine whether visibility or other conditions prevent the opacity or visible emission observations from being made concurrently with the initial performance test in accordance with procedures contained in Test Method 9 or Test Method 22 in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter.

(ii) For the purpose of demonstrating initial compliance, the minimum total time of opacity observations shall be 3 hours (30 6-minute averages) for the performance test or other required set of observations (e.g., for fugitive-type emission sources subject only to an opacity emission standard).

(iii) The owner or operator of an affected source to which an opacity or visible emission standard in this part applies shall conduct opacity or visible emission observations in accordance with the provisions of this section, record the results of the evaluation of emissions, and report to the Administrator the opacity or visible emission results in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR 63.10(d).

(iv) [Reserved]

(v) Opacity readings of portions of plumes that contain condensed, uncombined water vapor shall not be used for purposes of determining compliance with opacity emission standards.

(6) Availability of records. The owner or operator of an affected source shall make available, upon request by the Administrator, such records that the Administrator deems necessary to determine the conditions under which the

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visual observations were made and shall provide evidence indicating proof of current visible observer emission certification.

(7) Use of a continuous opacity monitoring system. (i) The owner or operator of an affected source required to use a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS) shall record the monitoring data produced during a performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 and shall furnish the Administrator a written report of the monitoring results in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR 63.10(e)(4).

(ii) Whenever an opacity emission test method has not been specified in an applicable subpart, or an owner or operator of an affected source is required to conduct Test Method 9 observations (see appendix A of part 60 of this chapter), the owner or operator may submit, for compliance purposes, COMS data results produced during any performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 in lieu of Method 9 data. If the owner or operator elects to submit COMS data for compliance with the opacity emission standard, he or she shall notify the Administrator of that decision, in writing, simultaneously with the notification under 40 CFR 63.7(b) of the date the performance test is scheduled to begin. Once the owner or operator of an affected source has notified the Administrator to that effect, the COMS data results will be used to determine opacity compliance during subsequent performance tests required under 40 CFR 63.7, unless the owner or operator notifies the Administrator in writing to the contrary not later than with the notification under 40 CFR 63.7(b) of the date the subsequent performance test is scheduled to begin.

(iii) For the purposes of determining compliance with the opacity emission standard during a performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 using COMS data, the COMS data shall be reduced to 6-minute averages over the duration of the mass emission performance test.

(iv) The owner or operator of an affected source using a COMS for compliance purposes is responsible for demonstrating that he/she has complied with the performance evaluation requirements of 40 CFR 63.8(e), that the COMS has been properly maintained, operated, and data quality-assured, as specified in 40 CFR 63.8(c) and 40 CFR 63.8(d), and that the resulting data have not been altered in any way.

(v) Except as provided in paragraph (h)(7)(ii) of this section, the results of continuous monitoring by a COMS that indicate that the opacity at the time visual observations were made was not in excess of the emission standard are probative but not conclusive evidence of the actual opacity of an emission, provided that the affected source proves that, at the time of the alleged violation, the instrument used was properly maintained, as specified in 40 CFR 63.8(c), and met Performance Specification 1 in appendix B of part 60 of this chapter, and that the resulting data have not been altered in any way.

(8) Finding of compliance. The Administrator will make a finding concerning an affected source's compliance with an opacity or visible emission standard upon obtaining all the compliance information required by the relevant standard (including the written reports of the results of the performance tests required by

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40 CFR 63.7, the results of Test Method 9 or another required opacity or visible emission test method, the observer certification required by paragraph (h)(6) of this section, and the continuous opacity monitoring system results, whichever is/are applicable) and any information available to the Administrator needed to determine whether proper operation and maintenance practices are being used.

(9) Adjustment to an opacity emission standard. (i) If the Administrator finds under paragraph (h)(8) of this section that an affected source is in compliance with all relevant standards for which initial performance tests were conducted under 40 CFR 63.7, but during the time such performance tests were conducted fails to meet any relevant opacity emission standard, the owner or operator of such source may petition the Administrator to make appropriate adjustment to the opacity emission standard for the affected source. Until the Administrator notifies the owner or operator of the appropriate adjustment, the relevant opacity emission standard remains applicable.

(ii) The Administrator may grant such a petition upon a demonstration by the owner or operator that

(A) The affected source and its associated air pollution control equipment were operated and maintained in a manner to minimize the opacity of emissions during the performance tests;

(B) The performance tests were performed under the conditions established by the Administrator; and

(C) The affected source and its associated air pollution control equipment were incapable of being adjusted or operated to meet the relevant opacity emission standard.

(iii) The Administrator will establish an adjusted opacity emission standard for the affected source meeting the above requirements at a level at which the source will be able, as indicated by the performance and opacity tests, to meet the opacity emission standard at all times during which the source is meeting the mass or concentration emission standard. The Administrator will promulgate the new opacity emission standard in the Federal Register.

(iv) After the Administrator promulgates an adjusted opacity emission standard for an affected source, the owner or operator of such source shall be subject to the new opacity emission standard, and the new opacity emission standard shall apply to such source during any subsequent performance tests.

(i) Extension of compliance with emission standards. (1) Until an extension of compliance has been granted by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) under this paragraph, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to the requirements of this section shall comply with all applicable requirements of this part.

(2) Extension of compliance for early reductions and other reductions (i) Early reductions. Pursuant to section 112(i)(5) of the Act, if the owner or operator of an existing source demonstrates that the source has achieved a reduction in emissions of hazardous air pollutants in accordance with the provisions of subpart D of this part, the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) will grant the owner or operator an extension of compliance with

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specific requirements of this part, as specified in subpart D.

(ii) Other reductions. Pursuant to section 112(i)(6) of the Act, if the owner or operator of an existing source has installed best available control technology (BACT) (as defined in section 169(3) of the Act) or technology required to meet a lowest achievable emission rate (LAER) (as defined in section 171 of the Act) prior to the promulgation of an emission standard in this part applicable to such source and the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) controlled pursuant to the BACT or LAER installation, the Administrator will grant the owner or operator an extension of compliance with such emission standard that will apply until the date 5 years after the date on which such installation was achieved, as determined by the Administrator.

(3) Request for extension of compliance. Paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(7) of this section concern requests for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this part (except requests for an extension of compliance under paragraph (i)(2)(i) of this section will be handled through procedures specified in subpart D of this part).

(4)(i)(A) The owner or operator of an existing source who is unable to comply with a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d) of the Act may request that the Administrator (or a State, when the State has an approved part 70 permit program and the source is required to obtain a part 70 permit under that program, or a State, when the State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce the emission standard for that source) grant an extension allowing the source up to 1 additional year to comply with the standard, if such additional period is necessary for the installation of controls. An additional extension of up to 3 years may be added for mining waste operations, if the 1-year extension of compliance is insufficient to dry and cover mining waste in order to reduce emissions of any hazardous air pollutant. The owner or operator of an affected source who has requested an extension of compliance under this paragraph and who is otherwise required to obtain a title V permit shall apply for such permit or apply to have the source's title V permit revised to incorporate the conditions of the extension of compliance. The conditions of an extension of compliance granted under this paragraph will be incorporated into the affected source's title V permit according to the provisions of part 70 or Federal title V regulations in this chapter (42 U.S.C. 7661), whichever are applicable.

(B) Any request under this paragraph for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard must be submitted in writing to the appropriate authority no later than 120 days prior to the affected source's compliance date (as specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section), except as provided for in paragraph (i)(4)(i)(C) of this section. Nonfrivolous requests submitted under this paragraph will stay the applicability of the rule as to the emission points in question until such time as the request is granted or denied. A denial will be effective as of the date of denial. Emission standards established under this part may specify alternative dates for the submittal of requests for an extension of compliance if alternatives are appropriate for the source categories affected by those

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standards.

(C) An owner or operator may submit a compliance extension request after the date specified in paragraph (i)(4)(i)(B) of this section provided the need for the compliance extension arose after that date, and before the otherwise applicable compliance date and the need arose due to circumstances beyond reasonable control of the owner or operator. This request must include, in addition to the information required in paragraph (i)(6)(i) of this section, a statement of the reasons additional time is needed and the date when the owner or operator first learned of the problems. Nonfrivolous requests submitted under this paragraph will stay the applicability of the rule as to the emission points in question until such time as the request is granted or denied. A denial will be effective as of the original compliance date.

(ii) The owner or operator of an existing source unable to comply with a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(f) of the Act may request that the Administrator grant an extension allowing the source up to 2 years after the standard's effective date to comply with the standard. The Administrator may grant such an extension if he/she finds that such additional period is necessary for the installation of controls and that steps will be taken during the period of the extension to assure that the health of persons will be protected from imminent endangerment. Any request for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this paragraph must be submitted in writing to the Administrator not later than 90 calendar days after the effective date of the relevant standard.

(5) The owner or operator of an existing source that has installed BACT or technology required to meet LAER [as specified in paragraph (i)(2)(ii) of this section] prior to the promulgation of a relevant emission standard in this part may request that the Administrator grant an extension allowing the source 5 years from the date on which such installation was achieved, as determined by the Administrator, to comply with the standard. Any request for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this paragraph shall be submitted in writing to the Administrator not later than 120 days after the promulgation date of the standard. The Administrator may grant such an extension if he or she finds that the installation of BACT or technology to meet LAER controls the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) that would be controlled at that source by the relevant emission standard.

(6)(i) The request for a compliance extension under paragraph (i)(4) of this section shall include the following information:

(A) A description of the controls to be installed to comply with the standard;

(B) A compliance schedule, including the date by which each step toward compliance will be reached. At a minimum, the list of dates shall include:

- (1) The date by which on-site construction, installation of emission control equipment, or a process change is planned to be initiated; and
- (2) The date by which final compliance is to be achieved.
- (3) The date by which on-site construction, installation of emission control equipment, or a process change is to be completed; and
- (4) The date by which final compliance is to be achieved;
- (C)(D)
- (ii) The request for a compliance extension under paragraph (i)(5) of this section shall include all information needed to demonstrate to the Administrator's satisfaction that the installation of BACT or technology to meet LAER controls the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) that would be controlled at that source by the relevant emission standard.
- (7) Advice on requesting an extension of compliance may be obtained from the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program).
- (8) Approval of request for extension of compliance. Paragraphs (i)(9) through (i)(14) of this section concern approval of an extension of compliance requested under paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(6) of this section.
- (9) Based on the information provided in any request made under paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(6) of this section, or other information, the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) may grant an extension of compliance with an emission standard, as specified in paragraphs (i)(4) and (i)(5) of this section.
- (10) The extension will be in writing and will
 - (i) Identify each affected source covered by the extension;
 - (ii) Specify the termination date of the extension;
 - (iii) Specify the dates by which steps toward compliance are to be taken, if appropriate;
 - (iv) Specify other applicable requirements to which the compliance extension applies (e.g., performance tests); and
 - (v)(A) Under paragraph (i)(4), specify any additional conditions that the Administrator (or the State) deems necessary to assure installation of the necessary controls and protection of the health of persons during the extension period; or
 - (B) Under paragraph (i)(5), specify any additional conditions that the Administrator deems necessary to assure the proper operation and maintenance of the installed controls during the extension period.
- (11) The owner or operator of an existing source that has been granted an extension of compliance under paragraph (i)(10) of this section may be required to submit to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) progress reports indicating whether the steps toward compliance outlined in the compliance schedule have been reached. The contents of the progress reports and the dates by which they shall be submitted will be specified in the written extension of compliance granted under paragraph (i)(10) of this section.
- (12)(i) The Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) will

notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of a request for an extension of compliance within 30 calendar days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate a request submitted under paragraph (i)(4)(i) or (i)(5) of this section. The Administrator (or the State) will notify the owner or operator in writing of the status of his/her application, that is, whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination, within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted. The 30-day approval or denial period will begin after the owner or operator has been notified in writing that his/her application is complete.

(ii) When notifying the owner or operator that his/her application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application and provide notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(iii) Before denying any request for an extension of compliance, the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) will notify the owner or operator in writing of the Administrator's (or the State's) intention to issue the denial, together with

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator (or the State) before further action on the request.

(iv) The Administrator's final determination to deny any request for an extension will be in writing and will set forth the specific grounds on which the denial is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after presentation of additional information or argument (if the application is complete), or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.

(13)(i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of a request for an extension of compliance within 30 calendar days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate a request submitted under paragraph (i)(4)(ii) of this section. The 30-day approval or denial period will begin after the owner or operator has been notified in writing that his/her application is complete. The Administrator (or the State) will notify the owner or operator in writing of the status of his/her application, that is, whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination, within 15 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 15 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted.

(ii) When notifying the owner or operator that his/her application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application and provide notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 15

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calendar days after he/she is notified of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(iii) Before denying any request for an extension of compliance, the Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of the Administrator's intention to issue the denial, together with

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator before further action on the request.

(iv) A final determination to deny any request for an extension will be in writing and will set forth the specific grounds on which the denial is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after presentation of additional information or argument (if the application is complete), or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.

(14) The Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) may terminate an extension of compliance at an earlier date than specified if any specification under paragraph (i)(10)(iii) or (iv) of this section is not met. Upon a determination to terminate, the Administrator will notify, in writing, the owner or operator of the Administrator's determination to terminate, together with:

(i) Notice of the reason for termination; and

(ii) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the determination to terminate, additional information or arguments to the Administrator before further action on the termination.

(iii) A final determination to terminate an extension of compliance will be in writing and will set forth the specific grounds on which the termination is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after presentation of additional information or arguments, or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.

(15) [Reserved]

(16) The granting of an extension under this section shall not abrogate the Administrator's authority under section 114 of the Act.

(j) Exemption from compliance with emission standards. The President may exempt any stationary source from compliance with any relevant standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act for a period of not more than 2 years if the President determines that the technology to implement such

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standard is not available and that it is in the national security interests of the United States to do so. An exemption under this paragraph may be extended for 1 or more additional periods, each period not to exceed 2 years.

g. 40 CFR 63.7 Performance testing requirements.

(a) Applicability and performance test dates.

(1) The applicability of this section is set out in 40 CFR 63.1(a)(4).

(2) If required to do performance testing by a relevant standard, and unless a waiver of performance testing is obtained under this section or the conditions of paragraph (c)(3)(ii)(B) of this section apply, the owner or operator of the affected source must perform such tests within 180 days of the compliance date for such source.

(i)-(viii) [Reserved]

(ix) When an emission standard promulgated under this part is more stringent than the standard proposed (see 40 CFR 63.6(b)(3)), the owner or operator of a new or reconstructed source subject to that standard for which construction or reconstruction is commenced between the proposal and promulgation dates of the standard shall comply with performance testing requirements within 180 days after the standard's effective date, or within 180 days after startup of the source, whichever is later. If the promulgated standard is more stringent than the proposed standard, the owner or operator may choose to demonstrate compliance with either the proposed or the promulgated standard. If the owner or operator chooses to comply with the proposed standard initially, the owner or operator shall conduct a second performance test within 3 years and 180 days after the effective date of the standard, or after startup of the source, whichever is later, to demonstrate compliance with the promulgated standard.

(3) The Administrator may require an owner or operator to conduct performance tests at the affected source at any other time when the action is authorized by section 114 of the Act.

(b) Notification of performance test. (1) The owner or operator of an affected source must notify the Administrator in writing of his or her intention to conduct a performance test at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is initially scheduled to begin to allow the Administrator, upon request, to review and approve the site-specific test plan required under paragraph (c) of this section and to have an observer present during the test.

(2) In the event the owner or operator is unable to conduct the performance test on the date specified in the notification requirement specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section due to unforeseeable circumstances beyond his or her control, the owner or operator must notify the Administrator as soon as practicable and without delay prior to the scheduled performance test date and specify the date when the performance test is rescheduled. This notification of delay in conducting the performance test shall not relieve the owner or operator of legal responsibility for compliance with any other applicable provisions of this part or with any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirement, nor will it prevent

the Administrator from implementing or enforcing this part or taking any other action under the Act.

(c) Quality assurance program. (1) The results of the quality assurance program required in this paragraph will be considered by the Administrator when he/she determines the validity of a performance test.

(2)(i) Submission of site-specific test plan. Before conducting a required performance test, the owner or operator of an affected source shall develop and, if requested by the Administrator, shall submit a site-specific test plan to the Administrator for approval. The test plan shall include a test program summary, the test schedule, data quality objectives, and both an internal and external quality assurance (QA) program. Data quality objectives are the pretest expectations of precision, accuracy, and completeness of data.

(ii) The internal QA program shall include, at a minimum, the activities planned by routine operators and analysts to provide an assessment of test data precision; an example of internal QA is the sampling and analysis of replicate samples.

(iii) The external QA program shall include, at a minimum, application of plans for a test method performance audit (PA) during the performance test. The PA's consist of blind audit samples provided by the Administrator and analyzed during the performance test in order to provide a measure of test data bias. The external QA program may also include systems audits that include the opportunity for on-site evaluation by the Administrator of instrument calibration, data validation, sample logging, and documentation of quality control data and field maintenance activities.

(iv) The owner or operator of an affected source shall submit the site-specific test plan to the Administrator upon the Administrator's request at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is scheduled to take place, that is, simultaneously with the notification of intention to conduct a performance test required under paragraph (b) of this section, or on a mutually agreed upon date.

(v) The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of a site-specific test plan.

(3) Approval of site-specific test plan. (i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator of approval or intention to deny approval of the site-specific test plan (if review of the site-specific test plan is requested) within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original plan and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted under paragraph (c)(3)(i)(B) of this section. Before disapproving any site-specific test plan, the Administrator will notify the applicant of the Administrator's intention to disapprove the plan together with

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended disapproval is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended disapproval, additional information to the Administrator before final action on the plan.

(ii) In the event that the Administrator fails to approve or disapprove the site-

specific test plan within the time period specified in paragraph (c)(3)(i) of this section, the following conditions shall apply:

(A) If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance using the test method(s) specified in the relevant standard or with only minor changes to those tests methods (see paragraph (e)(2)(i) of this section), the owner or operator must conduct the performance test within the time specified in this section using the specified method(s);

(B) If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance by using an alternative to any test method specified in the relevant standard, the owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test using an alternative test method after the Administrator approves the use of the alternative method when the Administrator approves the site-specific test plan (if review of the site-specific test plan is requested) or after the alternative method is approved (see paragraph (f) of this section).

However, the owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test using an alternative method in the absence of notification of approval 45 days after submission of the site-specific test plan or request to use an alternative method. The owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test within 60 calendar days after he/she is authorized to demonstrate compliance using an alternative test method. Notwithstanding the requirements in the preceding three sentences, the owner or operator may proceed to conduct the performance test as required in this section (without the Administrator's prior approval of the site-specific test plan) if he/she subsequently chooses to use the specified testing and monitoring methods instead of an alternative.

(iii) Neither the submission of a site-specific test plan for approval, nor the Administrator's approval or disapproval of a plan, nor the Administrator's failure to approve or disapprove a plan in a timely manner shall

(A) Relieve an owner or operator of legal responsibility for compliance with any applicable provisions of this part or with any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirement; or

(B) Prevent the Administrator from implementing or enforcing this part or taking any other action under the Act.

(4)(i) Performance test method audit program. The owner or operator must analyze performance audit (PA) samples during each performance test. The owner or operator must request performance audit materials 30 days prior to the test date. Audit materials including cylinder audit gases may be obtained by contacting the appropriate EPA Regional Office or the responsible enforcement authority.

(ii) The Administrator will have sole discretion to require any subsequent remedial actions of the owner or operator based on the PA results.

(iii) If the Administrator fails to provide required PA materials to an owner or operator of an affected source in time to analyze the PA samples during a performance test, the requirement to conduct a PA under this paragraph shall be waived for such source for that performance test. Waiver under this paragraph of the requirement to conduct a PA for a particular performance test does not

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constitute a waiver of the requirement to conduct a PA for future required performance tests.

(d) Performance testing facilities. If required to do performance testing, the owner or operator of each new source and, at the request of the Administrator, the owner or operator of each existing source, shall provide performance testing facilities as follows:

(1) Sampling ports adequate for test methods applicable to such source.

This includes:

(i) Constructing the air pollution control system such that volumetric flow rates and pollutant emission rates can be accurately determined by applicable test methods and procedures; and

(ii) Providing a stack or duct free of cyclonic flow during performance tests, as demonstrated by applicable test methods and procedures;

(2) Safe sampling platform(s);

(3) Safe access to sampling platform(s);

(4) Utilities for sampling and testing equipment; and

(5) Any other facilities that the Administrator deems necessary for safe and adequate testing of a source.

(e) Conduct of performance tests. (1) Performance tests shall be conducted under such conditions as the Administrator specifies to the owner or operator based on representative performance (i.e., performance based on normal operating conditions) of the affected source. Operations during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction shall not constitute representative conditions for the purpose of a performance test, nor shall emissions in excess of the level of the relevant standard during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction be considered a violation of the relevant standard unless otherwise specified in the relevant standard or a determination of noncompliance is made under 40 CFR 63.6(e). Upon request, the owner or operator shall make available to the Administrator such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of performance tests.

(2) Performance tests shall be conducted and data shall be reduced in accordance with the test methods and procedures set forth in this section, in each relevant standard, and, if required, in applicable appendices of parts 51, 60, 61, and 63 of this chapter unless the Administrator

(i) Specifies or approves, in specific cases, the use of a test method with minor changes in methodology (see definition in 40 CFR 63.90(a)). Such changes may be approved in conjunction with approval of the site-specific test plan (see paragraph (c) of this section); or

(ii) Approves the use of an intermediate or major change or alternative to a test method (see definitions in 40 CFR 63.90(a)), the results of which the

Administrator has determined to be adequate for indicating whether a specific affected source is in compliance; or

(iii) Approves shorter sampling times or smaller sample volumes when necessitated by process variables or other factors; or

(iv) Waives the requirement for performance tests because the owner or operator of an affected source has demonstrated by other means to the Administrator's satisfaction that the affected source is in compliance with the relevant standard.

(3) Unless otherwise specified in a relevant standard or test method, each performance test shall consist of three separate runs using the applicable test method. Each run shall be conducted for the time and under the conditions specified in the relevant standard. For the purpose of determining compliance with a relevant standard, the arithmetic mean of the results of the three runs shall apply. Upon receiving approval from the Administrator, results of a test run may be replaced with results of an additional test run in the event that

(i) A sample is accidentally lost after the testing team leaves the site; or

(ii) Conditions occur in which one of the three runs must be discontinued because of forced shutdown; or

(iii) Extreme meteorological conditions occur; or

(iv) Other circumstances occur that are beyond the owner or operator's control.

(4) Nothing in paragraphs (e)(1) through (e)(3) of this section shall be construed to abrogate the Administrator's authority to require testing under section 114 of the Act.

(f) Use of an alternative test method(1)General. Until authorized to use an intermediate or major change or alternative to a test method, the owner or operator of an affected source remains subject to the requirements of this section and the relevant standard.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected source required to do performance testing by a relevant standard may use an alternative test method from that specified in the standard provided that the owner or operator.

(i) Notifies the Administrator of his or her intention to use an alternative test method at least 60 days before the performance test is scheduled to begin;

(ii) Uses Method 301 in appendix A of this part to validate the alternative test method. This may include the use of specific procedures of Method 301 if use of such procedures are sufficient to validate the alternative test method; and

(iii) Submits the results of the Method 301 validation process along with thnotification of intention and the justification for not using the specified test method. The owner or operator may submit the information required in this paragraph well in advance of the deadline specified in paragraph (f)(2)(i) of this section to ensure a timely review by the Administrator in order to meet the performance test date specified in this section or the relevant standard.

(3) The Administrator will determine whether the owner or operator's validation of the proposed alternative test method is adequate and issue an approval or disapproval of the alternative test method. If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance by using an alternative to any test method specified in

the relevant standard, the owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test using an alternative test method after the Administrator approves the use of the alternative method.

However, the owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test using an alternative method in the absence of notification of approval/disapproval 45 days after submission of the request to use an alternative method and the request satisfies the requirements in paragraph (f)(2) of this section. The owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test within 60 calendar days after he/she is authorized to demonstrate compliance using an alternative test method. Notwithstanding the requirements in the preceding three sentences, the owner or operator may proceed to conduct the performance test as required in this section (without the Administrator's prior approval of the site-specific test plan) if he/she subsequently chooses to use the specified testing and monitoring methods instead of an alternative.

(4) If the Administrator finds reasonable grounds to dispute the results obtained by an alternative test method for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with a relevant standard, the Administrator may require the use of a test method specified in a relevant standard.

(5) If the owner or operator uses an alternative test method for an affected source during a required performance test, the owner or operator of such source shall continue to use the alternative test method for subsequent performance tests at that affected source until he or she receives approval from the Administrator to use another test method as allowed under 40 CFR 63.7(f).

(6) Neither the validation and approval process nor the failure to validate an alternative test method shall abrogate the owner or operator's responsibility to comply with the requirements of this part.

(g) Data analysis, recordkeeping, and reporting. (1) Unless otherwise specified in a relevant standard or test method, or as otherwise approved by the Administrator in writing, results of a performance test shall include the analysis of samples, determination of emissions, and raw data. A performance test is completed when field sample collection is terminated. The owner or operator of an affected source shall report the results of the performance test to the Administrator before the close of business on the 60th day following the completion of the performance test, unless specified otherwise in a relevant standard or as approved otherwise in writing by the Administrator (see 40 CFR 63.9(i)). The results of the performance test shall be submitted as part of the notification of compliance status required under 40 CFR 63.9(h). Before a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator shall send the results of the performance test to the Administrator. After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator shall send the results of the performance test to the appropriate permitting authority.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) For a minimum of 5 years after a performance test is conducted, the owner or operator shall retain and make available, upon request, for inspection by the

Administrator the records or results of such performance test and other data needed to determine emissions from an affected source.

(h) Waiver of performance tests. (1) Until a waiver of a performance testing requirement has been granted by the Administrator under this paragraph, the owner or operator of an affected source remains subject to the requirements of this section.

(2) Individual performance tests may be waived upon written application to the Administrator if, in the Administrator's judgment, the source is meeting the relevant standard(s) on a continuous basis, or the source is being operated under an extension of compliance, or the owner or operator has requested an extension of compliance and the Administrator is still considering that request.

(3) Request to waive a performance test. (i) If a request is made for an extension of compliance under 40 CFR 63.6(i), the application for a waiver of an initial performance test shall accompany the information required for the request for an extension of compliance. If no extension of compliance is requested or if the owner or operator has requested an extension of compliance and the Administrator is still considering that request, the application for a waiver of an initial performance test shall be submitted at least 60 days before the performance test if the site-specific test plan under paragraph (c) of this section is not submitted.

(ii) If an application for a waiver of a subsequent performance test is made, the application may accompany any required compliance progress report, compliance status report, or excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report [such as those required under 40 CFR 63.6(i), 40 CFR 63.9(h), and 40 CFR 63.10(e) or specified in a relevant standard or in the source's title V permit], but it shall be submitted at least 60 days before the performance test if the site-specific test plan required under paragraph (c) of this section is not submitted.

(iii) Any application for a waiver of a performance test shall include information justifying the owner or operator's request for a waiver, such as the technical or economic infeasibility, or the impracticality, of the affected source performing the required test.

(4) Approval of request to waive performance test. The Administrator will approve or deny a request for a waiver of a performance test made under paragraph (h)(3) of this section when he/she

(i) Approves or denies an extension of compliance under 40 CFR 63.6(i)(8); or

(ii) Approves or disapproves a site-specific test plan under 40 CFR 63.7(c)(3); or

(iii) Makes a determination of compliance following the submission of a required compliance status report or excess emissions and continuous monitoring systems performance report; or

(iv) Makes a determination of suitable progress towards compliance following the submission of a compliance progress report, whichever is applicable.

(5) Approval of any waiver granted under this section shall not abrogate the Administrator's authority under the Act or in any way prohibit the Administrator from later canceling the waiver. The cancellation will be made only after notice is

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given to the owner or operator of the affected source.

h. 40 CFR 63.8 Monitoring requirements.

(a) Applicability.

(1) The applicability of this section is set out in 40 CFR 63.1(a)(4).

(2) For the purposes of this part, all CMS required under relevant standards shall be subject to the provisions of this section upon promulgation of performance specifications for CMS as specified in the relevant standard or otherwise by the Administrator.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) Additional monitoring requirements for control devices used to comply with provisions in relevant standards of this part are specified in 40 CFR 63.11.

(b) Conduct of monitoring. (1) Monitoring shall be conducted as set forth in this section and the relevant standard(s) unless the Administrator

(i) Specifies or approves the use of minor changes in methodology for the specified monitoring requirements and procedures (see 40 CFR 63.90(a) for definition); or

(ii) Approves the use of an intermediate or major change or alternative to any monitoring requirements or procedures (see 40 CFR 63.90(a) for definition).

(iii) Owners or operators with flares subject to 40 CFR 63.11(b) are not subject to the requirements of this section unless otherwise specified in the relevant standard.

(2)(i) When the emissions from two or more affected sources are combined before being released to the atmosphere, the owner or operator may install an applicable CMS for each emission stream or for the combined emissions streams, provided the monitoring is sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the relevant standard.

(ii) If the relevant standard is a mass emission standard and the emissions from one affected source are released to the atmosphere through more than one point, the owner or operator must install an applicable CMS at each emission point unless the installation of fewer systems is

(A) Approved by the Administrator; or

(B) Provided for in a relevant standard (e.g., instead of requiring that a CMS be installed at each emission point before the effluents from those points are channeled to a common control device, the standard specifies that only one CMS is required to be installed at the vent of the control device).

(3) When more than one CMS is used to measure the emissions from one affected source (e.g., multiple breechings, multiple outlets), the owner or operator shall report the results as required for each CMS. However, when one

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CMS is used as a backup to another CMS, the owner or operator shall report the results from the CMS used to meet the monitoring requirements of this part. If both such CMS are used during a particular reporting period to meet the monitoring requirements of this part, then the owner or operator shall report the results from each CMS for the relevant compliance period.

(c) Operation and maintenance of continuous monitoring systems. (1) The owner or operator of an affected source shall maintain and operate each CMS as specified in this section, or in a relevant standard, and in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices. (i) The owner or operator of an affected source must maintain and operate each CMS as specified in 40 CFR 63.6(e)(1). (ii) The owner or operator must keep the necessary parts for routine repairs of the affected CMS equipment readily available.

(iii) The owner or operator of an affected source must develop and implement a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for CMS as specified in 40 CFR 63.6(e)(3).

(2)(i) All CMS must be installed such that representative measures of emissions or process parameters from the affected source are obtained. In addition, CEMS must be located according to procedures contained in the applicable performance specification(s).

(ii) Unless the individual subpart states otherwise, the owner or operator must ensure the read out (that portion of the CMS that provides a visual display or record), or other indication of operation, from any CMS required for compliance with the emission standard is readily accessible on site for operational control or inspection by the operator of the equipment.

(3) All CMS shall be installed, operational, and the data verified as specified in the relevant standard either prior to or in conjunction with conducting performance tests under 40 CFR 63.7. Verification of operational status shall, at a minimum, include completion of the manufacturer's written specifications or recommendations for installation, operation, and calibration of the system.

(4) Except for system breakdowns, out-of-control periods, repairs, maintenance periods, calibration checks, and zero (low-level) and high-level calibration drift adjustments, all CMS, including COMS and CEMS, shall be in continuous operation and shall meet minimum frequency of operation requirements as follows:

(i) All COMS shall complete a minimum of one cycle of sampling and analyzing for each successive 10-second period and one cycle of data recording for each successive 6-minute period.

(ii) All CEMS for measuring emissions other than opacity shall complete a minimum of one cycle of operation (sampling, analyzing, and data recording) for each successive 15-minute period.

(5) Unless otherwise approved by the Administrator, minimum procedures for COMS shall include a method for producing a simulated zero opacity condition and an upscale (high-level) opacity condition using a certified neutral density filter or other related technique to produce a known obscuration of the light beam. Such procedures shall provide a system check of all the analyzer's

internal optical surfaces and all electronic circuitry, including the lamp and photo detector assembly normally used in the measurement of opacity.

(6) The owner or operator of a CMS that is not a CPMS, which is installed in accordance with the provisions of this part and the applicable CMS performance specification(s), must check the zero (low-level) and high-level calibration drifts at least once daily in accordance with the written procedure specified in the performance evaluation plan developed under paragraphs (e)(3)(i) and (ii) of this section. The zero (low-level) and high-level calibration drifts must be adjusted, at a minimum, whenever the 24-hour zero (low-level) drift exceeds two times the limits of the applicable performance specification(s) specified in the relevant standard. The system shall allow the amount of excess zero (low-level) and high-level drift measured at the 24-hour interval checks to be recorded and quantified whenever specified. For COMS, all optical and instrumental surfaces exposed to the effluent gases must be cleaned prior to performing the zero (low-level) and high-level drift adjustments; the optical surfaces and instrumental surfaces must be cleaned when the cumulative automatic zero compensation, if applicable, exceeds 4 percent opacity. The CPMS must be calibrated prior to use for the purposes of complying with this section. The CPMS must be checked daily for indication that the system is responding. If the CPMS system includes an internal system check, results must be recorded and checked daily for proper operation.

(7)(i) A CMS is out of control if

(A) The zero (low-level), mid-level (if applicable), or high-level calibration drift (CD) exceeds two times the applicable CD specification in the applicable performance specification or in the relevant standard; or

(B) The CMS fails a performance test audit (e.g., cylinder gas audit), relative accuracy audit, relative accuracy test audit, or linearity test audit; or

(C) The COMS CD exceeds two times the limit in the applicable performance specification in the relevant standard.

(ii) When the CMS is out of control, the owner or operator of the affected source shall take the necessary corrective action and shall repeat all necessary tests which indicate that the system is out of control. The owner or operator shall take corrective action and conduct retesting until the performance requirements are below the applicable limits. The beginning of the out-of-control period is the hour the owner or operator conducts a performance check (e.g., calibration drift) that indicates an exceedance of the performance requirements established under this part. The end of the out-of-control period is the hour following the completion of corrective action and successful demonstration that the system is within the allowable limits. During the period the CMS is out of control, recorded data shall not be used in data averages and calculations, or to meet any data availability requirement established under this part.

(8) The owner or operator of a CMS that is out of control as defined in paragraph (c)(7) of this section shall submit all information concerning out-of-control periods, including start and end dates and hours and descriptions of corrective actions taken, in the excess emissions and continuous monitoring system

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performance report required in 40 CFR 63.10(e)(3).

(d) Quality control program. (1) The results of the quality control program required in this paragraph will be considered by the Administrator when he/she determines the validity of monitoring data.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected source that is required to use a CMS and is subject to the monitoring requirements of this section and a relevant standard shall develop and implement a CMS quality control program. As part of the quality control program, the owner or operator shall develop and submit to the Administrator for approval upon request a site-specific performance evaluation test plan for the CMS performance evaluation required in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section, according to the procedures specified in paragraph (e). In addition, each quality control program shall include, at a minimum, a written protocol that describes procedures for each of the following operations:

(i) Initial and any subsequent calibration of the CMS;

(ii) Determination and adjustment of the calibration drift of the CMS;

(iii) Preventive maintenance of the CMS, including spare parts inventory;

(iv) Data recording, calculations, and reporting;

(v) Accuracy audit procedures, including sampling and analysis methods; and

(vi) Program of corrective action for a malfunctioning CMS.

(3) The owner or operator shall keep these written procedures on record for the life of the affected source or until the affected source is no longer subject to the provisions of this part, to be made available for inspection, upon request, by the Administrator. If the performance evaluation plan is revised, the owner or operator shall keep previous (i.e., superseded) versions of the performance evaluation plan on record to be made available for inspection, upon request, by the Administrator, for a period of 5 years after each revision to the plan. Where relevant, e.g., program of corrective action for a malfunctioning CMS, these written procedures may be incorporated as part of the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan to avoid duplication of planning and recordkeeping efforts.

(e) Performance evaluation of continuous monitoring systems(1) General. When required by a relevant standard, and at any other time the Administrator may require under section 114 of the Act, the owner or operator of an affected source being monitored shall conduct a performance evaluation of the CMS. Such performance evaluation shall be conducted according to the applicable specifications and procedures described in this section or in the relevant standard.

(2) Notification of performance evaluation. The owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing of the date of the performance evaluation simultaneously with the notification of the performance test date required under 40 CFR 63.7(b)

or at least 60 days prior to the date the performance evaluation is scheduled to begin if no performance test is required.

(3)(i) Submission of site-specific performance evaluation test plan. Before conducting a required CMS performance evaluation, the owner or operator of an affected source shall develop and submit a site-specific performance evaluation test plan to the Administrator for approval upon request. The performance evaluation test plan shall include the evaluation program objectives, an evaluation program summary, the performance evaluation schedule, data quality objectives, and both an internal and external QA program. Data quality objectives are the pre-evaluation expectations of precision, accuracy, and completeness of data.

(ii) The internal QA program shall include, at a minimum, the activities planned by routine operators and analysts to provide an assessment of CMS performance. The external QA program shall include, at a minimum, systems audits that include the opportunity for on-site evaluation by the Administrator of instrument calibration, data validation, sample logging, and documentation of quality control data and field maintenance activities.

(iii) The owner or operator of an affected source shall submit the site-specific performance evaluation test plan to the Administrator (if requested) at least 60 days before the performance test or performance evaluation is scheduled to begin, or on a mutually agreed upon date, and review and approval of the performance evaluation test plan by the Administrator will occur with the review and approval of the site-specific test plan (if review of the site-specific test plan is requested).

(iv) The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of a site-specific performance evaluation test plan.

(v) In the event that the Administrator fails to approve or disapprove the site-specific performance evaluation test plan within the time period specified in 40 CFR 63.7(c)(3), the following conditions shall apply:

(A) If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance using the monitoring method(s) specified in the relevant standard, the owner or operator shall conduct the performance evaluation within the time specified in this subpart using the specified method(s);

(B) If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance by using an alternative to a monitoring method specified in the relevant standard, the owner or operator shall refrain from conducting the performance evaluation until the Administrator approves the use of the alternative method. If the Administrator does not approve the use of the alternative method within 30 days before the performance evaluation is scheduled to begin, the performance evaluation deadlines specified in paragraph (e)(4) of this section may be extended such that the owner or operator shall conduct the performance evaluation within 60 calendar days after the Administrator approves the use of the alternative method. Notwithstanding the requirements in the preceding two sentences, the owner or operator may proceed to conduct the performance evaluation as required in this section (without the Administrator's prior approval of the site-

specific performance evaluation test plan) if he/she subsequently chooses to use the specified monitoring method(s) instead of an alternative.

(vi) Neither the submission of a site-specific performance evaluation test plan for approval, nor the Administrator's approval or disapproval of a plan, nor the Administrator's failure to approve or disapprove a plan in a timely manner shall:

(A) Relieve an owner or operator of legal responsibility for compliance with any applicable provisions of this part or with any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirement; or

(B) Prevent the Administrator from implementing or enforcing this part or taking any other action under the Act.

(4) Conduct of performance evaluation and performance evaluation dates. The owner or operator of an affected source shall conduct a performance evaluation of a required CMS during any performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 in accordance with the applicable performance specification as specified in the relevant standard. Notwithstanding the requirement in the previous sentence, if the owner or operator of an affected source elects to submit COMS data for compliance with a relevant opacity emission standard as provided under 40 CFR 63.6(h)(7), he/she shall conduct a performance evaluation of the COMS as specified in the relevant standard, before the performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 is conducted in time to submit the results of the performance evaluation as specified in paragraph (e)(5)(ii) of this section. If a performance test is not required, or the requirement for a performance test has been waived under 40 CFR 63.7(h), the owner or operator of an affected source shall conduct the performance evaluation not later than 180 days after the appropriate compliance date for the affected source, as specified in 40 CFR 63.7(a), or as otherwise specified in the relevant standard.

(5) Reporting performance evaluation results. (i) The owner or operator shall furnish the Administrator a copy of a written report of the results of the performance evaluation simultaneously with the results of the performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 or within 60 days of completion of the performance evaluation if no test is required, unless otherwise specified in a relevant standard. The Administrator may request that the owner or operator submit the raw data from a performance evaluation in the report of the performance evaluation results.

(ii) The owner or operator of an affected source using a COMS to determine opacity compliance during any performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 and described in 40 CFR 63.6(d)(6) shall furnish the Administrator two or, upon request, three copies of a written report of the results of the COMS performance evaluation under this paragraph. The copies shall be provided at least 15 calendar days before the performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 is conducted.

(f) Use of an alternative monitoring method.(1) General. Until permission to use an alternative monitoring procedure (minor, intermediate, or major changes; see definition in 40 CFR 63.90(a)) has been granted by the Administrator under this paragraph (f)(1), the owner or operator of an affected source remains subject to

the requirements of this section and the relevant standard.

(2) After receipt and consideration of written application, the Administrator may approve alternatives to any monitoring methods or procedures of this part including, but not limited to, the following:

(i) Alternative monitoring requirements when installation of a CMS specified by a relevant standard would not provide accurate measurements due to liquid water or other interferences caused by substances within the effluent gases;

(ii) Alternative monitoring requirements when the affected source is infrequently operated;

(iii) Alternative monitoring requirements to accommodate CEMS that require additional measurements to correct for stack moisture conditions;

(iv) Alternative locations for installing CMS when the owner or operator can demonstrate that installation at alternate locations will enable accurate and representative measurements;

(v) Alternate methods for converting pollutant concentration measurements to units of the relevant standard;

(vi) Alternate procedures for performing daily checks of zero (low-level) and high-level drift that do not involve use of high-level gases or test cells;

(vii) Alternatives to the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) test methods or sampling procedures specified by any relevant standard;

(viii) Alternative CMS that do not meet the design or performance requirements in this part, but adequately demonstrate a definite and consistent relationship between their measurements and the measurements of opacity by a system complying with the requirements as specified in the relevant standard. The Administrator may require that such demonstration be performed for each affected source; or

(ix) Alternative monitoring requirements when the effluent from a single affected source or the combined effluent from two or more affected sources is released to the atmosphere through more than one point.

(3) If the Administrator finds reasonable grounds to dispute the results obtained by an alternative monitoring method, requirement, or procedure, the Administrator may require the use of a method, requirement, or procedure specified in this section or in the relevant standard. If the results of the specified and alternative method, requirement, or procedure do not agree, the results obtained by the specified method, requirement, or procedure shall prevail.

(4)(i) Request to use alternative monitoring procedure. An owner or operator who wishes to use an alternative monitoring procedure must submit an application to the Administrator as described in paragraph (f)(4)(ii) of this section. The application may be submitted at any time provided that the monitoring procedure is not the performance test method used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard or other requirement. If the alternative monitoring procedure will serve as the performance test method that is to be used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard, the application must be submitted at least 60 days before the performance evaluation is scheduled to begin and must meet the requirements for an alternative test method under 40

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(ii) The application must contain a description of the proposed alternative monitoring system which addresses the four elements contained in the definition of monitoring in 40 CFR 63.2 and a performance evaluation test plan, if required, as specified in paragraph (e)(3) of this section. In addition, the application must include information justifying the owner or operator's request for an alternative monitoring method, such as the technical or economic infeasibility, or the impracticality, of the affected source using the required method.

(iii) The owner or operator may submit the information required in this paragraph well in advance of the submittal dates specified in paragraph (f)(4)(i) above to ensure a timely review by the Administrator in order to meet the compliance demonstration date specified in this section or the relevant standard.

(iv) Application for minor changes to monitoring procedures, as specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, may be made in the site-specific performance evaluation plan.

(5) Approval of request to use alternative monitoring procedure.

(i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator of approval or intention to deny approval of the request to use an alternative monitoring method within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original request and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted. If a request for a minor change is made in conjunction with site-specific performance evaluation plan, then approval of the plan will constitute approval of the minor change. Before disapproving any request to use an alternative monitoring method, the Administrator will

notify the applicant of the Administrator's intention to disapprove the request together with:

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended disapproval is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present additional information to the Administrator before final action on the request. At the time the Administrator notifies the applicant of his or her intention to disapprove the request, the Administrator will specify how much time the owner or operator will have after being notified of the intended disapproval to submit the additional information.

(ii) The Administrator may establish general procedures and criteria in a relevant standard to accomplish the requirements of paragraph (f)(5)(i) of this section.

(iii) If the Administrator approves the use of an alternative monitoring method for an affected source under paragraph (f)(5)(i) of this section, the owner or operator of such source shall continue to use the alternative monitoring method until he or she receives approval from the Administrator to use another

monitoring method as allowed by 40 CFR 63.8(f).

(6) Alternative to the relative accuracy test. An alternative to the relative accuracy test for CEMS specified in a relevant standard may be requested as follows:

(i) Criteria for approval of alternative procedures. An alternative to the test method for determining relative accuracy is available for affected sources with emission rates demonstrated to be less than 50 percent of the relevant standard. The owner or operator of an affected source may petition the Administrator under paragraph (f)(6)(ii) of this section to substitute the relative accuracy test in section 7 of Performance Specification 2 with the procedures in section 10 if the results of a performance test conducted according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.7, or other tests performed following the criteria in 40 CFR 63.7, demonstrate that the emission rate of the pollutant of interest in the units of the relevant standard is less than 50 percent of the relevant standard. For affected sources subject to emission limitations expressed as control efficiency levels, the owner or operator may petition the Administrator to substitute the relative accuracy test with the procedures in section 10 of Performance Specification 2 if the control device exhaust emission rate is less than 50 percent of the level needed to meet the control efficiency requirement. The alternative procedures do not apply if the CEMS is used continuously to determine compliance with the relevant standard.

(ii) Petition to use alternative to relative accuracy test. The petition to use an alternative to the relative accuracy test shall include a detailed description of the procedures to be applied, the location and the procedure for conducting the alternative, the concentration or response levels of the alternative relative accuracy materials, and the other equipment checks included in the alternative procedure(s). The Administrator will review the petition for completeness and applicability. The Administrator's determination to approve an alternative will depend on the intended use of the CEMS data and may require specifications more stringent than in Performance Specification 2.

(iii) Rescission of approval to use alternative to relative accuracy test.

The Administrator will review the permission to use an alternative to the CEMS relative accuracy test and may rescind such permission if the CEMS data from a successful completion of the alternative relative accuracy procedure indicate that the affected source's emissions are approaching the level of the relevant standard. The criterion for reviewing the permission is that the collection of CEMS data shows that emissions have exceeded 70 percent of the relevant standard for any averaging period, as specified in the relevant standard. For affected sources subject to emission limitations expressed as control efficiency levels, the criterion for reviewing the permission is that the collection of CEMS data shows that exhaust emissions have exceeded 70 percent of the level needed to meet the control efficiency requirement for any averaging period, as specified in the relevant standard. The owner or operator of the affected source shall maintain records and determine the level of emissions relative to the criterion for permission to use an alternative for relative accuracy testing. If this

criterion is exceeded, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator within 10 days of such occurrence and include a description of the nature and cause of the increased emissions. The Administrator will review the notification and may rescind permission to use an alternative and require the owner or operator to conduct a relative accuracy test of the CEMS as specified in section 7 of Performance Specification 2.

(g) Reduction of monitoring data. (1) The owner or operator of each CMS must reduce the monitoring data as specified in paragraphs (g)(1) through (5) of this section.

(2) The owner or operator of each COMS shall reduce all data to 6-minute averages calculated from 36 or more data points equally spaced over each 6-minute period. Data from CEMS for measurement other than opacity, unless otherwise specified in the relevant standard, shall be reduced to 1-hour averages computed from four or more data points equally spaced over each 1-hour period, except during periods when calibration, quality assurance, or maintenance activities pursuant to provisions of this part are being performed.

During these periods, a valid hourly average shall consist of at least two data points with each representing a 15-minute period. Alternatively, an arithmetic or integrated 1-hour average of CEMS data may be used. Time periods for averaging are defined in 40 CFR 63.2. (3) The data may be recorded in reduced or nonreduced form (e.g., ppm pollutant and percent O₂ or ng/J of pollutant).

(4) All emission data shall be converted into units of the relevant standard for reporting purposes using the conversion procedures specified in that standard. After conversion into units of the relevant standard, the data may be rounded to the same number of significant digits as used in that standard to specify the emission limit (e.g., rounded to the nearest 1 percent opacity).

(5) Monitoring data recorded during periods of unavoidable CMS breakdowns, out-of-control periods, repairs, maintenance periods, calibration checks, and zero (low-level) and high-level adjustments must not be included in any data average computed under this part. For the owner or operator complying with the requirements of 40 CFR 63.10(b)(2)(vii)(A) or (B), data averages must include any data recorded during periods of monitor breakdown or malfunction.

i. 40 CFR 63.9 Notification requirements.

(a) Applicability and general information.

(1) The applicability of this section is set out in 40 CFR 63.1(a)(4).

(2) For affected sources that have been granted an extension of compliance under subpart D of this part, the requirements of this section do not apply to those sources while they are operating under such compliance extensions.

(3) If any State requires a notice that contains all the information required in a notification listed in this section, the owner or operator may send the Administrator a copy of the notice sent to the State to satisfy the requirements of this section for that notification.

(4)(i) Before a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce

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notification requirements established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit notifications to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA (to the attention of the Director of the Division indicated in the list of the EPA Regional Offices in 40 CFR 63.13).

(ii) After a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce notification requirements established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit notifications to the delegated State authority (which may be the same as the permitting authority). In addition, if the delegated (permitting) authority is the State, the owner or operator shall send a copy of each notification submitted to the State to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA, as specified in paragraph (a)(4)(i) of this section. The Regional Office may waive this requirement for any notifications at its discretion.

(b) Initial notifications. (1)(i) The requirements of this paragraph apply to the owner or operator of an affected source when such source becomes subject to a relevant standard.

(ii) If an area source that otherwise would be subject to an emission standard or other requirement established under this part if it were a major source subsequently increases its emissions of hazardous air pollutants (or its potential to emit hazardous air pollutants) such that the source is a major source that is subject to the emission standard or other requirement, such source shall be subject to the notification requirements of this section.

(iii) Affected sources that are required under this paragraph to submit an initial notification may use the application for approval of construction or reconstruction under 40 CFR 63.5(d) of this subpart, if relevant, to fulfill the initial notification requirements of this paragraph.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected source that has an initial startup before the effective date of a relevant standard under this part shall notify the Administrator in writing that the source is subject to the relevant standard. The notification, which shall be submitted not later than 120 calendar days after the effective date of the relevant standard (or within 120 calendar days after the source becomes subject to the relevant standard), shall provide the following information:

(i) The name and address of the owner or operator;

(ii) The address (i.e., physical location) of the affected source;

(iii) An identification of the relevant standard, or other requirement, that is the basis of the notification and the source's compliance date;

(iv) A brief description of the nature, size, design, and method of operation of the source and an identification of the types of emission points within the affected source subject to the relevant standard and types of hazardous air pollutants emitted; and

(v) A statement of whether the affected source is a major source or an area source.

(3) [Reserved]

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- (4) The owner or operator of a new or reconstructed major affected source for which an application for approval of construction or reconstruction is required under 40 CFR 63.5(d) must provide the following information in writing to the Administrator:
- (i) A notification of intention to construct a new major-emitting affected source, reconstruct a major-emitting affected source, or reconstruct a major source such that the source becomes a major-emitting affected source with the application for approval of construction or reconstruction as specified in 40 CFR 63.5(d)(1)(i); and
 - (ii)-(iv) [Reserved]
 - (v) A notification of the actual date of startup of the source, delivered or postmarked within 15 calendar days after that date.
- (5) The owner or operator of a new or reconstructed affected source for which an application for approval of construction or reconstruction is not required under 40 CFR 63.5(d) must provide the following information in writing to the Administrator:
- (i) A notification of intention to construct a new affected source, reconstruct an affected source, or reconstruct a source such that the source becomes an affected source, and (ii) A notification of the actual date of startup of the source, delivered or postmarked within 15 calendar days after that date.
 - (iii) Unless the owner or operator has requested and received prior permission from the Administrator to submit less than the information in 40 CFR 63.5(d), the notification must include the information required on the application for approval of construction or reconstruction as specified in 40 CFR 63.5(d)(1)(i).
- (c) Request for extension of compliance. If the owner or operator of an affected source cannot comply with a relevant standard by the applicable compliance date for that source, or if the owner or operator has installed BACT or technology to meet LAER consistent with 40 CFR 63.6(i)(5) of this subpart, he/she may submit to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) a request for an extension of compliance as specified in 40 CFR 63.6(i)(4) through 40 CFR 63.6(i)(6).
- (d) Notification that source is subject to special compliance requirements. An owner or operator of a new source that is subject to special compliance requirements as specified in 40 CFR 63.6(b)(3) and 40 CFR 63.6(b)(4) shall notify the Administrator of his/her compliance obligations not later than the notification dates established in paragraph (b) of this section for new sources that are not subject to the special provisions.
- (e) Notification of performance test. The owner or operator of an affected source shall notify the Administrator in writing of his or her intention to conduct a performance test at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is

scheduled to begin to allow the Administrator to review and approve the site-specific test plan required under 40 CFR 63.7(c), if requested by the Administrator, and to have an observer present during the test.

(f) Notification of opacity and visible emission observations. The owner or operator of an affected source shall notify the Administrator in writing of the anticipated date for conducting the opacity or visible emission observations specified in 40 CFR 63.6(h)(5), if such observations are required for the source by a relevant standard. The notification shall be submitted with the notification of the performance test date, as specified in paragraph (e) of this section, or if no performance test is required or visibility or other conditions prevent the opacity or visible emission observations from being conducted concurrently with the initial performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7, the owner or operator shall deliver or postmark the notification not less than 30 days before the opacity or visible emission observations are scheduled to take place.

(g) Additional notification requirements for sources with continuous monitoring systems. The owner or operator of an affected source required to use a CMS by a relevant standard shall furnish the Administrator written notification as follows:

(1) A notification of the date the CMS performance evaluation under 40 CFR 63.8(e) is scheduled to begin, submitted simultaneously with the notification of the performance test date required under 40 CFR 63.7(b). If no performance test is required, or if the requirement to conduct a performance test has been waived for an affected source under 40 CFR 63.7(h), the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing of the date of the performance evaluation at least 60 calendar days before the evaluation is scheduled to begin;

(2) A notification that COMS data results will be used to determine compliance with the applicable opacity emission standard during a performance test required by 40 CFR 63.7 in lieu of Method 9 or other opacity emissions test method data, as allowed by 40 CFR 63.6(h)(7)(ii), if compliance with an opacity emission standard is required for the source by a relevant standard. The notification shall be submitted at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is scheduled to begin; and

(3) A notification that the criterion necessary to continue use of an alternative to relative accuracy testing, as provided by 40 CFR 63.8(f)(6), has been exceeded. The notification shall be delivered or postmarked not later than 10 days after the occurrence of such exceedance, and it shall include a description of the nature and cause of the increased emissions.

(h) Notification of compliance status.

(1) The requirements of paragraphs (h)(2) through (h)(4) of this section apply when an affected source becomes subject to a relevant standard.

(2)(i) Before a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, and each time a notification of compliance status is required under this part, the owner or operator of such source shall submit to the Administrator a notification of compliance status, signed by the responsible official who shall certify its accuracy, attesting to whether the source has complied with the relevant standard. The notification shall list:

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- (A) The methods that were used to determine compliance;
 - (B) The results of any performance tests, opacity or visible emission observations, continuous monitoring system (CMS) performance evaluations, and/or other monitoring procedures or methods that were conducted;
 - (C) The methods that will be used for determining continuing compliance, including a description of monitoring and reporting requirements and test methods;
 - (D) The type and quantity of hazardous air pollutants emitted by the source (or surrogate pollutants if specified in the relevant standard), reported in units and averaging times and in accordance with the test methods specified in the relevant standard;
 - (E) If the relevant standard applies to both major and area sources, an analysis demonstrating whether the affected source is a major source (using the emissions data generated for this notification);
 - (F) A description of the air pollution control equipment (or method) for each emission point, including each control device (or method) for each hazardous air pollutant and the control efficiency (percent) for each control device (or method); and
 - (G) A statement by the owner or operator of the affected existing, new, or reconstructed source as to whether the source has complied with the relevant standard or other requirements.
- (ii) The notification must be sent before the close of business on the 60th day following the completion of the relevant compliance demonstration activity specified in the relevant standard (unless a different reporting period is specified in the standard, in which case the letter must be sent before the close of business on the day the report of the relevant testing or monitoring results is required to be delivered or postmarked). For example, the notification shall be sent before close of business on the 60th (or other required) day following completion of the initial performance test and again before the close of business on the 60th (or other required) day following the completion of any subsequent required performance test. If no performance test is required but opacity or visible emission observations are required to demonstrate compliance with an opacity or visible emission standard under this part, the notification of compliance status shall be sent before close of business on the 30th day following the completion of opacity or visible emission observations. Notifications may be combined as long as the due date requirement for each notification is met.
- (3) After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator of such source shall comply with all requirements for compliance status reports contained in the source's title V permit, including reports required under this part. After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, and each time a notification of compliance status is required under this part, the owner or operator of such source shall submit the notification of compliance status to the appropriate permitting authority following completion of the relevant compliance

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demonstration activity specified in the relevant standard.

(4) [Reserved]

(5) If an owner or operator of an affected source submits estimates or preliminary information in the application for approval of construction or reconstruction required in 40 CFR 63.5(d) in place of the actual emissions data or control efficiencies required in paragraphs (d)(1)(ii)(H) and (d)(2) of 40 CFR 63.5, the owner or operator shall submit the actual emissions data and other correct information as soon as available but no later than with the initial notification of compliance status required in this section.

(6) Advice on a notification of compliance status may be obtained from the Administrator.

(i) Adjustment to time periods or postmark deadlines for submittal and review of required communications. (1)(i) Until an adjustment of a time period or postmark deadline has been approved by the Administrator under paragraphs (i)(2) and (i)(3) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected source remains strictly subject to the requirements of this part.

(ii) An owner or operator shall request the adjustment provided for in paragraphs (i)(2) and (i)(3) of this section each time he or she wishes to change an applicable time period or postmark deadline specified in this part.

(2) Notwithstanding time periods or postmark deadlines specified in this part for the submittal of information to the Administrator by an owner or operator, or the review of such information by the Administrator, such time periods or deadlines may be changed by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the Administrator. An owner or operator who wishes to request a change in a time period or postmark deadline for a particular requirement shall request the adjustment in writing as soon as practicable before the subject activity is required to take place. The owner or operator shall include in the request whatever information he or she considers useful to convince the Administrator that an adjustment is warranted.

(3) If, in the Administrator's judgment, an owner or operator's request for an adjustment to a particular time period or postmark deadline is warranted, the Administrator will approve the adjustment. The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or disapproval of the request for an adjustment within 15 calendar days of receiving sufficient information to evaluate the request.

(4) If the Administrator is unable to meet a specified deadline, he or she will notify the owner or operator of any significant delay and inform the owner or operator of the amended schedule.

(j) Change in information already provided. Any change in the information already provided under this section shall be provided to the Administrator in

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writing within 15 calendar days after the change.

j 40 CFR 63.10 Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) Applicability and general information.

(1) The applicability of this section is set out in 40 CFR 63.1(a)(4).

(2) For affected sources that have been granted an extension of compliance under subpart D of this part, the requirements of this section do not apply to those sources while they are operating under such compliance extensions.

(3) If any State requires a report that contains all the information required in a report listed in this section, an owner or operator may send the Administrator a copy of the report sent to the State to satisfy the requirements of this section for that report.

(4)(i) Before a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce recordkeeping and reporting requirements established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit reports to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA (to the attention of the Director of the Division indicated in the list of the EPA Regional Offices in 40 CFR 63.13).

(ii) After a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce recordkeeping and reporting requirements established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit reports to the delegated State authority (which may be the same as the permitting authority). In addition, if the delegated (permitting) authority is the State, the owner or operator shall send a copy of each report submitted to the State to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA, as specified in paragraph (a)(4)(i) of this section. The Regional Office may waive this requirement for any reports at its discretion.

(5) If an owner or operator of an affected source in a State with delegated authority is required to submit periodic reports under this part to the State, and if the State has an established time line for the submission of periodic reports that is consistent with the reporting frequency(ies) specified for such source under this part, the owner or operator may change the dates by which periodic reports under this part shall be submitted (without changing the frequency of reporting) to be consistent with the State's schedule by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the State. For each relevant standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act, the allowance in the previous sentence applies in each State beginning 1 year after the affected source's compliance date for that standard. Procedures governing the implementation of this provision are specified in 40 CFR 63.9(i).

(6) If an owner or operator supervises one or more stationary sources affected by more than one standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act, he/she may arrange by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the Administrator (or the State permitting authority) a common schedule on which periodic reports required for each source shall be submitted throughout

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the year. The allowance in the previous sentence applies in each State beginning 1 year after the latest compliance date for any relevant standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act for any such affected source(s). Procedures governing the implementation of this provision are specified in 40 CFR 63.9(i).

(7) If an owner or operator supervises one or more stationary sources affected by standards established pursuant to section 112 of the Act (as amended November 15, 1990) and standards set under part 60, part 61, or both such parts of this chapter, he/she may arrange by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the Administrator (or the State permitting authority) a common schedule on which periodic reports required by each relevant (i.e., applicable) standard shall be submitted throughout the year. The allowance in the previous sentence applies in each State beginning 1 year after the stationary source is required to be in compliance with the relevant section 112 standard, or 1 year after the stationary source is required to be in compliance with the applicable part 60 or part 61 standard, whichever is latest. Procedures governing the implementation of this provision are specified in 40 CFR 63.9(i).

(b) General recordkeeping requirements. (1) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain files of all information (including all reports and notifications) required by this part recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. The files shall be retained for at least 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. At a minimum, the most recent 2 years of data shall be retained on site. The remaining 3 years of data may be retained off site. Such files may be maintained on microfilm, on a computer, on computer floppy disks, on magnetic tape disks, or on microfiche.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain relevant records for such source of:

- (i) The occurrence and duration of each startup, shutdown, or malfunction of operation (i.e., process equipment);
- (ii) The occurrence and duration of each malfunction of the required air pollution control and monitoring equipment;
- (iii) All required maintenance performed on the air pollution control and monitoring equipment;
- (iv) Actions taken during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation) when such actions are different from the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (see 40 CFR 63.6(e)(3));
- (v) All information necessary to demonstrate conformance with the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (see 40 CFR 63.6(e)(3)) when all actions taken during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation) are consistent

- with the procedures specified in such plan. (The information needed to demonstrate conformance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan may be recorded using a checklist or some other effective form of recordkeeping, in order to minimize the recordkeeping burden for conforming events);
- (vi) Each period during which a CMS is malfunctioning or inoperative (including out-of-control periods);
 - (vii) All required measurements needed to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard (including, but not limited to, 15-minute averages of CMS data, raw performance testing measurements, and raw performance evaluation measurements, that support data that the source is required to report);
- (A) This paragraph applies to owners or operators required to install a continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) where the CEMS installed is automated, and where the calculated data averages do not exclude periods of CEMS breakdown or malfunction. An automated CEMS records and reduces the measured data to the form of the pollutant emission standard through the use of a computerized data acquisition system. In lieu of maintaining a file of all CEMS subhourly measurements as required under paragraph (b)(2)(vii) of this section, the owner or operator shall retain the most recent consecutive three averaging periods of subhourly measurements and a file that contains a hard copy of the data acquisition system algorithm used to reduce the measured data into the reportable form of the standard.
- (B) This paragraph applies to owners or operators required to install a CEMS where the measured data is manually reduced to obtain the reportable form of the standard, and where the calculated data averages do not exclude periods of CEMS breakdown or malfunction. In lieu of maintaining a file of all CEMS subhourly measurements as required under paragraph (b)(2)(vii) of this section, the owner or operator shall retain all subhourly measurements for the most recent reporting period. The subhourly measurements shall be retained for 120 days from the date of the most recent summary or excess emission report submitted to the Administrator.
- (C) The Administrator or delegated authority, upon notification to the source, may require the owner or operator to maintain all measurements as required by paragraph (b)(2)(vii), if the administrator or the delegated authority determines these records are required to more accurately assess the compliance status of the affected source.
- (viii) All results of performance tests, CMS performance evaluations, and opacity and visible emission observations;
 - (ix) All measurements as may be necessary to determine the conditions of performance tests and performance evaluations;
 - (x) All CMS calibration checks;
 - (xi) All adjustments and maintenance performed on CMS;
 - (xii) Any information demonstrating whether a source is meeting the requirements for a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements under this part, if the source has been granted a waiver under paragraph (f) of this section;
 - (xiii) All emission levels relative to the criterion for obtaining permission to use

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an alternative to the relative accuracy test, if the source has been granted such permission under 40 CFR 63.8(f)(6); and

(xiv) All documentation supporting initial notifications and notifications of compliance status under 40 CFR 63.9.

(3) Recordkeeping requirement for applicability determinations. If an owner or operator determines that his or her stationary source that emits (or has the potential to emit, without considering controls) one or more hazardous air pollutants regulated by any standard established pursuant to section 112(d) or (f), and that stationary source is in the source category regulated by the relevant standard, but that source is not subject to the relevant standard (or other requirement established under this part) because of limitations on the source's potential to emit or an exclusion, the owner or operator must keep a record of the applicability determination on site at the source for a period of 5 years after the determination, or until the source changes its operations to become an affected source, whichever comes first. The record of the applicability determination must be signed by the person making the determination and include an analysis (or other information) that demonstrates why the owner or operator believes the source is unaffected (e.g., because the source is an area source). The analysis (or other information) must be sufficiently detailed to allow the Administrator to make a finding about the source's applicability status with regard to the relevant standard or other requirement. If relevant, the analysis must be performed in accordance with requirements established in relevant subparts of this part for this purpose for particular categories of stationary sources. If relevant, the analysis should be performed in accordance with EPA guidance materials published to assist sources in making applicability determinations under section 112, if any. The requirements to determine applicability of a standard under 40 CFR 63.1(b)(3) and to record the results of that determination under paragraph (b)(3) of this section shall not by themselves create an obligation for the owner or operator to obtain a title V permit.

(c) Additional recordkeeping requirements for sources with continuous monitoring systems. In addition to complying with the requirements specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected source required to install a CMS by a relevant standard shall maintain records for such source of

(1) All required CMS measurements (including monitoring data recorded during unavoidable CMS breakdowns and out-of-control periods);

(2) (4) [Reserved]

(5) The date and time identifying each period during which the CMS was inoperative except for zero (low-level) and high-level checks;

(6) The date and time identifying each period during which the CMS was out of

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control, as defined in 40 CFR 63.8(c)(7);

(7) The specific identification (i.e., the date and time of commencement and completion) of each period of excess emissions and parameter monitoring exceedances, as defined in the relevant standard(s), that occurs during startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions of the affected source;

(8) The specific identification (i.e., the date and time of commencement and completion) of each time period of excess emissions and parameter monitoring exceedances, as defined in the relevant standard(s), that occurs during periods other than startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions of the affected source;

(9) [Reserved]

(10) The nature and cause of any malfunction (if known);

(11) The corrective action taken or preventive measures adopted;

(12) The nature of the repairs or adjustments to the CMS that was inoperative or out of control;

(13) The total process operating time during the reporting period; and (14) All procedures that are part of a quality control program developed and implemented for CMS under 40 CFR 63.8(d).

(15) In order to satisfy the requirements of paragraphs (c)(10) through (c)(12) of this section and to avoid duplicative recordkeeping efforts, the owner or operator may use the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan or records kept to satisfy the recordkeeping requirements of the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan specified in 40 CFR 63.6(e), provided that such plan and records adequately address the requirements of paragraphs (c)(10) through (c)(12).

(d) General reporting requirements. (1) Notwithstanding the requirements in this paragraph or paragraph (e) of this section, and except as provided in 40 CFR 63.16, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to reporting requirements under this part shall submit reports to the Administrator in accordance with the reporting requirements in the relevant standard(s).

(2) Reporting results of performance tests. Before a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator shall report the results of any performance test under 40 CFR 63.7 to the Administrator. After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator shall report the results of a required performance test to the appropriate permitting authority. The owner or operator of an affected source shall report the results of the performance test to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) before the close of business on the 60th day following the completion of the performance test, unless specified otherwise in a relevant standard or as approved otherwise in writing by the Administrator. The results of the performance test shall be submitted as part of the notification of compliance status required under 40 CFR 63.9(h).

(3) Reporting results of opacity or visible emission observations. The owner or operator of an affected source required to conduct opacity or visible emission observations by a relevant standard shall report the opacity or visible emission

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results (produced using Test Method 9 or Test Method 22, or an alternative to these test methods) along with the results of the performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7. If no performance test is required, or if visibility or other conditions prevent the opacity or visible emission observations from being conducted concurrently with the performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7, the owner or operator shall report the opacity or visible emission results before the close of business on the 30th day following the completion of the opacity or visible emission observations.

(4) Progress reports. The owner or operator of an affected source who is required to submit progress reports as a condition of receiving an extension of compliance under 40 CFR 63.6(i) shall submit such reports to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) by the dates specified in the written extension of compliance.

(5)(i) Periodic startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports. If actions taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction of an affected source (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) are consistent with the procedures specified in the source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (see 40 CFR 63.6(e)(3)), the owner or operator shall state such information in a startup, shutdown, and malfunction report. Such a report shall identify any instance where any action taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) is not consistent with the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, but the source does not exceed any applicable emission limitation in the relevant emission standard. Such a report shall also include the number, duration, and a brief description for each type of malfunction which occurred during the reporting period and which caused or may have caused any applicable emission limitation to be exceeded. Reports shall only be required if a startup, shutdown, or malfunction occurred during the reporting period. The startup, shutdown, and malfunction report shall consist of a letter, containing the name, title, and signature of the owner or operator or other responsible official who is certifying its accuracy, that shall be submitted to the Administrator semiannually (or on a more frequent basis if specified otherwise in a relevant standard or as established otherwise by the permitting authority in the source's title V permit). The startup, shutdown, and malfunction report shall be delivered or postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar half (or other calendar reporting period, as appropriate). If the owner or operator is required to submit excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (or other periodic) reports under this part, the startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports required under this paragraph may be submitted simultaneously with the excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (or other) reports. If

startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports are submitted with excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (or other periodic) reports, and the owner or operator receives approval to reduce the frequency of reporting for the latter under paragraph (e) of this section, the frequency of reporting for the startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports also may be reduced if the Administrator does not object to the intended change. The procedures to implement the allowance in the preceding sentence shall be the same as the procedures specified in paragraph (e)(3) of this section.

(ii) Immediate startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports. Notwithstanding the allowance to reduce the frequency of reporting for periodic startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports under paragraph (d)(5)(i) of this section, any time an action taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) is not consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and the source exceeds any applicable emission limitation in the relevant emission standard, the owner or operator shall report the actions taken for that event within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan followed by a letter within 7 working days after the end of the event. The immediate report required under this paragraph (d)(5)(ii) shall consist of a telephone call (or facsimile (FAX) transmission) to the Administrator within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan, and it shall be followed by a letter, delivered or postmarked within 7 working days after the end of the event, that contains the name, title, and signature of the owner or operator or other responsible official who is certifying its accuracy, explaining the circumstances of the event, the reasons for not following the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and describing all excess emissions and/or parameter monitoring exceedances which are believed to have occurred. Notwithstanding the requirements of the previous sentence, after the effective date of an approved permit program in the State in which an affected source is located, the owner or operator may make alternative reporting arrangements, in advance, with the permitting authority in that State. Procedures governing the arrangement of alternative reporting requirements under this paragraph (d)(5)(ii) are specified in 40 CFR 63.9(i).

(e) Additional reporting requirements for sources with continuous monitoring systems(1) General. When more than one CEMS is used to measure the emissions from one affected source (e.g., multiple breechings, multiple outlets), the owner or operator shall report the results as required for each CEMS.

(2) Reporting results of continuous monitoring system performance evaluations.

(i) The owner or operator of an affected source required to install a CMS by a relevant standard shall furnish the Administrator a copy of a written report of the results of the CMS performance evaluation, as required under 40 CFR 63.8(e), simultaneously with the results of the performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7, unless otherwise specified in the relevant standard.

(ii) The owner or operator of an affected source using a COMS to determine opacity compliance during any performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7

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and described in 40 CFR 63.6(d)(6) shall furnish the Administrator two or, upon request, three copies of a written report of the results of the COMS performance evaluation conducted under 40 CFR 63.8(e). The copies shall be furnished at least 15 calendar days before the performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 is conducted.

(3) Excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report and summary report. (i) Excess emissions and parameter monitoring exceedances are defined in relevant standards. The owner or operator of an affected source required to install a CMS by a relevant standard shall submit an excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report and/or a summary report to the Administrator semiannually, except when

(A) More frequent reporting is specifically required by a relevant standard;

(B) The Administrator determines on a case-by-case basis that more frequent reporting is necessary to accurately assess the compliance status of the source;

or

(C) [Reserved]

(D) The affected source is complying with the Performance Track Provisions of 40 CFR 63.16, which allows less frequent reporting.

(ii) Request to reduce frequency of excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance reports. Notwithstanding the frequency of reporting requirements specified in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section, an owner or operator who is required by a relevant standard to submit excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (and summary) reports on a quarterly (or more frequent) basis may reduce the frequency of reporting for that standard to semiannual if the following conditions are met:

(A) For 1 full year (e.g., 4 quarterly or 12 monthly reporting periods) the affected source's excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance reports continually demonstrate that the source is in compliance with the relevant standard;

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(B) The owner or operator continues to comply with all recordkeeping and monitoring requirements specified in this subpart and the relevant standard; and
(C) The Administrator does not object to a reduced frequency of reporting for the affected source, as provided in paragraph (e)(3)(iii) of this section.

(iii) The frequency of reporting of excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (and summary) reports required to comply with a relevant standard may be reduced only after the owner or operator notifies the Administrator in writing of his or her intention to make such a change and the Administrator does not object to the intended change. In deciding whether to approve a reduced frequency of reporting, the Administrator may review information concerning the source's entire previous performance history during the 5-year recordkeeping period prior to the intended change, including performance test results, monitoring data, and evaluations of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements. Such information may be used by the Administrator to make a judgment about the source's potential for noncompliance in the future. If the Administrator disapproves the owner or operator's request to reduce the frequency of reporting, the Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing within 45 days after receiving notice of the owner or operator's intention. The notification from the Administrator to the owner or operator will specify the grounds on which the disapproval is based. In the absence of a notice of disapproval within 45 days, approval is automatically granted.

(iv) As soon as CMS data indicate that the source is not in compliance with any emission limitation or operating parameter specified in the relevant standard, the frequency of reporting shall revert to the frequency specified in the relevant standard, and the owner or operator shall submit an excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (and summary) report for the noncomplying emission points at the next appropriate reporting period following the noncomplying event. After demonstrating ongoing compliance with the relevant standard for another full year, the owner or operator may again request approval from the Administrator to reduce the frequency of reporting for that standard, as provided for in paragraphs (e)(3)(ii) and (e)(3)(iii) of this section.

(v) Content and submittal dates for excess emissions and monitoring system performance reports. All excess emissions and monitoring system performance reports and all summary reports, if required, shall be delivered or postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar half or quarter, as appropriate. Written reports of excess emissions or exceedances of process or control system parameters shall include all the information required in paragraphs (c)(5) through (c)(13) of this section, in 40 CFR 63.8(c)(7) and 40 CFR 63.8(c)(8), and in the relevant standard, and they shall contain the name, title, and signature of

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the responsible official who is certifying the accuracy of the report. When no excess emissions or exceedances of a parameter have occurred, or a CMS has not been inoperative, out of control, repaired, or adjusted, such information shall be stated in the report.

(vi) Summary report. As required under paragraphs (e)(3)(vii) and (e)(3)(viii) of this section, one summary report shall be submitted for the hazardous air pollutants monitored at each affected source (unless the relevant standard specifies that more than one summary report is required, e.g., one summary report for each hazardous air pollutant monitored). The summary report shall be entitled Summary Report Gaseous and Opacity Excess Emission and Continuous Monitoring System Performance; and shall contain the following information:

(A) The company name and address of the affected source;

(B) An identification of each hazardous air pollutant monitored at the affected source;

(C) The beginning and ending dates of the reporting period;

(D) A brief description of the process units;

(E) The emission and operating parameter limitations specified in the relevant standard(s);

(F) The monitoring equipment manufacturer(s) and model number(s);

(G) The date of the latest CMS certification or audit;

(H) The total operating time of the affected source during the reporting period;

(I) An emission data summary (or similar summary if the owner or operator monitors control system parameters), including the total duration of excess emissions during the reporting period (recorded in minutes for opacity and hours for gases), the total duration of excess emissions expressed as a percent of the total source operating time during that reporting period, and a breakdown of the total duration of excess emissions during the reporting period into those that are due to startup/shutdown, control equipment problems, process problems, other known causes, and other unknown causes;

(J) A CMS performance summary (or similar summary if the owner or operator monitors control system parameters), including the total CMS downtime during the reporting period (recorded in minutes for opacity and hours for gases), the total duration of CMS downtime expressed as a percent of the total source operating time during that reporting period, and a breakdown of the total CMS downtime during the reporting period into periods that are due to monitoring equipment malfunctions, nonmonitoring equipment malfunctions, quality assurance/quality control calibrations, other known causes, and other unknown causes;

(K) A description of any changes in CMS, processes, or controls since the last reporting period;

(L) The name, title, and signature of the responsible official who is certifying the accuracy of the report; and (M) The date of the report.

(vii) If the total duration of excess emissions or process or control system parameter exceedances for the reporting period is less than 1 percent of the

total operating time for the reporting period, and CMS downtime for the reporting period is less than 5 percent of the total operating time for the reporting period, only the summary report shall be submitted, and the full excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report need not be submitted unless required by the Administrator.

(viii) If the total duration of excess emissions or process or control system parameter exceedances for the reporting period is 1 percent or greater of the total operating time for the reporting period, or the total CMS downtime for the reporting period is 5 percent or greater of the total operating time for the reporting period, both the summary report and the excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report shall be submitted.

(4) Reporting continuous opacity monitoring system data produced during a performance test. The owner or operator of an affected source required to use a COMS shall record the monitoring data produced during a performance test required under 40 CFR 63.7 and shall furnish the Administrator a written report of the monitoring results. The report of COMS data shall be submitted simultaneously with the report of the performance test results required in paragraph (d)(2) of this section.

(f) Waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements. (1) Until a waiver of a recordkeeping or reporting requirement has been granted by the Administrator under this paragraph, the owner or operator of an affected source remains subject to the requirements of this section.

(2) Recordkeeping or reporting requirements may be waived upon written application to the Administrator if, in the Administrator's judgment, the affected source is achieving the relevant standard(s), or the source is operating under an extension of compliance, or the owner or operator has requested an extension of compliance and the Administrator is still considering that request.

(3) If an application for a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting is made, the application shall accompany the request for an extension of compliance under 40 CFR 63.6(i), any required compliance progress report or compliance status report required under this part (such as under 40 CFR 63.6(i) and 40 CFR 63.9(h)) or in the source's title V permit, or an excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report required under paragraph (e) of this section, whichever is applicable. The application shall include whatever information the owner or operator considers useful to convince the Administrator that a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting is warranted.

(4) The Administrator will approve or deny a request for a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements under this paragraph when he/she

(i) Approves or denies an extension of compliance; or

(ii) Makes a determination of compliance following the submission of a required compliance status report or excess emissions and continuous monitoring systems performance report; or

(iii) Makes a determination of suitable progress towards compliance following the submission of a compliance progress report, whichever is applicable.

(5) A waiver of any recordkeeping or reporting requirement granted under this

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paragraph may be conditioned on other recordkeeping or reporting requirements deemed necessary by the Administrator.

(6) Approval of any waiver granted under this section shall not abrogate the Administrator's authority under the Act or in any way prohibit the Administrator from later canceling the waiver. The cancellation will be made only after notice is given to the owner or operator of the affected source.

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k. 40 CFR 63.11 Control device requirements.

(a) Applicability. The applicability of this section is set out in 40 CFR 63.1(a)(4).

(b) Flares. (1) Owners or operators using flares to comply with the provisions of this part shall monitor these control devices to assure that they are operated and maintained in conformance with their designs.

Applicable subparts will provide provisions stating how owners or operators using flares shall monitor these control devices.

(2) Flares shall be steam-assisted, air-assisted, or non-assisted.

(3) Flares shall be operated at all times when emissions may be vented to them.

(4) Flares shall be designed for and operated with no visible emissions, except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours.

Test Method 22 in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter shall be used to determine the compliance of flares with the visible emission provisions of this part. The observation period is 2 hours and shall be used according to Method 22.

(5) Flares shall be operated with a flame present at all times. The presence of a flare pilot flame shall be monitored using a thermocouple or any other equivalent device to detect the presence of a flame.

(6) An owner/operator has the choice of adhering to the heat content specifications in paragraph (b)(6)(ii) of this section, and the maximum tip velocity specifications in paragraph (b)(7) or (b)(8) of this section, or adhering to the requirements in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this section.

(i)(A) Flares shall be used that have a diameter of 3 inches or greater, are nonassisted, have a hydrogen content of 8.0 percent (by volume) or greater, and are designed for and operated with an exit velocity less than 37.2 m/sec (122 ft/sec) and less than the velocity V_{max} , as determined by the following equation:

$$V_{max} = (X_{H_2} \cdot K_1) \cdot K_2$$

Where:

V_{max} = Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec. K_1 = Constant, 6.0 volume-percent hydrogen. K_2 = Constant, 3.9(m/sec)/volume-percent hydrogen. X_{H_2} = The volume-percent of hydrogen, on a wet basis, as calculated by using the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Method D1946 77.

(Incorporated by reference as specified in 40 CFR 63.14).

(B) The actual exit velocity of a flare shall be determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section.

(ii) Flares shall be used only with the net heating value of the gas being combusted at 11.2 MJ/scm (300 Btu/scf) or greater if the flare is steam-assisted or air-assisted; or with the net heating value of the gas being combusted at 7.45 MJ/scm (200 Btu/scf) or greater if the flares is non-assisted. The net heating

value of the gas being combusted in a flare shall be calculated using the following equation:

Where:

HT=Net heating value of the sample, MJ/scm; where the net enthalpy per mole of off gas is based on combustion at 25oC and 760 mm Hg, but the standard temperature for determining the volume corresponding to one mole is 20oC.

K=Constant= where the standard temperature for (g-mole/scm) is 20oC.

Ci=Concentration of sample component i in ppmv on a wet basis, as measured for organics by Test Method 18 and measured for hydrogen and carbon monoxide by American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) D1946-77 or 90 (Reapproved 1994) (incorporated by reference as specified in 40 CFR 63.14). Hi=Net heat of combustion of sample component i, kcal/g-mole at 25oC and 760 mm Hg. The heats of combustion may be determined using ASTM D2382-76 or 88 or D4809-95 (incorporated by reference as specified in 40 CFR 63.14) if published values are not available or cannot be calculated. n=Number of sample components.

(7)(i) Steam-assisted and nonassisted flares shall be designed for and operated with an exit velocity less than 18.3 m/sec (60 ft/sec), except as provided in paragraphs (b)(7)(ii) and (b)(7)(iii) of this section. The actual exit velocity of a flare shall be determined by dividing by the volumetric flow rate of gas being combusted (in units of emission standard temperature and pressure), as determined by Test Method 2, 2A, 2C, or 2D in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 of this chapter, as appropriate, by the unobstructed (free) cross-sectional area of the flare tip.

(ii) Steam-assisted and nonassisted flares designed for and operated with an exit velocity, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section, equal to or greater than 18.3 m/sec (60 ft/sec) but less than 122 m/sec (400 ft/sec), are allowed if the net heating value of the gas being combusted is greater than 37.3 MJ/scm (1,000 Btu/scf).

(iii) Steam-assisted and nonassisted flares designed for and operated with an exit velocity, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section, less than the velocity Vmax, as determined by the method specified in this paragraph, but less than 122 m/sec (400 ft/sec) are allowed. The maximum permitted velocity, Vmax, for flares complying with this paragraph shall be determined by the following equation:

$$\text{Log}_{10}(\text{Vmax})=(\text{HT}+28.8)/31.7$$

Where:

Vmax=Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec. 28.8=Constant. 31.7=Constant.

HT=The net heating value as determined in paragraph (b)(6) of this section.

(8) Air-assisted flares shall be designed and operated with an exit velocity less than the velocity Vmax. The maximum permitted velocity, Vmax, for air-assisted flares shall be determined by the following equation:

$$\text{Vmax}=8.71 = 0.708(\text{HT})$$

Where:

Vmax=Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec. 8.71=Constant. 0.708=Constant.

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HT=The net heating value as determined in paragraph (b)(6)(ii) of this section.

I 40 CFR 63.12 State authority and delegations.

(a) The provisions of this part shall not be construed in any manner to preclude any State or political subdivision thereof from

(1) Adopting and enforcing any standard, limitation, prohibition, or other regulation applicable to an affected source subject to the requirements of this part, provided that such standard, limitation, prohibition, or regulation is not less stringent than any requirement applicable to such source established under this part;

(2) Requiring the owner or operator of an affected source to obtain permits, licenses, or approvals prior to initiating construction, reconstruction, modification, or operation of such source; or

(3) Requiring emission reductions in excess of those specified in subpart D of this part as a condition for granting the extension of compliance authorized by section 112(i)(5) of the Act.

(b)(1) Section 112(l) of the Act directs the Administrator to delegate to each State, when appropriate, the authority to implement and enforce standards and other requirements pursuant to section 112 for stationary sources located in that State. Because of the unique nature of radioactive material, delegation of authority to implement and enforce standards that control radionuclides may require separate approval.

(2) Subpart E of this part establishes procedures consistent with section 112(l) for the approval of State rules or programs to implement and enforce applicable Federal rules promulgated under the authority of section 112. Subpart E also establishes procedures for the review and withdrawal of section 112 implementation and enforcement authorities granted through a section 112(l) approval.

(c) All information required to be submitted to the EPA under this part also shall be submitted to the appropriate State agency of any State to which authority has been delegated under section 112(l) of the Act, provided that each specific delegation may exempt sources from a certain Federal or State reporting requirement. The Administrator may permit all or some of the information to be submitted to the appropriate State agency only, instead of to the EPA and the State agency.

m. 40 CFR 63.13 Addresses of State air pollution control agencies and EPA Regional Offices.

(a) All requests, reports, applications, submittal, and other communications to the Administrator pursuant to this part shall be submitted to the appropriate Regional Office of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency indicated in the following list of EPA Regional Offices. EPA Region I (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont), Director, Air,

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Pesticides and Toxics Division, J.F.K.

Federal Building, Boston, MA 02203-2211. EPA Region II (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands), Director, Air and Waste Management Division, 26 Federal Plaza, New York, NY 10278. EPA Region III (Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia), Director, Air Protection Division, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103. EPA Region IV (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee). Director, Air, Pesticides and Toxics Management Division, Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street, Atlanta, GA 30303-3104. EPA Region V (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin), Director, Air and Radiation Division, 77 West Jackson Blvd., Chicago, IL 60604-3507. EPA Region VI (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas), Director, Air, Pesticides and Toxics, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, TX 75202-2733. EPA Region VII (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska), Director, Air, RCRA, and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 901 N. 5th Street, Kansas City, KS 66101. EPA Region VIII (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming), Director, Air and Toxics Division, 999 18th Street, 1 Denver Place, Suite 500, Denver, CO 80202-2405. EPA Region IX (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, American Samoa, Guam), Director, Air and Toxics Division, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105. EPA Region X (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington), Director, Office of Air Quality, 1200 Sixth Avenue (OAQ-107), Seattle, WA 98101.

(b) All information required to be submitted to the Administrator under this part also shall be submitted to the appropriate State agency of any State to which authority has been delegated under section 112(l) of the Act. The owner or operator of an affected source may contact the appropriate EPA Regional Office for the mailing addresses for those States whose delegation requests have been approved.

(c) If any State requires a submittal that contains all the information required in an application, notification, request, report, statement, or other communication required in this part, an owner or operator may send the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA a copy of that submittal to satisfy the requirements of this part for that communication.

n 40 CFR 63.14 Incorporations by reference.

Link to an amendment published at 69 FR 22623, Apr. 26, 2004.

(a) The materials listed in this section are incorporated by reference in the corresponding sections noted. These incorporations by reference were approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1

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CFR part 51. These materials are incorporated as they exist on the date of the approval, and notice of any change in these materials will be published in the Federal Register. The materials are available for purchase at the corresponding addresses noted below, and all are available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, U.S. EPA, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC, and at the EPA Library (MD-35), U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to:

http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html.

(b) The following materials are available for purchase from at least one of the following addresses: American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), 100 Barr Harbor Drive, Post Office Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959; or ProQuest, 300 North Zeeb Road, Ann Arbor, MI 48106.

(1) ASTM D523-89, Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.782.

(2) ASTM D1193-77, 91, Standard Specification for Reagent Water, IBR approved for Appendix A: Method 306, Sections 7.1.1 and 7.4.2.

(3) ASTM D1331-89, Standard Test Methods for Surface and Interfacial Tension of Solutions of Surface Active Agents, IBR approved for Appendix A: Method 306B, Sections 6.2, 11.1, and 12.2.2.

(4) ASTM D1475-90, Standard Test Method for Density of Paint, Varnish Lacquer, and Related Products, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.788, Appendix A.

(5) ASTM D1946-77, 90, 94, Standard Method for Analysis of Reformed Gas by Gas Chromatography, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.11(b)(6).

(6) ASTM D2369-93, 95, Standard Test Method for Volatile Content of Coatings, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.788, Appendix A.

(7) ASTM D2382-76, 88, Heat of Combustion of Hydrocarbon Fuels by Bomb Calorimeter (High-Precision Method), IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.11(b)(6).

(8) ASTM D2879-83, 96, Test Method for Vapor Pressure-Temperature Relationship and Initial Decomposition Temperature of Liquids by Isoteniscope, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.111 and 40 CFR 63.2406.

(9) ASTM D3257-93, Standard Test Methods for Aromatics in Mineral Spirits by Gas Chromatography, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.786(b).

(10) ASTM 3695-88, Standard Test Method for Volatile Alcohols in Water by Direct Aqueous-Injection Gas Chromatography, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.365(e)(1) of Subpart O.

(11) ASTM D3792-91, Standard Method for Water Content of Water-Reducible Paints by Direct Injection into a Gas Chromatograph, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.788, Appendix A.

(12) ASTM D3912-80, Standard Test Method for Chemical Resistance of Coatings Used in Light-Water Nuclear Power Plants, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.782.

(13) ASTM D4017-90, 96a, Standard Test Method for Water in Paints and Paint

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Materials by the Karl Fischer Titration Method, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.788, Appendix A.

(14) ASTM D4082-89, Standard Test Method for Effects of Gamma Radiation on Coatings for Use in Light-Water Nuclear Power Plants, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.782.

(15) ASTM D4256-89, 94, Standard Test Method for Determination of the Decontaminability of Coatings Used in Light-Water Nuclear Power Plants, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.782.

(16) ASTM D4809-95, Standard Test Method for Heat of Combustion of Liquid Hydrocarbon Fuels by Bomb Calorimeter (Precision Method), IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.11(b)(6).

(17) ASTM E180-93, Standard Practice for Determining the Precision of ASTM Methods for Analysis and Testing of Industrial Chemicals, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.786(b).

(18) ASTM E260-91, 96, General Practice for Packed Column Gas Chromatography, IBR approved for 40 CFR 40 CFR 63.750(b)(2) and 63.786(b)(5).

(19)-(20) [Reserved]

(21) ASTM D2099-00, Standard Test Method for Dynamic Water Resistance of Shoe Upper Leather by the Maeser Water Penetration Tester, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.5350.

(22)-(23) [Reserved]

(24) ASTM D2697-86 (Reapproved 1998), Standard Test Method for Volume Nonvolatile Matter in Clear or Pigmented Coatings, IBR approved for 40 CFR 40 CFR 63.3521(b)(1), 63.3941(b)(1), 63.4141(b)(1), 63.4741(b)(1), 63.4941(b)(1), and 63.5160(c).

(25) ASTM D6093-97 (Reapproved 2003), Standard Test Method for Percent Volume Nonvolatile Matter in Clear or Pigmented Coatings Using a Helium Gas Pycnometer, IBR approved for 40 CFR 40 CFR 63.3521(b)(1), 63.3941(b)(1), 63.4141(b)(1), 63.4741(b)(1), 63.4941(b)(1), and 63.5160(c).

(26) ASTM D1475-98, Standard Test Method for Density of Liquid Coatings, Inks, and Related Products, IBR approved for 40 CFR 40 CFR 63.3941(b)(4), 63.3941(c), 63.3951(c), 63.4141(b)(3), 63.4141(c), and 63.4551(c).

(27) ASTM D 6522-00, Standard Test Method for Determination of Nitrogen Oxides, Carbon Monoxide, and Oxygen Concentrations in Emissions from Natural Gas Fired Reciprocating Engines, Combustion Turbines, Boilers, and Process Heaters Using Portable Analyzers, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.9307(c)(2).

(28) [Reserved]

(29) ASTM D6420-99, Standard Test Method for Determination of Gaseous

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Organic Compounds by Direct Interface Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry, IBR approved for 40 CFR 40 CFR 63.5799 and 63.5850.

(30) ASTM E 515-95 (Reapproved 2000), Standard Test Method for Leaks Using Bubble Emission Techniques, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.425(i)(2).

(31) ASTM D5291-02, Standard Test Methods for Instrumental Determination of Carbon, Hydrogen, and Nitrogen in Petroleum Products and Lubricants, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.3981, appendix A.

(32) ASTM D5965-02, Standard Test Methods for Specific Gravity of Coating Powders, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.3951(c).

(33) ASTM D6053-00, Standard Test Method for Determination of Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content of Electrical Insulating Varnishes, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.3981, appendix A.

(34) E145-94 (Reapproved 2001), Standard Specification for Gravity-Convection and Forced-Ventilation Ovens, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.4581, Appendix A.

(c) The materials listed below are available for purchase from the American Petroleum Institute (API), 1220 L Street, NW., Washington, DC 20005.

(1) API Publication 2517, Evaporative Loss from External Floating-Roof Tanks, Third Edition, February 1989, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.111 and 40 CFR 63.2406.

(2) API Publication 2518, Evaporative Loss from Fixed-roof Tanks, Second Edition, October 1991, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.150(g)(3)(i)(C) of subpart G of this part.

(3) API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Specifications (MPMS) Chapter 19.2, Evaporative Loss From Floating-Roof Tanks (formerly API Publications 2517 and 2519), First Edition, April 1997, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.1251 of subpart GGG of this part.

(d) State and Local Requirements. The materials listed below are available at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, U.S. EPA, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC.

(1) California Regulatory Requirements Applicable to the Air Toxics Program, January 5, 1999, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.99(a)(5)(ii) of subpart E of this part.

(2) New Jersey's Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act Program, (July 20, 1998), Incorporation By Reference approved for 40 CFR 63.99 (a)(30)(i) of subpart E of this part.

(3)(i) Letter of June 7, 1999 to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 3 from the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control requesting formal full delegation to take over primary responsibility for implementation and enforcement of the Chemical Accident Prevention Program under Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

(ii) Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Division of Air and Waste Management, Accidental Release Prevention Regulation, sections 1 through 5 and sections 7 through 14, effective January 11, 1999, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.99(a)(8)(i) of subpart E of this part.

(iii) State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Control of Air Pollution

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(October 2000), IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.99(a)(8)(ii)-(v) of subpart E of this part.

(4) Massachusetts Regulations Applicable to Hazardous Air Pollutants (July 2002). Incorporation By Reference approved for 40 CFR 63.99(a)(21)(ii) of subpart E of this part.

(5) New Hampshire Regulations Applicable to Hazardous Air Pollutants, March, 2003. Incorporation by Reference approved for 40 CFR 63.99(a)(29)(iii) of subpart E of this part.

(e) The materials listed below are available for purchase from the National Institute of Standards and Technology, Springfield, VA 22161, (800) 553-6847.

(1) Handbook 44, Specifications, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices 1998, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.1303(e)(3).

(2) [Reserved]

(f) The following material is available from the National Council of the Paper Industry for Air and Stream Improvement, Inc. (NCASI), P. O. Box 133318, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-3318 or at <http://www.ncasi.org>: NCASI Method DI/MEOH-94.02, Methanol in Process Liquids GC/FID (Gas Chromatography/Flame Ionization Detection), August 1998, Methods Manual, NCASI, Research Triangle Park, NC, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.457(c)(3)(ii) of subpart S of this part.

(g) The materials listed below are available for purchase from AOAC International, Customer Services, Suite 400, 2200 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia, 22201-3301, Telephone (703) 522-3032, Fax (703) 522-5468.

(1) AOAC Official Method 978.01 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Automated Method, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(2) AOAC Official Method 969.02 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Alkalimetric Quinolinium Molybdophosphate Method, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(3) AOAC Official Method 962.02 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Gravimetric Quinolinium Molybdophosphate Method, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(4) AOAC Official Method 957.02 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Preparation of Sample Solution, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(5) AOAC Official Method 929.01 Sampling of Solid Fertilizers, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(6) AOAC Official Method 929.02 Preparation of Fertilizer Sample, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(7) AOAC Official Method 958.01 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Spectrophotometric Molybdovanadophosphate Method, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(h) The materials listed below are available for purchase from The Association of Florida Phosphate Chemists, P.O. Box 1645, Bartow, Florida, 33830, Book of Methods Used and Adopted By The Association of Florida Phosphate Chemists,

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- (1) Section IX, Methods of Analysis for Phosphate Rock, No. 1 Preparation of Sample, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.606(c)(3)(ii) and 40 CFR 63.626(c)(3)(ii).
- (2) Section IX, Methods of Analysis for Phosphate Rock, No. 3 PhosphorusP2O5 or Ca3(PO4)2, Method A-Volumetric Method, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.606(c)(3)(ii) and 40 CFR 63.626(c)(3)(ii).
- (3) Section IX, Methods of Analysis for Phosphate Rock, No. 3 Phosphorus-P2O5 or Ca3(PO4)2, Method BGravimetric Quimociac Method, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.606(c)(3)(ii) and 40 CFR 63.626(c)(3)(ii).
- (4) Section IX, Methods of Analysis For Phosphate Rock, No. 3 Phosphorus-P2O5 or Ca3(PO4)2, Method CSpectrophotometric Method, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.606(c)(3)(ii) and 40 CFR 63.626(c)(3)(ii).
- (5) Section XI, Methods of Analysis for Phosphoric Acid, Superphosphate, Triple Superphosphate, and Ammonium Phosphates, No. 3 Total Phosphorus-P2O5, Method AVolumetric Method, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.606(c)(3)(ii), 40 CFR 63.626(c)(3)(ii), and 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(v).
- (6) Section XI, Methods of Analysis for Phosphoric Acid, Superphosphate, Triple Superphosphate, and Ammonium Phosphates, No. 3 Total Phosphorus-P2O5, Method BGravimetric Quimociac Method, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.606(c)(3)(ii), 40 CFR 63.626(c)(3)(ii), and 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(v).
- (7) Section XI, Methods of Analysis for Phosphoric Acid, Superphosphate, Triple Superphosphate, and Ammonium Phosphates, No. 3 Total Phosphorus-P2O5, Method CSpectrophotometric Method, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.606(c)(3)(ii), 40 CFR 63.626(c)(3)(ii), and 40 CFR 63.626(d)(3)(v).
- (i) The following materials are available for purchase from at least one of the following addresses: ASME International, Orders/Inquiries, P.O. Box 2900, Fairfield, NJ 07007-2900; or Global Engineering Documents, Sales Department, 15 Inverness Way East, Englewood, CO 80112.
 - (1) ASME standard number QHO-1-1994, Standard for the Qualification and Certification of Hazardous Waste Incinerator Operators,ö IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.1206(c)(6)(iii).
 - (2) ASME standard number QHO-1a-1996 Addenda to QHO-1-1994, Standard for the Qualification and Certification of Hazardous Waste Incinerator Operators,ö IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.1206(c)(6)(iii).
 - (3) ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10-1981, Flue and Exhaust Gas Analyses [Part 10, Instruments and Apparatus],ö IBR approved for 40 CFR 40 CFR 63.865(b), 63.3360(e)(1)(iii), 63.3545(a)(3), 63.3555(a)(3), 63.4166(a)(3), 63.4362(a)(3), 63.4766(a)(3), 63.4965(a)(3), 63.5160(d)(1)(iii), 63.9307(c)(2), and 69.9323(a)(3).
- (j) The following material is available for purchase from: British Standards

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Institute, 389 Chiswick High Road, London W4 4AL, United Kingdom.

(1) BS EN 1593:1999, Non-destructive Testing: Leak Testing: Bubble Emission Techniques, IBR approved for 40 CFR 63.425(i)(2).

(2) [Reserved]

(k) The following material may be obtained from U.S. EPA, Office of Solid Waste (5305W), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460:

(1) Method 9071B, n-Hexane Extractable Material(HEM) for Sludge, Sediment, and Solid Samples,ö (Revision 2, April 1998) as published in EPA Publication SW-846: Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods.ö The incorporation by reference of Method 9071B is approved for Section 63.7824(e) of Subpart FFFFF of this part.

o. 40 CFR 63.15 Availability of information and confidentiality.

(a) Availability of information.

(1) With the exception of information

protected through part 2 of this chapter, all reports, records, and other information collected by the Administrator under this part are available to the public. In addition, a copy of each permit application, compliance plan (including the schedule of compliance), notification of compliance status, excess emissions and continuous monitoring systems performance report, and title V permit is available to the public, consistent with protections recognized in section 503(e) of the Act.

(2) The availability to the public of information provided to or otherwise obtained by the Administrator under this part shall be governed by part 2 of this chapter.

(b) Confidentiality. (1) If an owner or operator is required to submit information entitled to protection from disclosure under section 114(c) of the Act, the owner or operator may submit such information separately. The requirements of section 114(c) shall apply to such information.

(2) The contents of a title V permit shall not be entitled to protection under section 114(c) of the Act; however, information submitted as part of an application for a title V permit may be entitled to protection from disclosure.

p. 40 CFR 63.16 Performance Track Provisions.

(a) Notwithstanding any other requirements in this part, an affected source at any major source or any area source at a Performance Track member facility, which is subject to regular periodic reporting under any subpart of this part, may submit such periodic reports at an interval that is twice the length of the regular period specified in the applicable subparts; provided, that for sources subject to permits under 40 CFR part 70 or 71 no interval so calculated for any report of the results of any required monitoring may be less frequent than once in every six months.

(b) Notwithstanding any other requirements in this part, the modifications of reporting requirements in paragraph (c) of this section apply to any major source

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at a Performance Track member facility which is subject to requirements under any of the subparts of this part and which has:

- (1) Reduced its total HAP emissions to less than 25 tons per year;
 - (2) Reduced its emissions of each individual HAP to less than 10 tons per year;
- and

- (3) Reduced emissions of all HAPs covered by each MACT standard to at least the level required for full compliance with the applicable emission standard.

(c) For affected sources at any area source at a Performance Track member facility and which meet the requirements of paragraph (b)(3) of this section, or for affected sources at any major source that meet the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section:

- (1) If the emission standard to which the affected source is subject is based on add-on control technology, and the affected source complies by using add-on control technology, then all required reporting elements in the periodic report may be met through an annual certification that the affected source is meeting the emission standard by continuing to use that control technology. The affected source must continue to meet all relevant monitoring and recordkeeping requirements. The compliance certification must meet the requirements delineated in Clean Air Act section 114(a)(3).

- (2) If the emission standard to which the affected source is subject is based on add-on control technology, and the affected source complies by using pollution prevention, then all required reporting elements in the periodic report may be met through an annual certification that the affected source is continuing to use pollution prevention to reduce HAP emissions to levels at or below those required by the applicable emission standard. The affected source must maintain records of all calculations that demonstrate the level of HAP emissions required by the emission standard as well as the level of HAP emissions achieved by the affected source. The affected source must continue to meet all relevant monitoring and recordkeeping requirements. The compliance certification must meet the requirements delineated in Clean Air Act section 114(a)(3).

- (3) If the emission standard to which the affected source is subject is based on pollution prevention, and the affected source complies by using pollution prevention and reduces emissions by an additional 50 percent or greater than required by the applicable emission standard, then all required reporting elements in the periodic report may be met through an annual certification that the affected source is continuing to use pollution prevention to reduce HAP emissions by an additional 50 percent or greater than required by the applicable emission standard. The affected source must maintain records of all calculations that demonstrate the level of HAP emissions required by the emission standard as well as the level of HAP emissions achieved by the affected source. The affected source must continue to meet all relevant monitoring and recordkeeping requirements. The compliance certification must meet the requirements delineated in Clean Air Act section 114(a)(3).

- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) through (3), of this section, for sources subject to permits under 40 CFR part 70 or 71, the results of

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any required monitoring and recordkeeping must be reported not less frequently than once in every six months.

[69 FR 21753, Apr. 22, 2004]

2. Subpart IIII--National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Surface Coating of Automobiles and Light-Duty Trucks

What this Subpart Covers

a. §63.3080 What is the purpose of this subpart?

This subpart establishes national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP) for facilities which surface coat new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies or body parts for new automobiles or new light-duty trucks. This subpart also establishes requirements to demonstrate initial and continuous compliance with the emission limitations.

b. §63.3081 Am I subject to this subpart?

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the source category to which this subpart applies is automobile and light-duty truck surface coating.

(b) You are subject to this subpart if you own or operate a new, reconstructed, or existing affected source, as defined in §63.3082, that is located at a facility which applies topcoat to new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies or body parts for new automobiles or new light-duty trucks, and that is a major source, is located at a major source, or is part of a major source of emissions of hazardous air pollutants (HAP). A major source of HAP emissions is any stationary source or group of stationary sources located within a contiguous area and under common control that emits or has the potential to emit any single HAP at a rate of 9.07 megagrams (Mg) (10 tons) or more per year or any combination of HAP at a rate of 22.68 Mg (25 tons) or more per year.

(c) This subpart does not apply to surface coating, surface preparation, or cleaning activities that meet the criteria of paragraph (c)(1) or (2) of this section.

(1) Surface coating subject to any other NESHAP in this part as of [DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] except as provided in §63.3082(c).

(2) Surface coating that occurs during research or laboratory activities or that is part of janitorial, building, and facility maintenance operations, including maintenance spray booths used for painting production equipment, furniture, signage, etc., for use within the plant.

c. §63.3082 What parts of my plant does this subpart cover?

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- (a) This subpart applies to each new, reconstructed, and existing affected source.
- (b) The affected source is the collection of all of the items listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section that are used for surface coating of new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies, or body parts for new automobiles or new light-duty trucks:
- (1) All coating operations as defined in §63.3176.
 - (2) All storage containers and mixing vessels in which coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials are stored or mixed.
 - (3) All manual and automated equipment and containers used for conveying coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials.
 - (4) All storage containers and all manual and automated equipment and containers used for conveying waste materials generated by a coating operation.
- (c) In addition, you may choose to include in your affected source, and thereby make subject to the requirements of this subpart, any coating operations, as defined in §63.3176, which would otherwise be subject to the NESHAP for surface coating of miscellaneous metal parts and products (subpart MMMM of this part) or surface coating of plastic parts and products (subpart PPPP of this part) which apply coatings to parts intended for use in new automobiles or new light-duty trucks or as aftermarket repair or replacement parts for automobiles or light-duty trucks.
- (d) For all coating operations which you choose to add to your affected source pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section:
- (1) All associated storage containers and mixing vessels in which coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials are stored or mixed; manual and automated equipment and containers used for conveying coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials; and storage containers and manual and automated equipment and containers used for conveying waste materials are also included in your affected source and are subject to the requirements of this subpart.
 - (2) All cleaning and purging of equipment associated with the added surface coating operations is subject to the requirements of this subpart.
 - (3) You must identify and describe all additions to the affected source made pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section in the initial notification required in §63.3110(b).
- (e) An affected source is a new affected source if you commenced its construction after December 24, 2002, and the construction is of a completely new automobile and light-duty truck assembly plant where previously no automobile and light-duty truck assembly plant had existed, a completely new automobile and light-duty truck paint shop where previously no automobile and light-duty truck paint shop had existed, or a new automobile and light-duty truck topcoat operation where previously no automobile and light-duty truck topcoat operation had existed.
- (f) An affected source is reconstructed if its paint shop undergoes replacement of components to such an extent that:
- (1) The fixed capital cost of the new components exceeded 50 percent of the

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fixed capital cost that would be required to construct a new paint shop; and
(2) It was technologically and economically feasible for the reconstructed source to meet the relevant standards established by the Administrator pursuant to section 112 of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

(g) An affected source is existing if it is not new or reconstructed.

d. §63.3083 When do I have to comply with this subpart?

The date by which you must comply with this subpart is called the compliance date. The compliance date for each type of affected source is specified in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section. The compliance date begins the initial compliance period during which you conduct the initial compliance demonstrations described in §§63.3150, 63.3160, and 63.3170.

(a) For a new or reconstructed affected source, the compliance date is the applicable date in paragraph (a)(1) or (2) of this section:

(1) If the initial startup of your new or reconstructed affected source is before [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], the compliance date is [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

(2) If the initial startup of your new or reconstructed affected source occurs after [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], the compliance date is the date of initial startup of your affected source.

(b) For an existing affected source, the compliance date is [INSERT DATE THREE YEARS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

(c) For an area source that increases its emissions or its potential to emit such that it becomes a major source of HAP emissions, the compliance date is specified in paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) For any portion of the source that becomes a new or reconstructed affected source subject to this subpart, the compliance date is the date of initial startup of the affected source or [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], whichever is later.

(2) For any portion of the source that becomes an existing affected source subject to this subpart, the compliance date is the date 1 year after the area source becomes a major source or [INSERT DATE THREE YEARS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], whichever is later.

(d) You must meet the notification requirements in §63.3110 according to the dates specified in that section and in subpart A of this part. Some of the notifications must be submitted before the compliance dates described in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section.

Emission Limitations

e. §63.3090 What emission limits must I meet for a new or reconstructed affected

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source?

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, you must limit combined organic HAP emissions to the atmosphere from electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) to no more than 0.036 kilogram (kg)/liter (0.30 pound (lb)/gallon (gal)) of coating solids deposited during each month, determined according to the requirements in §63.3161.

(b) If you meet the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b), you must either meet the emission limits of paragraph (a) of this section or limit combined organic HAP emissions to the atmosphere from primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) to no more than 0.060 kg/liter (0.50 lb/gal) of applied coating solids used during each month, determined according to the requirements in §63.3171. If you do not have an electrodeposition primer system, you must limit combined organic HAP emissions to the atmosphere from primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) to no more than 0.060 kg/liter (0.50 lb/gal) of applied coating solids used during each month, determined according to the requirements in §63.3171.

(c) You must limit average organic HAP emissions from all adhesive and sealer materials other than materials used as components of glass bonding systems to no more than 0.010 kg/kg (lb/lb) of adhesive and sealer material used during each month.

(d) You must limit average organic HAP emissions from all deadener materials to no more than 0.010 kg/kg (lb/lb) of deadener material used during each month.

(e) For coatings and thinners used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c):

(1) Adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems are subject to and must be included in your demonstration of compliance for paragraph (c) of this section.

(2) Deadener materials are subject to and must be included in your

demonstration of compliance for paragraph (d) of this section.

(3) All other coatings and thinners are subject to and must be included in your demonstration of compliance for paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section.

(f) If your facility has multiple paint lines (e.g., two or more totally distinct paint lines each serving a distinct assembly line, or a facility with two or more paint lines sharing the same paint kitchen or mix room), then for the operations addressed in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section:

(1) You may choose to use a single grouping under paragraph (a) of this section for all of your electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations.

(2) You may choose to use a single grouping under paragraph (b) of this section for all of your primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations as long as each of your electrodeposition primer systems meets the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b).

(3) You may choose to use one or more groupings under paragraph (a) of this section for the electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations from one or more of your paint lines; and one or more groupings under paragraph (b) of this section for the primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations from the remainder of your paint lines, as long as each electrodeposition primer system associated with each paint line you include in a grouping under paragraph (b) of this section meets the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b). For example, if your facility has three paint lines, you may choose to use one grouping under paragraph (a) of this section for two of the paint lines; and a separate grouping under paragraph (b) of this section for the third paint line, as long as the electrodeposition primer system associated with the paint line you include in the grouping under paragraph (b) of this section meets the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b). Alternatively, you may choose to use one grouping for two of the paint lines and a separate grouping of the same type for the third paint line. Again, each electrodeposition primer system associated with each paint line you include in a grouping under paragraph (b) of this section must meet the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b).

(4) You may choose to consider the electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations from each of your paint lines as a separate grouping under either paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of this section. The electrodeposition primer system associated with each paint line you choose to consider in a grouping under paragraph (b) of this section must meet the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b). For example, if your facility has two paint lines, you may choose to use the grouping under paragraph (a) of this section for one paint line and the grouping under paragraph (b) of this section for the other paint line.

- f. §63.3091 What emission limits must I meet for an existing affected source?
(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, you must limit combined

organic HAP emissions to the atmosphere from electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) to no more than 0.072 kg/liter (0.60 lb/gal) of coating solids deposited during each month, determined according to the requirements in §63.3161.

(b) If you meet the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b), you must either meet the emission limits of paragraph (a) of this section or limit combined organic HAP emissions to the atmosphere from primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) to no more than 0.132 kg/liter (1.10 lb/gal) of coating solids deposited during each month, determined according to the requirements in §63.3171. If you do not have an electrodeposition primer system, you must limit combined organic HAP emissions to the atmosphere from primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) to no more than 0.132 kg/liter (1.10 lb/gal) of coating solids deposited during each month, determined according to the requirements in §63.3171.

(c) You must limit average organic HAP emissions from all adhesive and sealer materials other than materials used as components of glass bonding systems to no more than 0.010 kg/kg (lb/lb) of adhesive and sealer material used during each month.

(d) You must limit average organic HAP emissions from all deadener materials to no more than 0.010 kg/kg (lb/lb) of deadener material used during each month.

(e) For coatings and thinners used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c):

(1) Adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems are subject to and must be included in your demonstration of compliance for paragraph (c) of this section.

(2) Deadener materials are subject to and must be included in your demonstration of compliance for paragraph (d) of this section.

(3) All other coatings and thinners are subject to and must be included in your demonstration of compliance for paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section.

(f) If your facility has multiple paint lines (e.g., two or more totally distinct paint lines each serving a distinct assembly line, or a facility with two or more paint lines sharing the same paint kitchen or mix room), then for the operations addressed in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section:

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- (1) You may choose to use a single grouping under paragraph (a) of this section for all of your electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations.
- (2) You may choose to use a single grouping under paragraph (b) of this section for all of your primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations, as long as each of your electrodeposition primer systems meets the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b).
- (3) You may choose to use one or more groupings under paragraph (a) of this section for the electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations from one or more of your paint lines; and one or more groupings under paragraph (b) of this section for the primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations from the remainder of your paint lines, as long as each electrodeposition primer system associated with each paint line you include in a grouping under paragraph (b) of this section meets the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b). For example, if your facility has three paint lines, you may choose to use one grouping under paragraph (a) of this section for two of the paint lines and a separate grouping under paragraph (b) of this section for the third paint line, as long as the electrodeposition primer system associated with the paint line you include in the grouping under paragraph (b) of this section meets the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b). Alternatively, you may choose to use one grouping for two of the paint lines and a separate grouping of the same type for the third paint line. Again, each electrodeposition primer system associated with each paint line you include in a grouping under paragraph (b) of this section must meet the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b).
- (4) You may choose to consider the electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations from each of your paint lines as a separate grouping under either paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of this section. The electrodeposition primer system associated with each paint line you choose to consider in a grouping under paragraph (b) of this section must meet the operating limits of §63.3092(a) or (b). For example, if your facility has two paint lines, you may choose to use the grouping under paragraph (a) of this section for one paint line and the grouping under paragraph (b) of this section for the other paint line.

- g. §63.3092 How must I control emissions from my electrodeposition primer system if I want to comply with the combined primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive emission limit?
If your electrodeposition primer system meets the requirements of either

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paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, you may choose to comply with the emission limits of §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b) instead of the emission limits of §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a).

(a) Each individual material added to the electrodeposition primer system contains no more than:

(1) 1.0 percent by weight of any organic HAP; and

(2) 0.10 percent by weight of any organic HAP which is an Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)- defined carcinogen as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4).

(b) Emissions from all bake ovens used to cure electrodeposition primers must be captured and ducted to a control device having a destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95 percent.

h. §63.3093 What operating limits must I meet?

(a) You are not required to meet any operating limits for any coating operation(s) without add-on controls.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, for any controlled coating operation(s), you must meet the operating limits specified in Table 1 to this subpart. These operating limits apply to the emission capture and add-on control systems on the coating operation(s) for which you use this option, and you must establish the operating limits during the performance test according to the requirements in §63.3167. You must meet the operating limits at all times after you establish them.

(c) If you choose to meet the emission limitations of §63.3092(b) and the emission limits of §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b), then except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, you must operate the capture system and add-on control device used to capture and control emissions from your electrodeposition primer bake oven(s) so that they meet the operating limits specified in Table 1 to this subpart.

(d) If you use an add-on control device other than those listed in Table 1 to this subpart, or wish to monitor an alternative parameter and comply with a different operating limit, you must apply to the Administrator for approval of alternative monitoring under §63.8(f).

i. §63.3094 What work practice standards must I meet?

(a) [Reserved]

(b) You must develop and implement a work practice plan to minimize organic HAP emissions from the storage, mixing, and conveying of coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials used in, and waste materials generated by, all coating operations for which emission limits are established under §63.3090(a) through (d) or §63.3091(a) through (d). The plan must specify practices and procedures to ensure that, at a minimum, the elements specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section are implemented.

(1) All organic-HAP-containing coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials must be stored in closed containers.

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- (2) The risk of spills of organic-HAP-containing coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials must be minimized.
 - (3) Organic-HAP-containing coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials must be conveyed from one location to another in closed containers or pipes.
 - (4) Mixing vessels, other than day tanks equipped with continuous agitation systems, which contain organic-HAP-containing coatings and other materials must be closed except when adding to, removing, or mixing the contents.
 - (5) Emissions of organic HAP must be minimized during cleaning of storage, mixing, and conveying equipment.
- (c) You must develop and implement a work practice plan to minimize organic HAP emissions from cleaning and from purging of equipment associated with all coating operations for which emission limits are established under §63.3090(a) through (d) or §63.3091(a) through (d).
- (1) The plan shall, at a minimum, address each of the operations listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (viii) of this section in which you use organic HAP-containing materials or in which there is a potential for emission of organic HAP.
 - (i) The plan must address vehicle body wipe emissions through one or more of the techniques listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(i)(A) through (E) of this section, or an approved alternative.
 - (A) Use of solvent-moistened wipes.
 - (B) Keeping solvent containers closed when not in use.
 - (C) Keeping wipe disposal/recovery containers closed when not in use.
 - (D) Use of tack-wipes.
 - (E) Use of solvents containing less than 1 percent organic HAP by weight.
 - (ii) The plan must address coating line purging emissions through one or more of the techniques listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(ii)(A) through (D) of this section, or an approved alternative.
 - (A) Air/solvent push-out.
 - (B) Capture and reclaim or recovery of purge materials (excluding applicator nozzles/tips).
 - (C) Block painting to the maximum extent feasible.
 - (D) Use of low-HAP or no-HAP solvents for purge.
 - (iii) The plan must address emissions from flushing of coating systems through one or more of the techniques listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(iii)(A) through (D) of this section, or an approved alternative.
 - (A) Keeping solvent tanks closed.
 - (B) Recovering and recycling solvents.
 - (C) Keeping recovered/recycled solvent tanks closed.
 - (D) Use of low-HAP or no-HAP solvents.
 - (iv) The plan must address emissions from cleaning of spray booth grates through one or more of the techniques listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(iv)(A) through (E) of this section, or an approved alternative.
 - (A) Controlled burn-off.

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- (B) Rinsing with high-pressure water (in place).
- (C) Rinsing with high-pressure water (off line).
- (D) Use of spray-on masking or other type of liquid masking.
- (E) Use of low-HAP or no-HAP content cleaners.
- (v) The plan must address emissions from cleaning of spray booth walls through one or more of the techniques listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(v)(A) through (E) of this section, or an approved alternative.
 - (A) Use of masking materials (contact paper, plastic sheet, or other similar type of material).
 - (B) Use of spray-on masking.
 - (C) Use of rags and manual wipes instead of spray application when cleaning walls.
 - (D) Use of low-HAP or no-HAP content cleaners.
 - (E) Controlled access to cleaning solvents.
- (vi) The plan must address emissions from cleaning of spray booth equipment through one or more of the techniques listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(vi)(A) through (E) of this section, or an approved alternative.
 - (A) Use of covers on equipment (disposable or reusable).
 - (B) Use of parts cleaners (off-line submersion cleaning).
 - (C) Use of spray-on masking or other protective coatings.
 - (D) Use of low-HAP or no-HAP content cleaners.
 - (E) Controlled access to cleaning solvents.
- (vii) The plan must address emissions from cleaning of external spray booth areas through one or more of the techniques listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(vii)(A) through (F) of this section, or an approved alternative.
 - (A) Use of removable floor coverings (paper, foil, plastic, or similar type of material).
 - (B) Use of manual and/or mechanical scrubbers, rags, or wipes instead of spray application.
 - (C) Use of shoe cleaners to eliminate coating track-out from spray booths.
 - (D) Use of booties or shoe wraps.
 - (E) Use of low-HAP or no-HAP content cleaners.
 - (F) Controlled access to cleaning solvents.
- (viii) The plan must address emissions from housekeeping measures not addressed in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (vii) of this section through one or more of the techniques listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(viii)(A) through (C) of this section, or an approved alternative.
 - (A) Keeping solvent-laden articles (cloths, paper, plastic, rags, wipes, and similar items) in covered containers when not in use.
 - (B) Storing new and used solvents in closed containers.

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- (C) Transferring of solvents in a manner to minimize the risk of spills.
- (2) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (viii) of this section, if the type of coatings used in any facility with surface coating operations subject to the requirements of this section are of such a nature that the need for one or more of the practices specified under paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (viii) is eliminated, then the plan may include approved alternative or equivalent measures that are applicable or necessary during cleaning of storage, conveying, and application equipment.
- (d) As provided in §63.6(g), we, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), may choose to grant you permission to use an alternative to the work practice standards in this section.
- (e) The work practice plans developed in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section are not required to be incorporated in your title V permit. Any revisions to the work practice plans developed in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section do not constitute revisions to your title V permit.
- (f) Copies of the current work practice plans developed in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, as well as plans developed within the preceding 5 years must be available on-site for inspection and copying by the permitting authority.

General Compliance Requirements

- j. §63.3100 What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?
- (a) You must be in compliance with the emission limitations in §§63.3090 and 63.3091 at all times, as determined on a monthly basis.
- (b) The coating operations must be in compliance with the operating limits for emission capture systems and add-on control devices required by §63.3093 at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.
- (c) You must be in compliance with the work practice standards in §63.3094 at all times.
- (d) You must always operate and maintain your affected source including all air pollution control and monitoring equipment you use for purposes of complying with this subpart according to the provisions in §63.6(e)(1)(i).
- (e) You must maintain a log detailing the operation and maintenance of the emission capture systems, add-on control devices, and continuous parameter monitors (CPM) during the period between the compliance date specified for your affected source in §63.3083 and the date when the initial emission capture system and add-on control device performance tests have been completed, as specified in §63.3160.
- (f) If your affected source uses emission capture systems and add-on control devices, you must develop and implement a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (SSMP) according to the provisions in §63.6(e)(3). The SSMP must address startup, shutdown, and corrective actions in the event of a malfunction of the emission capture system or the add-on control devices.

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- k. §63.3101 What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?
Table 2 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in §§63.1 through 63.15 apply to you.

Notifications, Reports, and Records

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- I. §63.3110 What notifications must I submit?
- (a) General. You must submit the notifications in §§63.7(b) and (c), 63.8(f)(4), and 63.9(b) through (e) and (h) that apply to you by the dates specified in those sections, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.
- (b) Initial notification. You must submit the Initial Notification required by §63.9(b) for a new or reconstructed affected source no later than 120 days after initial startup or 120 days after [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], whichever is later. For an existing affected source, you must submit the Initial Notification no later than 1 year after [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER]. Existing sources that have previously submitted notifications of applicability of this rule pursuant to §112(j) of the CAA are not required to submit an initial notification under §63.9(b) except to identify and describe all additions to the affected source made pursuant to §63.3082(c).
- (c) Notification of compliance status. If you have an existing source, you must submit the Notification of Compliance Status required by §63.9(h) no later than 30 days following the end of the initial compliance period described in §63.3160. If you have a new source, you must submit the Notification of Compliance Status required by §63.9(h) no later than 60 days after the first day of the first full month following completion of all applicable performance tests. The Notification of Compliance Status must contain the information specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (12) of this section and in §63.9(h).
- (1) Company name and address.
 - (2) Statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report.
 - (3) Date of the report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period. The reporting period is the initial compliance period described in §63.3160 that applies to your affected source.
 - (4) Identification of the compliance option specified in §63.3090(a) or (b) or §63.3091(a) or (b) that you used for electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) in the affected source during the initial compliance period.
 - (5) Statement of whether or not the affected source achieved the emission limitations for the initial compliance period.
 - (6) If you had a deviation, include the information in paragraphs (c)(6)(i) and (ii) of this section.

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- (i) A description and statement of the cause of the deviation.
 - (ii) If you failed to meet any of the applicable emission limits in §63.3090 or §63.3091, include all the calculations you used to determine the applicable emission rate or applicable average organic HAP content for the emission limit(s) that you failed to meet. You do not need to submit information provided by the materials suppliers or manufacturers, or test reports.
- (7) All data and calculations used to determine the monthly average mass of organic HAP emitted per volume of applied coating solids from:
- (i) The combined primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) if you were eligible for and chose to comply with the emission limits of §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b); or
 - (ii) The combined electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c).
- (8) All data and calculations used to determine compliance with the separate limits for electrodeposition primer in §63.3092(a) or (b) if you were eligible for and chose to comply with the emission limits of §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b).
- (9) All data and calculations used to determine the monthly mass average HAP content of materials subject to the emission limits of §63.3090(c) or (d) or the emission limits of §63.3091(c) or (d).
- (10) All data and calculations used to determine the transfer efficiency for primer-surfacer and topcoat coatings, and for all coatings, except for deadener and for adhesive and sealer that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c).
- (11) You must include the information specified in paragraphs (c)(11)(i) through (iii) of this section.
- (i) For each emission capture system, a summary of the data and copies of the calculations supporting the determination that the emission capture system is a permanent total enclosure (PTE) or a measurement of the emission capture system efficiency. Include a description of the procedure followed for measuring capture efficiency, summaries of any capture efficiency tests conducted, and any calculations supporting the capture efficiency determination. If you use the data quality objective (DQO) or lower confidence limit (LCL) approach, you must also include the statistical calculations to show you meet the DQO or LCL criteria in

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appendix A to subpart KK of this part. You do not need to submit complete test reports.

(ii) A summary of the results of each add-on control device performance test. You do not need to submit complete test reports unless requested.

(iii) A list of each emission capture system's and add-on control device's operating limits and a summary of the data used to calculate those limits.

(12) A statement of whether or not you developed and implemented the work practice plans required by §63.3094(b) and (c).

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m. §63.3120 What reports must I submit?

(a) Semiannual compliance reports. You must submit semiannual compliance reports for each affected source according to the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) through (7) of this section. The semiannual compliance reporting requirements may be satisfied by reports required under other parts of the CAA, as specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(1) Dates. Unless the Administrator has approved a different schedule for submission of reports under §63.10(a), you must prepare and submit each semiannual compliance report according to the dates specified in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) through (iv) of this section.

(i) The first semiannual compliance report must cover the first semiannual reporting period which begins the day after the end of the initial compliance period described in §63.3160 that applies to your affected source and ends on June 30 or December 31, whichever occurs first following the end of the initial compliance period.

(ii) Each subsequent semiannual compliance report must cover the subsequent semiannual reporting period from January 1 through June 30 or the semiannual reporting period from July 1 through December 31.

(iii) Each semiannual compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than July 31 or January 31, whichever date is the first date following the end of the semiannual reporting period.

(iv) For each affected source that is subject to permitting regulations pursuant to 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71, and if the permitting authority has established dates for submitting semiannual reports pursuant to 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6(a)(3)(iii)(A), you may submit the first and subsequent compliance reports according to the dates the permitting authority has established instead of according to the date specified in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section.

(2) Inclusion with title V report. If you have obtained a title V operating permit pursuant to 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71, you must report all deviations as defined in this subpart in the semiannual monitoring report required by 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6(a)(3)(iii)(A). If you submit a semiannual compliance report pursuant to this section along with, or as part of, the semiannual monitoring report required by 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6(a)(3)(iii)(A), and the semiannual compliance report includes all required information concerning deviations from any emission limit, operating limit, or work practice in this subpart, its submission shall be deemed to satisfy any obligation to report the same deviations in the semiannual monitoring report. However, submission of a semiannual compliance report shall not otherwise

affect any obligation you may have to report deviations from permit requirements to the permitting authority.

(3) General requirements. The semiannual compliance report must contain the information specified in paragraphs (a)(3)(i) through (iv) of this section, and the information specified in paragraphs (a)(4) through (9) and (c)(1) of this section that are applicable to your affected source.

(i) Company name and address.

(ii) Statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report.

(iii) Date of report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period. The reporting period is the 6-month period ending on June 30 or December 31.

(iv) Identification of the compliance option specified in §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b) that you used for electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) in the affected source during the initial compliance period.

(4) No deviations. If there were no deviations from the emission limitations, operating limits, or work practices in §§63.3090, 63.3091, 63.3092, 63.3093, and 63.3094 that apply to you, the semiannual compliance report must include a statement that there were no deviations from the emission limitations during the reporting period. If you used control devices to comply with the emission limits, and there were no periods during which the continuous parameter monitoring systems (CPMS) were out of control as specified in §63.8(c)(7), the semiannual compliance report must include a statement that there were no periods during which the CPMS were out of control during the reporting period.

(5) Deviations: adhesive, sealer, and deadener. If there was a deviation from the applicable emission limits in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d), the semiannual compliance report must contain the information in paragraphs (a)(5)(i) through (iv) of this section.

(i) The beginning and ending dates of each month during which the monthly average organic HAP content exceeded the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d).

(ii) The volume and organic HAP content of each material used that is subject to the applicable organic HAP content limit.

(iii) The calculation used to determine the average monthly organic HAP content for the month in which the deviation occurred.

(iv) The reason for the deviation.

(6) Deviations: combined electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer and glass bonding adhesive, or combined primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding

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systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c). If there was a deviation from the applicable emission limits in §63.3090(a) or (b) or §63.3091(a) or (b), the semiannual compliance report must contain the information in paragraphs (a)(6)(i) through (xiv) of this section.

(i) The beginning and ending dates of each month during which the monthly organic HAP emission rate from combined electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) exceeded the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a); or the monthly organic HAP emission rate from combined primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) exceeded the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b).

(ii) The calculation used to determine the monthly organic HAP emission rate in accordance with §63.3161 or §63.3171. You do not need to submit the background data supporting these calculations, for example information provided by materials suppliers or manufacturers, or test reports.

(iii) The date and time that any malfunctions of the capture system or add-on control devices used to control emissions from these operations started and stopped.

(iv) A brief description of the CPMS.

(v) The date of the latest CPMS certification or audit.

(vi) The date and time that each CPMS was inoperative, except for zero (low-level) and high-level checks.

(vii) The date and time period that each CPMS was out of control, including the information in §63.8(c)(8).

(viii) The date and time period of each deviation from an operating limit in Table 1 to this subpart; date and time period of each bypass of an add-on control device; and whether each deviation occurred during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction or during another period.

(ix) A summary of the total duration and the percent of the total source operating time of the deviations from each operating limit in Table 1 to this subpart and the bypass of each add-on control device during the semiannual reporting period.

(x) A breakdown of the total duration of the deviations from each operating limit in Table 1 to this subpart and bypasses of each add-on control device during the

semiannual reporting period into those that were due to startup, shutdown, control equipment problems, process problems, other known causes, and other unknown causes.

(xi) A summary of the total duration and the percent of the total source operating time of the downtime for each CPMS during the semiannual reporting period.

(xii) A description of any changes in the CPMS, coating operation, emission capture system, or add-on control devices since the last semiannual reporting period.

(xiii) For each deviation from the work practice standards, a description of the deviation, the date and time period of the deviation, and the actions you took to correct the deviation.

(xiv) A statement of the cause of each deviation.

(7) Deviations: separate electrodeposition primer organic HAP content limit. If you used the separate electrodeposition primer organic HAP content limits in §63.3092(a), and there was a deviation from these limits, the semiannual compliance report must contain the information in paragraphs (a)(7)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) Identification of each material used that deviated from the emission limit, and the dates and time periods each was used.

(ii) The determination of mass fraction of each organic HAP for each material identified in paragraph (a)(7)(i) of this section. You do not need to submit background data supporting this calculation, for example, information provided by material suppliers or manufacturers, or test reports.

(iii) A statement of the cause of each deviation.

(8) Deviations: separate electrodeposition primer bake oven capture and control limitations. If you used the separate electrodeposition primer bake oven capture and control limitations in §63.3092(b), and there was a deviation from these limitations, the semiannual compliance report must contain the information in paragraphs (a)(8)(i) through (xii) of this section.

(i) The beginning and ending dates of each month during which there was a deviation from the separate electrodeposition primer bake oven capture and control limitations in §63.3092(b).

(ii) The date and time that any malfunctions of the capture systems or control devices used to control emissions from the electrodeposition primer bake oven started and stopped.

(iii) A brief description of the CPMS.

(iv) The date of the latest CPMS certification or audit.

(v) The date and time that each CPMS was inoperative, except for zero (low-level) and high-level checks.

(vi) The date, time, and duration that each CPMS was out of control, including the information in §63.8(c)(8).

(vii) The date and time period of each deviation from an operating limit in Table 1 to this subpart; date and time period of each bypass of an add-on control device; and whether each deviation occurred during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction or during another period.

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- (viii) A summary of the total duration and the percent of the total source operating time of the deviations from each operating limit in Table 1 to this subpart and the bypasses of each add-on control device during the semiannual reporting period.
 - (ix) A breakdown of the total duration of the deviations from each operating limit in Table 1 to this subpart and bypasses of each add-on control device during the semiannual reporting period into those that were due to startup, shutdown, control equipment problems, process problems, other known causes, and other unknown causes.
 - (x) A summary of the total duration and the percent of the total source operating time of the downtime for each CPMS during the semiannual reporting period.
 - (xi) A description of any changes in the CPMS, coating operation, emission capture system, or add-on control devices since the last semiannual reporting period.
 - (xii) A statement of the cause of each deviation.
- (9) Deviations: work practice plans. If there was a deviation from an applicable work practice plan developed in accordance with §63.3094(b) or (c), the semiannual compliance report must contain the information in paragraphs (a)(9)(i) through (iii) of this section.
- (i) The time period during which each deviation occurred.
 - (ii) The nature of each deviation.
 - (iii) The corrective action(s) taken to bring the applicable work practices into compliance with the work practice plan.
- (b) Performance test reports. If you use add-on control devices, you must submit reports of performance test results for emission capture systems and add-on control devices no later than 60 days after completing the tests as specified in §63.10(d)(2). You must submit reports of transfer efficiency tests no later than 60 days after completing the tests as specified in §63.10(d)(2).
- (c) Startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports. If you used add-on control devices and you had a startup, shutdown, or malfunction during the semiannual reporting period, you must submit the reports specified in paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) If your actions were consistent with your SSMP, you must include the information specified in §63.10(d) in the semiannual compliance report required by paragraph (a) of this section.
 - (2) If your actions were not consistent with your SSMP, you must submit an immediate startup, shutdown, and malfunction report as described in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section.
 - (i) You must describe the actions taken during the event in a report delivered by facsimile, telephone, or other means to the Administrator within 2 working days after starting actions that are inconsistent with the plan.
 - (ii) You must submit a letter to the Administrator within 7 working days after the end of the event, unless you have made alternative arrangements with the Administrator as specified in §63.10(d)(5)(ii). The letter must contain the information specified in §63.10(d)(5)(ii).

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n. §63.3130 What records must I keep?

You must collect and keep records of the data and information specified in this section. Failure to collect and keep these records is a deviation from the applicable standard.

(a) A copy of each notification and report that you submitted to comply with this subpart, and the documentation supporting each notification and report.

(b) A current copy of information provided by materials suppliers or manufacturers, such as manufacturer's formulation data, or test data used to determine the mass fraction of organic HAP, the density and the volume fraction of coating solids for each coating, the mass fraction of organic HAP and the density for each thinner, and the mass fraction of organic HAP for each cleaning material. If you conducted testing to determine mass fraction of organic HAP, density, or volume fraction of coating solids, you must keep a copy of the complete test report. If you use information provided to you by the manufacturer or supplier of the material that was based on testing, you must keep the summary sheet of results provided to you by the manufacturer or supplier. If you use the results of an analysis conducted by an outside testing lab, you must keep a copy of the test report. You are not required to obtain the test report or other supporting documentation from the manufacturer or supplier.

(c) For each month, the records specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (6) of this section.

(1) For each coating used for electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations and for each coating, except for deadener and for adhesive and sealer that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c), a record of the volume used in each month, the mass fraction organic HAP content, the density, and the volume fraction of solids.

(2) For each thinner used for electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations and for each thinner, except for thinner used for deadener and for adhesive and sealer that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c), a record of the volume used in each month, the mass fraction organic HAP content, and the density.

(3) For each deadener material and for each adhesive and sealer material, a record of the mass used in each month and the mass organic HAP content.

(4) A record of the calculation of the organic HAP emission rate for electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding

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primer, and glass bonding adhesive plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) for each month if subject to the emission rate limit of §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a). This record must include all raw data, algorithms, and intermediate calculations. If the guidelines presented in the "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22), are used, you must keep records of all data input to this protocol. If these data are maintained as electronic files, the electronic files, as well as any paper copies must be maintained. These data must be provided to the permitting authority on request on paper, and in (if calculations are done electronically) electronic form.

(5) A record of the calculation of the organic HAP emission rate for primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) for each month if subject to the emission rate limit of §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b), and a record of the weight fraction of each organic HAP in each material added to the electrodeposition primer system if subject to the limitations of §63.3092(a). This record must include all raw data, algorithms, and intermediate calculations. If the guidelines presented in the "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22), are used, you must keep records of all data input to this protocol. If these data are maintained as electronic files, the electronic files, as well as any paper copies must be maintained. These data must be provided to the permitting authority on request on paper, and in (if calculations are done electronically) electronic form.

(6) A record, for each month, of the calculation of the average monthly mass organic HAP content of:

- (i) sealers and adhesives; and
- (ii) deadeners.

(d) A record of the name and volume of each cleaning material used during each month.

(e) A record of the mass fraction of organic HAP for each cleaning material used during each month.

(f) A record of the density for each cleaning material used during each month.

(g) A record of the date, time, and duration of each deviation, and for each deviation, a record of whether the deviation occurred during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction.

(h) The records required by §63.6(e)(3)(iii) through (v) related to startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

(i) For each capture system that is a PTE, the data and documentation you used

to support a determination that the capture system meets the criteria in Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 for a PTE and has a capture efficiency of 100 percent, as specified in §63.3165(a).

(j) For each capture system that is not a PTE, the data and documentation you used to determine capture efficiency according to the requirements specified in §§63.3164 and 63.3165(b) through (f), including the records specified in paragraphs (j)(1) through (4) of this section that apply to you.

(1) Records for a liquid-to-uncaptured-gas protocol using a temporary total enclosure or building enclosure. Records of the mass of total volatile hydrocarbon (TVH), as measured by Method 204A or F of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51, for each material used in the coating operation, and the total TVH for all materials used during each capture efficiency test run, including a copy of the test report. Records of the mass of TVH emissions not captured by the capture system that exited the temporary total enclosure or building enclosure during each capture efficiency test run, as measured by Method 204D or E of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51, including a copy of the test report. Records documenting that the enclosure used for the capture efficiency test met the criteria in Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 for either a temporary total enclosure or a building enclosure.

(2) Records for a gas-to-gas protocol using a temporary total enclosure or a building enclosure. Records of the mass of TVH emissions captured by the emission capture system, as measured by Method 204B or C of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51, at the inlet to the add-on control device, including a copy of the test report. Records of the mass of TVH emissions not captured by the capture system that exited the temporary total enclosure or building enclosure during each capture efficiency test run, as measured by Method 204D or E of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51, including a copy of the test report. Records documenting that the enclosure used for the capture efficiency test met the criteria in Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 for either a temporary total enclosure or a building enclosure.

(3) Records for panel tests. Records needed to document a capture efficiency determination using a panel test as described in §63.3165(e) and (g), including a copy of the test report and calculations performed to convert the panel test results to percent capture efficiency values.

(4) Records for an alternative protocol. Records needed to document a capture efficiency determination using an alternative method or protocol, as specified in §63.3165(f), if applicable.

(k) The records specified in paragraphs (k)(1) and (2) of this section for each add-on control device organic HAP destruction or removal efficiency determination as specified in §63.3166.

(1) Records of each add-on control device performance test conducted according to §§63.3164 and 63.3166.

(2) Records of the coating operation conditions during the add-on control device performance test showing that the performance test was conducted under representative operating conditions.

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- (l) Records of the data and calculations you used to establish the emission capture and add-on control device operating limits as specified in §63.3167 and to document compliance with the operating limits as specified in Table 1 to this subpart.
 - (m) Records of the data and calculations you used to determine the transfer efficiency for primer-surfacer and topcoat coatings and for all coatings, except for deadener and for adhesive and sealer that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c).
 - (n) A record of the work practice plans required by §63.3094(b) and (c) and documentation that you are implementing the plans on a continuous basis. Appropriate documentation may include operational and maintenance records, records of documented inspections, and records of internal audits.
 - (o) Records pertaining to the design and operation of control and monitoring systems must be maintained on-site for the life of the equipment in a location readily available to plant operators and inspectors.
- o. §63.3131 In what form and for how long must I keep my records?
- (a) Your records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review according to §63.10(b)(1). Where appropriate, the records may be maintained as electronic spreadsheets or as a database.
 - (b) Except as provided in §63.3130(o), you must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, as specified in §63.10(b)(1).
 - (c) Except as provided in §63.3130(o), you must keep each record on site for at least 2 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record according to §63.10(b)(1). You may keep the records off site for the remaining 3 years.

Compliance Requirements for Adhesive, Sealer, and Deadener

- p. §63.3150 By what date must I conduct the initial compliance demonstration?
- You must complete the initial compliance demonstration for the initial compliance period according to the requirements of §63.3151. The initial compliance period begins on the applicable compliance date specified in §63.3083 and ends on the last day of the month following the compliance date. If the compliance date occurs on any day other than the first day of a month, then the initial compliance period extends through the end of that month plus the next month. You must determine the mass average organic HAP content of the materials used each month for each group of materials for which an emission limitation is established

in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d). The initial compliance demonstration includes the calculations according to §63.3151 and supporting documentation showing that during the initial compliance period, the mass average organic HAP content for each group of materials was equal to or less than the applicable emission limits in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d).

q. §63.3151 How do I demonstrate initial compliance with the emission limitations?

You must separately calculate the mass average organic HAP content of the materials used during the initial compliance period for each group of materials for which an emission limit is established in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d). If every individual material used within a group of materials meets the emission limit for that group of materials, you may demonstrate compliance with that emission limit by documenting the name and the organic HAP content of each material used during the initial compliance period. If any individual material used within a group of materials exceeds the emission limit for that group of materials, you must determine the mass average organic HAP content according to the procedures of paragraph (d) of this section.

(a) Determine the mass fraction of organic HAP for each material used. You must determine the mass fraction of organic HAP for each material used during the compliance period by using one of the options in paragraphs (a)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) Method 311 (appendix A to 40 CFR part 63). You may use Method 311 for determining the mass fraction of organic HAP. Use the procedures specified in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section when performing a Method 311 test.

(i) Count each organic HAP that is measured to be present at 0.1 percent by mass or more for OSHA-defined carcinogens, as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4), and at 1.0 percent by mass or more for other compounds. For example, if toluene (not an OSHA carcinogen) is measured to be 0.5 percent of the material by mass, you do not have to count it. Express the mass fraction of each organic HAP you count as a value truncated to four places after the decimal point (e.g., 0.3791).

(ii) Calculate the total mass fraction of organic HAP in the test material by adding up the individual organic HAP mass fractions and truncating the result to three places after the decimal point (e.g., 0.7638 truncates to 0.763).

(2) Method 24 (appendix A to 40 CFR part 60). For coatings, you may use Method 24 to determine the mass fraction of nonaqueous volatile matter and use that value as a substitute for mass fraction of organic HAP.

(3) Alternative method. You may use an alternative test method for determining the mass fraction of organic HAP once the Administrator has approved it. You must follow the procedure in §63.7(f) to submit an alternative test method for approval.

(4) Information from the supplier or manufacturer of the material. You may rely on information other than that generated by the test methods specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section, such as manufacturer's formulation

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data, if it represents each organic HAP that is present at 0.1 percent by mass or more for OSHA-defined carcinogens, as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4), and at 1.0 percent by mass or more for other compounds. For example, if toluene (not an OSHA carcinogen) is 0.5 percent of the material by mass, you do not have to count it. If there is a disagreement between such information and results of a test conducted according to paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section, then the test method results will take precedence, unless after consultation, the facility demonstrates to the satisfaction of the enforcement authority that the facility's data are correct.

(5) Solvent blends. Solvent blends may be listed as single components for some materials in data provided by manufacturers or suppliers. Solvent blends may contain organic HAP which must be counted toward the total organic HAP mass fraction of the materials. When neither test data nor manufacturer's data for solvent blends are available, you may use the default values for the mass fraction of organic HAP in the solvent blends listed in Table 3 or 4 to this subpart. If you use the tables, you must use the values in Table 3 for all solvent blends that match Table 3 entries, and you may only use Table 4 if the solvent blends in the materials you use do not match any of the solvent blends in Table 3 and you only know whether the blend is aliphatic or aromatic. However, if the results of a Method 311 test indicate higher values than those listed on Table 3 or 4 to this subpart, the Method 311 results will take precedence, unless after consultation, the facility demonstrates to the satisfaction of the enforcement authority that the data from Table 3 or 4 are correct.

(b) Determine the density of each material used. Determine the density of each material used during the compliance period from test results using ASTM Method D1475-98 (Reapproved 2003), "Standard Test Method for Density of Liquid Coatings, Inks, and Related Products" (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or for powder coatings, test method A or test method B of ASTM Method D5965-02, "Standard Test Methods for Specific Gravity of Coating Powders," (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or information from the supplier or manufacturer of the material. If there is disagreement between ASTM Method D1475-98 (Reapproved 2003) test results or ASTM Method D5965-02, test method A or test method B test results and the supplier's or manufacturer's information, the test results will take precedence unless after consultation, the facility demonstrates to the satisfaction of the enforcement authority that the facility's data are correct.

(c) Determine the volume of each material used. Determine the volume (liters) of each material used during each month by measurement or usage records.

(d) Determine the mass average organic HAP content for each group of materials. Determine the mass average organic HAP content of the materials used during the initial compliance period for each group of materials for which an emission limit is established in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d), using Equations 1 and 2 of this section.

(1) Calculate the mass average organic HAP content of adhesive and sealer materials other than components of the glass bonding system used in the initial

compliance period using Equation 1 of this section:

$$C_{\text{avg,as}} \sim \frac{\sum_{j=1}^r (\text{Vol}_{\text{as,j}})(D_{\text{as,j}})(W_{\text{as,j}})}{\sum_{j=1}^r (\text{Vol}_{\text{as,j}})(D_{\text{as,j}})}$$

Where:

$C_{\text{avg,as}}$	=	Mass average organic HAP content of adhesives and sealer materials used, kg/kg.
$\text{Vol}_{\text{as,j}}$	=	Volume of adhesive or sealer material, j, used, liters.
$D_{\text{as,j}}$	=	Density of adhesive or sealer material, j, used, kg per liter.
$W_{\text{as,j}}$	=	Mass fraction of organic HAP in adhesive or sealer material, j, kg/kg.
r	=	Number of adhesive and sealer materials used.

(2) Calculate the mass average organic HAP content of deadener materials used in the initial compliance period using Equation 2 of this section:

$$C_{\text{avg,d}} \sim \frac{\sum_{m=1}^s (\text{Vol}_{\text{d,m}})(D_{\text{d,m}})(W_{\text{d,m}})}{\sum_{m=1}^s (\text{Vol}_{\text{d,m}})(D_{\text{d,m}})}$$

Where:

$C_{\text{avg,d}}$	=	Mass average organic HAP content of deadener material used, kg/kg.
$\text{Vol}_{\text{d,m}}$	=	Volume of deadener material, m, used, liters.
$D_{\text{d,m}}$	=	Density of deadener material, m, used, kg per liter.
$W_{\text{d,m}}$	=	Mass fraction of organic HAP in deadener material, m, kg/kg.
s	=	Number of deadener materials used.

(e) Compliance demonstration. The mass average organic HAP content for the compliance period must be less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d). You must keep all records as required by §§63.3130 and 63.3131. As part of the Notification of Compliance Status required by §63.3110, you must submit a statement that the coating operations were in compliance with the emission limitations during the initial compliance period because the mass average organic HAP content was less than or equal to the applicable emission limits in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d), determined according to this section.

r. §63.3152 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations?

(a) To demonstrate continuous compliance, the mass average organic HAP content for each compliance period, determined according to §63.3151(a) through (d), must be less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d). A compliance period consists of 1 month. Each month after the end of the initial compliance period described in §63.3150 is a compliance period consisting of that month.

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(b) If the mass average organic HAP emission content for any compliance period exceeds the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(c) and (d) or §63.3091(c) and (d), this is a deviation from the emission limitations for that compliance period and must be reported as specified in §§63.3110(c)(6) and 63.3120(a)(5).

(c) You must maintain records as specified in §§63.3130 and 63.3131.

Compliance Requirements for the Combined Electrodeposition Primer, Primer-Surfacer, Topcoat, Final Repair, Glass Bonding Primer, and Glass Bonding Adhesive Emission Limitations

- s. §63.3160 By what date must I conduct performance tests and other initial compliance demonstrations?
- (a) New and reconstructed affected sources. For a new or reconstructed affected source, you must meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section.
- (1) All emission capture systems, add-on control devices, and CPMS must be installed and operating no later than the applicable compliance date specified in §63.3083. You must conduct a performance test of each capture system and add-on control device according to §§63.3164 through 63.3166 and establish the operating limits required by §63.3093 no later than 180 days after the applicable compliance date specified in §63.3083.
- (2) You must develop and begin implementing the work practice plans required by §63.3094(b) and (c) no later than the compliance date specified in §63.3083.
- (3) You must complete the initial compliance demonstration for the initial compliance period according to the requirements of §63.3161. The initial compliance period begins on the applicable compliance date specified in §63.3083 and ends on the last day of the month following the compliance date. If the compliance date occurs on any day other than the first day of a month, then the initial compliance period extends through the end of that month plus the next month. You must determine the mass of organic HAP emissions and volume of coating solids deposited in the initial compliance period. The initial compliance demonstration includes the results of emission capture system and add-on control device performance tests conducted according to §§63.3164 and 63.3166; supporting documentation showing that during the initial compliance period the organic HAP emission rate was equal to or less than the emission limit in §63.3090(a); the operating limits established during the performance tests and the results of the continuous parameter monitoring required by §63.3168; and documentation of whether you developed and implemented the work practice plans required by §63.3094(b) and (c).

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(4) You do not need to comply with the operating limits for the emission capture system and add-on control device required by §63.3093 until after you have completed the performance tests specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section. Instead, you must maintain a log detailing the operation and maintenance of the emission capture system, add-on control device, and CPM during the period between the compliance date and the performance test. You must begin complying with the operating limits for your affected source on the date you complete the performance tests specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(b) Existing affected sources. For an existing affected source, you must meet the requirements of paragraphs (b)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) All emission capture systems, add-on control devices, and CPMS must be installed and operating no later than the applicable compliance date specified in §63.3083. You must conduct a performance test of each capture system and add-on control device according to the procedures in §§63.3164 through 63.3166 and establish the operating limits required by §63.3093 no later than the compliance date specified in §63.3083.

(2) You must develop and begin implementing the work practice plans required by §63.3094(b) and (c) no later than the compliance date specified in §63.3083.

(3) You must complete the initial compliance demonstration for the initial compliance period according to the requirements of §63.3161. The initial compliance period begins on the applicable compliance date specified in §63.3083 and ends on the last day of the month following the compliance date. If the compliance date occurs on any day other than the first day of a month, then the initial compliance period extends through the end of that month plus the next month. You must determine the mass of organic HAP emissions and volume of coating solids deposited during the initial compliance period. The initial compliance demonstration includes the results of emission capture system and add-on control device performance tests conducted according to §§63.3164 and 63.3166; supporting documentation showing that during the initial compliance period the organic HAP emission rate was equal to or less than the emission limits in §63.3091(a); the operating limits established during the performance tests and the results of the continuous parameter monitoring required by §63.3168; and documentation of whether you developed and implemented the work practice plans required by §63.3094(b) and (c).

(c) You are not required to conduct an initial performance test to determine capture efficiency or destruction efficiency of a capture system or control device if you receive approval to use the results of a performance test that has been previously conducted on that capture system (either a previous stack test or a previous panel test) or control device. You are not required to conduct an initial test to determine transfer efficiency if you receive approval to use the results of a test that has been previously conducted. Any such previous tests must meet the conditions described in paragraphs (c)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) The previous test must have been conducted using the methods and conditions specified in this subpart.

(2) Either no process or equipment changes have been made since the

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previous test was performed or the owner or operator must be able to demonstrate that the results of the performance test reliably demonstrate compliance despite process or equipment changes.

(3) Either the required operating parameters were established in the previous test or sufficient data were collected in the previous test to establish the required operating parameters.

§63.3161 How do I demonstrate initial compliance?

(a) You must meet all of the requirements of this section to demonstrate initial compliance. To demonstrate initial compliance, the organic HAP emissions from the combined electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) must meet the applicable emission limitation in §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a).

(b) Compliance with operating limits. Except as provided in §63.3160(a)(4), you must establish and demonstrate continuous compliance during the initial compliance period with the operating limits required by §63.3093, using the procedures specified in §§63.3167 and 63.3168.

(c) Compliance with work practice requirements. You must develop, implement, and document your implementation of the work practice plans required by §63.3094(b) and (c) during the initial compliance period, as specified in §63.3130.

(d) Compliance with emission limits. You must follow the procedures in paragraphs (e) through (o) of this section to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a). You may also use the guidelines presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22) in making this demonstration.

(e) Determine the mass fraction of organic HAP, density and volume used. Follow the procedures specified in §63.3151(a) through (c) to determine the mass fraction of organic HAP and the density and volume of each coating and thinner used during each month.

(f) Determine the volume fraction of coating solids for each coating. You must determine the volume fraction of coating solids (liter of coating solids per liter of coating) for each coating used during the compliance period by a test or by information provided by the supplier or the manufacturer of the material, as specified in paragraphs (f)(1) and (2) of this section. If test results obtained according to paragraph (f)(1) of this section do not agree with the information obtained under paragraph (f)(2) of this section, the test results will take precedence unless after consultation, the facility demonstrates to the satisfaction of the enforcement authority that the facility's data are correct.

(1) ASTM Method D2697-86 (Reapproved 1998) or ASTM Method D6093-97

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(Reapproved 2003). You may use ASTM Method D2697-86 (Reapproved 1998), "Standard Test Method for Volume Nonvolatile Matter in Clear or Pigmented Coatings" (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or ASTM Method D6093-97 (Reapproved 2003), "Standard Test Method for Percent Volume Nonvolatile Matter in Clear or Pigmented Coatings" (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), to determine the volume fraction of coating solids for each coating. Divide the nonvolatile volume percent obtained with the methods by 100 to calculate volume fraction of coating solids.

(2) Information from the supplier or manufacturer of the material. You may obtain the volume fraction of coating solids for each coating from the supplier or manufacturer.

(g) Determine the transfer efficiency for each coating. You must determine the transfer efficiency for each primer-surfacer and topcoat coating, and for all coatings, except for deadener and for adhesive and sealer that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) using ASTM Method D5066-91 (Reapproved 2001), "Standard Test Method for Determination of the Transfer Efficiency Under Production Conditions for Spray Application of Automotive Paints-Weight Basis" (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or the guidelines presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22). You may conduct transfer efficiency testing on representative coatings and for representative spray booths as described in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22). You may assume 100 percent transfer efficiency for electrodeposition primer coatings, glass bonding primers, and glass bonding adhesives. For final repair coatings, you may assume 40 percent transfer efficiency for air atomized spray and 55 percent transfer efficiency for electrostatic spray and high volume, low pressure spray.

(h) Calculate the total mass of organic HAP emissions before add-on controls. Calculate the total mass of organic HAP emissions before consideration of add-on controls from all coatings and thinners used during each month in the combined electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) using Equation 1 of this section:

$$H_{BC} = A + B$$

Where:

H_{BC} = Total mass of organic HAP emissions before consideration of add-on controls during the month, kg.

A = Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used during the month, kg, as calculated in Equation 1A of this section.

B = Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used during the month, kg, as calculated in Equation 1B of this section.

(1) Calculate the kg organic HAP in the coatings used during the month using Equation 1A of this section:

$$A = \sum_{i=1}^m \{ (Vol_{c,i}) \{ (D_{c,i}) \} \{ (W_{c,i}) \} \}$$

Where:

A = Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used during the month, kg.

$Vol_{c,i}$ = Total volume of coating, i, used during the month, liters.

$D_{c,i}$ = Density of coating, i, kg coating per liter coating.

$W_{c,i}$ = Mass fraction of organic HAP in coating, i, kg organic HAP per kg coating.

m = Number of different coatings used during the month.

(2) Calculate the kg of organic HAP in the thinners used during the month using Equation 1B of this section:

$$B = \sum_{j=1}^n \{ (Vol_{t,j}) \{ (D_{t,j}) \} \{ (W_{t,j}) \} \}$$

Where:

B = Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used during the month, kg.

$Vol_{t,j}$ = Total volume of thinner, j, used during the month, liters.

$D_{t,j}$ = Density of thinner, j, kg per liter.

$W_{t,j}$ = Mass fraction of organic HAP in thinner, j, kg organic HAP per kg thinner.

n = Number of different thinners used during the month.

(i) Calculate the organic HAP emission reduction for each controlled coating operation. Determine the mass of organic HAP emissions reduced for each controlled coating operation during each month. The emission reduction determination quantifies the total organic HAP emissions captured by the emission capture system and destroyed or removed by the add-on control device. Use the procedures in paragraph (j) of this section to calculate the mass of organic HAP emission reduction for each controlled coating operation using an emission capture system and add-on control device other than a solvent recovery system for which you conduct liquid-liquid material balances. For each controlled coating operation using a solvent recovery system for which you

conduct a liquid-liquid material balance, use the procedures in paragraph (k) of this section to calculate the organic HAP emission reduction.

(j) Calculate the organic HAP emission reduction for each controlled coating operation not using liquid-liquid material balances. For each controlled coating operation using an emission capture system and add-on control device other than a solvent recovery system for which you conduct liquid-liquid material balances, calculate the mass of organic HAP emission reduction for the controlled coating operation, excluding all periods of time in which a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any continuous parameter monitoring system requirement for the capture system or control device serving the controlled coating operation occurred, during the month using Equation 2 of this section. The calculation of mass of organic HAP emission reduction for the controlled coating operation during the month applies the emission capture system efficiency and add-on control device efficiency to the mass of organic HAP contained in the coatings and thinners that are used in the coating operation served by the emission capture system and add-on control device during each month. Except as provided in paragraph (p) of this section, for any period of time in which a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement of the capture system or control device serving the controlled coating operation occurred, you must assume zero efficiency for the emission capture system and add-on control device. Equation 2 of this section treats the materials used during such a deviation as if they were used on an uncontrolled coating operation for the time period of the deviation.

$$H_{Cn} = (A_C + B_C - A_{unc} - B_{unc}) \left(\frac{CE}{100} \times \frac{DRE}{100} \right) \quad (\text{Eq. 2})$$

Where:

- H_{Cn} = Mass of organic HAP emission reduction, excluding all periods of time in which a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement for the capture system or control device serving the controlled coating operation occurred, for the controlled coating operation during the month, kg.
- A_C = Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the controlled coating operation during the month, kg, as

		calculated in Equation 2A of this section.
B_C	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the controlled coating operation during the month, kg, as calculated in Equation 2B of this section.
A_{unc}	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used during all periods of time in which a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement for the capture system or control device serving the controlled coating operation occurred for the controlled coating operation during the month, kg, as calculated in Equation 2C of this section.
B_{unc}	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used during all periods of time in which a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement for the capture system or control device serving the controlled coating operation occurred for the controlled coating operation during the month, kg, as calculated in Equation 2D of this section.
CE	=	Capture efficiency of the emission capture system vented to the add-on control device, percent. Use the test methods and procedures specified in §§63.3164 and 63.3165 to measure and record capture efficiency.
DRE	=	Organic HAP destruction or removal efficiency of the add-on control device, percent. Use the test methods and procedures in §§63.3164 and 63.3166 to measure and record the organic HAP destruction or removal efficiency.

(1) Calculate the mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the controlled coating operation, kg, using Equation 2A of this section.

$$A_C = \sum_{i=1}^m \{ (Vol_{c,i}) \} \{ (D_{c,i}) \} \{ (W_{c,i}) \}$$

Where:

A_C	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the controlled coating operation during the month, kg.
$Vol_{c,i}$	=	Total volume of coating, i, used during the month, liters.
$D_{c,i}$	=	Density of coating, i, kg per liter.
$W_{c,i}$	=	Mass fraction of organic HAP in coating, i, kg per kg.
m	=	Number of different coatings used.

(2) Calculate the mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the controlled coating operation, kg, using Equation 2B of this section.

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$$B_C \sim \sim \text{SUM FROM } \{j=1\} \text{ TO } \{n\} \sim \{(\text{Vol}_{t,j})\} \{(D_{t,j})\} \{(W_{t,j})\}$$

Where:

B_C	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the controlled coating operation during the month, kg.
$\text{Vol}_{t,j}$	=	Total volume of thinner, j, used during the month, liters.
$D_{t,j}$	=	Density of thinner, j, kg per liter.
$W_{t,j}$	=	Mass fraction of organic HAP in thinner, j, kg per kg.
n	=	Number of different thinners used.

(3) Calculate the mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the controlled coating operation during deviations specified in §63.3163(c) and (d), using Equation 2C of this section:

$$A_{\text{unc}} \sim \sim \text{SUM FROM } \{i=1\} \text{ TO } \{m\} \sim \{(\text{VOLD}_i)\} \{(D_i)\} \{(W_i)\}$$

Where:

A_{unc}	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used during all periods of time in which a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement for the capture system or control device serving the controlled coating operation occurred for the controlled coating operation during the month, kg.
VOLD_i	=	Total volume of coating, i, used in the controlled coating operation during deviations, liters.
D_i	=	Density of coating, i, kg per liter.
W_i	=	Mass fraction of organic HAP in coating, i, kg organic HAP per kg coating.
m	=	Number of different coatings.

(4) Calculate the mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the controlled coating operation during deviations specified in §63.3163(c) and (d), using Equation 2D of this section:

$$B_{\text{unc}} \sim \sim \text{SUM FROM } \{j=1\} \text{ TO } \{n\} \sim \{(\text{VOLD}_j)\} \{(D_j)\} \{(W_j)\}$$

Where:

B_{unc}	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used during all
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periods of time in which a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement for the capture system or control device serving the controlled coating operation occurred for the controlled coating operation during the month, kg.

$VOLD_j$ = Total volume of thinner, j , used in the controlled coating operation during deviations, liters.

D_h = Density of thinner, j , kg per liter.

W_h = Mass fraction of organic HAP in thinner, j , kg organic HAP per kg coating.

n = Number of different thinners.

(k) Calculate the organic HAP emission reduction for each controlled coating operation using liquid-liquid material balances. For each controlled coating operation using a solvent recovery system for which you conduct liquid-liquid material balances, calculate the mass of organic HAP emission reduction for the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system using a liquid-liquid material balance during the month by applying the volatile organic matter collection and recovery efficiency to the mass of organic HAP contained in the coatings and thinners used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during each month. Perform a liquid-liquid material balance for each month as specified in paragraphs (k)(1) through (6) of this section. Calculate the mass of organic HAP emission reduction by the solvent recovery system as specified in paragraph (k)(7) of this section.

(1) For each solvent recovery system, install, calibrate, maintain, and operate according to the manufacturer's specifications, a device that indicates the cumulative amount of volatile organic matter recovered by the solvent recovery system each month. The device must be initially certified by the manufacturer to be accurate to within ± 2.0 percent of the mass of volatile organic matter recovered.

(2) For each solvent recovery system, determine the mass of volatile organic matter recovered for the month, kg, based on measurement with the device required in paragraph (k)(1) of this section.

(3) Determine the mass fraction of volatile organic matter for each coating and thinner used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month, kg volatile organic matter per kg coating. You may determine the volatile organic matter mass fraction using Method 24 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, or an EPA approved alternative method, or you may use information provided by the manufacturer or supplier of the coating. In the event of any inconsistency between information provided by the manufacturer or supplier and the results of Method 24 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, or an approved alternative method, the test method results will govern unless after consultation, the facility demonstrates to the satisfaction of the enforcement authority that the facility's data are correct.

(4) Determine the density of each coating and thinner used in the coating

operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month, kg per liter, according to §63.3151(b).

(5) Measure the volume of each coating and thinner used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month, liters.

(6) Each month, calculate the solvent recovery system's volatile organic matter collection and recovery efficiency, using Equation 3 of this section:

$$R_V = 100 \frac{M_{VR}}{\sum_{i=1}^m \text{Vol}_i D_i \text{WV}_{c,i} + \sum_{j=1}^n \text{Vol}_j D_j \text{WV}_{t,j}} \quad (\text{Eq. 3})$$

Where:

- R_V = Volatile organic matter collection and recovery efficiency of the solvent recovery system during the month, percent.
- M_{VR} = Mass of volatile organic matter recovered by the solvent recovery system during the month, kg.
- Vol_i = Volume of coating, i , used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month, liters.
- D_i = Density of coating, i , kg per liter.
- $\text{WV}_{c,i}$ = Mass fraction of volatile organic matter for coating, i , kg volatile organic matter per kg coating.
- Vol_j = Volume of thinner, j , used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month, liters.
- D_j = Density of thinner, j , kg per liter.
- $\text{WV}_{t,j}$ = Mass fraction of volatile organic matter for thinner, j , kg volatile organic matter per kg thinner.
- m = Number of different coatings used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month.
- n = Number of different thinners used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month.

(7) Calculate the mass of organic HAP emission reduction for the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month, using Equation 4 of this section:

$$H_{CSR} = (A_{CSR} + B_{CSR}) \left(\frac{R_V}{100} \right) \quad (\text{Eq. 4})$$

Where:

H_{CSR}	=	Mass of organic HAP emission reduction for the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system using a liquid-liquid material balance during the month, kg.
A_{CSR}	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system, kg, calculated using Equation 4A of this section.
B_{CSR}	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system, kg, calculated using Equation 4B of this section.
R_V	=	Volatile organic matter collection and recovery efficiency of the solvent recovery system, percent, from Equation 3 of this section.

(i) Calculate the mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system, kg, using Equation 4A of this section.

$$A_{CSR} \approx \sum_{i=1}^m \{(\text{Vol}_{c,i})\} \{(\text{D}_{c,i})\} \{(\text{W}_{c,i})\}$$

Where:

A_{CSR}	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month, kg.
$\text{Vol}_{c,i}$	=	Total volume of coating, i, used during the month in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system, liters.
$\text{D}_{c,i}$	=	Density of coating, i, kg per liter.
$\text{W}_{c,i}$	=	Mass fraction of organic HAP in coating, i, kg per kg.
m	=	Number of different coatings used.

(ii) Calculate the mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system, kg, using Equation 4B of this section.

$$B_{CSR} \approx \sum_{j=1}^n \{(\text{Vol}_{t,j})\} \{(\text{D}_{t,j})\} \{(\text{W}_{t,j})\}$$

Where:

B_{CSR}	=	Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system during the month, kg.
$\text{Vol}_{t,j}$	=	Total volume of thinner, j, used during the month in the coating operation controlled by the solvent recovery system, liters.
$\text{D}_{t,j}$	=	Density of thinner, j, kg per liter.
$\text{W}_{t,j}$	=	Mass fraction of organic HAP in thinner, j, kg per kg.
n	=	Number of different thinners used.

(l) Calculate the total volume of coating solids deposited. Determine the

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total volume of coating solids deposited, liters, in the combined electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) using Equation 5 of this section:

$$V_{sdep} = \sum_{i=1}^m \{ (Vol_{c,i}) \{ (V_{s,i}) \} \{ (TE_{c,i}) \} / 100$$

Where:

V_{sdep} = Total volume of coating solids deposited during the month, liters.

$Vol_{c,i}$ = Total volume of coating, i, used during the month, liters.

$V_{s,i}$ = Volume fraction of coating solids for coating, i, liter solids per liter coating, determined according to §63.3161(f).

$TE_{c,i}$ = Transfer efficiency of coating, i, determined according to §63.3161(g), expressed as a decimal, for example 60 percent must be expressed as 0.60.

m = Number of coatings used during the month.

(m) Calculate the mass of organic HAP emissions for each month.

Determine the mass of organic HAP emissions, kg, during each month, using Equation 6 of this section.

$$H_{HAP} = \{ H_{BC} \} - \sum_{i=1}^q \{ H_{Cn,i} \} - \sum_{j=1}^r \{ H_{CSR,j} \} - \sum_{k=1}^{\{q\}} \sum_{m=1}^{\{Sk\}} \{ H_{DEV,k,m} \}$$

(Eq. 6)

Where:

H_{HAP} = Total mass of organic HAP emissions for the month, kg.

H_{BC} = Total mass of organic HAP emissions before add-on controls from all the coatings and thinners used during the month, kg, determined according to paragraph (h) of this section.

$H_{Cn,i}$ = Total mass of organic HAP emission reduction for controlled coating operation, i, not using a liquid-liquid material balance, excluding all periods of time in which a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement for the capture system or control device serving the controlled coating operation occurred, for the controlled coating operation during the month, from Equation 2 of this section.

$H_{CSR,j}$ = Total mass of organic HAP emission reduction for coating operation, j, controlled by a solvent recovery system using a

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liquid-liquid material balance, during the month, kg, from Equation 4 of this section.

$H_{DEV,k,m}$ = Mass of organic HAP emission reduction, based on the capture system and control device efficiency approved under paragraph (p) of this section for period of deviation, m, for controlled coating operation, k, kg, as determined using Equation 8 of this section.

q = Number of controlled coating operations not using a liquid-liquid material balance.

r = Number of coating operations controlled by a solvent recovery system using a liquid-liquid material balance.

s_k = Number of periods of deviation in the month for which non-zero capture and control device efficiencies have been approved for controlled coating operation, k.

(n) Calculate the organic HAP emission rate for the month. Determine the organic HAP emission rate for the month, kg organic HAP per liter coating solids deposited, using Equation 7 of this section:

$H_{rate} \approx \frac{H_{HAP}}{V_{sdep}}$ Where:

H_{rate} = Organic HAP emission rate for the month compliance period, kg organic HAP per liter coating solids deposited.

H_{HAP} = Mass of organic HAP emissions for the month, kg, determined according to Equation 6 of this section.

V_{sdep} = Total volume of coating solids deposited during the month, liters, from Equation 5 of this section.

(o) Compliance demonstration. To demonstrate initial compliance, the organic HAP emissions from the combined electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) must be less than or equal to the applicable emission limitation in §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a). You must keep all records as required by §§63.3130 and 63.3131. As part of the Notification of Compliance Status required by §63.3110, you must submit a statement that the coating operation(s) was (were) in compliance with the emission limitations during the initial compliance period because the organic HAP emission rate was less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a) and you achieved the operating limits required by §63.3093 and the work practice standards required by §63.3094.

(p) You may request approval from the Administrator to use non-zero capture efficiencies and add-on control device efficiencies for any period of time in which a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement for the

capture system or add-on control device serving a controlled coating operation occurred.

(1) If you have manually collected parameter data indicating that a capture system or add-on control device was operating normally during a CPMS malfunction, a CPMS out-of-control period, or associated repair, then these data may be used to support and document your request to use the normal capture efficiency or add-on control device efficiency for that period of deviation.

(2) If you have data indicating the actual performance of a capture system or add-on control device (e.g., capture efficiency measured at a reduced flow rate or add-on control device efficiency measured at a reduced thermal oxidizer temperature) during a deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement for the capture system or add-on control device serving a controlled coating operation, then these data may be used to support and document your request to use these values for that period of deviation.

(3) The organic HAP emission reduction achieved during each period of deviation, including a deviation during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, from an operating limit or from any CPMS requirement for the capture system or add-on control device serving a controlled coating operation for which the Administrator has approved the use of non-zero capture efficiency and add-on control device efficiency values is calculated using Equation 8 of this section.

$$H_{DEV} = (A_{DEV} + B_{DEV}) \left(\frac{CE_{DEV}}{100} \right) \left(\frac{DRE_{DEV}}{100} \right) \quad (\text{Eq. 8})$$

Where:

- H_{DEV} = Mass of organic HAP emission reduction achieved during a period of deviation for the controlled coating operation, kg.
- A_{DEV} = Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the controlled coating operation during the period of deviation, kg, as calculated in Equation 8A of this section.
- B_{DEV} = Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the controlled coating operation during the period of deviation, kg, as calculated in Equation 8B of this section.
- CE_{DEV} = Capture efficiency of the emission capture system vented to the add-on control device, approved for the period of deviation, percent.
- DRE_{DEV} = Organic HAP destruction or removal efficiency of the add-on control device approved for the period of deviation,

percent.

(4) Calculate the total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the controlled coating operation during the period of deviation using equation 8A of this section:

$$A_{DEV} = \sum_{i=1}^m (VOL_{CDEVi})(D_{ci})(W_{ci}) \quad (\text{Eq. 8A})$$

Where:

- A_{DEV} = Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used in the controlled coating operation during the period of deviation, kg.
- $Vol_{CDEV,i}$ = total volume of coating, i, used in the controlled coating operation during the period of deviation, liters.
- $D_{C,i}$ = Density of coating, i, kg per liter.
- $W_{C,i}$ = Mass fraction of organic HAP in coating, i, kg per kg.
- m = Number of different coatings used.

(5) Calculate the total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the controlled coating operation during the period of deviation using equation 8B of this section:

$$B_{DEV} = \sum_{j=1}^n (VOL_{TDEVj})(D_{tj})(W_{tj}) \quad (\text{Eq. 8B})$$

Where:

- B_{DEV} = Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners used in the controlled coating operation during the period of deviation, kg.
- $Vol_{TDEV,j}$ = Total volume of thinner, j, used in the controlled coating operation during the period of deviation, liters.
- $D_{t,j}$ = Density of thinner, j, kg per liter.
- $W_{t,j}$ = Mass fraction of organic HAP in thinner, j, kg per kg.
- n = Number of different thinners used.

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t. §63.3162 [Reserved]

u. §63.3163 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations?

(a) To demonstrate continuous compliance with the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a), the organic HAP emission rate for each compliance period, determined according to the procedures in §63.3161, must be equal to or less than the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a). A compliance period consists of 1 month. Each month after the end of the initial compliance period described in §63.3160 is a compliance period consisting of that month. You must perform the calculations in §63.3161 on a monthly basis.

(b) If the organic HAP emission rate for any 1 month compliance period exceeded the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a), this is a deviation from the emission limitation for that compliance period and must be reported as specified in §§63.3110(c)(6) and 63.3120(a)(6).

(c) You must demonstrate continuous compliance with each operating limit required by §63.3093 that applies to you, as specified in Table 1 to this subpart.

(1) If an operating parameter is out of the allowed range specified in Table 1 to this subpart, this is a deviation from the operating limit that must be reported as specified in §§63.3110(c)(6) and 63.3120(a)(6).

(2) If an operating parameter deviates from the operating limit specified in Table 1 to this subpart, then you must assume that the emission capture system and add-on control device were achieving zero efficiency during the time period of the deviation except as provided in §63.3161(p).

(d) You must meet the requirements for bypass lines in §63.3168(b) for control devices other than solvent recovery systems for which you conduct liquid-liquid material balances. If any bypass line is opened and emissions are diverted to the atmosphere when the coating operation is running, this is a deviation that must be reported as specified in §63.3110(c)(6) and 63.3120(a)(6). For the purposes of completing the compliance calculations specified in §63.3161(k), you must assume that the emission capture system and add-on control device were achieving zero efficiency during the time period of the deviation.

(e) You must demonstrate continuous compliance with the work practice standards in §63.3094. If you did not develop a work practice plan, if you did not implement the plan, or if you did not keep the records required by §63.3130(n), this is a deviation from the work practice standards that must be reported as specified in §§63.3110(c)(6) and 63.3120(a)(6).

(f) If there were no deviations from the emission limitations, submit a statement as part of the semiannual compliance report that you were in compliance with the emission rate limitations during the reporting period because the organic

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HAP emission rate for each compliance period was less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(a) or §63.3091(a), and you achieved the operating limits required by §63.3093 and the work practice standards required by §63.3094 during each compliance period.

(g) During periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction of the emission capture system, add-on control device, or coating operation that may affect emission capture or control device efficiency, you must operate in accordance with the SSMP required by §63.3100(f).

(h) Consistent with §§63.6(e) and 63.7(e)(1), deviations that occur during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction of the emission capture system, add-on control device, or coating operation that may affect emission capture or control device efficiency are not violations if you demonstrate to the Administrator's satisfaction that you were operating in accordance with the SSMP. The Administrator will determine whether deviations that occur during a period you identify as a startup, shutdown, or malfunction are violations according to the provisions in §63.6(e).

(i) [Reserved]

(j) You must maintain records as specified in §§63.3130 and 63.3131.

u. §63.3164 What are the general requirements for performance tests?

(a) You must conduct each performance test required by §63.3160 according to the requirements in §63.7(e)(1) and under the conditions in this section unless you obtain a waiver of the performance test according to the provisions in §63.7(h).

(1) Representative coating operation operating conditions. You must conduct the performance test under representative operating conditions for the coating operation. Operations during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, and during periods of nonoperation do not constitute representative conditions. You must record the process information that is necessary to document operating conditions during the test and explain why the conditions represent normal operation.

(2) Representative emission capture system and add-on control device operating conditions. You must conduct the performance test when the emission capture system and add-on control device are operating at a representative flow rate, and the add-on control device is operating at a representative inlet concentration. You must record information that is necessary to document emission capture system and add-on control device operating conditions during the test and explain why the conditions represent normal operation.

(b) You must conduct each performance test of an emission capture system according to the requirements in §63.3165. You must conduct each performance test of an add-on control device according to the requirements in §63.3166.

v. §63.3165 How do I determine the emission capture system efficiency?

You must use the procedures and test methods in this section to determine

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capture efficiency as part of the performance test required by §63.3160. For purposes of this subpart, a spray booth air seal is not considered a natural draft opening in a PTE or a temporary total enclosure provided you demonstrate that the direction of air movement across the interface between the spray booth air seal and the spray booth is into the spray booth. For purposes of this subpart, a bake oven air seal is not considered a natural draft opening in a PTE or a temporary total enclosure provided you demonstrate that the direction of air movement across the interface between the bake oven air seal and the bake oven is into the bake oven. You may use lightweight strips of fabric or paper, or smoke tubes to make such demonstrations as part of showing that your capture system is a PTE or conducting a capture efficiency test using a temporary total enclosure. You cannot count air flowing from a spray booth air seal into a spray booth as air flowing through a natural draft opening into a PTE or into a temporary total enclosure unless you elect to treat that spray booth air seal as a natural draft opening. You cannot count air flowing from a bake oven air seal into a bake oven as air flowing through a natural draft opening into a PTE or into a temporary total enclosure unless you elect to treat that bake oven air seal as a natural draft opening.

(a) Assuming 100 percent capture efficiency. You may assume the capture system efficiency is 100 percent if both of the conditions in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section are met:

(1) The capture system meets the criteria in Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 for a PTE and directs all the exhaust gases from the enclosure to an add-on control device.

(2) All coatings and thinners used in the coating operation are applied within the capture system, and coating solvent flash-off and coating curing and drying occurs within the capture system. For example, this criterion is not met if parts enter the open shop environment when being moved between a spray booth and a curing oven.

(b) Measuring capture efficiency. If the capture system does not meet both of the criteria in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section, then you must use one of the four procedures described in paragraphs (c) through (f) of this section to measure capture efficiency. The capture efficiency measurements use TVH capture efficiency as a surrogate for organic HAP capture efficiency. For the protocols in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, the capture efficiency measurement must consist of three test runs. Each test run must be at least 3 hours duration or the length of a production run, whichever is longer, up to 8 hours. For the purposes of this test, a production run means the time required for a single part to go from the beginning to the end of production, which includes surface preparation activities and drying or curing time.

(c) Liquid-to-uncaptured-gas protocol using a temporary total enclosure or building enclosure. The liquid-to-uncaptured-gas protocol compares the mass of liquid TVH in materials used in the coating operation to the mass of TVH emissions not captured by the emission capture system. Use a temporary total enclosure or a building enclosure and the procedures in paragraphs (c)(1) through (6) of this section to measure emission capture system efficiency using the liquid-to-uncaptured-gas protocol.

(1) Either use a building enclosure or construct an enclosure around the coating operation where coatings and thinners are applied, and all areas where emissions from these applied coatings and thinners subsequently occur, such as flash-off, curing, and drying areas. The areas of the coating operation where capture devices collect emissions for routing to an add-on control device, such as the entrance and exit areas of an oven or spray booth, must also be inside the enclosure. The enclosure must meet the applicable definition of a temporary total enclosure or building enclosure in Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51.

(2) Use Method 204A or F of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 to determine the mass fraction of TVH liquid input from each coating and thinner used in the coating operation during each capture efficiency test run. To make the determination, substitute TVH for each occurrence of the term volatile organic compounds (VOC) in the methods.

(3) Use Equation 1 of this section to calculate the total mass of TVH liquid input from all the coatings and thinners used in the coating operation during each capture efficiency test run.

$$\text{TVH}_{\text{used}} \sim \sum_{i=1}^n \{(\text{TVH}_i) \{(\text{Vol}_i) \{(\text{D}_i)\}$$

Where:

TVH _i	=	Mass fraction of TVH in coating or thinner, i, used in the coating operation during the capture efficiency test run, kg TVH per kg material.
Vol _i	=	Total volume of coating or thinner, i, used in the coating operation during the capture efficiency test run, liters.
D _i	=	Density of coating or thinner, i, kg material per liter material.
n	=	Number of different coatings and thinners used in the coating operation during the capture efficiency test run.

(4) Use Method 204D or E of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 to measure the total mass, kg, of TVH emissions that are not captured by the emission capture system; they are measured as they exit the temporary total enclosure or building enclosure during each capture efficiency test run. To make the measurement, substitute TVH for each occurrence of the term VOC in the methods.

(i) Use Method 204D if the enclosure is a temporary total enclosure.

(ii) Use Method 204E if the enclosure is a building enclosure. During the capture efficiency measurement, all organic compound emitting operations inside the building enclosure, other than the coating operation for which capture efficiency is being determined, must be shut down, but all fans and blowers must

be operating normally.

(5) For each capture efficiency test run, determine the percent capture efficiency of the emission capture system using Equation 2 of this section:

$$CE = \frac{(TVH_{\text{used}} - TVH_{\text{uncaptured}})}{TVH_{\text{used}}} \times 100$$

Where:

CE = Capture efficiency of the emission capture system vented to the add-on control device, percent.

TVH_{used} = Total mass of TVH liquid input used in the coating operation during the capture efficiency test run, kg.

TVH_{uncaptured} = Total mass of TVH that is not captured by the emission capture system and that exits from the temporary total enclosure or building enclosure during the capture efficiency test run, kg.

(6) Determine the capture efficiency of the emission capture system as the average of the capture efficiencies measured in the three test runs.

(d) Gas-to-gas protocol using a temporary total enclosure or a building enclosure.

The gas-to-gas protocol compares the mass of TVH emissions captured by the emission capture system to the mass of TVH emissions not captured. Use a temporary total enclosure or a building enclosure and the procedures in paragraphs (d)(1) through (5) of this section to measure emission capture system efficiency using the gas-to-gas protocol.

(1) Either use a building enclosure or construct an enclosure around the coating operation where coatings and thinners are applied, and all areas where emissions from these applied coatings and thinners subsequently occur, such as flash-off, curing, and drying areas. The areas of the coating operation where capture devices collect emissions generated by the coating operation for routing to an add-on control device, such as the entrance and exit areas of an oven or a spray booth, must also be inside the enclosure. The enclosure must meet the applicable definition of a temporary total enclosure or building enclosure in Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51.

(2) Use Method 204B or C of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 to measure the total mass, kg, of TVH emissions captured by the emission capture system during each capture efficiency test run as measured at the inlet to the add-on control device. To make the measurement, substitute TVH for each occurrence of the term VOC in the methods.

(i) The sampling points for the Method 204B or C measurement must be upstream from the add-on control device and must represent total emissions routed from the capture system and entering the add-on control device.

(ii) If multiple emission streams from the capture system enter the add-on control device without a single common duct, then the emissions entering the add-on control device must be simultaneously or sequentially measured in each duct, and the total emissions entering the add-on control device must be determined.

(3) Use Method 204D or E of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 to measure the

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total mass, kg, of TVH emissions that are not captured by the emission capture system; they are measured as they exit the temporary total enclosure or building enclosure during each capture efficiency test run. To make the measurement, substitute TVH for each occurrence of the term VOC in the methods.

(i) Use Method 204D if the enclosure is a temporary total enclosure.

(ii) Use Method 204E if the enclosure is a building enclosure. During the capture efficiency measurement, all organic compound emitting operations inside the building enclosure, other than the coating operation for which capture efficiency is being determined, must be shut down, but all fans and blowers must be operating normally.

(4) For each capture efficiency test run, determine the percent capture efficiency of the emission capture system using Equation 3 of this section:

$$CE = \frac{TVH_{\text{captured}}}{TVH_{\text{captured}} + TVH_{\text{uncaptured}}} \times 100$$

Where:

CE = Capture efficiency of the emission capture system vented to the add-on control device, percent.

TVH_{captured} = Total mass of TVH captured by the emission capture system as measured at the inlet to the add-on control device during the emission capture efficiency test run, kg.

$TVH_{\text{uncaptured}}$ = Total mass of TVH that is not captured by the emission capture system and that exits from the temporary total enclosure or building enclosure during the capture efficiency test run, kg.

(5) Determine the capture efficiency of the emission capture system as the average of the capture efficiencies measured in the three test runs.

(e) Panel testing to determine the capture efficiency of flash-off or bake oven emissions. You may conduct panel testing to determine the capture efficiency of flash-off or bake oven emissions using ASTM Method D5087-02, "Standard Test Method for Determining Amount of Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Released from Solventborne Automotive Coatings and Available for Removal in a VOC Control Device (Abatement)" (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), ASTM Method D6266-00a, "Test Method for Determining the Amount of Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Released from Waterborne Automotive Coatings and Available for Removal in a VOC Control Device (Abatement)" (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or the guidelines presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22). You may conduct panel testing on

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representative coatings as described in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22). The results of these panel testing procedures are in units of mass of VOC per volume of coating solids deposited and must be converted to a percent value for use in this subpart. If you panel test representative coatings, then you may convert the panel test result for each representative coating either to a unique percent capture efficiency for each coating grouped with that representative coating by using coating specific values for the volume of coating solids deposited per volume of coating used, mass of VOC per volume of coating, volume fraction solids, transfer efficiency, density and mass fraction VOC in Equations 4 through 6 of this section; or to a composite percent capture efficiency for the group of coatings by using composite values for the group of coatings for the volume of coating solids deposited per volume of coating used and for the mass of VOC per volume of coating, and average values for the group of coatings for volume fraction solids, transfer efficiency, density and mass fraction VOC in Equations 4 through 6 of this section. If you panel test each coating, then you must convert the panel test result for each coating to a unique percent capture efficiency for that coating by using coating specific values for the volume of coating solids deposited per volume of coating used, mass of VOC per volume of coating, volume fraction solids, transfer efficiency, density, and mass fraction VOC in Equations 4 through 6 of this section. Panel test results expressed in units of mass of VOC per volume of coating solids deposited must be converted to percent capture efficiency using Equation 4 of this section. (An alternative for using panel test results expressed in units of mass of VOC per mass of coating solids deposited is presented in paragraph (e)(3) of this section.)

$$CE_i = \frac{P_i}{V_{sdep,i}} \times 100 \div VOC_i$$

Where:

- CE_i = Capture efficiency for coating, i, or for the group of coatings including coating, i, for the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted, percent.
- P_i = Panel test result for coating, i, or for the coating representing coating, i, in the panel test, kg of VOC per liter of coating solids deposited.
- $V_{sdep,i}$ = Volume of coating solids deposited per volume of coating used for coating, i, or composite volume of coating solids deposited per volume of coating used for the group of coatings including coating, i, in the spray booth(s) preceding the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted, liter of coating solids deposited per liter of coating used, from Equation 5 of this section.
- VOC_i = Mass of VOC per volume of coating for coating, i, or composite mass of VOC per volume of coating for the group

of coatings including coating, i, kg per liter, from Equation 6 of this section.

(1) Calculate the volume of coating solids deposited per volume of coating used for coating, i, or the composite volume of coating solids deposited per volume of coating used for the group of coatings including coating, i, used during the month in the spray booth(s) preceding the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted using equation 5 of this section:

$$V_{sdep,i} = V_{s,i} \{TE_{c,i}\}$$

Where:

$V_{sdep,i}$ = Volume of coating solids deposited per volume of coating used for coating, i, or composite volume of coating solids deposited per volume of coating used for the group of coatings including coating, i, in the spray booth(s) preceding the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted, liter of coating solids deposited per liter of coating used.

$V_{s,i}$ = Volume fraction of coating solids for coating, i, or average volume fraction of coating solids for the group of coatings including coating, i, liter coating solids per liter coating, determined according to §63.3161(f).

$TE_{c,i}$ = Transfer efficiency of coating, i, or average transfer efficiency for the group of coatings including coating, i, in the spray booth(s) for the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted determined according to §63.3161(g), expressed as a decimal, for example 60 percent must be expressed as 0.60. (Transfer efficiency also may be determined by testing representative coatings. The same coating groupings may be appropriate for both transfer efficiency testing and panel testing. In this case, all of the coatings in a panel test grouping would have the same transfer efficiency.)

(2) Calculate the mass of VOC per volume of coating for coating, i, or the composite mass of VOC per volume of coating for the group of coatings including coating, i, used during the month in the spray booth(s) preceding the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted, kg, using Equation 6 of this section:

$$VOC_i = D_{c,i} \{Wvoc_{c,i}\}$$

Where:

VOC_i = Mass of VOC per volume of coating for coating, i, or composite mass of VOC per volume of coating for the group of coatings including coating, i, used during the month in the spray booth(s) preceding the flash-off area or bake oven for

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D_c = which the panel test is conducted, kg VOC per liter coating.
Density of coating, i, or average density of the group of coatings including coating, i, kg coating per liter coating, density determined according to §63.3151(b).

$W_{voc,c,i}$ = Mass fraction of VOC in coating, i, or average mass fraction of VOC for the group of coatings including coating, i, kg VOC per kg coating, determined by Method 24 (appendix A to 40 CFR part 60) or the guidelines for combining analytical VOC content and formulation solvent content presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22).

(3) As an alternative, you may choose to express the results of your panel tests in units of mass of VOC per mass of coating solids deposited and convert such results to a percent using Equation 7 of this section. If you panel test representative coatings, then you may convert the panel test result for each representative coating either to a unique percent capture efficiency for each coating grouped with that representative coating by using coating specific values for the mass of coating solids deposited per mass of coating used, mass fraction VOC, transfer efficiency, and mass fraction solids in Equations 7 and 8 of this section; or to a composite percent capture efficiency for the group of coatings by using composite values for the group of coatings for the mass of coating solids deposited per mass of coating used and average values for the mass of VOC per volume of coating, average values for the group of coatings for mass fraction VOC, transfer efficiency, and mass fraction solids in Equations 7 and 8 of this section. If you panel test each coating, then you must convert the panel test result for each coating to a unique percent capture efficiency for that coating by using coating specific values for the mass of coating solids deposited per mass of coating used, mass fraction VOC, transfer efficiency, and mass fraction solids in Equations 7 and 8 of this section. Panel test results expressed in units of mass of VOC per volume of coating solids deposited must be converted to percent capture efficiency using Equation 7 of this section:

$$CE_i = \frac{P_{m,i}}{W_{sdep,i}} \times W_{voc,i}$$

Where:

CE_i = Capture efficiency for coating, i, or for the group of coatings

		including coating, i, for the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted, percent.
$P_{m,i}$	=	Panel test result for coating, i, or for the coating representing coating, i, in the panel test, kg of VOC per kg of coating solids deposited.
$W_{sdep,i}$	=	Mass of coating solids deposited per mass of coating used for coating i, or composite mass of coating solids deposited per mass of coating used for the group of coatings including coating, i, in the spray booth(s) preceding the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted, kg of solids deposited per kg of coating used, from Equation 8 of this section.
$W_{vocC,i}$	=	Mass fraction of VOC in coating, i, or average mass fraction of VOC for the group of coatings including coating, i, kg VOC per kg coating, determined by Method 24 (appendix A to 40 CFR part 60) or the guidelines for combining analytical VOC content and formulation solvent content presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22).

(4) Calculate the mass of coating solids deposited per mass of coating used for each coating or the composite mass of coating solids deposited per mass of coating used for each group of coatings used during the month in the spray booth(s) preceding the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted using equation 8 of this section:

$$W_{sdep,i} = W_{s,i} \cdot TE_{C,i}$$

Where:

$W_{sdep,i}$	=	Mass of coating solids deposited per mass of coating used for coating, i, or composite mass of coating solids deposited per mass of coating used for the group of coatings including coating, i, in the spray booth(s) preceding the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted, kg coating solids deposited per kg coating used.
$W_{s,i}$	=	Mass fraction of coating solids for coating, i, or average mass fraction of coating solids for the group of coatings including coating, i, kg coating solids per kg coating, determined by Method 24 (appendix A to 40 CFR part 60) or the guidelines for combining analytical VOC content and formulation solvent content presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22).
$TE_{C,i}$		

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= Transfer efficiency of coating, i, or average transfer efficiency for the group of coatings including coating, i, in the spray booth(s) for the flash-off area or bake oven for which the panel test is conducted determined according to §63.3161(g), expressed as a decimal, for example 60 percent must be expressed as 0.60. (Transfer efficiency also may be determined by testing representative coatings. The same coating groupings may be appropriate used for both transfer efficiency testing and panel testing. In this case, all of the coatings in a panel test grouping would have the same transfer efficiency.)

(f) Alternative capture efficiency procedure. As an alternative to the procedures specified in paragraphs (c) through (e) and (g) of this section, you may determine capture efficiency using any other capture efficiency protocol and test methods that satisfy the criteria of either the DQO or LCL approach as described in appendix A to subpart KK of this part.

(g) Panel testing to determine the capture efficiency of spray booth emissions from solvent-borne coatings. You may conduct panel testing to determine the capture efficiency of spray booth emissions from solvent-borne coatings using the procedure in appendix A to this subpart.

§63.3166 How do I determine the add-on control device emission destruction or removal efficiency?

You must use the procedures and test methods in this section to determine the add-on control device emission destruction or removal efficiency as part of the performance test required by §63.3160. You must conduct three test runs as specified in §63.7(e)(3), and each test run must last at least 1 hour.

(a) For all types of add-on control devices, use the test methods specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) Use Method 1 or 1A of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60, as appropriate, to None sampling sites and velocity traverse points.

(2) Use Method 2, 2A, 2C, 2D, 2F, or 2G of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60, as appropriate, to measure gas volumetric flow rate.

(3) Use Method 3, 3A, or 3B of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60, as appropriate, for gas analysis to determine dry molecular weight. The ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10-1981, "Flue and Exhaust Gas Analyses [Part 10, Instruments and Apparatus]" (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), may be used as an alternative to Method 3B.

(4) Use Method 4 of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 to determine stack gas moisture.

(5) Methods for determining gas volumetric flow rate, dry molecular weight, and stack gas moisture must be performed, as applicable, during each test run.

(b) Measure total gaseous organic mass emissions as carbon at the inlet and outlet of the add-on control device simultaneously, using either Method 25 or 25A of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60, as specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (3) of this section. You must use the same method for both the inlet and outlet measurements.

(1) Use Method 25 if the add-on control device is an oxidizer and you expect the total gaseous organic concentration as carbon to be more than 50 parts per million by volume (ppmv) at the control device outlet.

(2) Use Method 25A if the add-on control device is an oxidizer and you expect the total gaseous organic concentration as carbon to be 50 ppmv or less at the control device outlet.

(3) Use Method 25A if the add-control device is not an oxidizer.

(c) If two or more add-on control devices are used for the same emission stream, then you must measure emissions at the outlet of each device. For example, if one add-on control device is a concentrator with an outlet for the high-volume, dilute stream that has been treated by the concentrator, and a second add-on control device is an oxidizer with an outlet for the low-volume, concentrated stream that is treated with the oxidizer, you must measure emissions at the outlet of the oxidizer and the high volume dilute stream outlet of the concentrator.

(d) For each test run, determine the total gaseous organic emissions mass flow rates for the inlet and the outlet of the add-on control device, using Equation 1 of this section. If there is more than one inlet or outlet to the add-on control device, you must calculate the total gaseous organic mass flow rate using Equation 1 of this section for each inlet and each outlet and then total all of the inlet emissions and total all of the outlet emissions.

$$M_f = Q_{sd} C_c (12)(0.0416)(10^{-6}) \quad (\text{Eq. 1})$$

Where:

M_f	=	Total gaseous organic emissions mass flow rate, kg per hour (kg/h).
C_c	=	Concentration of organic compounds as carbon in the vent gas, as determined by Method 25 or Method 25A, ppmv, dry basis.
Q_{sd}	=	Volumetric flow rate of gases entering or exiting the add-on control device, as determined by Method 2, 2A, 2C, 2D, 2F, or 2G, dry standard cubic meters per hour (dscm/h).
0.0416	=	Conversion factor for molar volume, kg-moles per cubic meter (mol/m^3) (@ 293 Kelvin (K) and 760 millimeters of mercury

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(mmHg)).

(e) For each test run, determine the add-on control device organic emissions destruction or removal efficiency using Equation 2 of this section:

$$DRE = \frac{M_{fi} - M_{fo}}{M_{fi}} (100) \quad (\text{Eq.2})$$

Where:

- DRE = Organic emissions destruction or removal efficiency of the add-on control device, percent.
- M_{fi} = Total gaseous organic emissions mass flow rate at the inlet(s) to the add-on control device, using Equation 1 of this section, kg/h.
- M_{fo} = Total gaseous organic emissions mass flow rate at the outlet(s) of the add-on control device, using Equation 1 of this section, kg/h.

(f) Determine the emission destruction or removal efficiency of the add-on control device as the average of the efficiencies determined in the three test runs and calculated in Equation 2 of this section.

w. §63.3167 How do I establish the add-on control device operating limits during the performance test?

During the performance test required by §63.3160 and described in §§63.3164 and 63.3166, you must establish the operating limits required by §63.3093 according to this section, unless you have received approval for alternative monitoring and operating limits under §63.8(f) as specified in §63.3093.

(a) Thermal oxidizers. If your add-on control device is a thermal oxidizer, establish the operating limit according to paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) During the performance test, you must monitor and record the combustion temperature at least once every 15 minutes during each of the three test runs. You must monitor the temperature in the firebox of the thermal oxidizer or immediately downstream of the firebox before any substantial heat exchange occurs.

(2) Use all valid data collected during the performance test to calculate and record the average combustion temperature maintained during the performance test. This average combustion temperature is the minimum operating limit for

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your thermal oxidizer.

(3) As an alternative, if the latest operating permit issued before [INSERT DATE 3 YEARS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] for the thermal oxidizer at your facility contains recordkeeping and reporting requirements for the combustion temperature that are consistent with the requirements for thermal oxidizers in 40 CFR 60.395(c), then you may set the minimum operating limit for the combustion temperature for each such thermal oxidizer at your affected source at 28 degrees Celsius (50 degrees Fahrenheit) below the average combustion temperature during the performance test of that thermal oxidizer. If you do not have an operating permit for the thermal oxidizer at your facility and the latest construction permit issued before [INSERT DATE 3 YEARS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] for the thermal oxidizer at your facility contains recordkeeping and reporting requirements for the combustion temperature that are consistent with the requirements for thermal oxidizers in 40 CFR 60.395(c), then you may set the minimum operating limit for the combustion temperature for each such thermal oxidizer at your affected source at 28 degrees Celsius (50 degrees Fahrenheit) below the average combustion temperature during the performance test of that thermal oxidizer. If you use this as the minimum operating limit for a thermal oxidizer, then you must keep the combustion temperature set point on that thermal oxidizer no lower than 14 degrees Celsius (25 degrees Fahrenheit) below the lower of that set point during the performance test for that thermal oxidizer and the average combustion temperature maintained during the performance test for that thermal oxidizer.

(b) Catalytic oxidizers. If your add-on control device is a catalytic oxidizer, establish the operating limits according to either paragraphs (b)(1) through (3) or paragraphs (b)(4) through (6) of this section.

(1) During the performance test, you must monitor and record the temperature just before the catalyst bed and the temperature difference across the catalyst bed at least once every 15 minutes during each of the three test runs.

(2) Use all valid data collected during the performance test to calculate and record the average temperature just before the catalyst bed and the average temperature difference across the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test. The minimum operating limits for your catalytic oxidizer are the average temperature just before the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test of that catalytic oxidizer and 80 percent of the average temperature difference across the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test of that catalytic oxidizer, except during periods of low production the latter minimum operating limit is to maintain a positive temperature gradient across the catalyst bed. A low production period is when production is less than 80 percent of production rate during the performance test of that catalytic oxidizer.

(3) As an alternative, if the latest operating permit issued before [INSERT DATE 3 YEARS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] for the catalytic oxidizer at your facility contains recordkeeping and

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reporting requirements for the temperature before the catalyst bed that are consistent with the requirements for catalytic oxidizers in 40 CFR 60.395(c), then you may set the minimum operating limits for each such catalytic oxidizer at your affected source at 28 degrees Celsius (50 degrees Fahrenheit) below the average temperature just before the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer and 80 percent of the average temperature difference across the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer, except during periods of low production the latter minimum operating limit is to maintain a positive temperature gradient across the catalyst bed. If you do not have an operating permit for the catalytic oxidizer at your facility and the latest construction permit issued before [INSERT DATE 3 YEARS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] for the catalytic oxidizer at your facility contains recordkeeping and reporting requirements for the temperature before the catalyst bed that are consistent with the requirements for catalytic oxidizers in 40 CFR 60.395(C), then you may set the minimum operating limits for each such catalytic oxidizer at your affected source at 28 degrees Celsius (50 degrees Fahrenheit) below the average temperature just before the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer and 80 percent of the average temperature difference across the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer, except during periods of low production the latter minimum operating limit is to maintain a positive temperature gradient across the catalyst bed. A low production period is when production is less than 80 percent of production rate during the performance test. If you use 28 degrees Celsius (50 degrees Fahrenheit) below the average temperature just before the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test as the minimum operating limits for a catalytic oxidizer, then you must keep the set point for the temperature just before the catalyst bed on that catalytic oxidizer no lower than 14 degrees Celsius (25 degrees Fahrenheit) below the lower of that set point during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer and the average temperature just before the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer.

(4) As an alternative to monitoring the temperature difference across the catalyst bed, you may monitor the temperature at the inlet to the catalyst bed and implement a site-specific inspection and maintenance plan for your catalytic oxidizer as specified in paragraph (b)(6) of this section. During the performance test, you must monitor and record the temperature just before the catalyst bed at least once every 15 minutes during each of the three test runs. Use all valid data collected during the performance test to calculate and record the average temperature just before the catalyst bed during the performance test. This is the

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minimum operating limit for your catalytic oxidizer.

(5) If the latest operating permit issued before [INSERT DATE 3 YEARS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] for the catalytic oxidizer at your facility contains recordkeeping and reporting requirements for the temperature before the catalyst bed that are consistent with the requirements for catalytic oxidizers in 40 CFR 60.395(c), then you may set the minimum operating limit for each such catalytic oxidizer at your affected source at 28 degrees Celsius (50 degrees Fahrenheit) below the average temperature just before the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer. If you do not have an operating permit for the catalytic oxidizer at your facility and the latest construction permit issued before [INSERT DATE 3 YEARS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] for the catalytic oxidizer at your facility contains recordkeeping and reporting requirements for the temperature before the catalyst bed that are consistent with the requirements for catalytic oxidizers in 40 CFR 60.395(c), then you may set the minimum operating limit for each such catalytic oxidizer at your affected source at 28 degrees Celsius (50 degrees Fahrenheit) below the average temperature just before the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer. If you use this as the minimum operating limit for a catalytic oxidizer, then you must keep the set point for the temperature just before the catalyst bed on that catalytic oxidizer no lower than 14 degrees Celsius (25 degrees Fahrenheit) below the lower of that set point during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer and the average temperature just before the catalyst bed maintained during the performance test for that catalytic oxidizer.

(6) You must develop and implement an inspection and maintenance plan for your catalytic oxidizer(s) for which you elect to monitor according to paragraph (b)(4) or (5) of this section. The plan must address, at a minimum, the elements specified in paragraphs (b)(6)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) Annual sampling and analysis of the catalyst activity (i.e., conversion efficiency) following the oxidizer manufacturer's or catalyst supplier's recommended procedures.

(ii) Monthly inspection of the oxidizer system, including the burner assembly and fuel supply lines for problems and, as necessary, adjustment of the equipment to assure proper air-to-fuel mixtures.

(iii) Annual internal and monthly external visual inspection of the catalyst bed to check for channeling, abrasion, and settling. If problems are found, you must replace the catalyst bed and conduct a new performance test to determine destruction efficiency according to §63.3166.

(c) Regenerative carbon adsorbers. If your add-on control device is a regenerative carbon adsorber, establish the operating limits according to paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) You must monitor and record the total regeneration desorbing gas (e.g., steam or nitrogen) mass flow for each regeneration cycle and the carbon bed temperature after each carbon bed regeneration and cooling cycle for the

regeneration cycle either immediately preceding or immediately following the performance test.

(2) The operating limits for your carbon adsorber are the minimum total desorbing gas mass flow recorded during the regeneration cycle and the maximum carbon bed temperature recorded after the cooling cycle.

(d) Condensers. If your add-on control device is a condenser, establish the operating limits according to paragraphs (d)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) During the performance test, you must monitor and record the condenser outlet (product side) gas temperature at least once every 15 minutes during each of the three test runs.

(2) Use all valid data collected during the performance test to calculate and record the average condenser outlet (product side) gas temperature maintained during the performance test. This average condenser outlet gas temperature is the maximum operating limit for your condenser.

(e) Concentrators. If your add-on control device includes a concentrator, you must establish operating limits for the concentrator according to paragraphs (e)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) During the performance test, you must monitor and record the desorption gas inlet temperature at least once every 15 minutes during each of the three runs of the performance test.

(2) Use all valid data collected during the performance test to calculate and record the average desorption gas inlet temperature. The minimum operating limit for the concentrator is 8 degrees Celsius (15 degrees Fahrenheit) below the average desorption gas inlet temperature maintained during the performance test for that concentrator. You must keep the set point for the desorption gas inlet temperature no lower than 6 degrees Celsius (10 degrees Fahrenheit) below the lower of that set point during the performance test for that concentrator and the average desorption gas inlet temperature maintained during the performance test for that concentrator.

(f) Emission capture systems. For each capture device that is not part of a PTE that meets the criteria of §63.3165(a) and that is not capturing emissions from a downdraft spray booth or from a flash-off area or bake oven associated with a downdraft spray booth, establish an operating limit for either the gas volumetric flow rate or duct static pressure, as specified in paragraphs (f)(1) and (2) of this section. The operating limit for a PTE is specified in Table 1 to this subpart.

(1) During the capture efficiency determination required by §63.3160 and described in §§63.3164 and 63.3165, you must monitor and record either the gas volumetric flow rate or the duct static pressure for each separate capture device in your emission capture system at least once every 15 minutes during each of the three test runs at a point in the duct between the capture device and

the add-on control device inlet.

(2) Calculate and record the average gas volumetric flow rate or duct static pressure for the three test runs for each capture device, using all valid data. This average gas volumetric flow rate or duct static pressure is the minimum operating limit for that specific capture device.

x. §63.3168 What are the requirements for continuous parameter monitoring system installation, operation, and maintenance?

(a) General. You must install, operate, and maintain each CPMS specified in paragraphs (c), (e), (f), and (g) of this section according to paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) of this section. You must install, operate, and maintain each CPMS specified in paragraphs (b) and (d) of this section according to paragraphs (a)(3) through (5) of this section.

(1) The CPMS must complete a minimum of one cycle of operation for each successive 15-minute period. You must have a minimum of four equally spaced successive cycles of CPMS operation in 1 hour.

(2) You must determine the average of all recorded readings for each successive 3-hour period of the emission capture system and add-on control device operation.

(3) You must record the results of each inspection, calibration, and validation check of the CPMS.

(4) You must maintain the CPMS at all times and have available necessary parts for routine repairs of the monitoring equipment.

(5) You must operate the CPMS and collect emission capture system and add-on control device parameter data at all times that a controlled coating operation is operating, except during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, if applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments).

(6) You must not use emission capture system or add-on control device parameter data recorded during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, out-of-control periods, or required quality assurance or control activities when calculating data averages. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in calculating the data averages for determining compliance with the emission capture system and add-on control device operating limits.

(7) A monitoring malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the CPMS to provide valid data. Monitoring failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions. Any period for which the monitoring system is out of control and data are not available for required calculations is a deviation from the monitoring requirements.

(b) Capture system bypass line. You must meet the requirements of paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section for each emission capture system that contains bypass lines that could divert emissions away from the add-on control device to the atmosphere.

(1) You must monitor or secure the valve or closure mechanism controlling the

bypass line in a nondiverting position in such a way that the valve or closure mechanism cannot be opened without creating a record that the valve was opened. The method used to monitor or secure the valve or closure mechanism must meet one of the requirements specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) through (iv) of this section.

(i) Flow control position indicator. Install, calibrate, maintain, and operate according to the manufacturer's specifications a flow control position indicator that takes a reading at least once every 15 minutes and provides a record indicating whether the emissions are directed to the add-on control device or diverted from the add-on control device. The time of occurrence and flow control position must be recorded, as well as every time the flow direction is changed. The flow control position indicator must be installed at the entrance to any bypass line that could divert the emissions away from the add-on control device to the atmosphere.

(ii) Car-seal or lock-and-key valve closures. Secure any bypass line valve in the closed position with a car-seal or a lock-and-key type configuration. You must visually inspect the seal or closure mechanism at least once every month to ensure that the valve is maintained in the closed position, and the emissions are not diverted away from the add-on control device to the atmosphere.

(iii) Valve closure monitoring. Ensure that any bypass line valve is in the closed (nondiverting) position through monitoring of valve position at least once every 15 minutes. You must inspect the monitoring system at least once every month to verify that the monitor will indicate valve position.

(iv) Automatic shutdown system. Use an automatic shutdown system in which the coating operation is stopped when flow is diverted by the bypass line away from the add-on control device to the atmosphere when the coating operation is running. You must inspect the automatic shutdown system at least once every month to verify that it will detect diversions of flow and shut down the coating operation.

(2) If any bypass line is opened, you must include a description of why the bypass line was opened and the length of time it remained open in the semiannual compliance reports required in §63.3120.

(c) Thermal oxidizers and catalytic oxidizers. If you are using a thermal oxidizer or catalytic oxidizer as an add-on control device (including those used to treat desorbed concentrate streams from concentrators or carbon adsorbers), you must comply with the requirements in paragraphs (c)(1) through (3) of this section:

(1) For a thermal oxidizer, install a gas temperature monitor in the firebox of the thermal oxidizer or in the duct immediately downstream of the firebox before any substantial heat exchange occurs.

(2) For a catalytic oxidizer, install a gas temperature monitor upstream of the catalyst bed. If you establish the operating parameters for a catalytic oxidizer under §63.3167(b)(1) through (3), you must also install a gas temperature monitor downstream of the catalyst bed. The temperature monitors must be in the gas stream immediately before and after the catalyst bed to measure the

- temperature difference across the bed. If you establish the operating parameters for a catalytic oxidizer under §63.3167(b)(4) through (6), you need not install a gas temperature monitor downstream of the catalyst bed.
- (3) For all thermal oxidizers and catalytic oxidizers, you must meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) and (c)(3)(i) through (vii) of this section for each gas temperature monitoring device.
- (i) Locate the temperature sensor in a position that provides a representative temperature.
- (ii) Use a temperature sensor with a measurement sensitivity of 4 degrees Fahrenheit or 0.75 percent of the temperature value, whichever is larger.
- (iii) Shield the temperature sensor system from electromagnetic interference and chemical contaminants.
- (iv) If a gas temperature chart recorder is used, it must have a measurement sensitivity in the minor division of at least 20 degrees Fahrenheit.
- (v) Perform an electronic calibration at least semiannually according to the procedures in the manufacturer's owners manual. Following the electronic calibration, you must conduct a temperature sensor validation check in which a second or redundant temperature sensor placed nearby the process temperature sensor must yield a reading within 30 degrees Fahrenheit of the process temperature sensor reading.
- (vi) Conduct calibration and validation checks any time the sensor exceeds the manufacturer's specified maximum operating temperature range or install a new temperature sensor.
- (vii) At least monthly, inspect components for integrity and electrical connections for continuity, oxidation, and galvanic corrosion.
- (d) Regenerative carbon adsorbers. If you are using a regenerative carbon adsorber as an add-on control device, you must monitor the total regeneration desorbing gas (e.g., steam or nitrogen) mass flow for each regeneration cycle, the carbon bed temperature after each regeneration and cooling cycle, and comply with paragraphs (a)(3) through (5) and (d)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) The regeneration desorbing gas mass flow monitor must be an integrating device having a measurement sensitivity of plus or minus 10 percent, capable of recording the total regeneration desorbing gas mass flow for each regeneration cycle.
- (2) The carbon bed temperature monitor must have a measurement sensitivity of 1 percent of the temperature (as expressed in degrees Fahrenheit) recorded or 1 degree Fahrenheit, whichever is greater, and must be capable of recording the temperature within 15 minutes of completing any carbon bed cooling cycle.
- (e) Condensers. If you are using a condenser, you must monitor the condenser outlet (product side) gas temperature and comply with paragraphs (a)(1) through

(6) and (e)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) The gas temperature monitor must have a measurement sensitivity of 1 percent of the temperature (expressed in degrees Fahrenheit) recorded or 1 degree Fahrenheit, whichever is greater.

(2) The temperature monitor must provide a gas temperature record at least once every 15 minutes.

(f) Concentrators. If you are using a concentrator, such as a zeolite wheel or rotary carbon bed concentrator, you must install a temperature monitor in the desorption gas stream. The temperature monitor must meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) and (c)(3) of this section.

(g) Emission capture systems. The capture system monitoring system must comply with the applicable requirements in paragraphs (g)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) For each flow measurement device, you must meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) and (g)(1)(i) through (iv) of this section.

(i) Locate a flow sensor in a position that provides a representative flow measurement in the duct from each capture device in the emission capture system to the add-on control device.

(ii) Reduce swirling flow or abnormal velocity distributions due to upstream and downstream disturbances.

(iii) Conduct a flow sensor calibration check at least semiannually.

(iv) At least monthly, inspect components for integrity, electrical connections for continuity, and mechanical connections for leakage.

(2) For each pressure drop measurement device, you must comply with the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) and (g)(2)(i) through (vi) of this section.

(i) Locate the pressure tap(s) in a position that provides a representative measurement of the pressure drop across each opening you are monitoring.

(ii) Minimize or eliminate pulsating pressure, vibration, and internal and external corrosion.

(iii) Check pressure tap pluggage daily.

(iv) Using an inclined manometer with a measurement sensitivity of 0.0002 inch water, check gauge calibration quarterly and transducer calibration monthly.

(v) Conduct calibration checks any time the sensor exceeds the manufacturer's specified maximum operating pressure range or install a new pressure sensor.

(vi) At least monthly, inspect components for integrity, electrical connections for continuity, and mechanical connections for leakage.

Compliance Requirements for the Combined Primer-Surfacer, Topcoat, Final Repair, Glass Bonding Primer, and Glass Bonding Adhesive Emission Limitations and the Separate Electrodeposition Primer Emission Limitations

y. §63.3170 By what date must I conduct performance tests and other initial compliance demonstrations?

(a) New and reconstructed affected sources. For a new or reconstructed

affected source, you must meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of §63.3160.

(b) Existing affected sources. For an existing affected source, you must meet the requirements of paragraphs (b)(1) through (3) of §63.3160.

z. §63.3171 How do I demonstrate initial compliance?

(a) You must meet all of the requirements of this section to demonstrate initial compliance. To demonstrate initial compliance, the organic HAP emissions from the combined primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) must meet the applicable emission limitation in §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b); and the organic HAP emissions from the electrodeposition primer operation must meet the applicable emissions limitations in §63.3092(a) or (b).

(b) Compliance with operating limits. Except as provided in §63.3160(a)(4), you must establish and demonstrate continuous compliance during the initial compliance period with the operating limits required by §63.3093, using the procedures specified in §§63.3167 and 63.3168.

(c) Compliance with work practice requirements. You must develop, implement, and document your implementation of the work practice plans required by §63.3094(b) and (c) during the initial compliance period, as specified in §63.3130.

(d) Compliance with emission limits. You must follow the procedures in §63.3161(e) through (n), excluding materials used in electrodeposition primer operations, to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b). You must follow the procedures in paragraph (e) of this section to demonstrate compliance with the emission limit in §63.3092(a), or paragraphs (f) through (g) of this section to demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations in §63.3092(b).

(e) Determine the mass fraction of each organic HAP in each material used in the electrodeposition primer operation. You must determine the mass fraction of each organic HAP for each material used in the electrodeposition primer operation during the compliance period by using one of the options in paragraphs (e)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) Method 311 (appendix A to 40 CFR part 63). You may use Method 311 for determining the mass fraction of each organic HAP.

(2) Alternative method. You may use an alternative test method for determining the mass fraction of organic HAP once the Administrator has approved it. You must follow the procedure in §63.7(f) to submit an alternative test method for approval.

(3) Information from the supplier or manufacturer of the material. You may rely on information other than that generated by the test methods specified in paragraphs (e)(1) and (2) of this section, such as manufacturer's formulation

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data, if it represents each organic HAP that is present at 0.1 percent by mass or more for OSHA-defined carcinogens, as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4), and at 1.0 percent by mass or more for other compounds. If there is a disagreement between such information and results of a test conducted according to paragraph (e)(1) or (2) of this section, then the test method results will take precedence unless after consultation, the facility demonstrates to the satisfaction of the enforcement authority that the facility's data are correct.

(f) Capture of electrodeposition bake oven emissions. You must show that the electrodeposition bake oven meets the criteria in sections 5.3 through 5.5 of Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 and directs all of the exhaust gases from the bake oven to an add-on control device.

(g) Control of electrodeposition bake oven emissions. Determine the efficiency of each control device on each electrodeposition bake oven using the procedures in §§63.3164 and 63.3166.

(h) Compliance demonstration. To demonstrate initial compliance, the organic HAP emissions from the combined primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) must meet the applicable emission limitation in §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b); the organic HAP emissions from the electrodeposition primer operation must meet the applicable emissions limitations in §63.3092(a) or (b). You must keep all records as required by §§63.3130 and 63.3131. As part of the Notification of Compliance Status required by §63.3110, you must submit a statement that the coating operation(s) was (were) in compliance with the emission limitations during the initial compliance period because the organic HAP emission rate from the combined primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations plus all coatings and thinners, except for deadener materials and for adhesive and sealer materials that are not components of glass bonding systems, used in coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c) was less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b), and the organic HAP emissions from the electrodeposition primer operation met the applicable emissions limitations in §63.3092(a) or (b), and you achieved the operating limits required by §63.3093 and the work practice standards required by §63.3094.

aa. §63.3172 [Reserved]

bb. §63.3173 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission

limitations?

(a) To demonstrate continuous compliance with the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b), the organic HAP emission rate for each compliance period determined according to the procedures in §63.3171 must be equal to or less than the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b). A compliance period consists of 1 month. Each month after the end of the initial compliance period described in §63.3170 is a compliance period consisting of that month. You must perform the calculations in §63.3171 on a monthly basis.

(b) If the organic HAP emission rate for any 1 month compliance period exceeded the applicable emission limit in §63.3090(b) or §63.3091(b), this is a deviation from the emission limitation for that compliance period and must be reported as specified in §§63.3110(c)(6) and 63.3120(a)(6).

(c) You must meet the requirements of §63.3163(c) through (j).

Other Requirements and Information

cc. §63.3175 Who implements and enforces this subpart?

(a) This subpart can be implemented and enforced by us, EPA, or a delegated authority such as your State, local, or tribal agency. If the Administrator has delegated authority to your State, local, or tribal agency, then that agency (as well as EPA) has the authority to implement and enforce this subpart. You should contact your EPA Regional Office to find out if implementation and enforcement of this subpart is delegated to your State, local, or tribal agency.

(b) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority of this subpart to a State, local, or tribal agency under subpart E of this part, the authorities contained in paragraph (c) of this section are retained by the EPA Administrator and are not transferred to the State, local, or tribal agency.

(c) The authorities that will not be delegated to State, local, or tribal agencies are listed in paragraphs (c)(1) through (4) of this section:

(1) Approval of alternatives to the work practice standards in §63.3094 under §63.6(g).

(2) Approval of major alternatives to test methods under §63.7(e)(2)(ii) and (f) and as defined in §63.90.

(3) Approval of major alternatives to monitoring under §63.8(f) and as defined in §63.90.

(4) Approval of major alternatives to recordkeeping and reporting under §63.10(f) and as defined in §63.90.

dd. §63.3176 What definitions apply to this subpart?

Terms used in this subpart are defined in the CAA, in the General Provisions of this part, and in this section as follows:

Add-on control device means an air pollution control device, such as a thermal oxidizer or carbon adsorber, that reduces pollution in an air stream by destruction or removal before discharge to the atmosphere.

Add-on control device efficiency means the ratio of the emissions collected or

destroyed by an add-on air pollution control device to the total emissions that are introduced into the control device, expressed as a percentage.

Adhesive means any chemical substance that is applied for the purpose of bonding two surfaces together.

Adhesive and sealer material means adhesives, sealers and thinners added to adhesives or sealers.

Anti-chip coating means a specialty type of coating designed to reduce stone chipping damage. It is applied on Noneed vehicle surfaces that are exposed to impingement by stones and other road debris. It is typically applied after the electrodeposition primer and before the topcoat. Anti-chip coatings are a type of primer-surfacer.

Automobile means a motor vehicle designed to carry up to eight passengers, excluding vans, sport utility vehicles, and motor vehicles designed primarily to transport light loads of property. See also Light-duty truck.

Automobile and/or light-duty truck assembly plant means facilities involved primarily in assembly of automobiles and light-duty trucks, including coating facilities and processes.

Bake oven air seal means an entry or entry vestibule to or an exit or exit vestibule from a bake oven which isolates the bake oven from the area immediately preceding (for an entry or entry vestibule) or immediately following (for an exit or exit vestibule) the bake oven. No significant VOC generating activity takes place in a bake oven air seal. Fresh air is supplied into a bake oven air seal and is then directed in part into the bake oven and in part into the area immediately preceding or immediately following the bake oven.

Basecoat/clearcoat means a topcoat system applied to exterior and Noneed interior vehicle surfaces primarily to provide an aesthetically pleasing appearance and acceptable durability performance. It consists of a layer of pigmented basecoat color coating, followed directly by a layer of a clear or semitransparent coating. It may include multiple layers of color coats or tinted clear materials.

Blackout coating means a type of specialty coating applied on Noneed vehicle surfaces (including areas of the engine compartment visible through the grill, and window and pillar trim) to provide a cosmetic appearance. Typically black or dark gray color. Blackout coating may be included in either the primer-surfacer or topcoat operations.

Body part means exterior parts such as hoods, fenders, doors, roof, quarter panels, decklids, tail gates, and cargo beds. Body parts were traditionally made of sheet metal, but now are also made of plastic. Bumpers, fascia, and cladding are not body parts.

Capture device means a hood, enclosure, room, floor sweep, or other means of containing or collecting emissions and directing those emissions into an add-on air pollution control device.

Capture efficiency or capture system efficiency means the portion (expressed as a percentage) of the pollutants from an emission source that is delivered to an add-on control device.

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Capture system means one or more capture devices intended to collect emissions generated by a coating operation in the use of coatings, both at the point of application and at subsequent points where emissions from the coatings occur, such as flash-off, drying, or curing. As used in this subpart, multiple capture devices that collect emissions generated by a coating operation are considered a single capture system.

Catalytic oxidizer means a device for oxidizing pollutants or waste materials via flame and heat incorporating a catalyst to aid the combustion at lower operating temperature.

Cleaning material means a solvent used to remove contaminants and other materials such as dirt, grease, oil, and dried (e.g., depainting) or wet coating from a substrate before or after coating application; or from equipment associated with a coating operation, such as spray booths, spray guns, tanks, and hangers. Thus, it includes any cleaning material used on substrates or equipment or both.

Coating means a material applied to a substrate for decorative, protective, or functional purposes. Such materials include, but are not limited to, paints, sealants, caulks, inks, adhesives, primers, deadeners, and maskants. Decorative, protective, or functional materials that consist only of protective oils for metal, acids, bases, or any combination of these substances are not considered coatings for the purposes of this subpart.

Coating operation means equipment used to apply coating to a substrate (coating application) and to dry or cure the coating after application. A single coating operation always includes at least the point at which a coating is applied and all subsequent points in the affected source where organic HAP emissions from that coating occur. There may be multiple coating operations in an affected source. Coating application with hand-held nonrefillable aerosol containers, touchup bottles, touchup markers, marking pens, or pinstriping equipment is not a coating operation for the purposes of this subpart. The application of temporary materials such as protective oils and "travel waxes" that are designed to be removed from the vehicle before it is delivered to a retail purchaser is not a coating operation for the purposes of this subpart.

Coating solids means the nonvolatile portion of the coating.

Container means a receptacle, such as a can, vessel, tote, or tank, in which coatings, solvents or cleaning materials are held, stored, mixed, or carried.

Continuous parameter monitoring system (CPMS) means the total equipment that may be required to meet the data acquisition and availability requirements of this subpart; used to sample, condition (if applicable), analyze, and provide a record of coating operation, or capture system, or add-on control device parameters.

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Controlled coating operation means a coating operation from which some or all of the organic HAP emissions are routed through an emission capture system and add-on control device.

Day tank means tank with agitation and pumping system used for mixing and continuous circulation of coatings from the paint storage area to the spray booth area of the paint shop.

Deadener means a specialty coating applied to Noneed vehicle surfaces for the purpose of reducing the sound of road noise in the passenger compartment.

Deadener material means deadener and thinner added to deadener.

Deposited solids means the coating solids which remain on the substrate or object being painted.

Deviation means any instance in which an affected source subject to this subpart, or an owner or operator of such a source:

- (1) Fails to meet any requirement or obligation established by this subpart including, but not limited to, any emission limit, operating limit, or work practice standard; or
- (2) Fails to meet any term or condition that is adopted to implement an applicable requirement in this subpart and that is included in the operating permit for any affected source required to obtain such a permit; or
- (3) Fails to meet any emission limit or operating limit or work practice standard in this subpart during startup, shutdown, or malfunction, regardless of whether or not such failure is permitted by this subpart.

A deviation is not always a violation.

Electrodeposition primer or electrocoating primer means a process of applying a protective, corrosion-resistant waterborne primer on exterior and interior surfaces that provides thorough coverage of recessed areas. It is a dip coating method that uses an electrical field to apply or deposit the conductive coating onto the part. The object being painted acts as an electrode that is oppositely charged from the particles of paint in the dip tank. Also referred to as E-Coat, Uni-Prime, and ELPO Primer.

Emission limitation means an emission limit, operating limit, or work practice standard.

Final repair means the operations performed and coating(s) applied to completely-assembled motor vehicles or to parts that are not yet on a completely assembled motor vehicle to correct damage or imperfections in the coating. The curing of the coatings applied in these operations is accomplished at a lower temperature than that used for curing primer-surfacer and topcoat. This lower temperature cure avoids the need to send parts that are not yet on a completely assembled vehicle through the same type of curing process used for primer-surfacer and topcoat and is necessary to protect heat sensitive components on completely assembled motor vehicles.

Flash-off area means the portion of a coating process between the coating application station and the next coating application station or drying oven where solvent begins to evaporate from the coated vehicle.

Glass bonding adhesive means an adhesive used to bond windshield or other

glass to an automobile or light-duty truck body.

Glass bonding primer means a primer applied to windshield or other glass, or to body openings to prepare the glass or body openings for the application of glass bonding adhesive, or the installation of adhesive bonded glass.

Guide coat means Primer-surfacer.

In-line repair means the operation performed and coating(s) applied to correct damage or imperfections in the topcoat on parts that are not yet on a completely assembled motor vehicle. The curing of the coatings applied in these operations is accomplished at essentially the same temperature as that used for curing the previously applied topcoat. Also referred to as high bake repair or high bake reprocess. In-line repair is considered part of topcoat.

Light-duty truck means vans, sport utility vehicles, and motor vehicles designed primarily to transport light loads of property with gross vehicle weight rating of 8,500 lbs or less.

Manufacturer's formulation data means data on a material (such as a coating) that are supplied by the material manufacturer based on knowledge of the ingredients used to manufacture that material, rather than based on testing of the material with the test methods specified in §§63.3151 and 63.3161.

Manufacturer's formulation data may include, but are not limited to, information on density, organic HAP content, volatile organic matter content, and coating solids content.

Mass fraction of organic HAP means the ratio of the mass of organic HAP to the mass of a material in which it is contained, expressed as kg of organic HAP per kg of material.

Month means a calendar month or a pre-specified period of 28 days to 35 days to allow for flexibility in recordkeeping when data are based on a business accounting period.

Organic HAP content means the mass of organic HAP per mass of coating material.

Paint line means a set of coating operations which includes a topcoat operation and, if present, includes electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, final repair, glass bonding primer and glass bonding adhesive operations in which the same new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies, or body parts for new automobiles, or new light-duty trucks are coated. The most typical paint line consists of a set of electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, and glass bonding adhesive operations in which the same new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies are coated.

Paint shop means the collection of all areas at the facility in which new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies, or body parts for new automobiles or new light-duty trucks are phosphated and coated (including application, flash-off, drying and curing of electrodeposition primer, primer-surfacer, topcoat, final repair, glass bonding primer, glass bonding adhesive, deadener, adhesives and sealers); all coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c); all areas at the facility in which substrates or equipment are cleaned relating to the coating of new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies,

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the coating of body parts for new automobiles or new light-duty trucks, or coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c); and all areas at the facility used for storage, mixing, conveying and waste handling of coatings, thinners and cleaning materials related to the coating of new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies, the coating of body parts for new automobiles or new light-duty trucks, or coating operations added to the affected source pursuant to §63.3082(c). If there is no application of topcoat to new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies, or body parts for new automobiles or new light-duty trucks at the facility, then for purposes of this subpart the facility does not have a paint shop.

Permanent total enclosure (PTE) means a permanently installed enclosure that meets the criteria of Method 204 of appendix M, 40 CFR part 51, for a PTE and that directs all the exhaust gases from the enclosure to an add-on control device.

Primer-surfacer means an intermediate protective coating applied on the electrodeposition primer and under the topcoat. It provides adhesion, protection, and appearance properties to the total finish. Also called a guide coat or surfacer. Anti-chip coatings are a type of primer-surfacer.

Purge/clean operation means the process of flushing paint out and cleaning the spray lines when changing colors or to remove undesired material. It includes use of air and solvents to clean the lines.

Purge capture means the capture of purge solvent and materials into a closed collection system immediately after purging the system. It is used to prevent the release of organic HAP emissions and includes the disposal of the captured purge material.

Purge material means the coating and associated cleaning solvent materials expelled from the spray system during the process of cleaning the spray lines and applicators when color-changing or to maintain the cleanliness of the spray system.

Protective oil means an organic material that is applied to metal for the purpose of providing lubrication or protection from corrosion without forming a solid film. This definition of protective oil includes, but is not limited to, lubricating oils, evaporative oils (including those that evaporate completely), and extrusion oils.

Research or laboratory operations means surface coating for which the primary purpose is research and development of new processes and products, that is conducted under the close supervision of technically trained personnel, and that is not part of the manufacture of final or intermediate products for commercial purposes, except in a de minimis manner.

Responsible official means responsible official as defined in 40 CFR 70.2.

Sealer means a high solids, high viscosity material, generally, but not always,

applied in the paint shop after the body has received an electrodeposition primer coating. The primary purpose of sealers is to fill body joints completely so that there is no intrusion of water, gases or corrosive materials into the passenger area of the body compartment. Also referred to as sealants.

Spray booth means a ventilated structure housing automatic and/or manual spray application equipment for coating operations. Includes facilities for the capture and entrapment of particulate overspray.

Spray booth air seal means an entry vestibule to or exit vestibule from a spray booth which isolates the spray booth from the area immediately preceding (for an entry vestibule) or immediately following (for an exit vestibule) the spray booth. No coating application or other VOC generating activity takes place in a spray booth air seal. Fresh air is supplied into a spray booth air seal and is then directed in part into the spray booth and in part into the area immediately preceding or immediately following the spray booth.

Startup, initial means the first time equipment is used in a facility to produce a salable product.

Surface preparation means use of a cleaning material on a portion of or all of a substrate. This includes use of a cleaning material to remove dried coating, which is sometimes called "depainting."

Surfacer means Primer-surfacer.

Tack-wipe means solvent impregnated cloth used to remove dust from surfaces prior to application of coatings.

Temporary total enclosure means an enclosure constructed for the purpose of measuring the capture efficiency of pollutants emitted from a given source as defined in Method 204 of appendix M, 40 CFR part 51.

Thermal oxidizer means a device for oxidizing air pollutants or waste materials via flame and heat.

Thinner means an organic solvent that is added to a coating after the coating is received from the supplier.

Topcoat means the final coating system applied to provide the final color and/or a protective finish. The topcoat may be a monocoat color or basecoat/clearcoat system. In-line repair and two-tone are part of topcoat.

Total volatile hydrocarbon (TVH) means the total amount of nonaqueous volatile organic matter determined according to Methods 204 and 204A through F of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 and substituting the term TVH each place in the methods where the term VOC is used. The TVH includes both VOC and non-VOC.

Touchup bottle means a glass or metal bottle of less than 0.10 liter volume furnished with a brush that is permanently attached to the bottle closure.

Transfer efficiency means the ratio of the amount of coating solids deposited onto the surface of the object to the total amount of coating solids sprayed while applying the coating to the object.

Uncontrolled coating operation means a coating operation from which none of the organic HAP emissions are routed through an emission capture system and add-on control device.

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Volatile organic compound (VOC) means any compound defined as VOC in 40 CFR 51.100(s).

Volume fraction of coating solids means the ratio of the volume of coating solids (also known as volume of nonvolatiles) to the volume of coating; liters of coating solids per liter of coating.

Tables to Subpart IIII of Part 63 Table 1 to Subpart IIII of Part 63. Operating Limits for Capture Systems and Add-On Control Devices

If you are required to comply with operating limits by §63.3093, you must comply with the applicable operating limits in the following table:

For the following device...	You must meet the following operating limit...	And you must demonstrate continuous compliance with the operating limit by
1. thermal oxidizer	a. the average combustion temperature in any 3-hour period must not fall below the combustion temperature limit established according to §63.3167(a).	i. collecting the combustion temperature data according to §63.3168(c); ii. reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and iii. maintaining the 3-hour average combustion temperature at or above the temperature limit.
2. catalytic oxidizer	a. the average temperature measured just before the catalyst bed in any 3-hour period must not fall below the limit established according to §63.3167(b); and either	i. collecting the temperature data according to §63.3168(c); ii. reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and iii. maintaining the 3-hour average temperature before the catalyst bed at or above the temperature limit.
	b. ensure that the average temperature difference across the catalyst bed in any 3-hour period does not fall below the temperature difference limit established according to §63.3167(b)(2); or	i. collecting the temperature data according to §63.3168(c); ii. reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and iii. maintaining the 3-hour average temperature difference at or above the temperature difference limit; or

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	<p>c. develop and implement an inspection and maintenance plan according to §63.3167(b)(4).</p>	<p>i. maintaining an up-to-date inspection and maintenance plan, records of annual catalyst activity checks, records of monthly inspections of the oxidizer system, and records of the annual internal inspections of the catalyst bed. If a problem is discovered during a monthly or annual inspection required by §63.3167(b)(4), you must take corrective action as soon as practicable consistent with the manufacturer's recommendations.</p>
<p>3. regenerative carbon adsorber</p>	<p>a. the total regeneration desorbing gas (e.g., steam or nitrogen) mass flow for each carbon bed regeneration cycle must not fall below the total regeneration desorbing gas mass flow limit established according to §63.3167(c).</p>	<p>i. measuring the total regeneration desorbing gas (e.g., steam or nitrogen) mass flow for each regeneration cycle according to §63.3168(d); and ii. maintaining the total regeneration desorbing gas mass flow at or above the mass flow limit.</p>

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	b. the temperature of the carbon bed after completing each regeneration and any cooling cycle must not exceed the carbon bed temperature limit established according to §63.3167(c).	i. measuring the temperature of the carbon bed after completing each regeneration and any cooling cycle according to §63.3168(d); and ii. operating the carbon beds such that each carbon bed is not returned to service until completing each regeneration and any cooling cycle until the recorded temperature of the carbon bed is at or below the temperature limit.
4. condenser	a. the average condenser outlet (product side) gas temperature in any 3-hour period must not exceed the temperature limit established according to §63.3167(d).	i. collecting the condenser outlet (product side) gas temperature according to §63.3168(e); ii. reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and iii. maintaining the 3-hour average gas temperature at the outlet at or below the temperature limit.
5. concen-trators, including zeolite wheels and rotary carbon adsorbers	a. the average desorption gas inlet temperature in any 3-hour period must not fall below the limit established according to §63.3167(e).	i. collecting the temperature data according to §63.3168(f); ii. reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and iii. maintaining the 3-hour average temperature at or above the temperature limit.

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6. emission capture system that is a PTE	<p>a. the direction of the air flow at all times must be into the enclosure; and either</p> <p>b. the average facial velocity of air through all natural draft openings in the enclosure must be at least 200 feet per minute; or</p> <p>c. the pressure drop across the enclosure must be at least 0.007 inch water, as established in Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51.</p>	<p>i. collecting the direction of air flow, and either the facial velocity of air through all natural draft openings according to §63.3168(g)(1) or the pressure drop across the enclosure according to §63.3168(g)(2); and</p> <p>ii. maintaining the facial velocity of air flow through all natural draft openings or the pressure drop at or above the facial velocity limit or pressure drop limit, and maintaining the direction of air flow into the enclosure at all times.</p>
7. emission capture system that is not a PTE	<p>a. the average gas volumetric flow rate or duct static pressure in each duct between a capture device and add-on control device inlet in any 3-hour period must not fall below the average volumetric flow rate or duct static pressure limit established for that capture device according to §63.3167(f).</p>	<p>i. collecting the gas volumetric flow rate or duct static pressure for each capture device according to §63.3168(g);</p> <p>ii. reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and</p> <p>iii. maintaining the 3-hour average gas volumetric flow rate or duct static pressure for each capture device at or above the gas volumetric flow rate or duct static pressure limit.</p>

Table 2 to Subpart IIII of Part 63. Applicability of General Provisions to Subpart IIII of Part 63

You must comply with the applicable General Provisions requirements according to the following table:

Citation	Subject	Applicable to subpart IIII	Explanation
§63.1(a)(1)-(12)	General Applicability	Yes	
§63.1(b)(1)-(3)	Initial Applicability Determination	Yes	Applicability to subpart IIII is also specified in §63.3081.

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§63.1(c)(1)	Applicability After Standard Established	Yes	
§63.1(c)(2)	Applicability of Permit Program for Area Sources	No	Area sources are not subject to subpart IIII.
§63.1(c)(5)	Extensions and Notifications	Yes	
§63.1(e)	Applicability of Permit Program Before Relevant Standard is Set	Yes	
§63.2	Definitions	Yes	Additional definitions are specified in §63.3176.
§63.3(a)-(c)	Units and Abbreviations	Yes	
§63.4(a)(1)-(5)	Prohibited Activities	Yes	
§63.4(b)-(c)	Circumvention/ Fragmentation	Yes	
§63.5(a)	Preconstruction Review Applicability	Yes	
§63.5(b)(1)-(6)	Requirements for Existing, Newly Constructed, and Reconstructed Sources	Yes	
§63.5(d)	Application for Approval of Construction/ Reconstruction	Yes	
§63.5(e)	Approval of Construction/ Reconstruction	Yes	

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§63.5(f)	Approval of Construction/ Reconstruction Based on Prior State Review	Yes	
§63.6(a)	Compliance With Standards and Maintenance Requirements -Applicability	Yes	
§63.6(b)(1)-(7)	Compliance Dates for New and Reconstructed Sources	Yes	Section 63.3083 specifies the compliance dates.
§63.6(c)(1)-(5)	Compliance Dates for Existing Sources	Yes	Section 63.3083 specifies the compliance dates.
§63.6(e)(1)-(2)	Operation and Maintenance	Yes	
§63.6(e)(3)	SSMP	Yes	Only sources using an add-on control device to comply with the standard must complete SSMP.
§63.6(f)(1)	Compliance Except During Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction	Yes	Applies only to sources using an add-on control device to comply with the standards.
§63.6(f)(2)-(3)	Methods for Determining Compliance	Yes	
§63.6(g)(1)-(3)	Use of an Alternative Standard	Yes	

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§63.6(h)	Compliance With Opacity/ Visible Emission Standards	No	Subpart IIII does not establish opacity standards and does not require continuous opacity monitoring systems (COMS).
§63.6(i)	Extension of Compliance	Yes	
§63.6(j)	Presidential Compliance Exemption	Yes	
§63.7(a)(1)	Performance Test Requirements - Applicability	Yes	Applies to all affected sources. Additional requirements for performance testing are specified in §§63.3164 and 63.3166.
§63.7(a)(2)	Performance Test Requirements - Dates	Yes	Applies only to performance tests for capture system and control device efficiency at sources using these to comply with the standards. Section 63.3160 specifies the schedule for performance test requirements that are earlier than those specified in §63.7(a)(2).
§63.7(a)(3)	Performance Tests Required By the Administrator	Yes	

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§63.7(b)-(e)	Performance Test Requirements - Notification, Quality Assurance, Facilities Necessary for Safe Testing Conditions During Test	Yes	Applies only to performance tests for capture system and add-on control device efficiency at sources using these to comply with the standards.
§63.7(f)	Performance Test Requirements - Use of Alternative Test Method	Yes	Applies to all test methods except those used to determine capture system efficiency.
§63.7(g)-(h)	Performance Test Requirements - Data Analysis, Recordkeeping, Reporting, Waiver of Test	Yes	Applies only to performance tests for capture system and add-on control device efficiency at sources using these to comply with the standards.
§63.8(a)(1)-(3)	Monitoring Requirements - Applicability	Yes	Applies only to monitoring of capture system and add-on control device efficiency at sources using these to comply with the standards. Additional requirements for monitoring are specified in §63.3168.
§63.8(a)(4)	Additional Monitoring Requirements	No	Subpart IIII does not have monitoring requirements for flares.
§63.8(b)	Conduct of Monitoring	Yes	

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§63.8(c)(1)-(3)	Continuous Monitoring Systems (CMS) Operation and Maintenance	Yes	Applies only to monitoring of capture system and add-on control device efficiency at sources using these to comply with the standards. Additional requirements for CMS operations and maintenance are specified in §63.3168.
§63.8(c)(4)	CMS	No	Section 63.3168 specifies the requirements for the operation of CMS for capture systems and add-on control devices at sources using these to comply with the standards.
§63.8(c)(5)	COMS	No	Subpart IIII does not have opacity or visible emission standards.
§63.8(c)(6)	CMS Requirements	No	Section 63.3168 specifies the requirements for monitoring systems for capture systems and add-on control devices at sources using these to comply with the standards.

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§63.8(c)(7)	CMS Out-of-Control Periods	No	
§63.8(c)(8)	CMS Out-of-Control Periods Reporting	No	Section 63.3120 requires reporting of CMS out-of-control periods.
§63.8(d)-(e)	Quality Control Program and CMS Performance Evaluation	No	Subpart IIII does not require the use of continuous emissions monitoring systems.
§63.8(f)(1)-(5)	Use of an Alternative Monitoring Method	Yes	
§63.8(f)(6)	Alternative to Relative Accuracy Test	No	Subpart IIII does not require the use of continuous emissions monitoring systems.
§63.8(g)(1)-(5)	Data Reduction	No	Sections 63.3167 and 63.3168 specify monitoring data reduction.
§63.9(a)-(d)	Notification Requirements	Yes	
§63.9(e)	Notification of Performance Test	Yes	Applies only to capture system and add-on control device performance tests at sources using these to comply with the standards.
§63.9(f)	Notification of Visible Emissions/ Opacity Test	No	Subpart IIII does not have opacity or visible emission standards.

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§63.9(g)(1)-(3)	Additional Notifications When Using CMS	No	Subpart IIII does not require the use of continuous emissions monitoring systems.
§63.9(h)	Notification of Compliance Status	Yes	Section 63.3110 specifies the dates for submitting the notification of compliance status.
§63.9(i)	Adjustment of Submittal Deadlines	Yes	
§63.9(j)	Change in Previous Information	Yes	
§63.10(a)	Recordkeeping/Reporting - Applicability and General Information	Yes	
§63.10(b)(1)	General Recordkeeping Requirements	Yes	Additional requirements are specified in §§63.3130 and 63.3131.
§63.10(b)(2)(i)-(v)	Recordkeeping Relevant to Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Periods and CMS	Yes	Requirements for startup, shutdown, and malfunction records only apply to capture systems and add-on control devices used to comply with the standards.
§63.10(b)(2)(vi)-(xi)		Yes	
§63.10(b)(2)(xii)	Records	Yes	

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§63.10(b)(2) (xiii)		No	Subpart IIII does not require the use of continuous emissions monitoring systems.
§63.10(b)(2) (xiv)		Yes	
§63.10(b)(3)	Recordkeeping Requirements for Applicability Determinations	Yes	
§63.10(c) (1)-(6)	Additional Recordkeeping Requirements for Sources with CMS	Yes	
§63.10(c) (7)-(8)		No	The same records are required in §63.3120(a)(6).
§63.10(c) (9)-(15)		Yes	
§63.10(d)(1)	General Reporting Requirements	Yes	Additional requirements are specified in §63.3120.
§63.10(d)(2)	Report of Performance Test Results	Yes	Additional requirements are specified in §63.3120(b).
§63.10(d)(3)	Reporting Opacity or Visible Emissions Observations	No	Subpart IIII does not require opacity or visible emissions observations.
§63.10(d)(4)	Progress Reports for Sources With Compliance Extensions	Yes	
§63.10(d)(5)	Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Reports	Yes	Applies only to capture systems and add-on control devices used to comply with the standards.

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§63.10(e) (1)-(2)	Additional CMS Reports	No	Subpart IIII does not require the use of continuous emissions monitoring systems.
§63.10(e)(3)	Excess Emissions/CMS Performance Reports	No	Section 63.3120(b) specifies the contents of periodic compliance reports.
§63.10(e)(4)	COMS Data Reports	No	Subpart IIII does not specify requirements for opacity or COMS.
§63.10(f)	Recordkeeping/ Reporting Waiver	Yes	
§63.11	Control Device Requirements/ Flares	No	Subpart IIII does not specify use of flares for compliance.
§63.12	State Authority and Delegations	Yes	
§63.13	Addresses	Yes	
§63.14	Incorporation by Reference	Yes	
§63.15	Availability of Information/ Confidential-ity	Yes	

Table 3 to Subpart IIII of Part 63. Default Organic HAP Mass Fraction for Solvents and Solvent Blends

You may use the mass fraction values in the following table for solvent blends for which you do not have test data or manufacturer's formulation data:

Solvent/Solvent blend	CAS. No.	Average Organic HAP Mass Fraction	Typical Organic HAP, Percent by Mass
1. Toluene	108-88-3	1.0	Toluene
2. Xylene(s)	1330-20-7	1.0	Xylenes, ethylbenzene
3. Hexane	110-54-3	0.5	n-hexane

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4. n-Hexane		110-54-3	1.0	n-hexane
5. Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	1.0	Ethylbenzene
6. Aliphatic 140			0	None
7. Aromatic 100			0.02	1% xylene, 1% cumene
8. Aromatic 150			0.09	Naphthalene
9. Aromatic naphtha		64742-95-6	0.02	1% xylene, 1% cumene
10. Aromatic solvent		64742-94-5	0.1	Naphthalene
11. Exempt mineral spirits		8032-32-4	0	None
12. Ligroines (VM & P)		8032-32-4	0	None
13. Lactol spirits		64742-89-6	0.15	Toluene
14. Low aromatic white spirit		64742-82-1	0	None
15. Mineral spirits		64742-88-7	0.01	Xylenes
16. Hydrotreated naphtha		64742-48-9	0	None
17. Hydrotreated light distillate		64742-47-8	0.001	Toluene
18. Stoddard solvent		8052-41-3	0.01	Xylenes
19. Super high-flash naphtha		64742-95-6	0.05	Xylenes
20. Varsol® solvent		8052-49-3	0.01	0.5% xylenes, 0.5% ethylbenzene
21. VM & P naphtha		64742-89-8	0.06	3% toluene, 3% xylene
22. Petroleum distillate mixture		68477-31-6	0.08	4% naphthalene, 4% biphenyl

Table 4 to Subpart IIII of Part 63. Default Organic HAP Mass Fraction for Petroleum Solvent Groups^a

You may use the mass fraction values in the following table for solvent blends for which you do not have test data or manufacturer's formulation data:

Solvent Type	Average Organic HAP Mass Fraction	Typical Organic HAP, Percent by Mass
Aliphatic ^D	0.03	1% Xylene, 1% Toluene, and 1% Ethylbenzene

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Aromatic ^C	0.06	4% Xylene, 1% Toluene, and 1% Ethylbenzene
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^a Use this table only if the solvent blend does not match any of the solvent blends in Table 3 to this subpart, and you only know whether the blend is aliphatic or aromatic.

^b e.g., Mineral Spirits 135, Mineral Spirits 150 EC, Naphtha, Mixed Hydrocarbon, Aliphatic Hydrocarbon, Aliphatic Naphtha, Naphthol Spirits, Petroleum Spirits, Petroleum Oil, Petroleum Naphtha, Solvent Naphtha, Solvent Blend.

^C e.g., Medium-flash Naphtha, High-flash Naphtha, Aromatic Naphtha, Light Aromatic Naphtha, Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons, Aromatic Hydrocarbons, Light Aromatic Solvent.

ff. Appendix A to Subpart IIII of Part 63--Determination of Capture Efficiency of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Spray Booth Emissions from Solvent-borne Coatings Using Panel Testing

1. Applicability, Principle, and Summary of Procedure.

1.1 Applicability.

This procedure applies to the determination of capture efficiency of automobile and light-duty truck spray booth emissions from solvent-borne coatings using panel testing. This procedure can be used to determine capture efficiency for partially controlled spray booths (e.g., automated spray zones controlled and manual spray zones not controlled) and for fully controlled spray booths.

1.2 Principle.

The volatile organic compounds (VOC) associated with the coating solids deposited on a part (or panel) in a controlled spray booth zone (or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones) partition themselves between the VOC that volatilize in the controlled spray booth zone (principally between the spray gun and the part) and the VOC that remain on the part (or panel) when the part (or panel) leaves the controlled spray booth zone. For solvent-borne coatings essentially all of the VOC associated with the coating solids deposited on a part (or panel) in a controlled spray booth zone that volatilize in the controlled spray booth zone pass through the waterwash and are exhausted from the controlled spray booth zone to the control device.

The VOC associated with the overspray coating solids in a controlled spray booth zone partition themselves between the VOC that volatilize in the controlled spray booth zone and the VOC that are still tied to the overspray coating solids when the overspray coating solids hit the waterwash. For solvent-borne coatings almost all of the VOC associated with the overspray coating solids that volatilize in the controlled spray booth zone pass through the waterwash and are exhausted from the controlled spray booth zone to the control device. The exact fate of the VOC still tied to the overspray coating solids when the overspray coating solids hit the waterwash is unknown. This procedure assumes that none of the VOC still tied to the overspray coating solids when the overspray coating solids hit the waterwash are captured and delivered to the control device. Much of this VOC may become entrained in the water along with the overspray coating solids. Most of the VOC that become entrained in the

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water along with the overspray coating solids leave the water, but the point at which this VOC leave the water is unknown. Some of the VOC still tied to the overspray coating solids when the overspray coating solids hit the waterwash may pass through the waterwash and be exhausted from the controlled spray booth zone to the control device.

This procedure assumes that the portion of the VOC associated with the overspray coating solids in a controlled spray booth zone that volatilizes in the controlled spray booth zone, passes through the waterwash and is exhausted from the controlled spray booth zone to the control device is equal to the portion of the VOC associated with the coating solids deposited on a part (or panel) in that controlled spray booth zone that volatilizes in the controlled spray booth zone, passes through the waterwash, and is exhausted from the controlled spray booth zone to the control device. This assumption is equivalent to treating all of the coating solids sprayed in the controlled spray booth zone as if they are deposited coating solids (i.e., assuming 100 percent transfer efficiency) for purposes of using a panel test to determine spray booth capture efficiency.

This is a conservative (low) assumption for the portion of the VOC associated with the overspray coating solids in a controlled spray booth zone that volatilizes in the controlled spray booth zone. Thus, this assumption results in an underestimate of conservative capture efficiency. The overspray coating solids have more travel time and distance from the spray gun to the waterwash than the deposited coating solids have between the spray gun and the part (or panel). Therefore, the portion of the VOC associated with the overspray coating solids in a controlled spray booth zone that volatilizes in the controlled spray booth zone should be greater than the portion of the VOC associated with the coating solids deposited on a part (or panel) in that controlled spray booth zone that volatilizes in that controlled spray booth zone.

1.3 Summary of Procedure.

A panel test is performed to determine the mass of VOC that remains on the panel when the panel leaves a controlled spray booth zone. The total mass of VOC associated with the coating solids deposited on the panel is calculated.

The percent of the total VOC associated with the coating solids deposited on the panel in the controlled spray booth zone that remains on the panel when the panel leaves the controlled section of the spray booth is then calculated from the ratio of the two previously determined masses. The percent of the total VOC associated with the coating solids deposited on the panel in the controlled spray booth zone that is captured and delivered to the control device equals 100 minus this percentage. (The mass of VOC associated with the coating solids deposited on the panel which is volatilized and captured in the controlled spray booth zone equals the difference between the total mass of VOC associated with the coating solids deposited on the panel and the mass of VOC remaining with the coating solids deposited on the panel when the panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone.)

The percent of the total VOC associated with the coating sprayed in the controlled spray booth zone that is captured and delivered to the control device is assumed to be equal to the

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percent of the total VOC associated with the coating solids deposited on the panel in the controlled spray booth zone that is captured and delivered to the control device. The percent of the total VOC associated with the coating sprayed in the entire spray booth that is captured and delivered to the control device can be calculated by multiplying the percent of the total VOC associated with the coating sprayed in the controlled spray booth zone that is captured and delivered to the control device by the fraction of coating sprayed in the spray booth that is sprayed in the controlled spray booth zone.

2. Procedure.

You may conduct panel testing to determine the capture efficiency of spray booth emissions. You must follow the instructions and calculations in this appendix A, and use the panel testing procedures in ASTM Method D5087-02, "Standard Test Method for Determining Amount of Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Released from Solventborne Automotive Coatings and Available for Removal in a VOC Control Device (Abatement)" (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or the guidelines presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22). You must weigh panels at the points described in section 2.3 of this appendix A and perform calculations as described in sections 3 and 4 of this appendix A. You may conduct panel tests on the production paint line in your facility or in a laboratory simulation of the production paint line in your facility.

You may conduct panel testing on representative coatings as described in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22). If you panel test representative coatings, then you may calculate either a unique percent capture efficiency value for each coating grouped with that representative coating, or a composite percent capture efficiency value for the group of coatings. If you panel test each coating, then you must convert the panel test result for each coating to a unique percent capture efficiency value for that coating.

2.1 Identification of Controlled Spray Booth Zones.

You must identify each controlled spray booth zone or each group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones to be tested. (For example, a controlled bell zone immediately followed by a controlled robotic zone.) Separate panel tests are required for non-contiguous controlled spray booth zones. The flash zone between the last basecoat zone and the first clearcoat zone makes these zones non-contiguous.

2.2 Where to Apply Coating to the Panel.

If you are conducting a panel test for a single controlled spray booth zone, then you must apply coating to the panel only in that controlled spray booth zone. If you are conducting a panel test for a group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones, then you must apply coating to the panel only in that group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones.

2.3 How to Process and When to Weigh the Panel.

The instructions in this section pertain to panel testing of coating, *i*, or of the coating representing the group of coatings that includes coating, *i*.

2.3.1 You must weigh the blank panel. (Same as in bake oven panel test.) The mass of the blank panel is represented by $W_{blank,i}$ (grams).

2.3.2 Apply coating, *i*, or the coating representing coating, *i*, to the panel in the controlled

spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested (in plant test), or in a simulation of the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested (laboratory test).

2.3.3 Remove and weigh the wet panel as soon as the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested. (Different than bake oven panel test.) This weighing must be conducted quickly to avoid further evaporation of VOC. The mass of the wet panel is represented by $W_{wet,i}$ (grams).

2.3.4 Return the wet panel to the point in the coating process or simulation of the coating process where it was removed for weighing.

2.3.5 Allow the panel to travel through the rest of the coating process in the plant or laboratory simulation of the coating process. You must not apply any more coating to the panel after it leaves the controlled spray booth zone (or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones) being tested. The rest of the coating process or simulation of the coating process consists of:

2.3.5.1 All of the spray booth zone(s) or simulation of all of the spray booth zone(s) located after the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested and before the bake oven where the coating applied to the panel is cured,

2.3.5.2 All of the flash-off area(s) or simulation of all of the flash-off area(s) located after the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested and before the bake oven where the coating applied to the panel is cured, and

2.3.5.3 The bake oven or simulation of the bake oven where the coating applied to the panel is cured.

2.3.6 After the panel exits the bake oven, you must cool and weigh the baked panel. (Same as in bake oven panel test.) The mass of the baked panel is represented by $W_{baked,i}$ (grams).

3. Panel Calculations.

The instructions in this section pertain to panel testing of coating, i , or of the coating representing the group of coatings that includes coating, i .

3.1 The mass of coating solids (from coating, i , or from the coating representing coating, i , in the panel test) deposited on the panel equals the mass of the baked panel minus the mass of the blank panel as shown in Equation A-1.

$$W_{sdep,i} = W_{baked,i} - W_{blank,i} \quad (\text{Eq. A-1})$$

Where:

$W_{sdep,i}$ = Mass of coating solids (from coating, i , or from the coating representing coating, i , in the panel test) deposited on the panel, grams.

3.2 The mass of VOC (from coating, i , or from the coating representing coating, i , in the panel test) remaining on the wet panel when the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested equals the mass of the wet panel when the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested minus the mass of the baked panel as shown in Equation A-2.

$$W_{rem,i} = W_{wet,i} - W_{baked,i}$$

(Eq. A-2)

Where:

$W_{rem,i}$ = Mass of VOC (from coating, i, or from the coating representing coating, i, in the panel test) remaining on the wet panel when the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested, grams.

3.3 Calculate the mass of VOC (from coating, i, or from the coating representing coating, i, in the panel test) remaining on the wet panel when the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested per mass of coating solids deposited on the panel as shown in Equation A-3.

$$P_m = (W_{rem,i} / W_{sdep,i}) \text{ (Eq. A-3)}$$

Where:

$P_{m,i}$ = Mass of VOC (from coating, i, or from the coating representing coating, i, in the panel test) remaining on the wet panel when the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested per mass of coating solids deposited on the panel, grams of VOC remaining per gram of coating solids deposited.

$W_{rem,i}$ = Mass of VOC (from coating, i, or from the coating representing coating, i, in the panel test) remaining on the wet panel when the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested, grams.

$W_{sdep,i}$ = Mass of coating solids (from coating, i, or from the coating representing coating, i, in the panel test) deposited on the panel, grams.

4. Converting Panel Result to Percent Capture.

The instructions in this section pertain to panel testing of for coating, i, or of the coating representing the group of coatings that includes coating, i.

4.1 If you panel test representative coatings, then you may convert the panel test result for each representative coating from section 3.3 of this appendix A either to a unique percent capture efficiency value for each coating grouped with that representative coating by using coating specific values for the mass fraction coating solids and mass fraction VOC in section 4.2 of this appendix A, or to a composite percent capture efficiency value for the group of coatings by using the average values for the group of coatings for mass fraction coating solids and mass fraction VOC in section 4.2 of this appendix A. If you panel test each coating, then you must convert the panel test result for each coating to a unique percent capture efficiency value by using coating specific values for the mass fraction coating solids and mass fraction VOC in section 4.2 of this appendix A. The mass fraction of VOC in the coating and the mass fraction of solids in the coating must be determined by Method 24 (appendix A to 40 CFR part 60) or by following the guidelines for combining analytical VOC content and formulation solvent content presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22).

4.2 The percent of VOC for coating, i, or composite percent of VOC for the group of coatings

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including coating, *i*, associated with the coating solids deposited on the panel that remains on the wet panel when the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested is calculated using Equation A-4.

$$P_{voc_{pan,i}} = (P_{m,i} / W_{s,i}) W_{voc_{c,i}} \quad (\text{Eq. A-4})$$

Where:

$P_{voc_{pan,i}}$ = Percent of VOC for coating, *i*, or composite percent of VOC for the group of coatings including coating, *i*, associated with the coating solids deposited on the panel that remains on the wet panel when the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone (or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones) being tested, percent.

$P_{m,i}$ = Mass of VOC (from coating, *i*, or from the coating representing coating, *i*, in the panel test) remaining on the wet panel when the wet panel leaves the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested per mass of coating solids deposited on the panel, grams of VOC remaining per gram of coating solids deposited.

$W_{s,i}$ = Mass fraction of coating solids for coating, *i*, or average mass fraction of coating solids for the group of coatings including coating, *i*, grams coating solids per gram coating, determined by Method 24 (appendix A to 40 CFR part 60) or by following the guidelines for combining analytical VOC content and formulation solvent content presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22).

$W_{voc_{c,i}}$ = Mass fraction of VOC in coating, *i*, or average mass fraction of VOC for the group of coatings including coating, *i*, grams VOC per grams coating, determined by Method 24 (appendix A to 40 CFR part 60) or the guidelines for combining analytical VOC content and formulation solvent content presented in "Protocol for Determining Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations," EPA-450/3-88-018 (Docket ID No. OAR-2002-0093 and Docket ID No. A-2001-22).

4.3 The percent of VOC for coating, *i*, or composite percent of VOC for the group of coatings including coating, *i*, associated with the coating sprayed in the controlled spray booth zone (or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones) being tested that is captured in the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested, $CE_{zone,i}$ (percent), is calculated using Equation A-5.

$$CE_{zone,i} = 100 - P_{voc_{pan,i}} \quad (\text{Eq. A-5})$$

Where:

$CE_{zone,i}$ = Capture efficiency for coating, i, or for the group of coatings including coating, i, in the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested as a percentage of the VOC in the coating, i, or of the group of coatings including coating, i, sprayed in the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested, percent.

4.4 Calculate the percent of VOC for coating, i, or composite percent of VOC for the group of coatings including coating, i, associated with the entire volume of coating, i, or with the total volume of all of the coatings grouped with coating, i, sprayed in the entire spray booth that is captured in the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested, using Equation A-6. The volume of coating, i, or of the group of coatings including coating, i, sprayed in the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested, and the volume of coating, i, or of the group of coatings including coating, i, sprayed in the entire spray booth may be determined from gun on times and fluid flow rates or from direct measurements of coating usage.

$$CE_i = (CE_{zone,i})(V_{zone,i}) / (V_{booth,i}) \quad (\text{Eq. A-6})$$

Where:

CE_i = Capture efficiency for coating, i, or for the group of coatings including coating, i, in the controlled spray booth zone (or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones) being tested as a percentage of the VOC in the coating, i, or of the group of coatings including coating, i, sprayed in the entire spray booth in which the controlled spray booth zone (or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones) being tested, percent.

$V_{zone,i}$ = Volume of coating, i, or of the group of coatings including coating, i, sprayed in the controlled spray booth zone or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones being tested, liters.

$V_{booth,i}$ = Volume of coating, i, or of the group of coatings including coating, i, sprayed in the entire spray booth containing the controlled spray booth zone (or group of contiguous controlled spray booth zones) being tested, liters.

4.5 If you conduct multiple panel tests for the same coating or same group of coatings in the same spray booth (either because the coating or group of coatings is controlled in non-contiguous zones of the spray booth, or because you choose to conduct separate panel tests for contiguous controlled spray booth zones), then you may add the result from section 4.4 for each such panel test to get the total capture efficiency for the coating or group of coatings over all of the controlled zones in the spray booth for the coating or group of coatings.

3. Subpart DDDDD–National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters

What this Subpart Covers

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- a. §63.7480 What is the purpose of this subpart?
This subpart establishes national emission limits and work practice standards for hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emitted from industrial, commercial, and institutional boilers and process heaters. This subpart also establishes requirements to demonstrate initial and continuous compliance with the emission limits and work practice standards.
- b. §63.7485 Am I subject to this subpart?
You are subject to this subpart if you own or operate an industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler or process heater as defined in §63.7575 that is located at, or is part of, a major source of HAP as defined in §63.2 or §63.760 (40 CFR part 63, subpart HH, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities), except as specified in §63.7491.
- c. §63.7490 What is the affected source of this subpart?
(a) This subpart applies to new, reconstructed, or existing affected sources as described in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section.
(1) The affected source of this subpart is the collection of all existing industrial, commercial, and institutional boilers and process heaters within a subcategory located at a major source as defined in §63.7575.
(2) The affected source of this subpart is each new or reconstructed industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler or process heater located at a major source as defined in §63.7575.
(b) A boiler or process heater is new if you commence construction of the boiler or process heater after January 13, 2003, and you meet the applicability criteria at the time you commence construction.
(c) A boiler or process heater is reconstructed if you meet the reconstruction criteria as defined in §63.2, you commence reconstruction after January 13, 2003, and you meet the applicability criteria at the time you commence reconstruction.
(d) A boiler or process heater is existing if it is not new or reconstructed.
- d. §63.7491 Are any boilers or process heaters not subject to this subpart?
The types of boilers and process heaters listed in paragraphs (a) through (o) of this section are not subject to this subpart.
(a) A municipal waste combustor covered by 40 CFR part 60, subpart AAAA, subpart BBBB or subpart Cb.
(b) A hospital/medical/infectious waste incinerator covered by 40 CFR part 60, subpart Ce or subpart Ec.
(c) An electric utility steam generating unit that is a fossil fuel-fired combustion unit of more than 25 megawatts that serves a generator that produces electricity for sale. A fossil fuel-fired unit that cogenerates steam and electricity, and supplies more than one-third of its potential electric output capacity, and more than 25 megawatts electrical output to any utility power distribution system for sale is considered an electric utility steam generating unit.
(d) A boiler or process heater required to have a permit under section 3005 of the

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Solid Waste Disposal Act or covered by 40 CFR part 63, subpart EEE (e.g., hazardous waste boilers).

- (e) A commercial and industrial solid waste incineration unit covered by 40 CFR part 60, subpart CCCC or subpart DDDD.
 - (f) A recovery boiler or furnace covered by 40 CFR part 63, subpart MM.
 - (g) A boiler or process heater that is used specifically for research and development. This does not include units that only provide heat or steam to a process at a research and development facility.
 - (h) A hot water heater as defined in this subpart.
 - (i) A refining kettle covered by 40 CFR part 63, subpart X.
 - (j) An ethylene cracking furnace covered by 40 CFR part 63, subpart YY.
 - (k) Blast furnace stoves as described in the EPA document, entitled "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Integrated Iron and Steel Plants - Background Information for Proposed Standards," (EPA-453/R-01-005).
 - (l) Any boiler and process heater specifically listed as an affected source in another standard(s) under 40 CFR part 63.
 - (m) Any boiler and process heater specifically listed as an affected source in another standard(s) established under section 129 of the Clean Air Act (CAA).
 - (n) Temporary boilers as defined in this subpart.
 - (o) Blast furnace gas fuel-fired boilers and process heaters as defined in this subpart.
- e. §63.7495 When do I have to comply with this subpart?
- (a) If you have a new or reconstructed boiler or process heater, you must comply with this subpart by [INSERT THE DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] or upon startup of your boiler or process heater, whichever is later.
 - (b) If you have an existing boiler or process heater, you must comply with this subpart no later than [INSERT THE DATE 3 YEARS AFTER PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].
 - (c) If you have an area source that increases its emissions or its potential to emit such that it becomes a major source of HAP, paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section apply to you.
 - (1) Any new or reconstructed boiler or process heater at the existing facility must be in compliance with this subpart upon startup.
 - (2) Any existing boiler or process heater at the existing facility must be in compliance with this subpart within 3 years after the facility becomes a major source.
 - (d) You must meet the notification requirements in §63.7545 according to the schedule in §63.7545 and in subpart A of this part. Some of the notifications must be submitted before you are required to comply with the emission limits and work practice standards in this subpart.

Emission Limits and Work Practice Standards

- f. §63.7499 What are the subcategories of boilers and process heaters?
(a) The subcategories of boilers and process heaters are large solid fuel, limited use solid fuel, small solid fuel, large liquid fuel, limited use liquid fuel, small liquid fuel, large gaseous fuel, limited use gaseous fuel, and small gaseous fuel. Each subcategory is defined in §63.7575.
(b) If you change an existing boiler or process heater in the large solid fuel subcategory such that its applicable subcategory also changes, and the change does not meet the definition of reconstruction as defined in subpart A of this part, you may choose to meet the applicable emission limits for the original large solid fuel subcategory.
- g. §63.7500 What emission limits, work practice standards, and operating limits must I meet?
(a) You must meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section.
(1) You must meet each emission limit and work practice standard in Table 1 to this subpart that applies to your boiler or process heater, except as provided under §63.7507.
(2) You must meet each operating limit in Tables 2 through 4 to this subpart that applies to your boiler or process heater. If you use a control device or combination of control devices not covered in Tables 2 through 4 to this subpart, or you wish to establish and monitor an alternative operating limit and alternative monitoring parameters, you must apply to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Administrator for approval of alternative monitoring under §63.8(f).
(b) As provided in §63.6(g), EPA may approve use of an alternative to the work practice standards in this section.

General Compliance Requirements

- h. §63.7505 What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?
(a) You must be in compliance with the emission limits (including operating limits) and the work practice standards in this subpart at all times, except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.
(b) You must always operate and maintain your affected source, including air pollution control and monitoring equipment, according to the provisions in §63.6(e)(1)(i).
(c) You can demonstrate compliance with any applicable emission limit using fuel analysis if the emission rate calculated according to §63.7530(d) is less than the applicable emission limit. Otherwise, you must demonstrate compliance using performance testing.
(d) If you demonstrate compliance with any applicable emission limit through performance testing, you must develop a site-specific monitoring plan according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (4) of this section. This requirement also applies to you if you petition the EPA Administrator for alternative monitoring

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parameters under §63.8(f).

(1) For each continuous monitoring system (CMS) required in this section, you must develop and submit to the EPA Administrator for approval a site-specific monitoring plan that addresses paragraphs (d)(1)(i) through (iii) of this section. You must submit this site-specific monitoring plan at least 60 days before your initial performance evaluation of your CMS.

(i) Installation of the CMS sampling probe or other interface at a measurement location relative to each affected process unit such that the measurement is representative of control of the exhaust emissions (e.g., on or downstream of the last control device);

(ii) Performance and equipment specifications for the sample interface, the pollutant concentration or parametric signal analyzer, and the data collection and reduction systems; and

(iii) Performance evaluation procedures and acceptance criteria (e.g., calibrations).

(2) In your site-specific monitoring plan, you must also address paragraphs (d)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) Ongoing operation and maintenance procedures in accordance with the general requirements of §63.8(c)(1), (3), and (4)(ii);

(ii) Ongoing data quality assurance procedures in accordance with the general requirements of §63.8(d); and

(iii) Ongoing recordkeeping and reporting procedures in accordance with the general requirements of §63.10(c), (e)(1), and (e)(2)(i).

(3) You must conduct a performance evaluation of each CMS in accordance with your site-specific monitoring plan.

(4) You must operate and maintain the CMS in continuous operation according to the site-specific monitoring plan.

(e) If you have an applicable emission limit or work practice standard, you must develop and implement a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (SSMP) according to the provisions in §63.6(e)(3).

i. §63.7506 Do any boilers or process heaters have limited requirements?

(a) New or reconstructed boilers and process heaters in one of the liquid fuel subcategories (the large liquid fuel subcategory, the limited use liquid fuel subcategory, or the small liquid fuel subcategory) that burn only fossil fuels and other gases and do not burn any residual oil are subject to the emission limits and applicable work practice standards in Table 1 to this subpart. You are not required to conduct a performance test to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits. You are not required to set and maintain operating limits to demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limits. However, you must meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) To demonstrate initial compliance, you must include a signed statement in the

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Notification of Compliance Status report required in §63.7545(e) that indicates you burn only liquid fossil fuels other than residual oils, either alone or in combination with gaseous fuels.

- (2) To demonstrate continuous compliance with the applicable emission limits, you must also keep records that demonstrate that you burn only liquid fossil fuels other than residual oils, either alone or in combination with gaseous fuels. You must also include a signed statement in each semiannual compliance report required in §63.7550 that indicates you burned only liquid fossil fuels other than residual oils, either alone or in combination with gaseous fuels, during the reporting period.
 - (b) The affected boilers and process heaters listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (3) of this section are subject to only the initial notification requirements in §63.9(b) (i.e., they are not subject to the emission limits, work practice standards, performance testing, monitoring, SSMP, site-specific monitoring plans, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this subpart or any other requirements in subpart A of this part).
 - (1) Existing large and limited use gaseous fuel units.
 - (2) Existing large and limited use liquid fuel units.
 - (3) New small liquid fuel units that burn only gaseous fuels or distillate oil. New small liquid fuel boilers and process heaters that commence burning of any other type of liquid fuel must comply with all applicable requirements of this subpart and subpart A of this part upon startup of burning the other type of liquid fuel.
 - (c) The affected boilers and process heaters listed in paragraphs (c)(1) through (4) of this section are not subject to the initial notification requirements in §63.9(b) and are not subject to any requirements in this subpart or in subpart A of this part (i.e., they are not subject to the emission limits, work practice standards, performance testing, monitoring, SSM plans, site-specific monitoring plans, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this subpart, or any other requirements in subpart A of this part).
 - (1) Existing small solid fuel boilers and process heaters.
 - (2) Existing small liquid fuel boilers and process heaters.
 - (3) Existing small gaseous fuel boilers and process heaters.
 - (4) New small gaseous fuel units.

j. §63.7507 What are the health-based compliance alternatives for the hydrogen chloride (HCl) and total Noneed metals (TSM) standards?

- (a) As an alternative to the requirement for large solid fuel boilers located at a single facility to demonstrate compliance with the HCl emission limit in Table 1 to this subpart, you may demonstrate eligibility for the health-based compliance alternative for HCl emissions under the procedures prescribed in appendix A to this subpart.
- (b) In lieu of complying with the TSM emission standards in Table 1 to this subpart based on the sum of emissions for the eight Noneed metals, you may demonstrate eligibility for complying with the TSM emission standards in Table 1 based on the sum of emissions for seven Noneed metals (by excluding manganese emissions from the summation of TSM emissions) under the procedures prescribed in appendix A of this subpart.

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Testing, Fuel Analyses, and Initial Compliance Requirements

- k. §63.7510 What are my initial compliance requirements and by what date must I conduct them?
- (a) For affected sources that elect to demonstrate compliance with any of the emission limits of this subpart through performance testing, your initial compliance requirements include conducting performance tests according to §63.7520 and Table 5 to this subpart, conducting a fuel analysis for each type of fuel burned in your boiler or process heater according to §63.7521 and Table 6 to this subpart, establishing operating limits according to §63.7530 and Table 7 to this subpart, and conducting CMS performance evaluations according to §63.7525.
- (b) For affected sources that elect to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits for HCl, mercury, or TSM through fuel analysis, your initial compliance requirement is to conduct a fuel analysis for each type of fuel burned in your boiler or process heater according to §63.7521 and Table 6 to this subpart and establish operating limits according to §63.7530 and Table 8 to this subpart.
- (c) For affected sources that have an applicable work practice standard, your initial compliance requirements depend on the subcategory and rated capacity of your boiler or process heater. If your boiler or process heater is in any of the limited use subcategories or has a heat input capacity less than 100 MMBtu per hour, your initial compliance demonstration is conducting a performance test for carbon monoxide according to Table 5 to this subpart. If your boiler or process heater is in any of the large subcategories and has a heat input capacity of 100 MMBtu per hour or greater, your initial compliance demonstration is conducting a performance evaluation of your continuous emission monitoring system for carbon monoxide according to §63.7525(a).
- (d) For existing affected sources, you must demonstrate initial compliance no later than 180 days after the compliance date that is specified for your source in §63.7495 and according to the applicable provisions in §63.7(a)(2) as cited in Table 10 to this subpart.
- (e) If your new or reconstructed affected source commenced construction or reconstruction between January 13, 2003 and [INSERT THE DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], you must demonstrate initial compliance with either the proposed emission limits and work practice standards or the promulgated emission limits and work practice standards no later than 180 days after [INSERT THE DATE 180 DAYS AFTER PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] or within 180 days after startup of the source, whichever is later, according to §63.7(a)(2)(ix).
- (f) If your new or reconstructed affected source commenced construction or reconstruction between January 13, 2003, and [INSERT THE DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], and you chose to comply with the proposed emission limits and work practice standards when demonstrating initial compliance, you must conduct a second compliance demonstration for the promulgated emission limits and work practice standards within 3 years after [INSERT THE DATE 3 YEARS AFTER PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] or within 3 years after startup of the affected source, whichever is later.
- (g) If your new or reconstructed affected source commences construction or

reconstruction after [INSERT THE DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], you must demonstrate initial compliance with the promulgated emission limits and work practice standards no later than 180 days after startup of the source.

- I. §63.7515 When must I conduct subsequent performance tests or fuel analyses?
- (a) You must conduct all applicable performance tests according to §63.7520 on an annual basis, unless you follow the requirements listed in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section. Annual performance tests must be completed between 10 and 12 months after the previous performance test, unless you follow the requirements listed in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section.
- (b) You can conduct performance tests less often for a given pollutant if your performance tests for the pollutant (particulate matter, HCl, mercury, or TSM) for at least 3 consecutive years show that you comply with the emission limit. In this case, you do not have to conduct a performance test for that pollutant for the next 2 years. You must conduct a performance test during the third year and no more than 36 months after the previous performance test.
- (c) If your boiler or process heater continues to meet the emission limit for particulate matter, HCl, mercury, or TSM, you may choose to conduct performance tests for these pollutants every third year, but each such performance test must be conducted no more than 36 months after the previous performance test.
- (d) If a performance test shows noncompliance with an emission limit for particulate matter, HCl, mercury, or TSM, you must conduct annual performance tests for that pollutant until all performance tests over a consecutive 3-year period show compliance.
- (e) If you have an applicable work practice standard for carbon monoxide and your boiler or process heater is in any of the limited use subcategories or has a heat input capacity less than 100 MMBtu per hour, you must conduct annual performance tests for carbon monoxide according to §63.7520. Each annual performance test must be conducted between 10 and 12 months after the previous performance test.
- (f) You must conduct a fuel analysis according to §63.7521 for each type of fuel burned no later than 5 years after the previous fuel analysis for each fuel type. If you burn a new type of fuel, you must conduct a fuel analysis before burning the new type of fuel in your boiler or process heater. You must still meet all applicable continuous compliance requirements in §63.7540.
- (g) You must report the results of performance tests and fuel analyses within 60 days after the completion of the performance tests or fuel analyses. This report should also verify that the operating limits for your affected source have not changed or provide documentation of revised operating parameters established according to §63.7530 and Table 7 to this subpart, as applicable. The reports for all subsequent performance tests and fuel analyses should include all applicable information required in §63.7550.
- m. §63.7520 What performance tests and procedures must I use?
- (a) You must conduct all performance tests according to §63.7(c), (d), (f), and (h). You must also develop a site-specific test plan according to the requirements in §63.7(c) if

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you elect to demonstrate compliance through performance testing.

(b) You must conduct each performance test according to the requirements in Table 5 to this subpart.

(c) New or reconstructed boilers or process heaters in one of the liquid fuel subcategories that burn only fossil fuels and other gases and do not burn any residual oil must demonstrate compliance according to §63.7506(a).

(d) You must conduct each performance test under the specific conditions listed in Tables 5 and 7 to this subpart. You must conduct performance tests at the maximum normal operating load while burning the type of fuel or mixture of fuels that have the highest content of chlorine, mercury, and total Noneed metals, and you must demonstrate initial compliance and establish your operating limits based on these tests. These requirements could result in the need to conduct more than one performance test.

(e) You may not conduct performance tests during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction.

(f) You must conduct three separate test runs for each performance test required in this section, as specified in §63.7(e)(3). Each test run must last at least 1 hour.

(g) To determine compliance with the emission limits, you must use the F-Factor methodology and equations in sections 12.2 and 12.3 of EPA Method 19 of appendix A to part 60 of this chapter to convert the measured particulate matter concentrations, the measured HCl concentrations, the measured TSM concentrations, and the measured mercury concentrations that result from the initial performance test to pounds per million Btu heat input emission rates using F-factors.

n. §63.7521 What fuel analyses and procedures must I use?

(a) You must conduct fuel analyses according to the procedures in paragraphs (b) through (e) of this section and Table 6 to this subpart, as applicable.

(b) You must develop and submit a site-specific fuel analysis plan to the EPA Administrator for review and approval according to the following procedures and requirements in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) You must submit the fuel analysis plan no later than 180 days before the date that you intend to demonstrate compliance.

(2) You must include the information contained in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (vi) of this section in your fuel analysis plan.

(i) The identification of all fuel types anticipated to be burned in each boiler or process heater.

(ii) For each fuel type, the notification of whether you or a fuel supplier will be conducting the fuel analysis.

(iii) For each fuel type, a detailed description of the sample location and specific procedures to be used for collecting and preparing the composite samples if your

procedures are different from paragraph (c) or (d) of this section. Samples should be collected at a location that most accurately represents the fuel type, where possible, at a point prior to mixing with other dissimilar fuel types.

(iv) For each fuel type, the analytical methods, with the expected minimum detection levels, to be used for the measurement of Noneed total metals, chlorine, or mercury.

(v) If you request to use an alternative analytical method other than those required by Table 6 to this subpart, you must also include a detailed description of the methods and procedures that will be used.

(vi) If you will be using fuel analysis from a fuel supplier in lieu of site-specific sampling and analysis, the fuel supplier must use the analytical methods required by Table 6 to this subpart.

(c) At a minimum, you must obtain three composite fuel samples for each fuel type according to the procedures in paragraph (c)(1) or (2) of this section.

(1) If sampling from a belt (or screw) feeder, collect fuel samples according to paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section.

(i) Stop the belt and withdraw a 6-inch wide sample from the full cross-section of the stopped belt to obtain a minimum two pounds of sample. Collect all the material (fines and coarse) in the full cross-section. Transfer the sample to a clean plastic bag.

(ii) Each composite sample will consist of a minimum of three samples collected at approximately equal intervals during the testing period.

(2) If sampling from a fuel pile or truck, collect fuel samples according to paragraphs (c)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) For each composite sample, None a minimum of five sampling locations uniformly spaced over the surface of the pile.

(ii) At each sampling site, dig into the pile to a depth of 18 inches. Insert a clean flat square shovel into the hole and withdraw a sample, making sure that large pieces do not fall off during sampling.

(iii) Transfer all samples to a clean plastic bag for further processing.

(d) Prepare each composite sample according to the procedures in paragraphs (d)(1) through (7) of this section.

(1) Thoroughly mix and pour the entire composite sample over a clean plastic sheet.

(2) Break sample pieces larger than 3 inches into smaller sizes.

(3) Make a pie shape with the entire composite sample and subdivide it into four equal parts.

(4) Separate one of the quarter samples as the first subset.

(5) If this subset is too large for grinding, repeat the procedure in paragraph (d)(3) of this section with the quarter sample and obtain a one-quarter subset from this sample.

(6) Grind the sample in a mill.

(7) Use the procedure in paragraph (d)(3) of this section to obtain a one-quarter subsample for analysis. If the quarter sample is too large, subdivide it further using the same procedure.

(e) Determine the concentration of pollutants in the fuel (mercury, chlorine, and/or total Noneed metals) in units of pounds per million Btu of each composite sample for each fuel type according to the procedures in Table 6 to this subpart.

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- o. §63.7522 Can I use emission averaging to comply with this subpart?
- (a) As an alternative to meeting the requirements of §63.7500, if you have more than one existing large solid fuel boiler located at your facility, you may demonstrate compliance by emission averaging according to the procedures in this section in a State that does not choose to exclude emission averaging.
- (b) For each existing large solid fuel boiler in the averaging group, the emission rate achieved during the initial compliance test for the HAP being averaged must not exceed the emission level that was being achieved on [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER] or the control technology employed during the initial compliance test must not be less effective for the HAP being averaged than the control technology employed on [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].
- (c) You may average particulate matter or TSM, HCl, and mercury emissions from existing large solid fuel boilers to demonstrate compliance with the limits in Table 1 to this subpart if you satisfy the requirements in paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of this section.
- (d) The weighted average emissions from the existing large solid fuel boilers participating in the emissions averaging option must be in compliance with the limits in Table 1 to this subpart at all times following the compliance date specified in §63.7495.
- (e) You must demonstrate initial compliance according to paragraphs (e)(1) or (2).
- (1) You must use equation 1 of this section to demonstrate that the particulate matter or TSM, HCl, and mercury emissions from all existing large solid fuel boilers participating in the emissions averaging option do not exceed the emission limits in Table 1 to this subpart.

$$AveWeightedEmissions = \sum_{i=1}^n (Er \times Sm \times Cf) \div \sum_{i=1}^n Sm \times Cf \quad (Eq. 1)$$

Where:

AveWeighted Emissions	=	Average weighted emissions for particulate matter or TSM, HCl, or mercury, in units of pounds per million Btu of heat input;
Er	=	Emission rate (as calculated according to Table 5 to this subpart) or fuel analysis (as calculated by the applicable equation in §63.7530(d)) for boiler, i, for particulate matter or TSM, HCl, or mercury, in units of pounds per million Btu of heat input;
Hm	=	Maximum rated heat input capacity of boiler, i, in units of million Btu per hour;
n	=	Number of large solid fuel boilers participating in the emissions averaging option.

- (2) If you are not capable of monitoring heat input, you can use equation 2 of this section as

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an alternative to using equation 1 of this section to demonstrate that the particulate matter or TSM, HCl, and mercury emissions from all existing large solid fuel boilers participating in the emissions averaging option do not exceed the emission limits in Table 1 to this subpart.

$$AveWeightedEmissions = \sum_{i=1}^n (Er \times Hm) \div \sum_{i=1}^n Hm$$

(Eq. 2)

Where:

AveWeighted Emissions	=	Average weighted emission level for PM or TSM, HCl, or mercury, in units of pounds per million Btu of heat input.
Er	=	Emission rate (as calculated according to Table 5 to this subpart) or fuel analysis (as calculated by the applicable equation in §63.7530(d)) for boiler, i, for particulate matter or TSM, HCl, or mercury, in units of pounds per million Btu of heat input.
Sm	=	Maximum steam generation by boiler, i, in units of pounds.
Cf	=	Conversion factor, calculated from the most recent compliance test, in units of million Btu of heat input per pounds of steam generated.

(f) You must demonstrate continuous compliance on a 12-month rolling average basis determined at the end of every month (12 times per year) according to paragraphs (f)(1) and (2). The first 12-month rolling-average period begins on the compliance date specified in §63.7495.

(1) For each calendar month, you must use equation 3 of this section to calculate the 12-month rolling average weighted emission limit using the actual heat capacity for each existing large solid fuel boiler participating in the emissions averaging option.

$$AveWeightedEmissions = \sum_{i=1}^n (Er \times Hb) \div \sum_{i=1}^n Hb$$

(Eq. 3)

Where:

AveWeighted Emissions	=	12-month rolling average weighted emission level for particulate matter or TSM, HCl, or mercury, in units of pounds per million Btu of heat input.
Er	=	Emission rate, calculated during the most recent compliance test, (as calculated according to Table 5 to this subpart) or fuel

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		analysis (as calculated by the applicable equation in §63.7530(d)) for boiler, i, for particulate matter or TSM, HCl, or mercury, in units of pounds per million Btu of heat input.
Hb	=	The average heat input for each calendar month of boiler, i, in units of million Btu
n	=	Number of large solid fuel boilers participating in the emissions averaging option.

(2) If you are not capable of monitoring heat input, you can use equation 4 of this section as an alternative to using equation 3 of this section to calculate the 12-month rolling average weighted emission limit using the actual steam generation from the large solid fuel boilers participating in the emissions averaging option.

$$AveWeightedEmissions = \sum_{i=1}^n (Er \times Sa \times Cf) \div \sum_{i=1}^n Sa \times Cf$$

(Eq. 4)

Where:

AveWeighted Emissions	=	12-month rolling average weighted emission level for PM or TSM, HCl, or mercury, in units of pounds per million Btu of heat input.
Er	=	Emission rate, calculated during the most recent compliance test(as calculated according to Table 5 to this subpart) or fuel analysis (as calculated by the applicable equation in §63.7530(d)) for boiler, i, for particulate matter or TSM, HCl, or mercury, in units of pounds per million Btu of heat input.
Sa	=	Actual steam generation for each calendar month by boiler, i, in units of pounds.
Cf	=	Conversion factor, as calculated during the most recent compliance test,in units of million Btu of heat input per pounds of steam generated.

(g) You must develop and submit an implementation plan for emission averaging to the applicable regulatory authority for review and approval according to the following procedures and requirements in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4).

(1) You must submit the implementation plan no later than 180 days before the date that the facility intends to demonstrate compliance using the emission averaging option.

(2) You must include the information contained in paragraphs (2)(i) through (vii) of this section in your implementation plan for all emission sources included in an emissions average:

- (i) The identification of all existing large solid fuel boilers in the averaging group, including for each either the applicable HAP emission level or the control technology installed on;
- (ii) The process parameter (heat input or steam generated) that will be monitored for each averaging group of large solid fuel boilers;

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- (iii) The specific control technology or pollution prevention measure to be used for each emission source in the averaging group and the date of its installation or application. If the pollution prevention measure reduces or eliminates emissions from multiple sources, the owner or operator must identify each source;
- (iv) The test plan for the measurement of particulate matter (or TSM), HCl, or mercury emissions in accordance with the requirements in §63.7520;
- (v) The operating parameters to be monitored for each control system or device and a description of how the operating limits will be determined;
- (vi) If you request to monitor an alternative operating parameter pursuant to §63.7525, you must also include:
 - (A) A description of the parameter(s) to be monitored and an explanation of the criteria used to None the parameter(s); and
 - (B) A description of the methods and procedures that will be used to demonstrate that the parameter indicates proper operation of the control device; the frequency and content of monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements; and a demonstration, to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority, that the proposed monitoring frequency is sufficient to represent control device operating conditions; and
- (vii) A demonstration that compliance with each of the applicable emission limit(s) will be achieved under representative operating conditions.
- (3) Upon receipt, the regulatory authority shall review and approve or disapprove the plan according to the following criteria:
 - (i) Whether the content of the plan includes all of the information specified in paragraph (f)(2) of this section; and
 - (ii) Whether the plan presents sufficient information to determine that compliance will be achieved and maintained.
- (4) The applicable regulatory authority shall not approve an emission averaging implementation plan containing any of the following provisions:
 - (i) Any averaging between emissions of differing pollutants or between differing sources; or
 - (ii) The inclusion of any emission source other than an existing large solid fuel boiler.

- p. §63.7525 What are my monitoring, installation, operation, and maintenance requirements?
- (a) If you have an applicable work practice standard for carbon monoxide, and your boiler or process heater is in any of the large subcategories and has a heat input capacity of 100 MMBtu per hour or greater, you must install, operate, and maintain a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) for carbon monoxide according to the procedures in paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) of this section by the compliance date specified in §63.7495.
 - (1) Each CEMS must be installed, operated, and maintained according to Performance Specification (PS) 4A of 40 CFR part 60, appendix B, and according to the site-specific monitoring plan developed according to §63.7505(d).
 - (2) You must conduct a performance evaluation of each CEMS according to the requirements

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in §63.8 and according to PS 4A of 40 CFR part 60, appendix B.

(3) Each CEMS must complete a minimum of one cycle of operation (sampling, analyzing, and data recording) for each successive 15-minute period.

(4) The CEMS data must be reduced as specified in §63.8(g)(2).

(5) You must calculate and record a 30-day rolling average emission rate on a daily basis. A new 30-day rolling average emission rate is calculated as the average of all of the hourly CO emission data for the preceding 30 operating days.

(6) For purposes of calculating data averages, you must not use data recorded during periods of monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, out-of-control periods, required quality assurance or control activities, or when your boiler or process heater is operating at less than 50 percent of its rated capacity. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing compliance. Any period for which the monitoring system is out of control and data are not available for required calculations constitutes a deviation from the monitoring requirements.

(b) If you have an applicable opacity operating limit, you must install, operate, certify and maintain each continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS) according to the procedures in paragraphs (b)(1) through (7) of this section by the compliance date specified in §63.7495.

(1) Each COMS must be installed, operated, and maintained according to PS 1 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix B.

(2) You must conduct a performance evaluation of each COMS according to the requirements in §63.8 and according to PS 1 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix B.

(3) As specified in §63.8(c)(4)(i), each COMS must complete a minimum of one cycle of sampling and analyzing for each successive 10-second period and one cycle of data recording for each successive 6-minute period.

(4) The COMS data must be reduced as specified in §63.8(g)(2).

(5) You must include in your site-specific monitoring plan procedures and acceptance criteria for operating and maintaining each COMS according to the requirements in §63.8(d). At a minimum, the monitoring plan must include a daily calibration drift assessment, a quarterly performance audit, and an annual zero alignment audit of each COMS.

(6) You must operate and maintain each COMS according to the requirements in the monitoring plan and the requirements of §63.8(e). Identify periods the COMS is out of control including any periods that the COMS fails to pass a daily calibration drift assessment, a quarterly performance audit, or an annual zero alignment audit.

(7) You must determine and record all the 6-minute averages (and 1-hour block averages as applicable) collected for periods during which the COMS is not out of control.

(c) If you have an operating limit that requires the use of a CMS, you must install, operate, and maintain each continuous parameter monitoring system (CPMS) according to the procedures in paragraphs (c)(1) through (5) of this section by the compliance date specified in §63.7495.

(1) The CPMS must complete a minimum of one cycle of operation for each successive 15-minute period. You must have a minimum of four successive cycles of operation to have a valid hour of data.

(2) Except for monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), you must conduct all monitoring in continuous operation at all times that the unit

is operating. A monitoring malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring to provide valid data. Monitoring failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions.

(3) For purposes of calculating data averages, you must not use data recorded during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, out of control periods, or required quality assurance or control activities. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing compliance. Any period for which the monitoring system is out-of-control and data are not available for required calculations constitutes a deviation from the monitoring requirements.

(4) Determine the 3-hour block average of all recorded readings, except as provided in paragraph (c)(3) of this section.

(5) Record the results of each inspection, calibration, and validation check.

(d) If you have an operating limit that requires the use of a flow measurement device, you must meet the requirements in paragraphs (c) and (d)(1) through (4) of this section.

(1) Locate the flow sensor and other necessary equipment in a position that provides a representative flow.

(2) Use a flow sensor with a measurement sensitivity of 2 percent of the flow rate.

(3) Reduce swirling flow or abnormal velocity distributions due to upstream and downstream disturbances.

(4) Conduct a flow sensor calibration check at least semiannually.

(e) If you have an operating limit that requires the use of a pressure measurement device, you must meet the requirements in paragraphs (c) and (e)(1) through (6) of this section.

(1) Locate the pressure sensor(s) in a position that provides a representative measurement of the pressure.

(2) Minimize or eliminate pulsating pressure, vibration, and internal and external corrosion.

(3) Use a gauge with a minimum tolerance of 1.27 centimeters of water or a transducer with a minimum tolerance of 1 percent of the pressure range.

(4) Check pressure tap pluggage daily.

(5) Using a manometer, check gauge calibration quarterly and transducer calibration monthly.

(6) Conduct calibration checks any time the sensor exceeds the manufacturer's specified maximum operating pressure range or install a new pressure sensor.

(f) If you have an operating limit that requires the use of a pH measurement device, you must meet the requirements in paragraphs (c) and (f)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) Locate the pH sensor in a position that provides a representative measurement of scrubber effluent pH.

(2) Ensure the sample is properly mixed and representative of the fluid to be measured.

(3) Check the pH meter's calibration on at least two points every 8 hours of process operation.

(g) If you have an operating limit that requires the use of equipment to monitor voltage and secondary current (or total power input) of an electrostatic precipitator (ESP), you must use voltage and secondary current monitoring equipment to measure voltage and secondary current to the ESP.

(h) If you have an operating limit that requires the use of equipment to monitor sorbent injection rate (e.g., weigh belt, weigh hopper, or hopper flow measurement device), you must meet the requirements in paragraphs (c) and (h)(1) through (3) of this section.

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- (1) Locate the device in a position(s) that provides a representative measurement of the total sorbent injection rate.
- (2) Install and calibrate the device in accordance with manufacturer's procedures and specifications.
- (3) At least annually, calibrate the device in accordance with the manufacturer's procedures and specifications.
- (i) If you elect to use a fabric filter bag leak detection system to comply with the requirements of this subpart, you must install, calibrate, maintain, and continuously operate a bag leak detection system as specified in paragraphs (i)(1) through (8) of this section.
 - (1) You must install and operate a bag leak detection system for each exhaust stack of the fabric filter.
 - (2) Each bag leak detection system must be installed, operated, calibrated, and maintained in a manner consistent with the manufacturer's written specifications and recommendations and in accordance with the guidance provided in EPA-454/R-98-015, September 1997.
 - (3) The bag leak detection system must be certified by the manufacturer to be capable of detecting particulate matter emissions at concentrations of 10 milligrams per actual cubic meter or less.
 - (4) The bag leak detection system sensor must provide output of relative or absolute particulate matter loadings.
 - (5) The bag leak detection system must be equipped with a device to continuously record the output signal from the sensor.
 - (6) The bag leak detection system must be equipped with an alarm system that will sound automatically when an increase in relative particulate matter emissions over a preset level is detected. The alarm must be located where it is easily heard by plant operating personnel.
 - (7) For positive pressure fabric filter systems that do not duct all compartments of cells to a common stack, a bag leak detection system must be installed in each baghouse compartment or cell.
 - (8) Where multiple bag leak detectors are required, the system's instrumentation and alarm may be shared among detectors.

q. §63.7530 How do I demonstrate initial compliance with the emission limits and work practice standards?

- (a) You must demonstrate initial compliance with each emission limit and work practice standard that applies to you by either conducting initial performance tests and establishing operating limits, as applicable, according to §63.7520, paragraph (c) of this section, and Tables 5, 7 and 8 to this subpart OR conducting initial fuel analyses to determine emission rates and establishing operating limits, as applicable, according to §63.7521, paragraph (d) of this section, and Tables 6 and 8 to this subpart.
- (b) New or reconstructed boilers or process heaters in one of the liquid fuel subcategories that burn only fossil fuels and other gases and do not burn any residual oil must demonstrate compliance according to §63.7506(a).
- (c) If you demonstrate compliance through performance testing, you must establish each site-specific operating limit in Tables 2 through 4 to this subpart that applies to you according

to the requirements in §63.7520, Table 7 to this subpart, and paragraph (c)(4) of this section, as applicable. You must also conduct fuel analyses according to §63.7521 and establish maximum fuel pollutant input levels according to paragraphs (c)(1) through (3) of this section, as applicable.

(1) You must establish the maximum chlorine fuel input (Cl_{input}) during the initial performance testing according to the procedures in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) You must determine the fuel type or fuel mixture that you could burn in your boiler or process heater that has the highest content of chlorine.

(ii) During the performance testing for HCl, you must determine the fraction of the total heat input for each fuel type burned (Q_i) based on the fuel mixture that has the highest content of chlorine, and the average chlorine concentration of each fuel type burned (C_i).

(iii) You must establish a maximum chlorine input level using Equation 5 of this section.

$$Cl_{input} = \sum_{i=1}^n [(C_i) (Q_i)]$$

(Eq. 5)

Where:

Cl_{input}	=	Maximum amount of chlorine entering the boiler or process heater through fuels burned in units of pounds per million Btu.
C_i	=	Arithmetic average concentration of chlorine in fuel type, i, analyzed according to §63.7521, in units of pounds per million Btu
Q_i	=	Fraction of total heat input from fuel type, i, based on the fuel mixture that has the highest content of chlorine. If you do not burn multiple fuel types during the performance testing, it is not necessary to determine the value of this term. Insert a value of "1" for . Q_i
n	=	Number of different fuel types burned in your boiler or process heater for the mixture that has the highest content of chlorine.

(2) If you choose to comply with the alternative TSM emission limit instead of the particulate matter emission limit, you must establish the maximum TSM fuel input level (TSM_{input}) during the initial performance testing according to the procedures in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) You must determine the fuel type or fuel mixture that you could burn in your boiler or process heater that has the highest content of TSM.

(ii) During the performance testing for TSM, you must determine the fraction of total heat input from each fuel burned (Q_i) based on the fuel mixture that has the highest content of total Noneed metals, and the average TSM concentration of each fuel type burned (M_i).

(iii) You must establish a baseline TSM input level using Equation 6 of this section.

$$TSM_{input} = \sum_{i=1}^n [(M_i)(Q_i)] \quad (\text{Eq. 6})$$

Where:

- TSM_{input} = Maximum amount of TSM entering the boiler or process heater through fuels burned in units of pounds per million Btu;
- M_i = Arithmetic average concentration of TSM in fuel type, i, analyzed according to §63.7521, in units of pound per million Btu;
- Q_i = Fraction of total heat input from based fuel type, i, based on the fuel mixture that has the highest content of TSM. If you do not burn multiple fuel types during the performance test, it is not necessary to determine the value of this term. Insert a value of "1" for Q_i;
- n = Number of different fuel types burned in your boiler or process heater for the mixture that has the highest content of TSM.

(3) You must establish the maximum mercury fuel input level (Mercury_{input}) during the initial performance testing using the procedures in paragraphs (c)(3)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) You must determine the fuel type or fuel mixture that you could burn in your boiler or process heater that has the highest content of mercury.

(ii) During the compliance demonstration for mercury, you must determine the fraction of total heat input for each fuel burned (Q_i) based on the fuel mixture that has the highest content of mercury, and the average mercury concentration of each fuel type burned (HG_i).

(iii) You must establish a maximum mercury input level using Equation 7 of this section.

$$Mercury_{input} = \sum_{i=1}^n [(HG_i)(Q_i)] \quad (\text{Eq. 7})$$

Where:

- Mercury_{input} = Maximum amount of mercury entering the boiler or process heater through fuels burned in units of pounds per million Btu;
- HG_i = Arithmetic average concentration of mercury in fuel type, i, analyzed according to §63.7521, in units of pound per million Btu;
- Q_i = Fraction of total heat input from fuel type, i, based on the fuel mixture that has the highest mercury content. If you do not burn multiple fuel types during the performance test, it is not necessary to determine the value of this term. Insert a value of "1" for Q_i;
- n = Number of different fuel types burned in your boiler or process heater for the mixture that has the highest content of mercury.

(4) You must establish parameter operating limits according to paragraphs (c)(4)(i) through (iv) of this section.

(i) For a wet scrubber, you must establish the minimum scrubber effluent pH, liquid flowrate, and pressure drop as defined in §63.7575, as your operating limits during the three-run performance test. If you use a wet scrubber and you conduct separate performance tests for particulate matter, HCl, and mercury emissions, you must establish one set of minimum scrubber effluent pH, liquid flowrate, and pressure drop operating limits. The minimum scrubber effluent pH operating limit must be established during the HCl performance test. If you conduct multiple performance tests, you must set the minimum liquid flowrate and pressure drop operating limits at the highest minimum values established during the performance tests.

(ii) For an electrostatic precipitator, you must establish the minimum voltage and secondary current (or total power input), as defined in §63.7575, as your operating limits during the three-run performance test.

(iii) For a dry scrubber, you must establish the minimum sorbent injection rate, as defined in §63.7575, as your operating limit during the three-run performance test.

(iv) The operating limit for boilers or process heaters with fabric filters that choose to demonstrate continuous compliance through bag leak detection systems is that a bag leak detection system be installed according to the requirements in §63.7525, and that each fabric filter must be operated such that the bag leak detection system alarm does not sound more than 5 percent of the operating time during a 6-month period.

(d) If you elect to demonstrate compliance with an applicable emission limit through fuel analysis, you must conduct fuel analyses according to §63.7521 and follow the procedures in paragraphs (d)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) If you burn more than one fuel type, you must determine the fuel mixture you could burn in your boiler or process heater that would result in the maximum emission rates of the pollutants that you elect to demonstrate compliance through fuel analysis.

(2) You must determine the 90th percentile confidence level fuel pollutant concentration of the composite samples analyzed for each fuel type using the one-sided z-statistic test described in Equation 8 of this section.

$$P_{90} = \text{mean} + (\text{SD} * t) \quad (\text{Eq. 8})$$

Where:

- P_{90} = 90th percentile confidence level pollutant concentration, in pounds per million Btu;
- mean = Arithmetic average of the fuel pollutant concentration in the fuel samples analyzed according to §63.7521, in units of pounds per million Btu;
- SD = Standard deviation of the pollutant concentration in the fuel samples analyzed according to §63.7521, in units of pounds per million Btu;
- t = t distribution critical value for 90th percentile (0.1) probability for the appropriate degrees of freedom (number of samples minus one) as obtained from a Distribution Critical Value Table.

(3) To demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limit for HCl, the HCl emission

rate that you calculate for your boiler or process heater using Equation 9 of this section must be less than the applicable emission limit for HCl.

$$HCl = \sum_{i=1}^n [(C_{i90}) (Q_i) (1.028)] \quad (\text{Eq. 9})$$

Where:

- HCl = HCl emission rate from the boiler or process heater in units of pounds per million Btu;
- C_{i90} = 90th percentile confidence level concentration of chlorine in fuel type, i, in units of pounds per million Btu as calculated according to Equation 8 of this section;
- Q_i = Fraction of total heat input from fuel type, i, based on the fuel mixture that has the highest content of chlorine. If you do not burn multiple fuel types, it is not necessary to determine the value of this term. Insert a value of "1" for Q_i ;
- n = Number of different fuel types burned in your boiler or process heater for the mixture that has the highest content of chlorine;
- 1.028 = Molecular weight ratio of HCl to chlorine.

(4) To demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limit for TSM, the TSM emission rate that you calculate for your boiler or process heater using Equation 10 of this section must be less than the applicable emission limit for TSM.

$$TSM = \sum_{i=1}^n [(M_{i90}) (Q_i)] \quad (\text{Eq. 10})$$

Where:

- TSM = TSM emission rate from the boiler or process heater in units of pounds per million Btu;
- M_{i90} = 90th percentile confidence level concentration of TSM in fuel, i, in units of pound per million Btu as calculated according to Equation 8 of this section;
- Q_i = Fraction of total heat input from fuel type, i, based on the fuel mixture that has the highest content of total Noneed metals. If you do not burn multiple fuel types, it is not necessary to determine the value of this term. Insert a value of "1" for Q_i ;
- n = Number of different fuel types burned in your boiler or process heater for the mixture that has the highest content of TSM.

(5) To demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limit for mercury, the mercury

emission rate that you calculate for your boiler or process heater using Equation 11 of this section must be less than the applicable emission limit for mercury.

$$\text{Mercury} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[(\text{HG}_{i90}) (Q_i) \right] \quad (\text{Eq. 11})$$

Where:

- Mercury = Mercury emission rate from the boiler or process heater in units of pounds per million Btu;
- HG_{i90} = 90th percentile confidence level concentration of mercury in fuel, i, in units of pound per million Btu as calculated according to Equation 8 of this section;
- Q_i = Fraction of total heat input from fuel type, i, based on the fuel mixture that has the highest mercury content. If you do not burn multiple fuel types, it is not necessary to determine the value of this term. Insert a value of "1" for Q_i;
- n = Number of different fuel types burned in your boiler or process heater for the mixture that has the highest mercury content.

(e) You must submit the Notification of Compliance Status containing the results of the initial compliance demonstration according to the requirements in §63.7545(e).

Continuous Compliance Requirements

- r. §63.7535 How do I monitor and collect data to demonstrate continuous compliance?
 (a) You must monitor and collect data according to this section and the site-specific monitoring plan required by §63.7505(d).
 (b) Except for monitor malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), you must monitor continuously (or collect data at all required intervals) at all times that the affected source is operating.
 (c) You may not use data recorded during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, or required quality assurance or control activities in data averages and calculations used to report emission or operating levels. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing the operation of the control device and associated control system. Boilers and process heaters that have an applicable carbon monoxide work practice standard and are required to install and operate a CEMS, may not use data recorded during periods when the boiler or process heater is operating at less than 50 percent of its rated capacity.
- s. §63.7540 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limits and work practice standards?
 (a) You must demonstrate continuous compliance with each emission limit, operating limit, and work practice standard in Tables 1 through 4 to this subpart that applies to you according

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to the methods specified in Table 8 to this subpart and paragraphs (a)(1) through (10) of this section.

(1) Following the date on which the initial performance test is completed or is required to be completed under §§63.7 and 63.7510, whichever date comes first, you must not operate above any of the applicable maximum operating limits or below any of the applicable minimum operating limits listed in Tables 2 through 4 to this subpart at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown and malfunction. Operating limits do not apply during performance tests. Operation above the established maximum or below the established minimum operating limits shall constitute a deviation of established operating limits.

(2) You must keep records of the type and amount of all fuels burned in each boiler or process heater during the reporting period to demonstrate that all fuel types and mixtures of fuels burned would either result in lower emissions of TSM, HCl, and mercury, than the applicable emission limit for each pollutant (if you demonstrate compliance through fuel analysis), or result in lower fuel input of TSM, chlorine, and mercury than the maximum values calculated during the last performance tests (if you demonstrate compliance through performance testing).

(3) If you demonstrate compliance with an applicable HCl emission limit through fuel analysis and you plan to burn a new type of fuel, you must recalculate the HCl emission rate using Equation 5 of §63.7530 according to paragraphs (a)(3)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) You must determine the chlorine concentration for any new fuel type in units of pounds per million Btu, based on supplier data or your own fuel analysis, according to the provisions in your site-specific fuel analysis plan developed according to §63.7521(b).

(ii) You must determine the new mixture of fuels that will have the highest content of chlorine.

(iii) Recalculate the HCl emission rate from your boiler or process heater under these new conditions using Equation 5 of §63.7530. The recalculated HCl emission rate must be less than the applicable emission limit.

(4) If you demonstrate compliance with an applicable HCl emission limit through performance testing and you plan to burn a new type of fuel type or a new mixture of fuels, you must recalculate the maximum chlorine input using Equation 1 of §63.7530. If the results of recalculating the maximum chlorine input using Equation 1 of §63.7530 are higher than the maximum chlorine input level established during the previous performance test, then you must conduct a new performance test within 60 days of burning the new fuel type or fuel mixture according to the procedures in §63.7520 to demonstrate that the HCl emissions do not exceed the emission limit. You must also establish new operating limits based on this performance test according to the procedures in §63.7530(c).

(5) If you demonstrate compliance with an applicable TSM emission limit through fuel analysis, and you plan to burn a new type of fuel, you must recalculate the TSM emission rate using Equation 6 of §63.7530 according to the procedures specified in paragraphs (a)(5)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) You must determine the TSM concentration for any new fuel type in units of pounds per

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million Btu, based on supplier data or your own fuel analysis, according to the provisions in your site-specific fuel analysis plan developed according to §63.7521(b).

(ii) You must determine the new mixture of fuels that will have the highest content of TSM.

(iii) Recalculate the TSM emission rate from your boiler or process heater under these new conditions using Equation 6 of §63.7530. The recalculated TSM emission rate must be less than the applicable emission limit.

(6) If you demonstrate compliance with an applicable TSM emission limit through performance testing, and you plan to burn a new type of fuel or a new mixture of fuels, you must recalculate the maximum TSM input using Equation 2 of §63.7530. If the results of recalculating the maximum total Noneed metals input using Equation 2 of §63.7530 are higher than the maximum TSM input level established during the previous performance test, then you must conduct a new performance test within 60 days of burning the new fuel type or fuel mixture according to the procedures in §63.7520 to demonstrate that the TSM emissions do not exceed the emission limit. You must also establish new operating limits based on this performance test according to the procedures in §63.7530(c).

(7) If you demonstrate compliance with an applicable mercury emission limit through fuel analysis, and you plan to burn a new type of fuel, you must recalculate the mercury emission rate using Equation 7 of §63.7530 according to the procedures specified in paragraphs (a)(7)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) You must determine the mercury concentration for any new fuel type in units of pounds per million Btu, based on supplier data or your own fuel analysis, according to the provisions in your site-specific fuel analysis plan developed according to §63.7521(b).

(ii) You must determine the new mixture of fuels that will have the highest content of mercury.

(iii) Recalculate the mercury emission rate from your boiler or process heater under these new conditions using Equation 7 of §63.7530. The recalculated mercury emission rate must be less than the applicable emission limit.

(8) If you demonstrate compliance with an applicable mercury emission limit through performance testing, and you plan to burn a new type of fuel or a new mixture of fuels, you must recalculate the maximum mercury input using Equation 3 of §63.7530. If the results of recalculating the maximum mercury input using Equation 3 of §63.7530 are higher than the maximum mercury input level established during the previous performance test, then you must conduct a new performance test within 60 days of burning the new fuel type or fuel mixture according to the procedures in §63.7520 to demonstrate that the mercury emissions do not exceed the emission limit. You must also establish new operating limits based on this performance test according to the procedures in §63.7530(c).

(9) If your unit is controlled with a fabric filter, and you demonstrate continuous compliance using a bag leak detection system, you must initiate corrective action within 1 hour of a bag leak detection system alarm and complete corrective actions according to your SSMP, and operate and maintain the fabric filter system such that the alarm does not sound more than 5 percent of the operating time during a 6-month period. You must also keep records of the date, time, and duration of each alarm, the time corrective action was initiated and completed, and a brief description of the cause of the alarm and the corrective action taken. You must

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also record the percent of the operating time during each 6-month period that the alarm sounds. In calculating this operating time percentage, if inspection of the fabric filter demonstrates that no corrective action is required, no alarm time is counted. If corrective action is required, each alarm shall be counted as a minimum of 1 hour. If you take longer than 1 hour to initiate corrective action, the alarm time shall be counted as the actual amount of time taken to initiate corrective action.

(10) If you have an applicable work practice standard for carbon monoxide, and you are required to install a CEMS according to §63.7525(a), then you must meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(10)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) You must continuously monitor carbon monoxide according to §§63.7525(a) and 63.7535.

(ii) Maintain a carbon monoxide emission level below your applicable carbon monoxide work practice standard in Table 1 to this subpart at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, malfunction, and when your boiler or process heater is operating at less than 50 percent of rated capacity.

(iii) Keep records of carbon monoxide levels according to §63.7555(b).

(b) You must report each instance in which you did not meet each emission limit, operating limit, and work practice standard in Tables 1 through 4 to this subpart that apply to you. You must also report each instance during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction when you did not meet each applicable emission limit, operating limit, and work practice standard. These instances are deviations from the emission limits and work practice standards in this subpart. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in §63.7550.

(c) During periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, you must operate in accordance with the SSMP as required in §63.7505(e).

(d) Consistent with §§63.6(e) and 63.7(e)(1), deviations that occur during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction are not violations if you demonstrate to the EPA Administrator's satisfaction that you were operating in accordance with your SSMP. The EPA Administrator will determine whether deviations that occur during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction are violations, according to the provisions in §63.6(e).

t. §63.7541 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance under the emission averaging provision?

(a) Following the compliance date, the owner or operator must demonstrate compliance with this subpart on a continuous basis by meeting the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section.

(1) For each calendar month, demonstrate compliance with the average weighted emissions limit for the existing large solid fuel boilers participating in the emissions averaging option as determined in §63.7522(f) and (g);

(2) For each existing solid fuel boiler participating in the emissions averaging option that is equipped with a dry control system, maintain opacity at or below the applicable limit;

(3) For each existing solid fuel boiler participating in the emissions averaging option that is equipped with a wet scrubber, maintain the 3-hour average parameter values at or below the operating limits established during the most recent performance test; and

(4) For each existing solid fuel boiler participating in the emissions averaging option that has an approved alternative operating plan, maintain the 3-hour average parameter values at or below the operating limits established in the most recent performance test.

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(b) Any instance where the owner or operator fails to comply with the continuous monitoring requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section, except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, is a deviation.

Notification, Reports, and Records

u. §63.7545 What notifications must I submit and when?

(a) You must submit all of the notifications in §§63.7(b) and (c), 63.8 (e), (f)(4) and (6), and 63.9 (b) through (h) that apply to you by the dates specified.

(b) As specified in §63.9(b)(2), if you startup your affected source before [INSERT THE DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], you must submit an Initial Notification not later than 120 days after [INSERT THE DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER]. The Initial Notification must include the information required in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section, as applicable.

(1) If your affected source has an annual capacity factor of greater than 10 percent, your Initial Notification must include the information required by §63.9(b)(2).

(2) If your affected source has a federally enforceable permit that limits the annual capacity factor to less than or equal to 10 percent such that the unit is in one of the limited use subcategories (the limited use solid fuel subcategory, the limited use liquid fuel subcategory, or the limited use gaseous fuel subcategory), your Initial Notification must include the information required by §63.9(b)(2) and also a signed statement indicating your affected source has a federally enforceable permit that limits the annual capacity factor to less than or equal to 10 percent.

(c) As specified in §63.9(b)(3), if you startup your new or reconstructed affected source on or after [INSERT THE DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE FINAL RULE IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER], you must submit an Initial Notification not later than 120 days after you become subject to this subpart. The Initial Notification must include the information required in paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section, as applicable.

(1) If your affected source has an annual capacity factor of greater than 10 percent, your Initial Notification must include the information required by §63.9(b).

(2) If your affected source has a federally enforceable permit that limits the annual capacity factor to less than or equal to 10 percent such that the unit is in one of the limited use subcategories, your Initial Notification must include the information required by §63.9(b) and a signed statement indicating your affected source has a federally enforceable permit that limits the annual capacity factor to less than or equal to 10 percent.

(d) If you are required to conduct a performance test you must submit a Notification of Intent to conduct a performance test at least 30 days before the performance test is scheduled to begin as required in §63.7(b)(1).

(e) If you are required to conduct an initial compliance demonstration as specified in §63.7530(a), you must submit a Notification of Compliance Status according to §63.9(h)(2)(ii). For each initial compliance demonstration, you must submit the Notification of Compliance Status, including all performance test results and fuel analyses, before the close of business on the 60th day following the completion of the performance test and/or other initial compliance demonstrations according to §63.10(d)(2). The Notification of Compliance Status report must contain all the information specified in paragraphs (e)(1) through (9), as

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applicable.

- (1) A description of the affected source(s) including identification of which subcategory the source is in, the capacity of the source, a description of the add-on controls used on the source description of the fuel(s) burned, and justification for the fuel(s) burned during the performance test.
- (2) Summary of the results of all performance tests, fuel analyses, and calculations conducted to demonstrate initial compliance including all established operating limits.
- (3) Identification of whether you are complying with the particulate matter emission limit or the alternative total Noneed metals emission limit.
- (4) Identification of whether you plan to demonstrate compliance with each applicable emission limit through performance testing or fuel analysis.
- (5) Identification of whether you plan to demonstrate compliance by emissions averaging.
- (6) A signed certification that you have met all applicable emission limits and work practice standards.
- (7) A summary of the carbon monoxide emissions monitoring data and the maximum carbon monoxide emission levels recorded during the performance test to show that you have met any applicable work practice standard in Table 1 to this subpart.
- (8) If your new or reconstructed boiler or process heater is in one of the liquid fuel subcategories and burns only liquid fossil fuels other than residual oil either alone or in combination with gaseous fuels, you must submit a signed statement certifying this in your Notification of Compliance Status report.
- (9) If you had a deviation from any emission limit or work practice standard, you must also submit a description of the deviation, the duration of the deviation, and the corrective action taken in the Notification of Compliance Status report.

v. §63.7550 What reports must I submit and when?

- (a) You must submit each report in Table 9 to this subpart that applies to you.
- (b) Unless the EPA Administrator has approved a different schedule for submission of reports under §63.10(a), you must submit each report by the date in Table 9 to this subpart and according to the requirements in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section.
 - (1) The first compliance report must cover the period beginning on the compliance date that is specified for your affected source in §63.7495 and ending on June 30 or December 31, whichever date is the first date that occurs at least 180 days after the compliance date that is specified for your source in §63.7495.
 - (2) The first compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than July 31 or January 31, whichever date is the first date following the end of the first calendar half after the compliance date that is specified for your source in §63.7495.
 - (3) Each subsequent compliance report must cover the semiannual reporting period from January 1 through June 30 or the semiannual reporting period from July 1 through December 31.

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- (4) Each subsequent compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than July 31 or January 31, whichever date is the first date following the end of the semiannual reporting period.
- (5) For each affected source that is subject to permitting regulations pursuant to 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71, and if the permitting authority has established dates for submitting semiannual reports pursuant to 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6(a)(3)(iii)(A), you may submit the first and subsequent compliance reports according to the dates the permitting authority has established instead of according to the dates in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section.
- (c) The compliance report must contain the information required in paragraphs (c)(1) through (11) of this section.
- (1) Company name and address.
 - (2) Statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report.
 - (3) Date of report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.
 - (4) The total fuel use by each affected source subject to an emission limit, for each calendar month within the semiannual reporting period, including, but not limited to, a description of the fuel and the total fuel usage amount with units of measure.
 - (5) A summary of the results of the annual performance tests and documentation of any operating limits that were reestablished during this test, if applicable.
 - (6) A signed statement indicating that you burned no new types of fuel. Or, if you did burn a new type of fuel, you must submit the calculation of chlorine input, using Equation 1 of §63.7530, that demonstrates that your source is still within its maximum chlorine input level established during the previous performance testing (for sources that demonstrate compliance through performance testing) or you must submit the calculation of HCl emission rate using Equation 5 of §63.7530 that demonstrates that your source is still meeting the emission limit for HCl emissions (for boilers or process heaters that demonstrate compliance through fuel analysis). If you burned a new type of fuel, you must submit the calculation of TSM input, using Equation 2 of §63.7530, that demonstrates that your source is still within its maximum TSM input level established during the previous performance testing (for sources that demonstrate compliance through performance testing), or you must submit the calculation of TSM emission rate using Equation 6 of §63.7530 that demonstrates that your source is still meeting the emission limit for TSM emissions (for boilers or process heaters that demonstrate compliance through fuel analysis). If you burned a new type of fuel, you must submit the calculation of mercury input, using Equation 3 of §63.7530, that demonstrates that your source is still within its maximum mercury input level established during the previous performance testing (for sources that demonstrate compliance through performance testing), or you must submit the calculation of mercury emission rate using Equation 7 of §63.7530 that demonstrates that your source is still meeting the emission limit for mercury emissions (for boilers or process heaters that demonstrate compliance through fuel analysis).
 - (7) If you wish to burn a new type of fuel and you can not demonstrate compliance with the maximum chlorine input operating limit using Equation 1 of §63.7530, the maximum TSM input operating limit using Equation 2 of §63.7530, or the maximum mercury input operating limit using Equation 3 of §63.7530, you must include in the compliance report a statement indicating the intent to conduct a new performance test within 60 days of starting to burn the

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new fuel.

(8) The hours of operation for each boiler and process heater that is subject to an emission limit for each calendar month within the semiannual reporting period. This requirement applies only to limited use boilers and process heaters.

(9) If you had a startup, shutdown, or malfunction during the reporting period and you took actions consistent with your SSMP, the compliance report must include the information in §63.10(d)(5)(i).

(10) If there are no deviations from any emission limits or operating limits in this subpart that apply to you, and there are no deviations from the requirements for work practice standards in this subpart, a statement that there were no deviations from the emission limits, operating limits, or work practice standards during the reporting period.

(11) If there were no periods during which the CMSs, including CEMS, COMS, and CPMS, were out of control as specified in §63.8(c)(7), a statement that there were no periods during which the CMSs were out of control during the reporting period.

(d) For each deviation from an emission limit or operating limit in this subpart and for each deviation from the requirements for work practice standards in this subpart that occurs at an affected source where you are not using a CMSs to comply with that emission limit, operating limit, or work practice standard, the compliance report must contain the information in paragraphs (c)(1) through (10) of this section and the information required in paragraphs (d)(1) through (4) of this section. This includes periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

(1) The total operating time of each affected source during the reporting period.

(2) A description of the deviation and which emission limit, operating limit, or work practice standard from which you deviated.

(3) Information on the number, duration, and cause of deviations (including unknown cause), as applicable, and the corrective action taken.

(4) A copy of the test report if the annual performance test showed a deviation from the emission limit for particulate matter or the alternative TSM limit, a deviation from the HCl emission limit, or a deviation from the mercury emission limit.

(e) For each deviation from an emission limitation and operating limit or work practice standard in this subpart occurring at an affected source where you are using a CMS to comply with that emission limit, operating limit, or work practice standard, you must include the information in paragraphs (c)(1) through (10) of this section and the information required in paragraphs (e)(1) through (12) of this section. This includes periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction and any deviations from your site-specific monitoring plan as required in §63.7505(d).

(1) The date and time that each malfunction started and stopped and description of the nature of the deviation (i.e., what you deviated from).

(2) The date and time that each CMS was inoperative, except for zero (low-level) and high-level checks.

(3) The date, time, and duration that each CMS was out of control, including the information in §63.8(c)(8).

(4) The date and time that each deviation started and stopped, and whether each deviation occurred during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction or during another period.

(5) A summary of the total duration of the deviation during the reporting period and the total duration as a percent of the total source operating time during that reporting period.

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(6) A breakdown of the total duration of the deviations during the reporting period into those that are due to startup, shutdown, control equipment problems, process problems, other known causes, and other unknown causes.

(7) A summary of the total duration of CMSs downtime during the reporting period and the total duration of CMS downtime as a percent of the total source operating time during that reporting period.

(8) An identification of each parameter that was monitored at the affected source for which there was a deviation, including opacity, carbon monoxide, and operating parameters for wet scrubbers and other control devices.

(9) A brief description of the source for which there was a deviation.

(10) A brief description of each CMS for which there was a deviation.

(11) The date of the latest CMS certification or audit for the system for which there was a deviation.

(12) A description of any changes in CMSs, processes, or controls since the last reporting period for the source for which there was a deviation.

(f) Each affected source that has obtained a title V operating permit pursuant to 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71 must report all deviations as defined in this subpart in the semiannual monitoring report required by 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6(a)(3)(iii)(A). If an affected source submits a compliance report pursuant to Table 9 to this subpart along with, or as part of, the semiannual monitoring report required by 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6(a)(3)(iii)(A), and the compliance report includes all required information concerning deviations from any emission limit, operating limit, or work practice requirement in this subpart, submission of the compliance report satisfies any obligation to report the same deviations in the semiannual monitoring report. However, submission of a compliance report does not otherwise affect any obligation the affected source may have to report deviations from permit requirements to the permit authority.

(g) If you operate a new gaseous fuel unit that is subject to the work practice standard specified in Table 1 to this subpart, and you intend to use a fuel other than natural gas or equivalent to fire the affected unit, you must submit a notification of alternative fuel use within 48

hours of the declaration of a period of natural gas curtailment or supply interruption, as defined in §63.7575. The notification must include the information specified in paragraphs (g)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) Company name and address.

(2) Identification of the affected unit.

(3) Reason you are unable to use natural gas or equivalent fuel, including the date when the natural gas curtailment was declared or the natural gas supply interruption began.

(4) Type of alternative fuel that you intend to use.

(5) Dates when the alternative fuel use is expected to begin and end.

w. §63.7555 What records must I keep?

(a) You must keep records according to paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) A copy of each notification and report that you submitted to comply with this subpart, including all documentation supporting any Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status or semiannual compliance report that you submitted, according to the requirements in

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§63.10(b)(2)(xiv).

(2) The records in §63.6(e)(3)(iii) through (v) related to startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

(3) Records of performance tests, fuel analyses, or other compliance demonstrations, performance evaluations, and opacity observations as required in §63.10(b)(2)(viii).

(b) For each CEMS, CPMS, and COMS, you must keep records according to paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) Records described in §63.10(b)(2)(vi) through (xi).

(2) Monitoring data for continuous opacity monitoring system during a performance evaluation as required in §63.6(h)(7)(i) and (ii).

(3) Previous (i.e., superseded) versions of the performance evaluation plan as required in §63.8(d)(3).

(4) Request for alternatives to relative accuracy test for CEMS as required in §63.8(f)(6)(i).

(5) Records of the date and time that each deviation started and stopped, and whether the deviation occurred during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction or during another period.

(c) You must keep the records required in Table 8 to this subpart including records of all monitoring data and calculated averages for applicable operating limits such as opacity, pressure drop, carbon monoxide, and pH to show continuous compliance with each emission limit, operating limit, and work practice standard that applies to you.

(d) For each boiler or process heater subject to an emission limit, you must also keep the records in paragraphs (d)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) You must keep records of monthly fuel use by each boiler or process heater, including the type(s) of fuel and amount(s) used.

(2) You must keep records of monthly hours of operation by each boiler or process heater. This requirement applies only to limited-use boilers and process heaters.

(3) A copy of all calculations and supporting documentation of maximum chlorine fuel input, using Equation 1 of §63.7530, that were done to demonstrate continuous compliance with the HCl emission limit, for sources that demonstrate compliance through performance testing. For sources that demonstrate compliance through fuel analysis, a copy of all calculations and supporting documentation of HCl emission rates, using Equation 5 of §63.7530, that were done to demonstrate compliance with the HCl emission limit. Supporting documentation should include results of any fuel analyses and basis for the estimates of maximum chlorine fuel input or HCl emission rates. You can use the results from one fuel analysis for multiple boilers and process heaters provided they are all burning the same fuel type. However, you must calculate chlorine fuel input, or HCl emission rate, for each boiler and process heater.

(4) A copy of all calculations and supporting documentation of maximum TSM fuel input, using Equation 2 of §63.7530, that were done to demonstrate continuous compliance with the TSM emission limit for sources that demonstrate compliance through performance testing. For sources that demonstrate compliance through fuel analysis, a copy of all calculations and supporting documentation of TSM emission rates, using Equation 6 of §63.7530, that were done to demonstrate compliance with the TSM emission limit. Supporting documentation should include results of any fuel analyses and basis for the estimates of maximum TSM fuel input or TSM emission rates. You can use the results from one fuel analysis for multiple boilers and process heaters provided they are all burning the same fuel type. However, you must calculate TSM

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fuel input, or TSM emission rates, for each boiler and process heater.

- (5) A copy of all calculations and supporting documentation of maximum mercury fuel input, using Equation 3 of §63.7530, that were done to demonstrate continuous compliance with the mercury emission limit for sources that demonstrate compliance through performance testing. For sources that demonstrate compliance through fuel analysis, a copy of all calculations and supporting documentation of mercury emission rates, using Equation 7 of §63.7530, that were done to demonstrate compliance with the mercury emission limit. Supporting documentation should include results of any fuel analyses and basis for the estimates of maximum mercury fuel input or mercury emission rates. You can use the results from one fuel analysis for multiple boilers and process heaters provided they are all burning the same fuel type. However, you must calculate mercury fuel input, or mercury emission rates, for each boiler and process heater.
- (e) If your boiler or process heater is subject to an emission limit or work practice standard in Table 1 to this subpart and has a federally enforceable permit that limits the annual capacity factor to less than or equal to 10 percent such that the unit is in one of the limited use subcategories, you must keep the records in paragraphs (e)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) A copy of the federally enforceable permit that limits the annual capacity factor of the source to less than or equal to 10 percent.
- (2) Fuel use records for the days the boiler or process heater was operating.

x. §63.7560 In what form and how long must I keep my records?

- (a) Your records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review, according to §63.10(b)(1).
- (b) As specified in §63.10(b)(1), you must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record.
- (c) You must keep each record on site for at least 2 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to §63.10(b)(1). You can keep the records off site for the remaining 3 years.

Other Requirements and Information

y. §63.7565 What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 10 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in §§63.1 through 63.15 apply to you.

z. §63.7570 Who implements and enforces this subpart?

(a) This subpart can be implemented and enforced by U.S. EPA, or a delegated authority such as your State, local, or tribal agency. If the EPA Administrator has delegated authority to your State, local, or tribal agency, then that agency (as well as the U.S. EPA) has the authority to implement and enforce this subpart. You should contact your EPA Regional Office to find

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out if this subpart is delegated to your State, local, or tribal agency.

(b) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority of this subpart to a State, local, or tribal agency under 40 CFR part 63, subpart E, the authorities listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section are retained by the EPA Administrator and are not transferred to the State, local, or tribal agency, however, the U.S. EPA retains oversight of this subpart and can take enforcement actions, as appropriate.

(1) Approval of alternatives to the non-opacity emission limits and work practice standards in §63.7500(a) through (c) under §63.6(g).

(2) Approval of alternative opacity emission limits in §63.7500(a) under §63.6(h)(9).

(3) Approval of major change to test methods in Table 5 to this subpart under §63.7(e)(2)(ii) and (f) and as defined in §63.90.

(4) Approval of major change to monitoring under §63.8(f) and as defined in §63.90.

(5) Approval of major change to recordkeeping and reporting under §63.10(f) and as defined in §63.90.

aa. §63.7575 What definitions apply to this subpart?

Terms used in this subpart are defined in the CAA, in §63.2 (the General Provisions), and in this section as follows:

Annual capacity factor means the ratio between the actual heat input to a boiler or process heater from the fuels burned during a calendar year, and the potential heat input to the boiler or process heater had it been operated for 8,760 hours during a year at the maximum steady state design heat input capacity.

Bag leak detection system means an instrument that is capable of monitoring particulate matter loadings in the exhaust of a fabric filter (i.e., baghouse) in order to detect bag failures. A bag leak detection system includes, but is not limited to, an instrument that operates on electrodynamic, triboelectric, light scattering, light transmittance, or other principle to monitor relative particulate matter loadings.

Biomass fuel means unadulterated wood as defined in this subpart, wood residue, and wood products (e.g., trees, tree stumps, tree limbs, bark, lumber, sawdust, sanderdust, chips, scraps, slabs, millings, and shavings); animal litter; vegetative agricultural and silvicultural materials, such as logging residues (slash), nut and grain hulls and chaff (e.g., almond, walnut, peanut, rice, and wheat), bagasse, orchard prunings, corn stalks, coffee bean hulls and grounds.

Blast furnace gas fuel-fired boiler or process heater means an industrial/commercial/institutional boiler or process heater that receives 90 percent or more of its total heat input (based on an annual average) from blast furnace gas.

Boiler means an enclosed device using controlled flame combustion and having the primary purpose of recovering thermal energy in the form of steam or hot water. Waste heat boilers are excluded from this definition.

Coal means all solid fuels classifiable as anthracite, bituminous, sub-bituminous, or lignite by the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D388-99e1, "Standard Specification for Classification of Coals by Rank," coal refuse, and petroleum coke. Synthetic fuels derived from coal for the purpose of creating useful heat including but not limited to, solvent-refined coal, coal-oil mixtures, and coal-water mixtures, for the purposes of this subpart. Coal derived gases are excluded from this definition.

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Coal refuse means any by-product of coal mining or coal cleaning operations with an ash content greater than 50 percent (by weight) and a heating value less than 13,900 kilojoules per kilogram (6,000 Btu per pound) on a dry basis.

Commercial/institutional boiler means a boiler used in commercial establishments or institutional establishments such as medical centers, research centers, institutions of higher education, hotels, and laundries to provide electricity, steam, and/or hot water.

Construction/demolition material means waste building material that result from the construction or demolition operations on houses and commercial and industrial buildings.

Deviation means any instance in which an affected source subject to this subpart, or an owner or operator of such a source:

- (1) Fails to meet any requirement or obligation established by this subpart including, but not limited to, any emission limit, operating limit, or work practice standard;
- (2) Fails to meet any term or condition that is adopted to implement an applicable requirement in this subpart and that is included in the operating permit for any affected source required to obtain such a permit; or
- (3) Fails to meet any emission limit, operating limit, or work practice standard in this subpart during startup, shutdown, or malfunction, regardless of whether or not such failure is permitted by this subpart.

A deviation is not always a violation. The determination of whether a deviation constitutes a violation of the standard is up to the discretion of the entity responsible for enforcement of the standards.

Distillate oil means fuel oils, including recycled oils, that comply with the specifications for fuel oil numbers 1 and 2, as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D396-02a, "Standard Specifications for Fuel Oils."

Dry scrubber means an add-on air pollution control system that injects dry alkaline sorbent (dry injection) or sprays an alkaline sorbent (spray dryer) to react with and neutralize acid gas in the exhaust stream forming a dry powder material. Sorbent injection systems in fluidized bed boilers and process heaters are included in this definition.

Electric utility steam generating unit means a fossil fuel-fired combustion unit of more than 25 megawatts that serves a generator that produces electricity for sale. A fossil fuel-fired unit that cogenerates steam and electricity and supplies more than one-third of its potential electric output capacity and more than 25 megawatts electrical output to any utility power distribution system for sale is considered an electric utility steam generating unit.

Electrostatic precipitator means an add-on air pollution control device used to capture particulate matter by charging the particles using an electrostatic field, collecting the particles using a grounded collecting surface, and transporting the particles into a hopper.

Fabric filter means an add-on air pollution control device used to capture particulate matter by filtering gas streams through filter media, also known as a baghouse.

Federally enforceable means all limitations and conditions that are enforceable by the EPA Administrator, including the requirements of 40 CFR parts 60 and 61, requirements within any applicable State implementation plan, and any permit requirements established under 40 CFR 52.21 or under 40 CFR 51.18 and 40 CFR 51.24.

Firetube boiler means a boiler in which hot gases of combustion pass through the tubes and water contacts the outside surfaces of the tubes.

Fuel type means each category of fuels that share a common name or classification.

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Examples include, but are not limited to, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, anthracite, biomass, construction/demolition material, salt water laden wood, creosote treated wood, tires, residual oil. Individual fuel types received from different suppliers are not considered new fuel types except for construction/demolition material.

Fossil fuel means natural gas, petroleum, coal, and any form of solid, liquid, or gaseous fuel derived from such materials.

Gaseous fuel includes, but is not limited to, natural gas, process gas, landfill gas, coal derived gas, refinery gas, and biogas. Blast furnace gas is exempted from this definition.

Heat input means heat derived from combustion of fuel in a boiler or process heater and does not include the heat input from preheated combustion air, recirculated flue gases, or exhaust gases from other sources such as gas turbines, internal combustion engines, kilns, etc.

Hot water heater means a closed vessel with a capacity of no more than 120 U.S. gallons in which water is heated by combustion of gaseous or liquid fuel and is withdrawn for use external to the vessel at pressures not exceeding 160 psig, including the apparatus by which the heat is generated and all controls and devices necessary to prevent water temperatures from exceeding 210°F (99°C).

Industrial boiler means a boiler used in manufacturing, processing, mining, and refining or any other industry to provide steam, hot water, and/or electricity.

Large gaseous fuel subcategory includes any watertube boiler or process heater that burns gaseous fuels not combined with any solid fuels, burns liquid fuel only during periods of gas curtailment or gas supply emergencies, has a rated capacity of greater than 10 MMBtu per hour heat input, and has an annual capacity factor of greater than 10 percent.

Large liquid fuel subcategory includes any watertube boiler or process heater that does not burn any solid fuel and burns any liquid fuel either alone or in combination with gaseous fuels, has a rated capacity of greater than 10 MMBtu per hour heat input, and has an annual capacity factor of greater than 10 percent. Large gaseous fuel boilers and process heaters that burn liquid fuel during periods of gas curtailment or gas supply emergencies are not included in this definition.

Large solid fuel subcategory includes any watertube boiler or process heater that burns any amount of solid fuel either alone or in combination with liquid or gaseous fuels, has a rated capacity of greater than 10 MMBtu per hour heat input, and has an annual capacity factor of greater than 10 percent.

Liquid fossil fuel means petroleum, distillate oil, residual oil and any form of liquid fuel derived from such material.

Liquid fuel includes, but is not limited to, distillate oil, residual oil, waste oil, and process liquids.

Limited use gaseous fuel subcategory includes any watertube boiler or process heater that burns gaseous fuels not combined with any liquid or solid fuels, burns liquid fuel only during periods of gas curtailment or gas supply emergencies, has a rated capacity of greater than 10 MMBtu per hour heat input, and has a federally enforceable annual average capacity factor of equal to or less than 10 percent.

Limited use liquid fuel subcategory includes any watertube boiler or process heater that does not burn any solid fuel and burns any liquid fuel either alone or in combination with gaseous fuels, has a rated capacity of greater than 10 MMBtu per hour heat input, and has a federally enforceable annual average capacity factor of equal to or less than 10 percent. Limited use

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gaseous fuel boilers and process heaters that burn liquid fuel during periods of gas curtailment or gas supply emergencies are not included in this definition.

Limited use solid fuel subcategory includes any watertube boiler or process heater that burns any amount of solid fuel either alone or in combination with liquid or gaseous fuels, has a rated capacity of greater than 10 MMBtu per hour heat input, and has a federally enforceable annual average capacity factor of equal to or less than 10 percent.

Minimum pressure drop means 90 percent of the lowest test-run average pressure drop measured according to Table 7 to this subpart during the most recent performance test demonstrating compliance with the applicable emission limit.

Minimum scrubber effluent pH means 90 percent of the lowest test-run average effluent pH measured at the outlet of the wet scrubber according to Table 7 to this subpart during the most recent performance test demonstrating compliance with the applicable hydrogen chloride emission limit.

Minimum scrubber flow rate means 90 percent of the lowest test-run average flow rate measured according to Table 7 to this subpart during the most recent performance test demonstrating compliance with the applicable emission limit.

Minimum sorbent flow rate means 90 percent of the lowest test-run average sorbent (or activated carbon) flow rate measured according to Table 7 to this subpart during the most recent performance test demonstrating compliance with the applicable emission limits.

Minimum voltage or amperage means 90 percent of the lowest test-run average voltage or amperage to the electrostatic precipitator measured according to Table 7 to this subpart during the most recent performance test demonstrating compliance with the applicable emission limits.

Natural gas means:

- (1) A naturally occurring mixture of hydrocarbon and nonhydrocarbon gases found in geologic formations beneath the earth's surface, of which the principal constituent is methane; or
- (2) Liquid petroleum gas, as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D1835-03a, "Standard Specification for Liquid Petroleum Gases."

Opacity means the degree to which emissions reduce the transmission of light and obscure the view of an object in the background.

Particulate matter means any finely divided solid or liquid material, other than uncombined water, as measured by the test methods specified under this subpart, or an alternative method.

Period of natural gas curtailment or supply interruption means a period of time during which the supply of natural gas to an affected facility is halted for reasons beyond the control of the facility. An increase in the cost or unit price of natural gas does not constitute a period of natural gas curtailment or supply interruption.

Process heater means an enclosed device using controlled flame, that is not a boiler, and the unit's primary purpose is to transfer heat indirectly to a process material (liquid, gas, or solid) or to a heat transfer material for use in a process unit, instead of generating steam. Process heaters are devices in which the combustion gases do not directly come into contact with process materials. Process heaters do not include units used for comfort heat or space heat, food preparation for on-site consumption, or autoclaves.

Residual oil means crude oil, and all fuel oil numbers 4, 5 and 6, as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D396-02a, "Standard Specifications for Fuel Oils."

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Responsible official means responsible official as defined in 40 CFR 70.2.

Small gaseous fuel subcategory includes any firetube boiler that burns gaseous fuels not combined with any solid fuels and burns liquid fuel only during periods of gas curtailment or gas supply emergencies, and any boiler or process heater that burns gaseous fuels not combined with any solid fuels, burns liquid fuel only during periods of gas curtailment or gas supply emergencies, and has a rated capacity of less than or equal to 10 MMBtu per hour heat input.

Small liquid fuel subcategory includes any firetube boiler that does not burn any solid fuel and burns any liquid fuel either alone or in combination with gaseous fuels, and any boiler or process heater that does not burn any solid fuel and burns any liquid fuel either alone or in combination with gaseous fuels, and has a rated capacity of less than or equal to 10 MMBtu per hour heat input. Small gaseous fuel boilers and process heaters that burn liquid fuel during periods of gas curtailment or gas supply emergencies are not included in this definition.

Small solid fuel subcategory includes any firetube boiler that burns any amount of solid fuel either alone or in combination with liquid or gaseous fuels, and any other boiler or process heater that burns any amount of solid fuel either alone or in combination with liquid or gaseous fuels and has a rated capacity of less than or equal to 10 MMBtu per hour heat input.

Solid fuel includes, but is not limited to, coal, wood, biomass, tires, plastics, and other nonfossil solid materials.

Temporary boiler means any gaseous or liquid fuel boiler that is designed to, and is capable of, being carried or moved from one location to another. A temporary boiler that remains at a location for more than 180 consecutive days is no longer considered to be a temporary boiler. Any temporary boiler that replaces a temporary boiler at a location and is intended to perform the same or similar function will be included in calculating the consecutive time period.

Total Noneed metals means the combination of the following metallic HAP: arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, lead, manganese, nickel and selenium.

Unadulterated wood means wood or wood products that have not been painted, pigment-stained, or pressure treated with compounds such as chromate copper arsenate, pentachlorophenol, and creosote. Plywood, particle board, oriented strand board, and other types of wood products bound by glues and resins are included in this definition.

Watertube boiler means a boiler in which water passes through the tubes and hot gases of combustion pass over the outside surfaces of the tubes.

Waste heat boiler means a device that recovers normally unused energy and converts it to usable heat. Waste heat boilers incorporating duct or supplemental burners that are designed to supply 50 percent or more of the total rated heat input capacity of the waste heat boiler are not considered waste heat boilers, but are considered boilers. Waste heat boilers are also referred to as heat recovery steam generators.

Wet scrubber means any add-on air pollution control device that mixes an aqueous stream or slurry with the exhaust gases from a boiler or process heater to control emissions of particulate matter and/or to absorb and neutralize acid gases, such as hydrogen chloride.

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Work practice standard means any design, equipment, work practice, or operational standard, or combination thereof, that is promulgated pursuant to section 112(h) of the CAA.

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Tables to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63

Table 1 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Emission Limits and Work Practice Standards

As stated in §63.7500, you must comply with the following applicable emission limits:

If your boiler or process heater is in this subcategory...	For the following pollutants...	You must meet the following emission limits and work practice standards...
1. New or reconstructed large solid fuel	a. Particulate Matter (OR Total Noneed Metals) b. Hydrogen Chloride c. Mercury d. Carbon Monoxide	0.025 lb per MMBtu of heat input; or (0.0003 lb per MMBtu/hr of heat input) 0.02 lb per MMBtu of heat input 0.000003 lb per MMBtu of heat input 400 ppm by volume on a dry basis corrected to 7 percent oxygen (30-day rolling average for units 100 MMBtu/hr or greater, 3-run average for units less than 100 MMBtu/hr)
2. New or reconstructed limited use solid fuel	a. Particulate Matter (OR Total Noneed Metals) b. Hydrogen Chloride c. Mercury d. Carbon Monoxide	0.025 lb per MMBtu of heat input; or (0.0003 lb per MMBtu/hr of heat input) 0.02 lb per MMBtu of heat input 0.000003 lb per MMBtu of heat input 400 ppm by volume on a dry basis corrected to 7 percent oxygen (3-run average)

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3. New or reconstructed small solid fuel	a. Particulate Matter (OR Total Noneed Metals) b. Hydrogen Chloride c. Mercury	0.025 lb per MMBtu of heat input; or (0.0003 lb per MMBtu/hr of heat input) 0.02 lb per MMBtu of heat input 0.000003 lb per MMBtu of heat input
4. New or reconstructed large liquid fuel	a. Particulate Matter b. Hydrogen Chloride c. Carbon Monoxide	0.03 lb per MMBtu of heat input 0.0005 lb per MMBtu of heat input 400 ppm by volume on a dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen (30-day rolling average for units 100 MMBtu/hr or greater, 3-run average for units less than 100 MMBtu/hr)
5. New or reconstructed limited use liquid fuel	a. Particulate Matter b. Hydrogen Chloride c. Carbon Monoxide	0.03 lb per MMBtu of heat input 0.0009 lb per MMBtu of heat input 400 ppm by volume on a dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen (3-run average)
6. New or reconstructed small liquid fuel	a. Particulate Matter b. Hydrogen Chloride	0.03 lb per MMBtu of heat input 0.0009 lb per MMBtu of heat input
7. New or reconstructed large gaseous fuel	Carbon Monoxide	400 ppm by volume on a dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen (30-day rolling average for units 100 MMBtu/hr or greater, 3-run average for units less than 100 MMBtu/hr)
8. New or reconstructed limited use gaseous fuel	Carbon Monoxide	400 ppm by volume on a dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen (3-run average)
9. Existing large solid fuel	a. Particulate Matter (OR Total Noneed Metals) b. Hydrogen Chloride c. Mercury	0.07 lb per MMBtu of heat input (0.001 lb per MMBtu/hr of heat input) 0.09 lb per MMBtu of heat input 0.000009 lb per MMBtu of heat input

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10. Existing limited use solid fuel	Particulate Matter (OR Total Noneed Metals)	0.21 lb per MMBtu of heat input (0.004 lb per MMBtu/hr of heat input)
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Table 2 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Operating Limits for Boilers and Process Heaters with
Particulate Matter Emission Limits

As stated in §63.7500, you must comply with the applicable operating limits:

If you demonstrate compliance with applicable particulate matter emission limits using...	You must meet these operating limits...
1. Wet scrubber control	a. Maintain the minimum pressure drop and liquid flow-rate at or above the operating levels established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c) and Table 7 to this subpart that demonstrated compliance with the applicable emission limit for particulate matter.
2. Fabric filter control	a. Install and operate a bag leak detection system according to §63.7525 and operate the fabric filter such that the bag leak detection system alarm does not sound more than 5 percent of the operating time during each 6-month period; OR b. This option is for boilers and process heaters that operate dry control systems. Existing boilers and process heaters must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 20 percent (6-minute average) except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent. New boilers and process heaters must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 10 percent opacity (1-hour block average).

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3. Electrostatic precipitator control	<p>a. This option is for boilers and process heaters that operate dry control systems. Existing boilers and process heaters must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 20 percent (6-minute average) except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent. New boilers and process heaters must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 10 percent opacity (1-hour block average).; OR</p> <p>b. This option is only for boilers and process heaters that operate additional wet control systems. Maintain the minimum voltage and secondary current or total power input of the electrostatic precipitator at or above the operating limits established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c) and Table 7 to this subpart that demonstrated compliance with the applicable emission limit for particulate matter.</p>
4. Any other control type	This option is for boilers and process heaters that operate dry control systems. Existing boilers and process heaters must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 20 percent (6-minute average) except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent. New boilers and process heaters must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 10 percent opacity (1-hour block average).

Table 3 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Operating Limits for Boilers and Process Heaters With Mercury Emission Limits and Boilers and Process Heaters That Choose to Comply With the Alternative Total Noneed Metals Emission Limits

As stated in §63.7500, you must comply with the applicable operating limits:

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If you demonstrate compliance with applicable mercury and/or total Noneed metals emission limits using...	You must meet these operating limits...
1. Wet scrubber control	Maintain the minimum pressure drop and liquid flow-rate at or above the operating levels established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c) and Table 7 to this subpart that demonstrated compliance with the applicable emission limits for mercury and/or total Noneed metals.
2. Fabric filter control	<p>a. Install and operate a bag leak detection system according to §63.7525 and operate the fabric filter such that the bag leak detection system alarm does not sound more than 5 percent of the operating time during a 6-month period; OR</p> <p>b. This option is for boilers and process heaters that operate dry control systems. Existing sources must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 20 percent (6-minute average) except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent. New sources must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 10 percent opacity (1-hour block average).</p>

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3. Electrostatic precipitator control	<p>a. This option is for boilers and process heaters that operate dry control systems. Existing sources must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 20 percent (6-minute average) except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent. New sources must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 10 percent opacity (1-hour block average); OR</p> <p>b. This option is only for boilers and process heaters that operate additional wet control systems. Maintain the minimum voltage and secondary current or total power input of the electrostatic precipitator at or above the operating limits established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c) and Table 7 to this subpart that demonstrated compliance with the applicable emission limits for mercury and/or total Noneed metals.</p>
4. Dry scrubber or carbon injection control	Maintain the minimum sorbent or carbon injection rate at or above the operating levels established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c) and Table 7 to this subpart that demonstrated compliance with the applicable emission limit for mercury.
5. Any other control type	This option is only for boilers and process heaters that operate dry control systems. Existing sources must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 20 percent (6-minute average) except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent. New sources must maintain opacity to less than or equal to 10 percent opacity (1-hour block average).

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6. Fuel analysis	Maintain the fuel type or fuel mixture such that the mercury and/or total Noneed metals emission rates calculated according to §63.7530(d)(4) and/or (5) is less than the applicable emission limits for mercury and/or total Noneed metals.
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Table 4 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Operating Limits for Boilers and Process Heaters with Hydrogen Chloride Emission Limits

As stated in §63.7500, you must comply with the following applicable operating limits:

If you demonstrate compliance with applicable hydrogen chloride emission limits using...	You must meet these operating limits...
1. Wet scrubber control	Maintain the minimum scrubber effluent pH, pressure drop, and liquid flow-rate at or above the operating levels established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c) and Table 7 to this subpart that demonstrated compliance with the applicable emission limit for hydrogen chloride.
2. Dry scrubber control	Maintain the minimum sorbent injection rate at or above the operating levels established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c) and Table 7 to this subpart that demonstrated compliance with the applicable emission limit for hydrogen chloride.
3. Fuel analysis	Maintain the fuel type or fuel mixture such that the hydrogen chloride emission rate calculated according to §63.7530(d)(3) is less than the applicable emission limit for hydrogen chloride.

Table 5 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Performance Testing Requirements

As stated in §63.7520, you must comply with the following requirements for performance test for existing, new or reconstructed affected sources:

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To conduct a performance test for the following pollutant...	You must...	Using...
1. Particulate Matter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. None sampling ports location and the number of traverse points. b. Determine velocity and volumetric flow-rate of the stack gas. c. Determine oxygen and carbon dioxide concentrations of the stack gas. d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas e. Measure the particulate matter emission concentration f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates. 	<p>Method 1 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 2, 2F, or 2G in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 3A or 3B in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter or ASME PTC 19, Part 10(1981).</p> <p>Method 4 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 5 or 17 (positive pressure fabric filters must use Method 5D) in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 19 F-factor methodology in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p>

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2. Total Noneed metals	<p>a. None sampling ports location and the number of traverse points.</p> <p>b. Determine velocity and volumetric flow-rate of the stack gas.</p> <p>c. Determine oxygen and carbon dioxide concentrations of the stack gas.</p> <p>d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas</p> <p>e. Measure the total Noneed metals emission concentration</p> <p>f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.</p>	<p>Method 1 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 2, 2F, or 2G in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 3A or 3B in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter or ASME PTC 19, Part 10(1981).</p> <p>Method 4 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 29 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 19 F-factor methodology in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p>
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3. Hydrogen chloride	<p>a. None sampling ports location and the number of traverse points.</p> <p>b. Determine velocity and volumetric flow-rate of the stack gas.</p> <p>c. Determine oxygen and carbon dioxide concentrations of the stack gas.</p> <p>d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas</p> <p>e. Measure the hydrogen chloride emission concentration</p> <p>f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.</p>	<p>Method 1 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 2, 2F, or 2G in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 3A or 3B in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter or ASME PTC 19, Part 10(1981).</p> <p>Method 4 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 26 or 26A in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 19 F-factor methodology in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p>
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4. Mercury	<p>a. None sampling ports location and the number of traverse points.</p> <p>b. Determine velocity and volumetric flow-rate of the stack gas.</p> <p>c. Determine oxygen and carbon dioxide concentrations of the stack gas.</p> <p>d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas</p> <p>e. Measure the mercury emission concentration</p> <p>f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.</p>	<p>Method 1 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 2, 2F, or 2G in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 3A or 3B in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter or ASME PTC 19, Part 10(1981).</p> <p>Method 4 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p> <p>Method 29 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter or Method 101A in appendix B to part 61 of this chapter or ASTM Method D6784-02.</p> <p>Method 19 F-factor methodology in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.</p>
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5. Carbon Monoxide	a. None the sampling ports location and the number of traverse points.	Method 1 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.
	b. Determine velocity and volumetric flow-rate of the stack gas.	Method 2, 2F, or 2G in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.
	c. Determine oxygen and carbon dioxide concentrations of the stack gas.	Method 3A or 3B in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter or ASME PTC 19, Part 10(1981).
	d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas.	Method 4 in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.
	e. Measure the carbon monoxide emission concentration.	Method 10, 10A, or 10 B in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.
	f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.	Method 19 F-factor methodology in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.

Table 6 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Fuel Analysis Requirements

As stated in §63.7521, you must comply with the following requirements for fuel analysis testing for existing, new or reconstructed affected sources:

To conduct a fuel analysis for the following pollutant...	You must...	Using...
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1. Mercury	<p>a. Collect fuel samples.</p> <p>b. Composite fuel samples.</p> <p>c. Prepare composited fuel samples.</p> <p>d. Determine heat content of the fuel type.</p> <p>e. Determine moisture content of the fuel type.</p> <p>f. Measure mercury concentration in fuel sample.</p> <p>g. Convert concentrations in into units of pounds of pollutant per MMBtu of heat content.</p>	<p>Procedure in §63.7521(c) or ASTM D2234M-03 (for coal) or ASTM D6323-98 (2003) (for biomass) or equivalent.</p> <p>Procedure in §63.7521(d) or equivalent.</p> <p>SW-846-3050B (for solid samples) or SW-846-3020A (for liquid samples) or ASTM D2013-01 (for coal) or ASTM D5198-92 (2003) (for biomass) or equivalent.</p> <p>ASTM D5865-03a (for coal) or ASTM E711-87 (1996) (for biomass) or equivalent.</p> <p>ASTM D3173-02 or ASTM E871-82 (1998) or equivalent.</p> <p>ASTM D3684-01 (for coal) or SW-846-7471A (for solid samples) or SW-846 7470A (for liquid samples).</p>
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<p>2. Total Noneed metals</p>	<p>a. Collect fuel samples.</p> <p>b. Composite fuel samples.</p> <p>c. Prepare composited fuel samples</p> <p>d. Determine heat content of the fuel type.</p> <p>e. Determine moisture content of the fuel type.</p> <p>f. Measure total Noneed metals concentration in fuel sample.</p> <p>g. Convert concentrations into units of pounds of pollutant per MMBtu of heat content.</p>	<p>Procedure in §63.7521(c) or ASTM D2234M-03 (for coal) or ASTM D6323-98 (2003) (for biomass) or equivalent.</p> <p>Procedure in §63.7521(d) or equivalent.</p> <p>SW-846-3050B (for solid samples) or SW-846-3020A (for liquid samples) or ASTM D2013-01 (for coal) or ASTM D5198-92 (2003)(for biomass) or equivalent.</p> <p>ASTM D5865-03a (for coal) or ASTM E 711-87 (for biomass) or equivalent.</p> <p>ASTM D3173-02 or ASTM E871 or equivalent.</p> <p>SW-846-6010B or ASTM D3683-94 (2000) (for coal) or ASTM E885-88 (1996) (for biomass).</p>
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3. Hydrogen chloride	<p>a. Collect fuel samples.</p> <p>b. Composite fuel samples.</p> <p>c. Prepare composited fuel samples</p> <p>d. Determine heat content of the fuel type.</p> <p>e. Determine moisture content of the fuel type.</p> <p>f. Measure chlorine concentration in fuel sample.</p> <p>g. Convert concentrations into units of pounds of pollutant per MMBTU of heat content.</p>	<p>Procedure in §63.7521(c) or ASTM D2234M-03 (for coal) or ASTM D6323-98 (2003) (for biomass) or equivalent.</p> <p>Procedure in §63.7521(d) or equivalent.</p> <p>SW-846-3050B (for solid samples) or SW-846-3020A (for liquid samples) or ASTM D2013-01 (for coal) or ASTM D5198-92 (2003) (for biomass) or equivalent.</p> <p>ASTM D5865-03a (for coal) or ASTM E 711-87 (1996) (for biomass) or equivalent.</p> <p>ASTM D3173-02 or ASTM E871-82 (1998) or equivalent.</p> <p>SW-846-9250 or ASTM E776-87 (1996) (for biomass) or equivalent.</p>
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Table 7 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Establishing Operating Limits

As stated in §63.7520, you must comply with the following requirements for establishing operating limits:

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If you have an applicable emission limit for...	And your operating limits are based on...	You must...	Using...	According to the following requirements
1. Particulate matter, mercury, or total Noneed metals.	a. Wet scrubber operating parameters	i. Establish a site-specific minimum pressure drop and minimum flow rate operating limit according to §63.7530(c)	(1) Data from the pressure drop and liquid flow rate monitors and the particulate matter, mercury, or total Noneed metals performance test.	(a) You must collect pressure drop and liquid flow-rate data every 15 minutes during the entire period of the performance tests; (b) Determine the average pressure drop and liquid flow-rate for each individual test run in the three-run performance test by computing the average of all the 15-minute readings taken during each test run.
	b. Electrostatic precipitator operating parameters (option only for units with additional wet scrubber control)	i. Establish a site-specific minimum voltage and secondary current or total power input according to §63.7530(c)	(1) Data from the pressure drop and liquid flow rate monitors and the particulate matter, mercury, or total Noneed metals performance test.	(a) You must collect voltage and secondary current or total power input data every 15 minutes during the entire period of the performance tests; (b) Determine the average voltage and secondary current or total power input for each individual test run in the three-run performance test by computing the average of all the 15-minute readings taken during each test run.

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	c. A site-specific opacity limit (only for units that meet the criteria for having a site-specific opacity limit according to §63.7530(c)(6)(i))	i. Establish a site-specific maximum opacity operating limit according to §63.7530(c)	(1) Data from the continuous opacity monitoring system and the particulate matter, mercury, or total Noneed metals performance test.	(a) Collecting the opacity monitoring system data according to §63.7525(b) and §63.7535; and (b) Reducing the opacity monitoring data to 6-minute averages; and (c) Determine the average opacity for each individual test run in the three-run performance test by computing the average of all the 6-minute readings taken during each test run.
2. Hydrogen Chloride	a. Wet scrubber operating parameters	i. Establish a site-specific minimum pressure drop and minimum flow rate operating limit according to §63.7530(c)	(1) Data from the pH, pressure drop, and liquid flow rate monitors and the hydrogen chloride performance test.	(a) You must collect pH, pressure drop, and liquid flow-rate data every 15 minutes during the entire period of the performance tests; (b) Determine the average pH, pressure drop, and liquid flow-rate for each individual test run in the three-run performance test by computing the average of all the 15-minute readings taken during each test run.
	b. Dry scrubber operating parameters	i. Establish a site-specific minimum sorbent injection rate operating limit according to §63.7530(c)	(1) Data from the sorbent injection rate monitors and the hydrogen chloride performance test.	(a) You must collect sorbent injection rate data every 15 minutes during the entire period of the performance tests; (b) Determine the average sorbent injection rate for each individual test run in the three-run performance test by computing the average of all the 15-minute readings taken during each test run.

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Table 8 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Demonstrating Continuous Compliance

As stated in §63.7540, you must show continuous compliance with the emission limitations for affected sources according to the following:

If you must meet the following operating limits or work practice standards...	You must demonstrate continuous compliance by...
1. Opacity.	a. Collecting the opacity monitoring system data according to §§63.7525(b) and 63.7535; and b. Reducing the opacity monitoring data to 6-minute averages; and c. Maintaining opacity to less than or equal to 20 percent (6-minute average) except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent for existing sources; OR maintaining opacity to less than or equal to 10 percent (1-hour block average) for new sources.
2. Fabric Filter Bag Leak Detection Operation.	Installing and operating a bag leak detection system according to §63.7525 and operating the fabric filter such that the requirements in §63.7540(a)(9) are met.
3. Wet Scrubber Pressure Drop and Liquid Flow-rate.	a. Collecting the pressure drop and liquid flow rate monitoring system data according to §§63.7525 and 63.7535; and b. Reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and c. Maintaining the 3-hour average pressure drop and liquid flow-rate at or above the operating limits established during the performance test according to §63.7530 (c).
4. Wet Scrubber pH.	a. Collecting the pH monitoring system data according to §§63.7525 and 63.7535; and b. Reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and c. Maintaining the 3-hour average pH at or above the operating limit established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c).

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5. Dry Scrubber Sorbent or Carbon Injection Rate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Collecting the sorbent or carbon injection rate monitoring system data for the dry scrubber according to §§63.7525 and 63.7535; and b. Reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and c. Maintaining the 3-hour average sorbent or carbon injection rate at or above the operating limit established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c).
6. Electrostatic Precipitator Secondary Current and Voltage or Total Power Input.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Collecting the secondary current and voltage or total power input monitoring system data for the electrostatic precipitator according to §§63.7525 and 63.7535; and b. Reducing the data to 3-hour block averages; and c. Maintaining the 3-hour average secondary current and voltage or total power input at or above the operating limits established during the performance test according to §63.7530(c).
7. Fuel Pollutant Content.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Only burning the fuel types and fuel mixtures used to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limit according to §63.7530(c) or (d) as applicable; and b. Keeping monthly records of fuel use according to §63.7540(a).

Table 9 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Reporting Requirements

As stated in §63.7550, you must comply with the following requirements for reports:

You must submit a(n)	The report must contain...	You must submit the report...
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1. compliance report	<p>a. information required in §63.7550(c)(1)through(11)</p> <p>AND</p> <p>b. if there are no deviations from any emission limitation (emission limit and operating limit) that applies to you and there are no deviations from the requirements for work practice standards in Table 8 to this subpart that apply to you, a statement that there were no deviations from the emission limitations and work practice standards during the reporting period. If there were no periods during which the CMSs, including continuous emissions monitoring system, continuous opacity monitoring system, and operating parameter monitoring systems, were out-of-control as specified in §63.8(c)(7), a statement that there were no periods during the which the CMSs were out-of-control during the reporting period</p> <p>AND</p> <p>c. if you have a deviation from any emission limitation (emission limit and operating limit) or work practice standard during the reporting period, the report must contain the information in §63.7550(d). If there were periods during which the CMSs, including continuous emissions monitoring system, continuous opacity monitoring system, and operating parameter monitoring systems, were out-of-control, as specified in §63.8(c)(7), the report must contain the information in §63.7550(e)</p> <p>AND</p> <p>d. if you had a startup, shutdown, or malfunction during the reporting period and you took actions consistent with your startup, shutdown, and malfunction</p>	semiannually according to the requirements in §63.7550(b).
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2. an immediate startup, shutdown, and malfunction report if you had a startup, shutdown, or malfunction during the reporting period that is not consistent with your startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan	a. actions taken for the event AND b. The information in §63.10(d)(5)(ii)	i. by fax or telephone within 2 working days after starting actions inconsistent with the plan; and ii. by letter within 7 working days after the end of the event unless you have made alternative arrangements with the permitting authority.
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Table 10 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63 — Applicability of General Provisions to Subpart DDDDD

As stated in §63.7565, you must comply with the applicable General Provisions according to the following:

Citation	Subject	Brief Description	Applicable
§63.1	Applicability	Initial Applicability Determination; Applicability After Standard Established; Permit Requirements; Extensions, Notifications	Yes.
§63.2	Definitions	Definitions for part 63 standards	Yes.
§63.3	Units and Abbreviations	Units and abbreviations for part 63 standards	Yes.
§63.4	Prohibited Activities	Prohibited Activities; Compliance date; Circumvention, Severability	Yes.
§63.5	Construction/Reconstruction	Applicability; applications; approvals	Yes.

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§63.6(a)	Applicability	GP apply unless compliance extension AND GP apply to area sources that become major	Yes.
§63.6(b)(1)-(4)	Compliance Dates for New and Reconstructed sources	Standards apply at effective date; 3 years after effective date; upon startup; 10 years after construction or reconstruction commences for 112(f)	Yes.
§63.6(b)(5)	Notification	Must notify if commenced construction or reconstruction after proposal	Yes.
§63.6(b)(6)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(b)(7)	Compliance Dates for New and Reconstructed Area Sources That Become Major	Area sources that become major must comply with major source standards immediately upon becoming major, regardless of whether required to comply when they were an area source	Yes.
§63.6(c)(1)-(2)	Compliance Dates for Existing Sources	Comply according to date in subpart, which must be no later than 3 years after effective date AND For 112(f) standards, comply within 90 days of effective date unless compliance extension	Yes.
§63.6(c)(3)-(4)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(c)(5)	Compliance Dates for Existing Area Sources That Become Major	Area sources that become major must comply with major source standards by date indicated in subpart or by equivalent time period (e.g., example, 3 years)	Yes.
§63.6(d)	[Reserved]		

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§63.6(e)(1)-(2)	Operation & Maintenance	Operate to minimize emissions at all times AND Correct malfunctions as soon as practicable AND Operation and maintenance requirements independently enforceable information Administrator will use to determine if operation and maintenance requirements were met	Yes.
§63.6(e)(3)	Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Plan (SSMP)	Requirement for SSM and startup, shutdown, malfunction plan Content of SSMP	Yes.
§63.6(f)(1)	Compliance Except During SSM	Comply with emission standards at all times except during SSM	Yes.
§63.6(f)(2)-(3)	Methods for Determining Compliance	Compliance based on performance test, operation and maintenance plans, records, inspection	Yes.
§63.6(g)(1)-(3)	Alternative Standard	Procedures for getting an alternative standard	Yes.
§63.6(h)(1)	Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards	Comply with opacity/VE emission limitations at all times except during SSM	Yes.
§63.6(h)(2)(i)	Determining Compliance with Opacity/Visible Emission (VE) Standards	If standard does not state test method, use Method 9 for opacity and Method 22 for VE	No.
§63.6(h)(2)(ii)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(h)(2)(iii)	Using Previous Tests to Demonstrate Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards	Criteria for when previous opacity/VE testing can be used to show compliance with this subpart	Yes.
§63.6(h)(3)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(h)(4)	Notification of Opacity/VE Observation Date	Notify Administrator of anticipated date of observation	No.

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§63.6(h)(5)(i), (iii)-(v)	Conducting Opacity/VE Observations	Dates and Schedule for conducting opacity/VE observations	No.
§63.6(h)(5)(ii)	Opacity Test Duration and Averaging Times	Must have at least 3 hours of observation with thirty, 6-minute averages	No.
§63.6(h)(6)	Records of Conditions During Opacity/VE observations	Keep records available and allow Administrator to inspect	No.
§63.6(h)(7)(i)	Report continuous opacity monitoring system Monitoring Data from Performance Test	Submit continuous opacity monitoring system data with other performance test data	Yes.
§63.6(h)(7)(ii)	Using continuous opacity monitoring system instead of Method 9	Can submit continuous opacity monitoring system data instead of Method 9 results even if subpart requires Method 9, but must notify Administrator before performance test	No.
§63.6(h)(7)(iii)	Averaging time for continuous opacity monitoring system during performance test	To determine compliance, must reduce continuous opacity monitoring system data to 6-minute averages	Yes.
§63.6(h)(7)(iv)	Continuous opacity monitoring system requirements	Demonstrate that continuous opacity monitoring system performance evaluations are conducted according to §§63.8(e), continuous opacity monitoring system are properly maintained and operated according to 63.8(c) and data quality as §63.8(d)	Yes.

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§63.6(h)(7)(v)	Determining Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards	Continuous opacity monitoring system is probative but not conclusive evidence of compliance with opacity standard, even if Method 9 observation shows otherwise. Requirements for continuous opacity monitoring system to be probative evidence—proper maintenance, meeting PS 1, and data have not been altered	Yes.
§63.6(h)(8)	Determining Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards	Administrator will use all continuous opacity monitoring system, Method 9, and Method 22 results, as well as information about operation and maintenance to determine compliance	Yes.
§63.6(h)(9)	Adjusted Opacity Standard	Procedures for Administrator to adjust an opacity standard	Yes.
§63.6(i)(1)-(14)	Compliance Extension	Procedures and criteria for Administrator to grant compliance extension	Yes.
§63.6(j)	Presidential Compliance Exemption	President may exempt source category from requirement to comply with rule	Yes.
§63.7(a)(1)	Performance Test Dates	Dates for Conducting Initial Performance Testing and Other Compliance Demonstrations	Yes.
§63.7(a)(2)	Performance Test Dates	New source with initial startup date before effective date has 180 days after effective date to demonstrate compliance	Yes.
§63.7(a)(2)(ii-viii)	[Reserved]		

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§63.7(e)(1)	Conditions for Conducting Performance Tests	Performance tests must be conducted under representative conditions	No.
		AND	
		Cannot conduct performance tests during SSM.	Yes.
		AND	
		Not a deviation to exceed standard during SSM	Yes.
		AND	
		Upon request of Administrator, make available records necessary to determine conditions of performance tests	Yes.
§63.7(e)(2)	Conditions for Conducting Performance Tests	Must conduct according to rule and EPA test methods unless Administrator approves alternative	Yes.
§63.7(e)(3)	Test Run Duration	Must have three separate test runs AND Compliance is based on arithmetic mean of three runs AND Conditions when data from an additional test run can be used	Yes.
§63.7(e)(4)	Interaction with other sections of the Act.	Nothing in §63.7(e)(1) through (4) can abrogate the Administrator's authority to require testing under Section 114 of the Act.	Yes.
§63.7(f)	Alternative Test Method	Procedures by which Administrator can grant approval to use an alternative test method	Yes.

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§63.7(g)	Performance Test Data Analysis	Must include raw data in performance test report AND Must submit performance test data 60 days after end of test with the Notification of Compliance Status AND Keep data for 5 years	Yes.
§63.7(h)	Waiver of Tests	Procedures for Administrator to waive performance test	Yes.
§63.8(a)(1)	Applicability of Monitoring Requirements	Subject to all monitoring requirements in standard	Yes.
§63.8(a)(2)	Performance Specifications	Performance Specifications in appendix B of part 60 apply	Yes.
§63.8(a)(3)	[Reserved]		
§63.8(a)(4)	Monitoring with Flares	Unless your rule says otherwise, the requirements for flares in §63.11 apply	No.
§63.8(b)(1)(i)-(ii)	Monitoring	Must conduct monitoring according to standard unless Administrator approves alternative	Yes.
§63.8(b)(1)(iii)	Monitoring	Flares not subject to this section unless otherwise specified in relevant standard	No.

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§63.8(b)(2)-(3)	Multiple Effluents and Multiple Monitoring Systems	<p>Specific requirements for installing monitoring systems</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Must install on each effluent before it is combined and before it is released to the atmosphere unless Administrator approves otherwise</p> <p>AND</p> <p>If more than one monitoring system on an emission point, must report all monitoring system results, unless one monitoring system is a backup</p>	Yes.
§63.8(c)(1)	Monitoring System Operation and Maintenance	Maintain monitoring system in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices	Yes.
§63.8(c)(1)(i)	Routine and Predictable SSM	Maintain and operate CMS according to §63.6(e)(1)	Yes.
§63.8(c)(1)(ii)	SSM not in SSMP	Must keep necessary parts available for routine repairs of CMSs	Yes.
§63.8(c)(1)(iii)	Compliance with Operation and Maintenance Requirements	Must develop and implement an SSMP for CMSs	Yes.
§63.8(c)(2)-(3)	Monitoring System Installation	<p>Must install to get representative emission and parameter measurements</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Must verify operational status before or at performance test</p>	Yes.
§63.8(c)(4)	Continuous Monitoring System (CMS) Requirements	CMSs must be operating except during breakdown, out-of-control, repair, maintenance, and high-level calibration drifts	No.

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§63.8(c)(4)(i)	Continuous Monitoring System (CMS) Requirements	Continuous opacity monitoring system must have a minimum of one cycle of sampling and analysis for each successive 10-second period and one cycle of data recording for each successive 6-minute period	Yes.
§63.8(c)(4)(ii)	Continuous Monitoring System (CMS) Requirements	Continuous emissions monitoring system must have a minimum of one cycle of operation for each successive 15-minute period	No.
§63.8(c)(5)	Continuous Opacity Monitoring system (COMS) Requirements	Must do daily zero and high level calibrations	Yes.
§63.8(c)(6)	Continuous Monitoring System (CMS) Requirements	Must do daily zero and high level calibrations	No.
§63.8(c)(7)-(8)	Continuous monitoring systems Requirements	Out-of-control periods, including reporting	Yes.
§63.8(d)	Continuous monitoring systems Quality Control	Requirements for continuous monitoring systems quality control, including calibration, etc. AND Must keep quality control plan on record for the life of the affected source. Keep old versions for 5 years after revisions	Yes.
§63.8(e)	Continuous monitoring systems Performance Evaluation	Notification, performance evaluation test plan, reports	Yes.
§63.8(f)(1)-(5)	Alternative Monitoring Method	Procedures for Administrator to approve alternative monitoring	Yes.
§63.8(f)(6)	Alternative to Relative Accuracy Test	Procedures for Administrator to approve alternative relative accuracy tests for continuous emissions monitoring system	No.

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§63.8(g)(1)-(4)	Data Reduction	Continuous opacity monitoring system 6-minute averages calculated over at least 36 evenly spaced data points AND Continuous emissions monitoring system 1-hour averages computed over at least 4 equally spaced data points	Yes.
§63.8(g)(5)	Data Reduction	Data that cannot be used in computing averages for continuous emissions monitoring system and continuous opacity monitoring system	No.
§63.9(a)	Notification Requirements	Applicability and State Delegation	Yes.
§63.9(b)(1)-(5)	Initial Notifications	Submit notification 120 days after effective date AND Notification of intent to construct/reconstruct AND Notification of commencement of construct/reconstruct; Notification of startup AND Contents of each	Yes.
§63.9(c)	Request for Compliance Extension	Can request if cannot comply by date or if installed BACT/LAER	Yes.

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§63.9(d)	Notification of Special Compliance Requirements for New Source	For sources that commence construction between proposal and promulgation and want to comply 3 years after effective date	Yes.
§63.9(e)	Notification of Performance Test	Notify Administrator 60 days prior	Yes.
§63.9(f)	Notification of VE/Opacity Test	Notify Administrator 30 days prior	No.
§63.9(g)	Additional Notifications When Using Continuous Monitoring Systems	Notification of performance evaluation AND Notification using continuous opacity monitoring system data AND Notification that exceeded criterion for relative accuracy	Yes.
§63.9(h)(1)-(6)	Notification of Compliance Status	Contents AND Due 60 days after end of performance test or other compliance demonstration, When to submit to Federal vs. State authority	Yes.
§63.9(i)	Adjustment of Submittal Deadlines	Procedures for Administrator to approve change in when notifications must be submitted	Yes.
§63.9(j)	Change in Previous Information	Must submit within 15 days after the change	Yes.

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§63.10(a)	Recordkeeping/Reporting	<p>Applies to all, unless compliance extension</p> <p>AND</p> <p>When to submit to Federal vs. State authority</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Procedures for owners of more than 1 source</p>	Yes.
§63.10(b)(1)	Recordkeeping/Reporting	<p>General Requirements</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Keep all records readily available</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Keep for 5 years</p>	Yes.
§63.10(b)(2)(i)-(v)	Records related to Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction	<p>Occurrence of each of operation (process equipment)</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Occurrence of each malfunction of air pollution equipment</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Maintenance on air pollution control equipment</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Actions during startup, shutdown, and malfunction</p>	Yes.

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§63.10(b)(2)(vi) and (x-xi)	Continuous monitoring systems Records	Malfunctions, inoperative, out-of-control AND Calibration checks AND Adjustments, maintenance	Yes.
§63.10(b)(2)(vii)-(ix)	Records	Measurements to demonstrate compliance with emission limitations AND Performance test, performance evaluation, and visible emission observation results AND Measurements to determine conditions of performance tests and performance evaluations.	Yes.
§63.10(b)(2)(xii)	Records	Records when under waiver	Yes.
§63.10(b)(2)(xiii)	Records	Records when using alternative to relative accuracy test	No.
§63.10(b)(2)(xiv)	Records	All documentation supporting Initial Notification and Notification of Compliance Status	Yes.
§63.10(b)(3)	Records	Applicability Determinations	Yes.
§63.10(c)(1),(5)-(8),(10)-(15)	Records	Additional Records for continuous monitoring systems	Yes.
§63.10(c)(7)-(8)	Records	Records of excess emissions and parameter monitoring exceedances for continuous monitoring systems	No.
§63.10(d)(1)	General Reporting Requirements	Requirement to report	Yes.
§63.10(d)(2)	Report of Performance Test Results	When to submit to Federal or State authority	Yes.
§63.10(d)(3)	Reporting Opacity or VE Observations	What to report and when	Yes.

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§63.10(d)(4)	Progress Reports	Must submit progress reports on schedule if under compliance extension	Yes.
§63.10(d)(5)	Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Reports	Contents and submission	Yes.
§63.10(e)(1)-(2)	Additional continuous monitoring systems Reports	Must report results for each CEM on a unit AND Written copy of performance evaluation AND 3 copies of continuous opacity monitoring system performance evaluation	Yes.
§63.10(e)(3)	Reports	Excess Emission Reports	No.
§63.10(e)(3)(i-iii)	Reports	Schedule for reporting excess emissions and parameter monitor exceedance (now defined as deviations)	No.

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§63.10(e)(3)(iv-v)	Excess Emissions Reports	Requirement to revert to quarterly submission if there is an excess emissions and parameter monitor exceedance (now defined as deviations) AND Provision to request semiannual reporting after compliance for one year AND Submit report by 30 th day following end of quarter or calendar half AND If there has not been an exceedance or excess emission (now defined as deviations), report contents is a statement that there have been no deviations	No.
§63.10(e)(3)(iv-v)	Excess Emissions Reports	Must submit report containing all of the information in §63.10(c)(5-13), §63.8(c)(7-8)	No.
§63.10(e)(3)(vi-viii)	Excess Emissions Report and Summary Report	Requirements for reporting excess emissions for continuous monitoring systems (now called deviations) Requires all of the information in §63.10(c)(5-13), §63.8(c)(7-8)	No.
§63.10(e)(4)	Reporting continuous opacity monitoring system data	Must submit continuous opacity monitoring system data with performance test data	Yes.
§63.10(f)	Waiver for Recordkeeping/Reporting	Procedures for Administrator to waive	Yes.
§63.11	Flares	Requirements for flares	No.

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§63.12	Delegation	State authority to enforce standards	Yes.
§63.13	Addresses	Addresses where reports, notifications, and requests are sent	Yes.
§63.14	Incorporation by Reference	Test methods incorporated by reference	Yes.
§63.15	Availability of Information	Public and confidential information	Yes.

bb. Appendix A to Subpart DDDDD – Methodology and Criteria for Demonstrating Eligibility for the Health-Based Compliance Alternatives Specified for the Large Solid Fuel Subcategory

1. Purpose/Introduction

This appendix provides the methodology and criteria for demonstrating that your affected source is eligible for the compliance alternative for the HCl emission limit and/or the total No need metals (TSM) emission limit. This appendix specifies emissions testing methods that you must use to determine HCl, chlorine, and manganese emissions from the affected units and what parts of the affected source facility must be included in the eligibility demonstration. You must demonstrate that your affected source is eligible for the health-based compliance alternatives using either a look-up table analysis (based on the look-up tables included in this appendix) or a site-specific compliance demonstration performed according to the criteria specified in this appendix. This appendix also specifies how and when you file any eligibility demonstrations for your affected source and how to show that your affected source remains eligible for the health-based compliance alternatives in the future.

2. Who is eligible to demonstrate that they qualify for the health-based compliance alternatives?

Each new, reconstructed, or existing affected source may demonstrate that they are eligible for the health-based compliance alternatives. Section 63.7490 of subpart DDDDD defines the affected source and explains which affected sources are new, existing, or reconstructed.

3. What parts of my facility have to be included in the health-based eligibility demonstration?

If you are attempting to determine your eligibility for the compliance alternative for HCl, you must include every emission point subject to subpart DDDDD in the eligibility demonstration.

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If you are attempting to determine your eligibility for the compliance alternative for TSM, you must include every emission point subject to subpart DDDDD in the eligibility demonstration.

4. How do I determine HAP emissions from my affected source?

(a) You must conduct HAP emissions tests for every emission point covered under subpart DDDDD within the affected source facility according to the requirements in paragraphs (b) through (f) of this section and the methods specified in Table 1 of this appendix.

If you are attempting to determine your eligibility for the compliance alternative for HCl, you must test the subpart DDDDD units at your facility for both HCl and Cl₂.

If you are attempting to determine your eligibility for the compliance alternative for TSM, you must test the subpart DDDDD units at your facility for manganese.

(b) Periods when emissions tests must be conducted.

(1) You must not conduct emissions tests during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, as specified in §63.7(e)(1).

(2) You must test under worst-case operating conditions as defined in this appendix. You must describe your worst-case operating conditions in your performance test report for the process and control systems (if applicable) and explain why the conditions are worst-case.

(c) Number of test runs. You must conduct three separate test runs for each test required in this section, as specified in §63.7(e)(3). Each test run must last at least 1 hour.

(d) Sampling locations. Sampling sites must be located at the outlet of the control device and prior to any releases to the atmosphere.

(e) Collection of monitoring data for HAP control devices. During the emissions test, you must collect operating parameter monitoring system data at least every 15 minutes during the entire emissions test and establish the site-specific operating requirements in Tables 3 or 4, as appropriate, of subpart DDDDD using data from the monitoring system and the procedures specified in §63.7530 of subpart DDDDD.

(f) Nondetect data. You may treat emissions of an individual HAP as zero if all of the test runs result in a nondetect measurement and the condition in paragraph (1) is met for the manganese test method. Otherwise nondetect data for individual HAP must be treated as one-half of the method detection limit.

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(1) For manganese measured using Method 29 in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60, you analyze samples using atomic absorption spectroscopy (AAS).

(g) You must determine the maximum hourly emission rate for each appropriate emission point according to equation 1.

(Eq. 1)

Where:

MaxHourly Emissions	=	Maximum hourly emissions for hydrogen chloride, chlorine, or manganese, in units of pounds per hour.
Er	=	Emission rate (the 3-run average as determined according to Table 1 of this appendix) for hydrogen chloride, chlorine, or manganese, in units of pounds per million Btu of heat input.
Hm	=	Maximum rated heat input capacity of appropriate emission point, in units of million Btu per hour.

5. What are the criteria for determining if my facility is eligible for the health-based compliance alternatives?

(a) Determine the HAP emissions from each appropriate emission point within the affected source facility using the procedures specified in section 4 of this appendix.

(b) Demonstrate that your facility is eligible for either of the health-based compliance alternatives using either the methods described in section 6 of this appendix (look-up table analysis) or section 7 of this appendix (site-specific compliance demonstration).

(c) Your facility is eligible for the health-based compliance alternative for HCl if 1 of the following 2 statements is true:

(1) The calculated HCl-equivalent emission rate is below the appropriate value in the look-up table;

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(2) Your site-specific compliance demonstration indicates that your maximum HI for HC1 and C1₂ at a location where people live is less than or equal to 1.0;

(d) Your facility is eligible for the health-based compliance alternative for TSM if 1 of the following 2 statements is true:

(1) The manganese emission rate for all your subpart DDDDD sources is below the appropriate value in the look-up table;

(2) Your site-specific compliance demonstration indicates that your maximum HQ for manganese at a location where people live is less than or equal to 1.0;

6. How do I conduct a look-up table analysis?

You may use look-up tables to demonstrate that your facility is eligible for either the compliance alternative for the HCl emission limit or the compliance alternative for TSM emission limit.

(a) HCl health-based compliance alternative. To calculate the total toxicity-weighted HCl-equivalent emission rate for your facility, first calculate the total affected source emission rate of HCl by summing the maximum hourly HCl emission rates from all your subpart DDDDD sources. Then, similarly, calculate the total affected source emission rate for Cl₂. Finally, calculate the toxicity-weighted emission rate (expressed in HCl equivalents) according to equation 2 of this appendix.

$$ER_{tw} = \sum (ER_i \times (RfC_{HCl}/RfC_i)) \quad \text{Eq. 2}$$

where:

ER_{tw} is the HCl-equivalent emission rate, lb/hr

ER_i is the emission rate of HAP i in lbs/hr

RfC_i is the reference concentration of HAP i

RfC_{HCl} is the reference concentration of HCl (RfCs for HC1 and C1₂ can be found at <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/atw/toxsource/summary.html>)

The calculated HCl-equivalent emission rate will then be compared to the appropriate allowable emission rate in Table 2 of this appendix. To determine the correct value from the table, a subpart DDDDD average value should be used for stack height and the minimum distance between any subpart DDDDD stack at the facility and the property boundary should be used for property boundary distance. If one or both of these values do not match the exact values in the lookup tables then use the next lowest table value. (Note: If your average stack height is less than 5 meters, you must

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use the 5 meter row.) Your facility is eligible to comply with the health-based alternative HCl emission limit if your toxicity-weighted HCl equivalent emission rate, determined using the methods specified in this appendix, does not exceed the appropriate value in Table 2 of this appendix.

(b) TSM Compliance Alternative. To calculate the total manganese emission rate for your affected source, sum the maximum hourly manganese emission rates for all your subpart DDDDD sources. The calculated manganese emission rate will then be compared to the allowable emission rate in the Table 3 of this appendix. To determine the correct value from the table, a subpart DDDDD average value should be used for stack height and the minimum distance between any subpart DDDDD stack at the facility and the property boundary should be used for property boundary distance. If one or both of these values do not match the exact values in the lookup tables then use the next lowest table value. (Note: If your average stack height is less than 5 meters, you must use the 5 meter row.) Your facility may exclude manganese when demonstrating compliance with the TSM emission limit if your manganese emission rate, determined using the methods specified in this appendix, does not exceed the appropriate value specified in Table 3 of this appendix.

7. How do I conduct a site-specific compliance demonstration?

If you fail to demonstrate that your facility is able to comply with one or both of the alternative health-based emission standards using the lookup table approach, you may choose to perform a site-specific compliance demonstration for your facility. You may use any scientifically-accepted peer-reviewed risk assessment methodology for your site-specific compliance demonstration. An example of one approach for performing a site-specific compliance demonstration for air toxics can be found in the EPA's "Air Toxics Risk Assessment Reference Library, Volume 2, Site-Specific Risk Assessment Technical Resource Document", which may be obtained through the EPA's Air Toxics Website at www.epa.gov/ttn/atw.

(a) Your facility is eligible for the HCl alternative compliance option if your site-specific compliance demonstration shows that the maximum HI for HCl and Cl₂ from your subpart DDDDD sources is less than 1.0.

(b) Your facility is eligible for the TSM alternative compliance option if your site-specific compliance demonstration shows that the maximum HQ for manganese from your subpart DDDDD sources is less than 1.0.

(c) at a minimum, your site-specific compliance demonstration must:

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- (1) estimate long-term inhalation exposures through the estimation of annual or multi-year average ambient concentrations;
 - (2) estimate the inhalation exposure for the individual most exposed to the facility's emissions;
 - (3) use site-specific, quality-assured data wherever possible;
 - (4) use health-protective default assumptions wherever site-specific data are not available, and;
 - (5) contain adequate documentation of the data and methods used for the assessment so that it is transparent and can be reproduced by an experienced risk assessor and emissions measurement expert.
- (d) Your site-specific compliance demonstration need not:

- (1) assume any attenuation of exposure concentrations due to the penetration of outdoor pollutants into indoor exposure areas;
- (2) assume any reaction or deposition of the emitted pollutants during transport from the emission point to the point of exposure;

8. What must my health-based eligibility demonstration contain?

(a) Your health-based eligibility demonstration must contain, at a minimum, the information specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) of this section.

(1) Identification of each appropriate emission point at the affected source facility, including the maximum rated capacity of each appropriate emission point.

(2) Stack parameters for each appropriate emission point including, but not limited to, the parameters listed in (a)(2)(i) through (iv) below:

(i) Emission release type

(ii) Stack height, stack area, stack gas temperature, and stack gas exit velocity

(iii) Plot plan showing all emission points, nearby residences, and fenceline.

(iv) Identification of any control devices used to reduce emissions from each appropriate emission point.

(3) Emission test reports for each pollutant and appropriate emission point which has

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been tested using the test methods specified in Table 1 of this appendix, including a description of the process parameters identified as being worst case. For those emissions which are not measured but are included in the assessment, the calculation method used, the inputs and outputs of any estimation developed, and any supporting references should be included in the documentation.

(4) Identification of the RfC values used in your look-up table analysis or site-specific compliance demonstration.

(5) Calculations used to determine the HCl-equivalent or manganese emission rates according to sections 6(a) or (b) of this appendix.

(6) Identification of the controlling process factors (including, but not limited to, fuel type, heat input rate, type of control devices, process parameters reflecting the emissions rates used for your eligibility demonstration) that will become Federally enforceable permit conditions used to show that your facility remains eligible for the health-based compliance alternatives.

(b) If you use the look-up table analysis in section 6 of this appendix to demonstrate that your facility is eligible for either health-based compliance alternative, your eligibility demonstration must contain, at a minimum, the information in paragraphs (a) and (b)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) Calculations used to determine the average stack height of the subpart DDDDD emission points.

(2) Identification of the subpart DDDDD emission point with the minimum distance to the property boundary of the facility.

(3) Comparison of the values in the look-up tables (Tables 2 and 3 of this appendix) to your maximum HCl-equivalent or manganese emission rates.

(c) If you use a site-specific compliance demonstration as described in section 7 of this appendix to demonstrate that your facility is eligible, your eligibility demonstration must contain, at a minimum, the information in paragraphs (a) and (c)(1) through (7) of this section:

(1) Identification of the risk assessment methodology used.

(2) Documentation of the fate and transport model used.

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- (3) Documentation of the fate and transport model inputs, including the information described in paragraphs (a)(1) through (5) of this section converted to the dimensions required for the model and all of the following that apply: meteorological data; building, land use, and terrain data; receptor locations and population data; and other facility-specific parameters input into the model.
 - (4) Documentation of the fate and transport model outputs.
 - (5) Documentation of any exposure assessment and risk characterization calculations.
 - (6) Comparison of the HQ HI to the limit of 1.0.
9. When do I have to complete and submit my health-based eligibility demonstration?
- (a) If you have an existing affected source, you must complete and submit your eligibility demonstration to your permitting authority, along with a signed certification that the demonstration is an accurate depiction of your facility, no later than the date one year prior to the compliance date of subpart DDDDD. A separate copy of the eligibility demonstration must be submitted to: U.S. EPA, Risk and Exposure Assessment Group, Emission Standards Division (C404-01), Attn: Group Leader, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711.
 - (b) If you have a new or reconstructed affected source that starts up before the effective date of subpart DDDDD, or an affected source that is an area source that increases its emissions or its potential to emit such that it becomes a major source of HAP before the effective date of subpart DDDDD, then you must comply with the requirements of subpart DDDDD until your eligibility demonstration is completed and submitted to your permitting authority.
 - (c) If you have a new or reconstructed affected source that starts up after the effective date for subpart DDDDD, or an affected source that is an area source that increases its emissions or its potential to emit such that it becomes a major source of HAP after the effective date for subpart DDDDD, then you must follow the schedule in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) You must complete and submit a preliminary eligibility demonstration based on the information (e.g., equipment types, estimated emission rates, etc.) used to obtain your title V permit. You must base your preliminary eligibility demonstration on the maximum emissions allowed under your title V permit. If the preliminary eligibility demonstration indicates that your affected source facility is eligible for either compliance alternative, then you may start up your new affected source and your new affected source will be considered in compliance with the alternative HCl standard and subject to the compliance requirements in this appendix or, in the case of manganese, your compliance demonstration with the TSM emission limit is based on 7 metals (excluding

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manganese).

(2) You must conduct the emission tests specified in section 4 of this appendix upon initial startup and use the results of these emissions tests to complete and submit your eligibility demonstration within 180 days following your initial startup date. To be eligible, you must meet the criteria in section 11 of this appendix within 18 months following initial startup of your affected source.

10. When do I become eligible for the health-based compliance alternatives?

To be eligible for either health-based compliance alternative, the parameters that defined your affected source as eligible for the health-based compliance alternatives (including, but not limited to, fuel type, type of control devices, process parameters reflecting the emissions rates used for your eligibility demonstration) must be incorporated as Federally enforceable limits into your title V permit. If you do not meet these criteria, then your affected source is subject to the applicable emission limits, operating limits, and work practice standards in Subpart DDDDD.

11. How do I ensure that my facility remains eligible for the health-based compliance alternatives?

(a) You must update your eligibility demonstration and resubmit it each time you have a process change, such that any of the parameters that defined your affected source changes in a way that could result in increased HAP emissions (including, but not limited to, fuel type, change in type of control device, changes in process parameters documented as worst-case conditions during the emissions testing used for your approved eligibility demonstration).

(b) If you are updating your eligibility demonstration to account for an action in paragraph (a) of this section, then you must perform emission testing according to section 4 of this appendix for the subpart DDDDD emission points that may have increased HAP emissions beyond the levels reflected in your previously approved eligibility demonstration due to the process change. You must submit your revised eligibility demonstration to the permitting authority prior to revising your permit to incorporate the process change. If your updated eligibility demonstration indicates that your affected source is no longer eligible for the health-based compliance alternatives, then you must comply with the applicable emission limits, operating limits, and compliance requirements in Subpart DDDDD prior to making the process change and revising your permit.

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13. What records must I keep?

You must keep records of the information used in developing the eligibility demonstration for your affected source, including all of the information specified in section 8 of this appendix.

14. Definitions.

The definitions in §63.7575 of subpart DDDDD apply to this appendix. Additional definitions applicable for this appendix are as follows:

Hazard Index (HI) means the sum of more than one hazard quotient for multiple substances and/or multiple exposure pathways.

Hazard Quotient (HQ) means the ratio of the predicted media concentration of a pollutant to the media concentration at which no adverse effects are expected. For inhalation exposures, the HQ is calculated as the air concentration divided by the RfC.

Look-up table analysis means a risk screening analysis based on comparing the HAP or HAP-equivalent emission rate from the affected source to the appropriate maximum allowable HAP or HAP-equivalent emission rates specified in Tables 2 and 3 of this appendix.

Reference Concentration (RfC) means an estimate (with uncertainty spanning perhaps an order of magnitude) of a continuous inhalation exposure to the human population (including sensitive subgroups) that is likely to be without an appreciable risk of deleterious effects during a lifetime. It can be derived from various types of human or animal data, with uncertainty factors generally applied to reflect limitations of the data used.

Worst-case operating conditions means operation of an affected unit during emissions testing under the conditions that result in the highest HAP emissions or that result in the emissions stream composition (including HAP and non-HAP) that is most challenging for the control device if a control device is used. For example, worst case conditions could include operation of an affected unit firing solid fuel likely to produce the most HAP.

Table 1 to Appendix B of Subpart DDDDD. Emission Test Methods.

For...	You must...	Using...
(1) each subpart DDDDD emission point for which you choose to use a compliance alternative	None sampling ports' location and the number of traverse points	Method 1 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.

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(2) each emission DDDDD emission point for which you choose to use a compliance alternative	determine velocity and volumetric flow rate;	Method 2, 2F, or 2G in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60.
(3) each emission DDDDD emission point for which you choose to use a compliance alternative	conduct gas molecular weight analysis	Method 3A or 3B in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60.
(4) each emission DDDDD emission point for which you choose to use a compliance alternative	measure moisture content of the stack gas	Method 4 in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60.
(5) each emission DDDDD emission point for which you choose to use the HCl compliance alternative	measure the hydrogen chloride and chlorine emission concentrations	Method 26 or 26A in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60.
(6) each emission DDDDD emission point for which you choose to use the TSM compliance alternative	measure the manganese emission concentration	Method 29 in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60.
(7) each emission DDDDD emission point for which you choose to use a compliance alternative	convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBTU emission rates.	Method 19 F-factor methodology in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.

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Table 2 to Appendix A of Subpart DDDDD. Allowable toxicity-weighted emission rate expressed in HCl equivalents (lbs/hr)

Stack ht.(m)	distance to property boundary (m)											
	0	50	100	150	200	250	500	1000	1500	2000	3000	5000
5	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9	144.3	287.3	373.0	373.0	373.0	373.0
10	188.5	188.5	188.5	188.5	188.5	188.5	195.3	328.0	453.5	434.4	434.4	434.4
20	386.1	386.1	386.1	386.1	386.1	386.1	386.1	425.4	580.0	602.7	602.7	602.7
30	396.1	396.1	396.1	396.1	396.1	396.1	396.1	436.3	596.2	690.6	807.8	816.5
40	408.1	408.1	408.1	408.1	408.1	408.1	408.1	448.2	613.3	715.5	832.2	966.0
50	421.4	421.4	421.4	421.4	421.4	421.4	421.4	460.6	631.0	746.3	858.2	1002.8
60	435.5	435.5	435.5	435.5	435.5	435.5	435.5	473.4	649.0	778.6	885.0	1043.4
70	450.2	450.2	450.2	450.2	450.2	450.2	450.2	486.6	667.4	813.8	912.4	1087.4
80	465.5	465.5	465.5	465.5	465.5	465.5	465.5	500.0	685.9	849.8	940.9	1134.8
100	497.5	497.5	497.5	497.5	497.5	497.5	497.5	527.4	723.6	917.1	1001.2	1241.3
200	677.3	677.3	677.3	677.3	677.3	677.3	677.3	682.3	919.8	1167.1	1390.4	1924.6

Table 3 to Appendix A of Subpart DDDDD. Allowable Manganese Emission Rate (lbs/hr)

Stack ht.(m)	distance to property boundary (m)											
	0	50	100	150	200	250	500	1000	1500	2000	3000	5000
5	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.36	0.72	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
10	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.49	0.82	1.13	1.09	1.09	1.09
20	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	1.06	1.45	1.51	1.51	1.51
30	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	1.09	1.49	1.73	2.02	2.04
40	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.12	1.53	1.79	2.08	2.42
50	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.15	1.58	1.87	2.15	2.51
60	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.18	1.62	1.95	2.21	2.61
70	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.22	1.67	2.03	2.28	2.72
80	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.25	1.71	2.12	2.35	2.84
100	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.32	1.81	2.29	2.50	3.10
200	1.69	1.69	1.69	1.69	1.69	1.69	1.69	1.71	2.30	2.92	3.48	4.81

B. State Only Enforceable Permit To Install Facility Specific Terms and Conditions

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>
B301 - 20.40 mmBtu/hr natural gas boiler w/ low NOx burners and Flue gas recirculation; No. 2 oil backup fuel	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(A)
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)
	OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
	OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
	OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
	OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20

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	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>	
		See section A.I.2.d.
OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27	0.083 pound carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu when combusting only natural gas (gas),	See section A.I.2.e.
	0.036 pound CO per mmBtu when combusting only fuel oil (oil),	See section A.I.2.f.
	1.7 pounds of CO per hour (gas),	See section A.I.2.g.
	0.73 pounds of CO per hour (oil),	See section A.I.2.h.
	7.5 tons of CO per year,	see section A.I.2.i.
40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	0.72 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour (gas),	0.035 pound of NOx per mmBtu (gas),
	1.5 pounds of NOx per hour (oil),	0.072 pound of NOx per mmBtu (oil),
40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	3.5 tons of NOx per year,	0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu (gas),
	0.04 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per hour (gas),	0.015 pound PE per mmBtu (oil),
	0.31 pound of PE per hour (oil),	0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu (gas), and
40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	0.27 tons of PE per year,	0.024 pound of PM10 per mmBtu (oil), and
	0.15 pound of PM10 per hour (gas),	see section A.I.2.j.
	0.5 pounds of PM10 per hour (oil),	0.035 pound of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu (gas),
	0.78 tons of PM10 per year,	0.072 pound of NOx per mmBtu (oil),
	0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu (gas),	0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu (gas),
	0.51 pound SO2 per mmBtu (oil),	0.0015 pound of VOC per mmBtu (oil), and
	0.01 pound SO2 per hour (gas),	see section A.I.2.k and l.
	10.4 pounds SO2 per hour (oil),	
	3.64 tons of SO2 year,	See section A.I.2. m.
	0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour (gas),	
	0.03 pound of VOC per hour (oil),	See section A.I.2. n.
	0.5 tons of VOC per year, and	
	see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2. o.
	See section A.I.2.d.	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-18-06(D), OAC rule 3745-31-05(C), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD.
- 2.c** The hourly and annual emission limitations above were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The quality of the oil burned in this emissions unit shall meet the following specifications on an "as received" basis: a sulfur content which is equal to or less than 0.5 weight percent sulfur.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through K301, K302, K303 and P306 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The permittee shall comply with the applicable provisions of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Dc.
- 2.n** 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, as it appears in Part II, Section 1. of this permit, provides applicability provisions, definitions, and other general provisions that

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are applicable to emissions units affected by 40 CFR Part 63.

2. o The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD as it appears in Part II, Section 3. of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas and/or no. 2 fuel oil as fuel in this emissions unit. No prior notice is required for the permittee to change the operating fuel between natural gas and fuel oil.
2. The maximum annual fuel usage for this emissions unit shall not exceed 250,000 gallons, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the fuel oil usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the fuel oil usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Fuel Oil Usage (gallons)</u>
1	250,000
2	250,000
3	250,000
4	250,000
5	250,000
6	250,000
7	250,000
8	250,000
9	250,000
10	250,000
11	250,000
12	250,000

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual fuel oil usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly fuel oil usage.

3. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

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Month	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas and/or no. 2 fuel oil, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall collect or require the oil supplier to collect a representative grab sample for each shipment of oil that is received for burning in this emissions unit. The permittee shall perform or require the oil supplier to perform the analyses for sulfur content and heat content in accordance with the following ASTM methods: ASTM method D4294 for sulfur content and ASTM method D240 for heat content. A shipment may be comprised of multiple tank truck loads from the same supplier's batch and the quality of the oil for those loads may be represented by a single batch analysis from the supplier. Alternative, equivalent methods may be used upon written approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.
3. For each shipment of oil received for burning in this emissions unit, the permittee shall maintain records of the total quantity of oil received and the permittee's or oil supplier's analyses for sulfur content and heat content and the calculated SO₂ emission rate

(pounds/mmBtu).

4. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in million cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned while this emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in million cubic feet per month) and fuel oil (in gallons per month) burned in this emissions unit.
6. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from this emissions unit as a summation of the emissions from burning natural gas and the emissions from burning fuel oil. The emissions from burning natural gas shall be calculated by multiplying by the total quantity of natural gas (in million cubic feet) burned in this emissions unit, by a heating value of 1020 mmBtus per mmscf, and by the respective emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in section A.I. of this permit. The emissions from burning fuel oil shall be calculated by multiplying by the total quantity of fuel oil (in gallons) burned in this emissions unit, by a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons, and by the respective emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in section A.I. of this permit.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in this emissions unit. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in this emissions unit.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from this emissions unit, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from this emissions unit, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation.
9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in

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cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These fuel usages shall be calculated as a summation of the fuel usage from B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, as recorded in Section A.III. of each combustion process comprising this permit (i.e., B301 thru B333, K301, K303 and P306).

10. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, as recorded in Section A.III. of each combustion process comprising this permit (i.e., B301 thru B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.)

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit a certified statement, on a quarterly basis, including copies of the permittee's or oil supplier's analyses for each shipment of oil which is received for burning in this emissions unit. The permittee's or oil supplier's analyses shall document the sulfur content (%) and heat content (Btu/gallon) for each shipment of oil. The following information shall also be included with the copies of the permittee's or oil supplier's analyses:
 - a. the calendar period covered in the report;
 - b. the calculated SO₂ emission rate (pound/mmBtu) for each shipment of no. 2 fuel oil received during the reporting period; and
 - c. reasons for any noncompliance with the emissions standards and a description of the corrective actions taken.

If no oil was received in the subject quarter, the permittee shall submit a statement documenting that no oil was received in lieu of the certified statement above.

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas and/or no. 2 fuel oil was burned in this emissions

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unit.

3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of fuel oil burned in this emissions unit exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel oil burned for each such month.
4. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
5. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
6. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
7. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

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V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1. of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4mmBtu/hr).

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.036 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 5 pounds of CO per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

e. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.73 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.036 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning natural gas results in a greater rate of emissions of CO than burning #2 fuel oil, compliance with this emission limitation may be demonstrated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the allowable emission limitation for natural gas, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

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- g. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.035 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 32 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- h. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.72 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.035 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- i. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.072 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 10 pounds of NO_x per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

Emissions Unit ID: **B301**

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

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j. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

1.5 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.072 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

k. Emission Limitation:

3.5 tons of NO_x per year.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning no. 2 fuel oil results in a greater rate of emissions of NO_x than burning natural gas, compliance with this emission limitation requires a determination of the maximum contribution made by the combustion of fuel oil. The maximum NO_x emissions from fuel oil may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for #2 fuel oil (0.072 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons per year) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

The maximum contribution of natural gas to the annual emissions of NO_x may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.035 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. The maximum hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) represents 8760 hours per year minus the number of hours the emissions unit operates on fuel oil: equal to the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons) per year multiplied the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and divided by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

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Facility ID: 044801173

Emissions Unit ID: B301

I. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

m. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

n. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.015 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. and an emission factor of 2 pounds of particulate emissions per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

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- o. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.31 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.015 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

- p. Emission Limitation:

0.27 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning no. 2 fuel oil results in a greater rate of emissions of PE than burning natural gas, compliance with this emission limitation requires a determination of the maximum contribution made by the combustion of fuel oil. The maximum PE emissions from fuel oil may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for #2 fuel oil (0.01 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons per year) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

The maximum contribution of natural gas to the annual emissions of PE may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. The maximum hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) represents 8760 hours per year minus the number of hours the emissions unit operates on fuel oil: equal to the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons) per year multiplied the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and divided by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

Magna Steyr

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- q. Emission Limitation (natural gas):
0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

r. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

s. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.024 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. and an emission factor of 3.3 pounds of particulate emissions per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

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t. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.5 pounds of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.024 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

u. Emission Limitation:

0.78 tons of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning no. 2 fuel oil results in a greater rate of emissions of PM10 than burning natural gas, compliance with this emission limitation requires a determination of the maximum contribution made by the combustion of fuel oil. The maximum PM10 emissions from fuel oil may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for #2 fuel oil (0.024 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons per year) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

The maximum contribution of natural gas to the annual emissions of PM10 may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. The maximum hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) represents 8760 hours per year minus the number of hours the emissions unit operates on fuel oil: equal to the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons) per year multiplied the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and divided by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

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- v. Emission Limitation (natural gas):
0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

w. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.01 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

x. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.51 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

When firing no. 2 fuel oil, compliance may be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements of section A.III. and the calculation specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04(F)(2).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

y. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

10.4 pounds of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.51 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

z. Emission Limitation:

3.64 tons of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning no. 2 fuel oil results in a greater rate of emissions of SO₂ than burning natural gas, compliance with this emission limitation requires a determination of the maximum contribution made by the combustion of fuel oil. The maximum SO₂ emissions from fuel oil may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for #2 fuel oil (0.51 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons per year) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

The maximum contribution of natural gas to the annual emissions of SO₂ may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. The maximum hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) represents 8760 hours per year minus the number of hours the emissions unit

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operates on fuel oil: equal to the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons) per year multiplied the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and divided by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

aa. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

bb. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

cc. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.0015 pound of VOC per mmBtu

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. and an emission factor of 0.2 pound of VOC per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

dd. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.03 pound of VOC per hour

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Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0015 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

ee. Emission Limitation:

0.5 tons of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning natural gas results in a greater rate of emissions of PM10 than burning no. 2 fuel oil, compliance with this emission limitation may be demonstrated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the allowable emission limitation for natural gas, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

ff. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B301 - 20.4 mmBtu/hr natural gas boiler w/ low NOx burners and Flue gas recirculation; No. 2 oil backup fuel	OAC rule 3745-31-05	LIMIT(s)

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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Facility ID: 044801173

Emissions Unit ID: B301

None

Magn**PTI A****Modification Issued: 1/31/2008**

Emissions Unit ID: B302

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B302 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.g. See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	

Modification Issued: 1/31/2008**2. Additional Terms and Conditions**

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However,

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that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit,

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the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.

Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.

8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of

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CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and VOC for each such month.

4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NOx per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NOx per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in

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OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

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j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B302 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, <u>and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B303 - Air Make-up Units (less than 10 mmBtu/hr) with a total heat capacity of 28.95 mmBtu/hr	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.f.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 2.4 pounds CO per hour, 10.5 tons of CO per year, 2.5 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 10.95 tons of NOx per year, 0.06 pound of PE per hour, 0.24 ton of PE per year, 0.22 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.95 tons of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.076 ton of SO2 per year, 0.16 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.68 tons of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.g.
	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu,
	0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.

Modification Issued: 1/31/2008**2. Additional Terms and Conditions**

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations above were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However,

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that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.

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2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.

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3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, and K303. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

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9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of the combustion sources comprising this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report listing each combustion source to be installed under this emissions unit. The report shall state the company identification/equipment number, and provide the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu/hr size rating. A permit modification and/or an updated permit application may be required for sources not in compliance with the permit and for source changes.

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V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

2.4 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (28.95 mmBtu/hr).

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

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d. Emission Limitation:

10.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (28.95 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 50 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

2.5 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (28.95 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- g. 10.95 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (28.95 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

- h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

- i. Emission Limitation:

0.06 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (28.95 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

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j. Emission Limitation:

0.24 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (28.95 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.22 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (28.95 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.95 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (28.95 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (28.95 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.076 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (28.95 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.16 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (28.95 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

t. Emission Limitation:

0.68 tons of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (28.95 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

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u. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

- 36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
- 37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
- 3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
- 1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
- 9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
- 2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B303 - Air Make-up Units (less than 10 mmBtu) with a total heat capacity of 40 mmBtu		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>
B304 - 20.40 mmBtu/hr, natural gas and/or no. 2 fuel oil-fired with low NOx burners and flue gas recirculation	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1) OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1) OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) OAC rule 3745-18-06(D) OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20

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OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>	
		See section A.I.2.d.
	0.083 pound carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu when	See section A.I.2.e.
	combusting only natural gas	See section A.I.2.f.
	(gas),	
	0.036 pound CO per mmBtu	See section A.I.2.g.
	when combusting only fuel oil	
	(oil),	See section A.I.2.h.
	1.7 pounds of CO per hour (gas),	
	0.73 pounds of CO per hour (oil),	see section A.I.2.i.
	7.5 tons of CO per year,	
	0.72 pounds of nitrogen oxides	0.035 pound of NOx per mmBtu
	(NOx) per hour (gas),	(gas),
	1.5 pounds of NOx per hour (oil).	0.072 pound of NOx per mmBtu (oil),
	3.5 tons of NOx per year,	0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu (gas),
	0.04 pound of particulate	0.015 pound PE per mmBtu (oil),
	emissions (PE) per hour (gas),	0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu
	0.31 pound of PE per hour (oil),	(gas), and
	0.27 tons of PE per year,	0.024 pound of PM10 per mmBtu
	0.15 pound of PM10 per hour	(oil), and
	(gas),	see section A.I.2.j.
	0.5 pounds of PM10 per hour	
	(oil),	0.035 pound of nitrogen oxides (NOx)
	0.78 tons of PM10 per year,	per mmBtu (gas),
	0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide	0.072 pound of NOx per mmBtu (oil),
	(SO2) per mmBtu (gas),	0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu
	0.51 pound SO2 per mmBtu (oil),	(gas),
	0.01 pound SO2 per hour (gas),	0.0015 pound of VOC per mmBtu
	10.4 pounds SO2 per hour (oil),	(oil), and
	3.64 tons of SO2 year,	see section A.I.2.k and l.
	0.11 pound of volatile organic	
	compounds (VOC) per hour	See section A.I.2. m.
	(gas),	
	0.03 pound of VOC per hour (oil),	See section A.I.2. n.
	0.5 tons of VOC per year, and	
	see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2. o.
	See section A.I.2.d.	

Modification Issued: 1/31/2008**2. Additional Terms and Conditions**

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-18-06(D), OAC rule 3745-31-05(C), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD.
- 2.c** The hourly and annual emission limitations above were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The quality of the oil burned in this emissions unit shall meet the following specifications on an "as received" basis: a sulfur content which is equal to or less than 0.5 weight percent sulfur.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However,

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that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The permittee shall comply with the applicable provisions of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Dc.
- 2.n** 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, as it appears in Part II, Section 1. of this permit, provides applicability provisions, definitions, and other general provisions that

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are applicable to emissions units affected by 40 CFR Part 63.

2. o The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD as it appears in Part II, Section 3. of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas and/or no. 2 fuel oil as fuel in this emissions unit. No prior notice is required for the permittee to change the operating fuel between natural gas and fuel oil.
2. The maximum annual fuel usage for this emissions unit shall not exceed 250,000 gallons, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the fuel oil usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the fuel oil usage levels specified in the following table:

Month	Maximum Cumulative <u>Monthly Fuel Oil Usage (gallons)</u>
1	250,000
2	250,000
3	250,000
4	250,000
5	250,000
6	250,000
7	250,000
8	250,000
9	250,000
10	250,000
11	250,000
12	250,000

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual fuel oil usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly fuel oil usage.

3. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, and K303 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

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To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

Month	Maximum Cumulative <u>Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas and/or no. 2 fuel oil, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall collect or require the oil supplier to collect a representative grab sample for each shipment of oil that is received for burning in this emissions unit. The permittee shall perform or require the oil supplier to perform the analyses for sulfur content and heat content in accordance with the following ASTM methods: ASTM method D4294 for sulfur content and ASTM method D240 for heat content. A shipment may be comprised of multiple tank truck loads from the same supplier's batch and the quality of the oil for those loads may be represented by a single batch analysis from the supplier. Alternative, equivalent methods may be used upon written approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.
3. For each shipment of oil received for burning in this emissions unit, the permittee shall maintain records of the total quantity of oil received and the permittee's or oil supplier's analyses for sulfur content and heat content and the calculated SO₂ emission rate

(pounds/mmBtu).

4. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in million cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned while this emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in million cubic feet per month) and fuel oil (in gallons per month) burned in this emissions unit.
6. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from this emissions unit as a summation of the emissions from burning natural gas and the emissions from burning fuel oil. The emissions from burning natural gas shall be calculated by multiplying by the total quantity of natural gas (in million cubic feet) burned in this emissions unit, by a heating value of 1020 mmBtus per mmscf, and by the respective emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in section A.I. of this permit. The emissions from burning fuel oil shall be calculated by multiplying by the total quantity of fuel oil (in gallons) burned in this emissions unit, by a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons, and by the respective emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in section A.I. of this permit.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in this emissions unit. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in this emissions unit.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from this emissions unit, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from this emissions unit, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation.
9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit,

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the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. These fuel usages shall be calculated as a summation of the fuel usage from B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, as recorded in Section A.III. of each combustion process comprising this permit (i.e., B301 thru B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306).

10. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, as recorded in Section A.III. of each combustion process comprising this permit (i.e., B301 thru B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306).

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit a certified statement, on a quarterly basis, including copies of the permittee's or oil supplier's analyses for each shipment of oil which is received for burning in this emissions unit. The permittee's or oil supplier's analyses shall document the sulfur content (%) and heat content (Btu/gallon) for each shipment of oil. The following information shall also be included with the copies of the permittee's or oil supplier's analyses:
 - a. the calendar period covered in the report;
 - b. the calculated SO₂ emission rate (pound/mmBtu) for each shipment of no. 2 fuel oil received during the reporting period; and
 - c. reasons for any noncompliance with the emissions standards and a description of the corrective actions taken.

If no oil was received in the subject quarter, the permittee shall submit a statement documenting that no oil was received in lieu of the certified statement above.

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day

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when a fuel other than natural gas and/or no. 2 fuel oil was burned in this emissions unit.

3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of fuel oil burned in this emissions unit exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel oil burned for each such month.
4. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
5. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and VOC for each such month.
6. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
7. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

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V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1. of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

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- d. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.036 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 5 pounds of CO per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- e. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.73 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.036 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- f. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning natural gas results in a greater rate of emissions of CO than burning #2 fuel oil, compliance with this emission limitation may be demonstrated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by

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the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the allowable emission limitation for natural gas, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

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- g. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.035 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 32 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- h. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.72 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.035 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- i. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.072 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 10 pounds of NO_x per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

j. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

1.5 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.072 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

k. Emission Limitation:

3.5 tons of NO_x per year.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning no. 2 fuel oil results in a greater rate of emissions of NO_x than burning natural gas, compliance with this emission limitation requires a determination of the maximum contribution made by the combustion of fuel oil. The maximum NO_x emissions from fuel oil may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for #2 fuel oil (0.072 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons per year) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

The maximum contribution of natural gas to the annual emissions of NO_x may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.035 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. The maximum hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) represents 8760 hours per year minus the number of hours the emissions unit operates on fuel oil: equal to the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons) per year multiplied the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and

divided by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

I. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

m. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

n. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.015 pound of PE per mmBtu

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. and an emission factor of 2 pounds of particulate emissions per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

o. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.31 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.015 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

p. Emission Limitation:

0.27 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning no. 2 fuel oil results in a greater rate of emissions of PE than burning natural gas, compliance with this emission limitation requires a determination of the maximum contribution made by the combustion of fuel oil. The maximum PE emissions from fuel oil may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for #2 fuel oil (0.01 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons per year) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

The maximum contribution of natural gas to the annual emissions of PE may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. The maximum hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) represents 8760 hours per year minus the number of hours the emissions unit operates on fuel oil: equal to the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons) per year multiplied the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and divided by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

- q. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

- r. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

s. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.024 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. and an emission factor of 3.3 pounds of particulate emissions per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

t. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.5 pounds of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.024 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

u. Emission Limitation:

0.78 tons of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual

potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning no. 2 fuel oil results in a greater rate of emissions of PM10 than burning natural gas, compliance with this emission limitation requires a determination of the maximum contribution made by the combustion of fuel oil. The maximum PM10 emissions from fuel oil may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for #2 fuel oil (0.024 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons per year) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

The maximum contribution of natural gas to the annual emissions of PM10 may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. The maximum hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) represents 8760 hours per year minus the number of hours the emissions unit operates on fuel oil: equal to the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons) per year multiplied the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and divided by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

- v. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

- w. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.01 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

x. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.51 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

When firing no. 2 fuel oil, compliance may be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements of section A.III. and the calculation specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04(F)(2).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

y. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

10.4 pounds of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.51 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures

specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

z. Emission Limitation:

3.64 tons of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning no. 2 fuel oil results in a greater rate of emissions of SO₂ than burning natural gas, compliance with this emission limitation requires a determination of the maximum contribution made by the combustion of fuel oil. The maximum SO₂ emissions from fuel oil may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for #2 fuel oil (0.51 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons per year) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

The maximum contribution of natural gas to the annual emissions of SO₂ may be calculated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. The maximum hours of operation (8060 hrs/yr) represents 8760 hours per year minus the number of hours the emissions unit operates on fuel oil: equal to the maximum allowable annual fuel usage (250,000 gallons) per year multiplied the fuel oil heating value (0.140 million Btu per gallon) and divided by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr).

aa. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

bb. Emission Limitation (natural gas):

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

cc. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.0015 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. and an emission factor of 0.2 pound of VOC per 1000 gallons and a heating value of 140 million Btu per 1000 gallons from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1, dated 9/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

dd. Emission Limitation (fuel oil):

0.03 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0015 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20.4mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

ee. Emission Limitation:

0.5 tons of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. Since burning natural gas results in a greater rate of emissions of PM10 than burning no. 2 fuel oil, compliance with this emission limitation may be demonstrated by multiplying the allowable emission limitation for natural gas (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum rate of fuel usage (20.4 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs/yr) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the allowable emission limitation for natural gas, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

ff. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. and the emissions factors

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demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B304 - 20.40 mmBtu/hr, natural gas and/or no. 2 fuel oil-fired with low NOx burners and flue gas recirculation		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B305 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.2 pounds CO per hour, 5.3 tons of CO per year, 1.2 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 5.3 tons of NOx per year, 0.03 pound of PE per hour, 0.13 ton of PE per year, 0.11 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.5 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.05 ton of SO2 year, 0.01 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.08 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.35 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	
See section A.I.2.g.	
See section A.I.2.h.	
See section A.I.2.i.	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However,

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that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.

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- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated,

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and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.

3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, and K303 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.

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8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, and K303 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

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burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

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burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.03 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.13 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

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0.11 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.5 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

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o. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.08 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.35 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B305

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B305 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Emissions Unit ID: B306

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, <u>and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B306 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)
		OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)	

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.2 pounds CO per hour, 5.3 tons of CO per year, 1.2 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 5.3 tons of NOx per year, 0.03 pound of PE per hour, 0.13 ton of PE per year, 0.11 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.5 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.05 ton of SO2 year, 0.01 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.08 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.35 ton of VOC per year and, see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	
See section A.I.2.g.	

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B306

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404

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and K405.

4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, and K303 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in

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Emissions Unit ID: B306

cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.03 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.13 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.5 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of SO2 per hour

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Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.08 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.35 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B306

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B306 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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Emissions Unit ID: B306

None

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B307 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Emissions Unit ID: B307

<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.2 pounds CO per hour, 5.3 tons of CO per year, 1.2 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 5.3 tons of NOx per year, 0.03 pound of PE per hour, 0.13 ton of PE per year, 0.11 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.5 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.05 ton of SO2 year, 0.01 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.08 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.35 ton of VOC per year and, see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	
See section A.I.2.g.	

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Emissions Unit ID: B307

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B307

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.03 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.13 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.5 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.08 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.35 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record

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keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B307 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B308 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.2 pounds CO per hour, 5.3 tons of CO per year, 1.2 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 5.3 tons of NOx per year, 0.03 pound of PE per hour, 0.13 ton of PE per year, 0.11 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.5 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.05 ton of SO2 year, 0.01 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.08 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.35 ton of VOC per year and, see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	
See section A.I.2.g.	

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of CO per year

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.03 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in

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OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.13 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.5 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

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burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.08 pound of VOC per hour

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Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.35 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
 37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
 1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
 3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
 9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
 2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

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VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B308 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B309 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions
Limitations/Control
Measures

0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu,
1.2 pounds CO per hour,
5.3 tons of CO per year,
1.2 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour,
5.3 tons of NOx per year,
0.03 pound of PE per hour,
0.13 ton of PE per year,
0.11 pound of PM10 per hour,
0.5 ton of PM10 per year,
0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu,
0.05 ton of SO2 year,
0.01 pound of SO2 per hour,
0.08 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour,
0.35 ton of VOC per year and,
see section A.I.2.a, b and c.

See section A.I.2.h.

See section A.I.2.i.

0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu,
0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu,
0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu,
and
see section A.I.2.j.

0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu,
0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu,
and
see section A.I.2.k and l.

See section A.I.2.d.

See section A.I.2.d.

See section A.I.2.e.

See section A.I.2.f.

See section A.I.2.g.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, and K303. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, and K303. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, and K303. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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g. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.03 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.13 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.5 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of SO2 per hour

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Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.08 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.35 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record

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keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

- 1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B309 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B310 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions
Limitations/Control
Measures

0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu,
1.2 pounds CO per hour,
5.3 tons of CO per year,
1.2 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour,
5.3 tons of NOx per year,
0.03 pound of PE per hour,
0.13 ton of PE per year,
0.11 pound of PM10 per hour,
0.5 ton of PM10 per year,
0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu,
0.05 ton of SO2 year,
0.01 pound of SO2 per hour,
0.08 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour,
0.35 ton of VOC per year and,
see section A.I.2.a, b and c.

See section A.I.2.h.

See section A.I.2.i.

0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu,
0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu,
0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu,
and
see section A.I.2.j.

0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu,
0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu,
and
see section A.I.2.k and l.

See section A.I.2.d.

See section A.I.2.d.

See section A.I.2.e.

See section A.I.2.f.

See section A.I.2.g.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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d. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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g. Emission Limitation:

5.3 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.03 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.13 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.5 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.08 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.35 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B310 - 14 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B311 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 0.15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year and, see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B311 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B312 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall

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maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, and K303 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record

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keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, and K303.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B312 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B313 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B313

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for all emissions units located at the paint shop facility shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B313

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B313 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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Emissions Unit ID: B313

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B314

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B314 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Emissions Unit ID: B314

Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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Emissions Unit ID: B314

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the

fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).

- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and

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- iii. 3.65 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period.

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- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845

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9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet)

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burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.

7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day

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when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).
 - b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air

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Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

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k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20

mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B314 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions**2.a** None**II. Operational Restrictions**

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B315 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B315 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B316 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.g. See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall

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maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B316

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B316 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B317 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B317

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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Emissions Unit ID: B317

4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B317 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B318 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.g. See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial,

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and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).

- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and

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- iii. 3.65 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period.

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- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
 - i. 37.89 tons of NOx per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.

- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.

- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

- 1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.

- 2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845

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9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet)

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burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.

7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day

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when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, and K303 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).
 - b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air

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Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

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k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20

mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B318

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B318 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions**2.a** None**II. Operational Restrictions**

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Emissions Unit ID: B319

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B319 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B319

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B319

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B319 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B320 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

Magn**PTI A****Modification Issued: 1/31/2008**

Emissions Unit ID: B320

<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.g. See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B320

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405..

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NOx, PE, PM10, SO2 and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

- 1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B320 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B321 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
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OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B321

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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Emissions Unit ID: B321

r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B321

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B321 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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Emissions Unit ID: B321

None

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B322 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Emissions Unit ID: B322

<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.g. See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B322

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, and K303, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from

the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

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burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

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I. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the

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emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in

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B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

- 1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B322 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B323 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B323 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B324 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306., in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B324

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B324 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B325 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.g. See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, and K303.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning safter the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, and K303 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from

the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

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burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

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I. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the

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emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in

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B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B325 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B326 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from

the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

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burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

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I. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the

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emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in

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B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B326 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B327 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through K301, K302, K303 and P306 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for *B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405* shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404

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and K405.

4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic

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feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B327 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions**2.a** None**II. Operational Restrictions**

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B328 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B328

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404

and K405.

4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in

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cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee

shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

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1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

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Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B328

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B328 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions**2.a** None**II. Operational Restrictions**

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

786

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None

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Emissions Unit ID: B329

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B329 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Emissions Unit ID: B329

Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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Emissions Unit ID: B329

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall

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maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B329

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B329 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B330 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, and K303) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

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shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B330 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions**2.a** None**II. Operational Restrictions**

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	
B331 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
		OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.g. See section A.I.2.h. See section A.I.2.i. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j. 0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.e.	
See section A.I.2.f.	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee

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shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from

the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

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burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

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l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the

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emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in

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B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B331 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B332 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in

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- cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
 5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
 6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
 7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
 8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall

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maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions

shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B332 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>		
B333 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
		OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
			OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)		
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)		

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	See section A.I.2.g.
0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.7 pounds CO per hour, 7.5 tons of CO per year, 1.7 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 7.5 tons of NOx per year, 0.04 pound of PE per hour, 0.18 ton of PE per year, 15 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.66 ton of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.09 ton of SO2 year, 0.02 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.11 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 0.49 ton of VOC per year, and see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.h.
	See section A.I.2.i.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of particulate emissions as PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.j.
	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.k and l.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.d.
	See section A.I.2.e.
	See section A.I.2.f.

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.
- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.c** The annual emission limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.e** When firing natural gas only: OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment when this emissions unit employs only natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.f** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating

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practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.h** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through K301, K302, K303 and P306 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.k** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** The combined installed heat input capacity of makeup air units B302 and B305 thru B333, shall not exceed 280 mmBtu/hr.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404

and K405.

4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (3), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boiler, B301 and B304.). These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
6. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (4) above.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (5) above.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in

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cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes (B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405) as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NO_x, PE, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC for each such month.
4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. Prior to the installation of this emissions unit, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report describing the equipment. This report shall contain an identification/equipment number, and the description of the equipment, including the mmBtu per hour size rating installed.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in sections A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 95 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

7.5 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.04 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.18 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.15 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.66 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.09 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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Emissions Unit ID: B333

r. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.49 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (20 mmBtu per hour) and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

t. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Emissions Unit ID: B333

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: B333

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
B333 - 20 mmBtu/hr natural gas air supply make up unit with low NOx burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

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Emissions Unit ID: K301

None

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, <u>and/or Equipment</u>	E-coat oven with 14.05 mmBtu/hr direct fired low NOx natural gas E- coat oven burners (combustion emissions)
K301 - electrodeposition prime coat (E-Coat) tank vented to a 7.5 mmBtu/hr thermal oxidizer natural gas fired and E-coat oven (coating emissions)	

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Emissions Unit ID: K301

touch up booth controlled
by a dry filtration device

Applicable Rules/Requirements

OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)

7.5 mmBtu/hr natural gas fired
e-coat/topcoat thermal oxidizer
combustion emissions

OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(1)(a)(i)

OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)

OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20

OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27

40 CFR Part 60 Subpart MM

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40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A	3745-17-11(B)(1) OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)	
40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII	OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(1)(a)(i) OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20 OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)
	40 CFR Part 60 Subpart MM 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD	40 CFR Part 60 Subpart MM 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII
	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1) OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1) OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(1)(a)(i) OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27	
OAC rule		

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Emissions Unit ID: K301

Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>		
0.28 pound of PM10 per hour,	See section A.I.2.m. See section A.I.2.n.	0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu, and see sections A.I.2.h.
0.27 pounds of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, 1.2 tons of VOC per year	0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.2 pounds of CO per hour, 5.1 tons of CO per year, 1.2 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 5.1 tons of NOx per year, 0.03 pound of PE per hour, 0.12 ton of PE per year, 0.11 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.46 ons of PM10 per year,	0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu, and see sections A.I.2.f, i, j, k and l. See section A.I.2.e.
See sections A.I.2.a, b, c, d and u	0.0006 pound of sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu, 0.009 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.04 ton of SO2 per year,	See section A.I.2.m. See section A.I.2.n. See section A.I.2.r.
See section A.I.2.e.	5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see sections A.I.2. b, d, o .	5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see section A.I.2.s and t.
See sections A.I.2.f and g.	See section A.I.2.e.	See section A.I.2.e.
0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.h.	See section A.I.2.e.	See section A.I.2.e.
0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu, and see sections A.I.2.f, i, j, k and l.	See section A.I.2.e.	See section A.I.2.e. 98% control efficiency for particulate, 0.01 pound per hour of PE, 0.05 ton of PE per rolling, 12-month period, 0.01 pound per hour of PM10, 0.05 ton of PM10 per rolling 12-month period.
See section A.I.2.e.	See section A.I.2.q.	0.01 pound per hour of volatile organic compounds (VOC),
	See sections A.I.2.g.	

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0.05 ton of VOC per rolling 12-month period, and see section A.I.2.f, j, k and l.

See section A.I.2.m.

See section A.I.2.n.

average, and see sections A.I.2. b, d, o.

See section A.I.2.e.

See section A.I.2.m.

See section A.I.2.n.

0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu,
0.62 pounds of CO per hour,
2.7 tons of CO per year,
0.64 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour,
2.8 tons of NOx per year,
0.0019 pound of particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu
0.014 pound of PE per hour,
0.06 ton of PE per year,
0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu
0.06 pound of PM10 per hour,
0.26 tons of PM10 per year,
0.0006 pound of sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu,
0.01 pound of SO2 per hour,
0.05 ton of SO2 per year,

5% opacity as a 6 minute

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27, 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII.
- 2.b** The hourly and annual emission limitations above were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.c** The permittee shall operate and maintain a thermal oxidizer, with a 100% capture efficiency and a minimum of 95 percent control efficiency, to control VOC emissions from the E-coat dip tank and e-coat oven. The thermal oxidizer shall be installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
- 2.d** The average combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer, for any 3-hour block of time when the oxidizer is in operation as a VOC control device for compliance purposes, shall not be below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance.
- 2.e** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.f** The annual VOC emissions limitations represent the maximum potential to emit of this emissions unit at a production limitation of 200,064 jobs per rolling 12-month period as made federally enforceable in K303 of this permit.
- 2.g** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.h** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

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- i. 37.89 tons of NOx per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NOx per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.j** The combined emissions of VOC from the E-coat line shall not exceed 0.04 pound of volatile organic compounds per gallon of applied coating solids as a volume-weighted average on a monthly basis.
- 2.k** The combined emissions of VOC from the dip tank, drying oven and touch up booth operations associated with the E-coat line (K301), shall not exceed 2.1 tons as a rolling, 12-month summation.
- 2.l** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.m** 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, as it appears in Part II, Section 1. of this permit, provides applicability provisions, definitions, and other general provisions that are applicable to emissions units affected by 40 CFR Part 63.
- 2.n** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart IIII as it appears in Part II, Section 2. of this permit
- 2.o** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27, 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts A and IIII and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD.
- 2. p** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by complying with all applicable rules.

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However,

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that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2. q** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2. r** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD as it appears in Part II, Section 3. of this permit.
- 2. s** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27 and 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts A and IIII.
- 2. t** The permittee shall permit no visible emissions of fugitive dust from the enclosure serving the touch up booth.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas as fuel in this emissions unit.
2. All of the operations comprising this emissions unit shall be fully enclosed and the emissions from the E-coat tank and the drying oven shall be exhausted through a thermal oxidizer.
3. The permittee shall operate the thermal oxidizer whenever the respective emission source is in operation.
4. All of the equipment comprising the touch up booth shall be fully enclosed and all emissions shall be exhausted through a dry filtration device.
5. The permittee shall operate the dry filtration device whenever the touch up booth is in operation.
6. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

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To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall comply with the applicable monitoring and record keeping requirements in 40 CFR Part 60.394 and 60.395.
2. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
3. The permittee shall operate and maintain (a) continuous temperature monitor(s) and recorder(s) which measures and records the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer when the oxidizer is in operation. The monitoring and recording devices shall be capable of accurately measuring the desired parameter. The temperature monitor and recorder shall be installed, calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee and approved by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.
4. The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each month for the e-coat dip tank, e-coat oven, touch up booth and the associated control equipment:

- a. the name and identification number of each coating, as applied;
- b. the mass of VOC per volume of coating solids, as applied, the volume solids content, as applied, and the volume, as applied, of each coating;
- c. the maximum VOC content (in mass of VOC per volume of applied coating solids) or the monthly volume-weighted average VOC content (in mass of VOC per volume of applied coating solids) of all the coatings;
- d. the calculated, controlled VOC emission rate, in mass of VOC per volume of applied coating solids. The controlled VOC emission rate shall be calculated using (i) either the maximum VOC content or the monthly volume-weighted VOC content recorded in accordance with section A.III.2.c above and (ii) the overall control efficiency for the control equipment as determined during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the emissions unit was in compliance;
- e. the calculated, controlled VOC emissions, in tons of VOC/month. The controlled VOC emissions shall be calculated using the controlled VOC emission rate in section A.III.4.d above and a factor of 2,000 lbs/ton;
- f. a log or record of operating time for the capture (collection) system, control device, monitoring equipment, and the associated emissions unit;
- g. all 3-hour blocks of time during which the average combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer, when the emissions unit was in operation, was below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the emissions unit was in compliance.

Alternate, equivalent recordkeeping methods may be used upon written approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

5. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of controlled VOC emissions, in tons, from all coating operations performed in this emissions unit. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the cumulative quantity of controlled VOC emissions from all coating operations performed in this emissions unit, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total VOCs from all coating operations performed in this emissions unit as recorded

in paragraph (4) above.

6. The permittee shall maintain daily records that document any time periods when the touch up booth dry filtration device was not in service when the touch up booth was in operation.
7. The permittee shall perform weekly checks, when the E-coat tank and oven are in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;
 - c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;
 - d. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - e. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.
8. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
9. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (10), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
11. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304.) These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established for B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
12. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit,

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the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (11) above.

13. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (12) above.
14. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
15. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

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1. The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting and recordkeeping requirements in 40 CFR Part 60.395.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly temperature deviation (excursion) reports that identify all 3-hour blocks of time during which the average combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer, when the emissions unit was in operation, was below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the emissions unit was in compliance.
4. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the calculated, controlled VOC emission rate, in pounds mass of VOC per gallon volume of applied coating solids, exceeded the emissions limitation specified in section A.I., and the actual VOC emission rate for each such month.
5. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions.
6. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
7. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the coating emissions shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):
 - a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission

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Emissions Unit ID: K301

observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.27 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emissions limitation was established based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (82 jobs/hour) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.0033 pound VOC/job). If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.2 tons of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the maximum hourly emissions rate (0.27 pound of VOC per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

d. Emission Limitation:

100% capture efficiency and a minimum of 95 percent control efficiency

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Method 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A and Method 204 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10. The permittee may request to use an alternative method or procedure for the

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determination of capture efficiency in accordance with the USEPA's "Guidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency", dated January 9, 1995. (The Ohio EPA will consider the request, including an evaluation of the applicability, necessity and validity of the alternative, and may approve the use of the alternate if such approval does not contravene any other applicable requirement.)

2. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the E-Coat combustion emissions oxidizer stack shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

- a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of CO per hour

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Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the 14.05 mmBtu heat input capacity of the E-coat oven burners

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

5.1 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the 14.05 mmBtu heat input capacity of the E-coat oven burners and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 50 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

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1.2 pounds of NOx per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu) by the 14.05 mmBtu heat input capacity of the E-coat oven burners.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

5.1 tons of NOx per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu) by the 14.05 mmBtu heat input capacity of the E-coat oven burners and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.014 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the the 7.5 mmBtu heat input capacity of the E-coat oven burners.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. 0.062 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the 7.5 mmBtu heat input capacity of the E-coat oven burners by the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo

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I. Emission Limitation:

0.06 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the 7.5 mmBtu heat input capacity of the E-coat oven burners.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.26 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the 7.5 mmBtu heat input capacity of the E-coat oven burners by the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the

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emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.009 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the 14.05 mmBtu/hr heat input capacity of the E-coat oven burners.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.04 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (14.05 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

3. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the touch up booth shall be determined in accordance with the following methods(s):

a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation;

no visible emissions of fugitive dust

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

c. Emission Limitation:

98% control of particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. If required, compliance shall be determined through emissions testing at the inlet and outlet of the control device performed in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate USEPA approved test methods may be used with prior written approval.

d. Emissions Limitation:

0.01 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(10).

e. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of PE per rolling 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly allowable emission limitation (0.01 pound of PE per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

f. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of PM10 per hour.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with methods and procedures of Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

g. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of PM10 per rolling 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly allowable emission limitation (0.01 pound of PM10 per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

h. Emissions Limitation:

0.01 pound of VOC per hour

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Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1-4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

- i. 0.05 ton of VOC per rolling 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly allowable emission limitation (0.01 pound of VOC per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

4. Compliance with the combined emission limitation(s) for the thermal oxidizer combustion emissions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods(s):

- a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per

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standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

0.62 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

2.7 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu per hour and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 50 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. **Emission Limitation:**0.64 pound of NO_x per hour

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Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

2.8 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizers burners, 7.5 mmBtu per hour and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.02 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizers burners 7.5 mmBtu/hr

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. 0.06 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) maximum heat input of the oxidizers burners 7.5mmBtu/hr and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix

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M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

I. Emission Limitation:

0.06 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.26 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr, by the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr by the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
K301 - electrodeposition prime coat (E-Coat) tank vented to a 7.5 mmBtu/hr natural gas fired thermal oxidizer and E-coat oven,		
E-coat oven with 29.6 mmBtu/hr direct fired low NOx natural gas E-coat oven burners		
natural gas fired thermal oxidizer		
touch up booth controlled by a dry filtration device		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

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Emissions Unit ID: K301

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PTI A

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Emissions Unit ID: K302

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, <u>and/or Equipment</u>	chip oven with no control
K302 - electrostatic powder anti-chip primer spray booth with a high efficiency particulate filtration system	14.05 mmBtu/hr direct fired natural gas low NOx anti-chip oven burners
electrostatic powder anti-	

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<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27	OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	40 CFR Part 60 Subpart MM	OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	40 CFR Part 60 Subpart A	
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII	
OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
		40 CFR Part 60 Subpart A
		40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD
40 CFR Part 60 Subpart MM		
40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A		
40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-17-11 OAC rule 3745-18-06(A)	
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(1)(b)	OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
	OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	

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Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures	0.05 pound of VOC per gallon of applied coating solids as a monthly volume-weighted average, 2.0 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period, and see section A.I.2.e and i.	See section A.I.2.k.
0.01 pound per hour of particulate emissions (PE),		See section A.I.2.l.
0.01 pound per hour of PM10,		See section A.I.2.m.
5% opacity as a 6-minute average, and	See section A.I.2.d.	See section A.I.2.n.
see section A.I.2.a, b and c.	See section A.I.2.f.	See sections A.I.2.o.
See section A.I.2.d.	See section A.I.2.g.	0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound per mmBtu of particulate emissions (PE),
See section A.I.2.d.	0.083 pound of carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.2 pounds of CO per hour, 5.1 tons of CO per year, 1.2 pounds of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per hour, 5.1 tons of NOx per year, 0.03 pound of PE per hour, 0.13 ton of PE per year, 0.11 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.46 tons of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu, 0.009 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.04 ton of SO2 per year, 0.08 pound of VOC per hour, 0.33 ton of VOC per year, 5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see sections A.I.2.b and j.	0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu, and see sections A.I.2.p.
98% control efficiency for particulate,		0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu, and see sections A.I.2.i and q.
0.05 ton of PE per rolling, 12-month period,		see section A.I.2.f.
0.05 ton of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period, and		See section A.I.2.r.
see section A.I.2.e.	0.46 tons of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu, 0.009 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.04 ton of SO2 per year, 0.08 pound of VOC per hour, 0.33 ton of VOC per year, 5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see sections A.I.2.b and j.	
See section A.I.2.d.	0.03 pound of PE per hour, 0.13 ton of PE per year, 0.11 pound of PM10 per hour, 0.46 tons of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu, 0.009 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.04 ton of SO2 per year, 0.08 pound of VOC per hour, 0.33 ton of VOC per year, 5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see sections A.I.2.b and j.	
See section A.I.2.f.		
See section A.I.2.g.		
1.7 pounds per hour of volatile organic compounds (VOC), and	5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see sections A.I.2.b and j.	
see section A.I.2.b, c and h.	See section A.I.2.d.	
See section A.I.2.d.	See section A.I.2.d.	

Modification Issued: 1/31/2008**2. Additional Terms and Conditions**

- 2.a** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart A and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII.
- 2.b** The hourly and annual emission limitations above were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.c** No visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit.
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.e** The annual PM10 and VOC emissions limitations represent the maximum potential to emit of this emissions unit at a production limitation of 200,064 jobs per rolling 12-month period as made federally enforceable in K303 of this permit.
- 2.f** 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, as it appears in Part II, Section 1. of this permit, provides applicability provisions, definitions, and other general provisions that are applicable to emissions units affected by 40 CFR Part 63.
- 2.g** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart IIII as it appears in Part II, Section 2. of this permit.
- 2.h** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-31-21 thru 27, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart A and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII.
- 2.i** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.

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- 2.j** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart A and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD.
- 2.k** OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment associated with this emissions unit because the emissions unit only employs natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas being burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.l** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.m** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.
- 2.n** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.o** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and

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- ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.p** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period,
 - ii. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - iii. 3.65 tons of PM₁₀ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.q** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.r** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD as it appears in Part II, Section 3. of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas as fuel in this emissions unit.
2. All of the equipment comprising the powder spray booth shall be enclosed and all emissions shall be exhausted through a dry filtration device.
3. The permittee shall operate the dry filtration device whenever the powder spray booth is in operation.
4. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
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1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall comply with the applicable monitoring and record keeping requirements in 40 CFR Part 60.394 and 60.395.
2. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
3. The permittee shall maintain daily records that document any time periods when the dry filtration device was not in service when the anti-chip spray booth was in operation.
4. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
6. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (7), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).

7. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304.) These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established for B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (8) above.
9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (9) above.
10. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
11. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from

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the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

12. The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each month for the coating line and control equipment:
 - a. the name and identification number of each coating, as applied;
 - b. the mass of VOC per volume of coating solids, as applied, the volume solids content, as applied, and the applied volume of each coating;
 - c. the maximum VOC content (in mass of VOC per volume of applied coating solids) or the monthly volume-weighted average VOC content (in mass of VOC per volume of applied coating solids) of all the coatings;
 - d. the calculated VOC emission rate, in mass of VOC per volume of applied coating solids. The VOC emission rate shall be calculated using the maximum VOC content or the monthly volume-weighted VOC content recorded in accordance with section (c) above;
 - e. the monthly emissions of VOC and the rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly emissions; and
 - f. a log or record of operating time for the capture (collection) system, control device(s), monitoring equipment, and the associated emissions unit.

Alternate, equivalent record keeping methods may be used upon written approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting and record keeping requirements in 40 CFR Part 60.395.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day

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when the dry filtration system was not in service when the respective emissions source was in operation.

4. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify all records showing that the calculated VOC emission rate exceeds the applicable mass of VOC per volume of coating solids limitation. The notification shall include a copy of such record.
5. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify all records showing that the tons of VOC/rolling, 12-month period exceeds the applicable limitation. The notification shall include a copy of such record.
6. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
7. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the powder spray booth stack shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):
 - a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).
 - b. 0.01 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1- 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(10).

c. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of PE per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly allowable emission limitation (0.01 pound of PE per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

d. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound per hour PM10

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with methods and procedures of Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly allowable emission limitation (0.01 pound of PM10 per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

2. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the oven stack shall be determined in accordance with the following methods(s):

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a. Emission Limitation:

0.05 pound of VOC per gallon of applied coating solids as a monthly volume-weighted average

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through the monitoring and record keeping requirements of section A.III. If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by an evaluation performed in accordance with OAC rule 3745-21-10(B) using the methods and procedures specified in USEPA Reference Method 24 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

b. Emission Limitation:

1.7 pounds per hour VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emissions limitation was established based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (82 jobs/hour) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.02 pound VOC/job). If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 -4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

c. Emission Limitation:

2.0 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through the monitoring and record keeping requirements of section A.III. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the maximum allowable annual production rate (200,064 jobs per year) by a company supplied emissions factor (0.02 pounds of VOC per job) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

3. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the oven burners shall be determined in

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accordance with the following methods(s):

a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 - 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A, or other USEPA approved test method, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

5.1 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 50 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 -4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A, or other USEPA approved test method, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.2 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

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burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

5.1 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

h. Emissions Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1-5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(10).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.03 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. Emission Limitation:

0.13 ton of PE per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.03 pound of PE per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.5 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission

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limitation in accordance with methods and procedures of Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

I. Emission Limitation:

0.11 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.46 tons of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1-4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04 or other USEPA approved test methods, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.009 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.04 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound per mmBtu VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Method 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.08 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

t. Emission Limitation:

0.33 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound per mmBtu VOC) by the maximum heat input of the burners (14.05 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
K302 - electrostatic powder anti-chip primer spray booth with a high efficiency particulate filtration system, electrostatic powder anti-chip oven with no control, and 37.3 mmBtu/hr direct fired natural gas low NOx anti-chip oven burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

1. Should any coating formulations cause an odor, or process changes cause an increase in the quantity or intensity of odors emitted from this facility, as determined by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services, the company shall take corrective action to reduce the impact of the odors. The time schedule for the corrective action shall be approved by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

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IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	
K303 - 2 automotive topcoat booths w/water wash filtration, using waterborne basecoat and solventborne clearcoat comprised of manual and robotic spray operations with water wash filtration and natural gas fired 7.5mmBtu/hr thermal oxidizer on the basecoat heated flash, clearcoat bells and topcoat ovens	16.24 mmBtu/hr indirect fired, low NOx, natural gas clearcoat oven burners combustion emissions

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7.5mmBtu/hr
E-coat/topcoat thermal
oxidizer combustion
emissions

Applicable Rules/Requirements

OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)

OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)

OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)

OAC rule 3745-18-06(A)

OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)

OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)

OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)

OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)

OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)

OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)

OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20

OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(1)(c)

OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)

OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27

OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27

40 CFR Part 60 Subpart MM

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD

OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)

OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)

Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control Measures</u>	
30 pounds per hour of PM10,	0.03 pound of PE per hour, 0.14 ton of PE per year, 0.12 pounds of PM10 per hour, 0.53 tons of PM10 per year, 0.0006 pound sulfur dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu,
247 pounds of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, and see sections A.I.2.a, b, c, d, e, f, g	0.009 pound of SO2 per hour, 0.042 ton of SO2 per year, 0.09 pound of VOC per hour, 0.40 tons of VOC per year, and see sections A.I.2.a, c and t.
See section A.I.2.h.	See section A.I.2.h.
4.8 pounds per hour of PE.	See section A.I.2.h.
See section A.I.2.h.	See section A.I.2.u.
See sections A.I.2.i.	See section A.I.2.v.
see sections A.I.2.j, k, l and m.	See section A.I.2.w.
see sections A.I.2.m, n, o, p and q.	See section A.I.2.x.
See section A.I.2.h.	See section A.I.2.i.
See section A.I.2.r.	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0019 pound particulate emissions (PE) per mmBtu, 0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu, and see sections A.I.2.k, l and y.
See section A.I.2.s.	0.085 pound nitrogen oxides (NOx) per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound volatile organic compounds (VOC) per mmBtu, and see sections A.I.2.m, o, p and q.
0.083 pound carbon monoxide (CO) per mmBtu, 1.4 pounds of CO per hour, 6 tons of CO per year, 1.4 pounds of NOx per hour, 6 tons of NOx per year,	

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See section A.I.2.r.

See section A.I.2.z.

0.083 pound of carbon
monoxide (CO) per
mmBtu,
0.62 pounds per hour of
CO,
2.7 tons of CO per year,
0.64 pounds per hour of
nitrogen oxides (NOx),
2.8 tons of NOx per year,
0.0006 pound of sulfur
dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu,
0.01 pound of SO2 per
hour,
0.05 ton of SO2 per year,

0.085 pound of NOx per
mmBtu
0.0019 pound particulate
emissions (PE) per
mmBtu,
0.0075 pound of PM10
per mmBtu, and see
sections A.I.2.m and y.
see sections A.I.2.a, c
and t.
see sections A.I.2.i

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6-minute average.

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- 2.b** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27, 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII.
- 2.c** The hourly and annual emission limitations above were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.d** The permittee shall operate and maintain a water wash system(s) to control PM10 emissions from each spray booth operation comprising this emissions unit. The water wash system(s) shall be installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
- 2.e** The permittee shall operate and maintain thermal oxidizers, with a 100% capture efficiency and a minimum of 95 percent control efficiency, to control VOC emissions from the sections of the coating line identified as the basecoat heated flash, clearcoat bells and topcoat ovens. The thermal oxidizers shall be installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
- 2.f** The average combustion temperature within any thermal oxidizer, for any 3-hour block of time when the oxidizer is in operation as a VOC control device for compliance purposes, shall not be below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance.
- 2.g** The permittee shall allow no visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit.
- 2.h** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.i** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
 - i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.

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- 2.j** The emissions of PM10 from any stack serving the spray booth operations shall not exceed 0.0015 grains per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) of exhaust gases.
- 2.k** The combined emissions of PE from the coating operations associated with this emissions unit shall not exceed 21 tons as a rolling, 12-month summation.
- 2.l** The combined emissions of PM10 from the coating operations associated with this emissions unit shall not exceed 35.86 tons as a rolling, 12-month summation.
- 2.m** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 37.89 tons of NOx per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.n** The combined emissions of VOC from all coating operations performed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 5.42 pounds of volatile organic compounds per gallon of applied coating solids as a volume-weighted daily average.
- 2.o** The combined emissions of VOC from all coating operations performed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 300.6 tons as a rolling, 12-month summation.
- 2.p** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.q** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.r** 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, as it appears in Part II, Section 1. of this permit, provides applicability provisions, definitions, and other general provisions that are applicable to emissions units affected by 40 CFR Part 63.
- 2.s** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart IIII as it appears in Part II, Section 2. of this permit.
- 2.t** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 27, 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD.

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- 2.u** OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment associated with this emissions unit because the emissions unit only employs natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas being burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.v** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.w** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.
- 2.x** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.y** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 3.65 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.z** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63,

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Subpart DDDDD as it appears in Part II, Section 2. of this permit.

2.a.a The combustion product emissions from the thermal oxidizer controlling emissions from K301, K303 and P306 shall not exceed;

2.7 tons of CO per year,
 2.8 tons of NOx per year,
 0.06 ton of PE per year
 0.25 tons of PM10 per year,
 0.05 ton of SO2 per year,

as a rolling 12-month summation

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas as fuel in this emissions unit.
2. Each spray booth operation comprising this emissions unit shall be enclosed and all of the particulate emissions shall be exhausted through a water wash system.
3. The permittee shall operate the water wash system whenever the respective emission source is in operation.
4. The maximum annual production rate through the topcoat operation not exceed 200,064 jobs (painted automobiles), based upon a rolling, 12 month summation.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly production rate in jobs</u>
1	18,000
2	36,000
3	54,000
4	72,000
5	90,000
6	108,000
7	126,000
8	162,000
9	162,000
10	180,000
11	200,000

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12	200,064
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After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual production rate limitation shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the annual production rate.

- The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- The permittee shall comply with the applicable monitoring and record keeping requirements in 40 CFR Part 60.394 and 60.395.
- For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the

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permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.

3. The permittee shall maintain daily records that document any time periods when the water wash system(s) was not in service when the respective emissions source was in operation. These records shall indicate the emissions source and any actions taken to correct the deviation.
4. The permittee shall operate and maintain a continuous temperature monitor(s) and recorder(s) which measures and records the combustion temperature within each thermal oxidizer when the oxidizer is in operation. The monitoring and recording devices shall be capable of accurately measuring the desired parameter. The temperature monitor(s) and recorder(s) shall be installed, calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee and approved by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.
5. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports which identify all 3-hour blocks of time during which the average combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer was below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the emissions unit was in compliance
6. Pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(4), the permittee shall maintain records for the top coat process that will enable the permittee to calculate the VOC emission rate in order to demonstrate compliance with the emissions limitation identified in part A.I.1 above for the topcoat process in accordance with the U.S. EPA's "Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobiles and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations" (EPA-450/3-88-018, Dec.1988) and any subsequent revisions thereof. The permittee shall calculate the VOC emission rates for the topcoat operation in pounds of VOC per gallon of solids applied and in pounds of VOC per day, using the overall capture and control efficiency for the control equipment, as determined during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the emissions unit was in compliance.
7. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following information for this emissions unit:
 - a. the rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC emission rates (controlled), in tons;

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- b. during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of the permit to install, the cumulative jobs produced off of the paint shop and
 - c. after the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of the permit to install, the rolling 12-month summation jobs produced off of the paint shop.
8. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
9. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (11), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
11. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304.) These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established for B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
12. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (12) above.
13. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first

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12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. as recorded in paragraph (13) above.

14. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
15. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405., in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405., in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting and recordkeeping requirements in 40 CFR Part 60.395.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
3. The permittee shall submit written quarterly reports which identify all days during which a water wash system was not in service when the respective emissions source was in operation.
4. The permittee shall submit quarterly temperature deviation (excursion) reports that identify all 3-hour blocks of time during which the average combustion temperature within any thermal oxidizer, when the emissions unit was in operation, was below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the emissions unit was in compliance.

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5. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each day of the calendar quarter during which the calculated pounds of VOC per day, exceeded the emissions limitation specified in section A.I., and the actual VOC emission rate for each such day.
6. The permittee shall notify the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) in writing of any monthly record showing that the calculated, controlled VOC emission rates exceed(s) the applicable pounds of VOC per gallon of solids limitation for the topcoat process. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) within 30 days after the exceedance occurs.
7. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the annual production rate through the topcoat operation exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative annual production rate for each such month.
8. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, and K303 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
9. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
10. By February 15 of each year, and in accordance with section 18 of the U.S.EPA's "Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobiles and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations" (EPA-450/3-88-018, December 1988) and any subsequent revisions thereof, the permittee shall submit to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services a report which reviews the current operating conditions for this emissions unit and compares them to the conditions in existence at the time of the most recent transfer efficiency tests.

If significant product, processing, material, or application equipment changes have occurred which necessitate a re-evaluation of the transfer efficiency for each operation which has been modified, the permittee shall complete the re-evaluation and submit the results to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services within 60 days following the completion of re-evaluation testing.

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V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the topcoat coating lines shall be determined in accordance with the following methods(s):

- a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation;

no visible emissions of fugitive dust

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

- c. Emission Limitation:

4.8 pounds of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

To determine the actual worst case particulate emission rate, the following equation shall be used:

$$E = (M) * (1-TE) * (1-CE)$$

where:

E = particulate emission rate (lbs/hr)

M = maximum coating solids usage rate (lbs/hr)

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TE = transfer efficiency, which is the ratio of the amount of coating solids deposited on the coated part to the amount of coating solids used

CE = control efficiency of the control equipment - If more than one piece of control equipment is used in series, the equation should be multiplied by additional (1-CE) terms for each additional piece of equipment.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(10).

- d. 21 tons of PE per rolling 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum allowable emission limitation (4.8 pounds of PE per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

- e. Emission Limitation:

0.0015 gr PM10/scf

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

- f. Emission Limitation:

30 pounds of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emissions limitation was established based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (82 jobs/hour) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.36 pound PM10/job). If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 52 Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

g. Emission Limitation:

35.86 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation, based upon the worst case operating scenario (200,064 jobs/year) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.36 pound PM10/job).

h. Emission Limitation

5.42 pounds of VOC per gallon of applied coating solids as a volume-weighted daily average.

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be demonstrated through the record keeping requirements of Section A.III. of this permit.

i. Emission Limitation:

247 pounds of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation based on the worst case operating scenario (82 jobs/hour) and a company supplied emissions factor (3.0 pounds VOC/job). If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 or Method 24 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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j. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions of VOC from all coating operations performed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 300.6 tons as a rolling, 12-month summation.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated through the record keeping requirements of Section A.III. of this permit. This emissions limitation was established based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (200,064 jobs/year) and a company supplied emissions factor (3.0 pounds VOC/job).

k. Emission Limitation:

100% capture efficiency and a minimum of 95 percent control efficiency

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Method 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A and Method 204 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10. The permittee may request to use an alternative method or procedure for the determination of capture efficiency in accordance with the USEPA's "Guidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency", dated January 9, 1995. (The Ohio EPA will consider the request, including an evaluation of the applicability, necessity and validity of the alternative, and may approve the use of the alternate if such approval does not contravene any other applicable requirement.)

2. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the topcoat oven stacks shall be determined in accordance with the following methods(s):

a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-

03(B)(1).

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

1.4 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

6 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760

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hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 50 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

1.4 pounds of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

6 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the

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burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.03 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

- j. 0.14 ton of PE per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (16.24 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

- k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

- l. Emission Limitation:

0.12 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr).

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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.53 tons of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pound of SO2 emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.009 pound of SO2 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO2 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.42 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

q. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

r. Emission Limitation:

0.09 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (16.24 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

s. Emission Limitation:

0.40 tons of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (66 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

t. The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NO_x as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM₁₀ as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO₂ as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

3. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the E-coat/thermal oxidizer shall be determined in accordance with the following methods(s):

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- a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

0.62 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (7.5 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

2.7 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (7.5 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air

Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 50 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

0.64 pound of NO_x per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (7.5 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

2.8 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (7.5 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

i. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (7.5 mmBtu/hr).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

j. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the burners (7.5 mmBtu/hr) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

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- k. Emission Limitation
0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

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h. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

i. The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

36.40 tons of CO as a rolling, 12-month summation
37.89 tons of NOx as a rolling, 12-month summation
1.09 tons of PE as a rolling, 12-month summation
3.65 tons of PM10 as a rolling, 12-month summation
9.19 tons of SO2 as a rolling, 12 month summation
2.36 tons of VOC as a rolling, 12-month summation

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.

4. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:

a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 30 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the facility will be operated but not later than

180 days after the initial startup of the facility.

- b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations for PM10 from all topcoat spray booth operations. The following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s): Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.
- c. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations for VOC from emissions unit, except the topcoat oven combustion gases. The testing shall be performed in compliance with the U.S.EPA's "Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobiles and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations" (EPA-450/3-88-018, December 1988) and any subsequent revisions thereof.
- d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity.
- f. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the local air agency' refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Toledo Division of Environmental Services shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

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VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: K303

B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
K303 - 2 automotive topcoat booths w/ water wash filtration, using waterborne basecoat and solventborne clearcoat comprised of manual and robotic spray operations with water wash filtration and thermal oxidizers on the clearcoat bells and topcoat flashoff and ovens (up to 16 mmBtu/hr), and 16.24 mmBtu/hr, indirect fired, low NOx, natural gas clearcoat oven burners		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

1. Should any coating formulations cause an odor, or process changes cause an increase in the quantity or intensity of odors emitted from this facility, as determined by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services, the company shall take corrective action to

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reduce the impact of the odors. The time schedule for the corrective action shall be approved by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: P301

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P301 - sealer and adhesive application using low volatile organic compound (VOC) materials with control by appropriate work practices	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	40 pounds of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per hour, and see section A.I.2.a.
	OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27	0.3 pounds of VOC per gallon, minus water, 47.7 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period, and see section A.I.2.b and c.
	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A	See section A.I.2.d.
	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII	See section A.I.2.e.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a The requirements of this rule also includes compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-31-21 thru 27 and 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts A and IIII.
- 2.b DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.

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- 2.c** The annual VOC emissions limitations represent the maximum potential to emit of this emissions unit at a production limitation of 200,064 jobs per rolling 12-month period as made federally enforceable in K303 of this permit.
- 2.d** 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, as it appears in Part II, Section 1. of this permit, provides applicability provisions, definitions, and other general provisions that are applicable to emissions units affected by 40 CFR Part 63.
- 2.e** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart IIII as it appears in Part II, Section 2. of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

- 1. The permittee shall employ appropriate work practices, such as minimizing exposure time by proper dispenser and disposal container design, and appropriate cleaning techniques to minimize exposure times.
- 2. The use of photochemically reactive materials, as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01(C)(5), in this emissions unit is prohibited. Prior to employing any photochemically reactive materials, the permittee shall provide written notification to, and obtain approval from, Toledo Division of Environmental Services. Such notification shall include information sufficient to determine that the emissions associated with the proposed change in materials will comply with the emission limits and/or control requirements as defined in OAC 3745-21-07(G)(2). This notification, at a minimum, shall include the company identification of the new material to be employed, the solvent composition of the material, and the maximum amount to be used, in pounds per hour.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- 1. When using complying coatings for the sealers and adhesives, the permittee shall collect and record the following information each month for this emissions unit:
 - a. the name and identification number of each sealer and adhesive, as applied; and
 - b. the VOC content of each sealer and adhesive (excluding water and exempt solvents), as applied.

Alternate, equivalent record keeping methods may be used upon written approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

- 2. When calculating a daily volume-weighted average VOC content for the sealers and adhesives, the permittee shall collect and record the following information each day for

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this emissions unit:

- a. the name and identification number of each sealer and adhesive, as applied;
- b. the VOC content (excluding water and exempt solvents) and the number of gallons (excluding water and exempt solvents) of each sealer and adhesive, as applied; and
- c. the volume-weighted average VOC content of all sealer and adhesive, as applied, calculated in accordance with the equation specified in paragraph (B)(9) of OAC rule 3745-21-10 for CVOC,2.

The permittee shall notify the Toledo Division of Environmental Services, in advance, when daily averaging will be used instead of monthly record keeping. Alternate, equivalent record keeping methods may be used upon written approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

3. The permittee shall collect and record the following information on a monthly basis for each sealer and adhesive employed:
 - a. the company identification of each sealer and adhesive employed;
 - b. whether or not the sealer or adhesive is a photochemically reactive material;
 - c. the number of gallons (or quantity), minus water, of each sealer and adhesive employed;
 - d. the VOC content, in pounds of VOC/gallon (or per unit quantity), excluding water of each sealer and adhesive employed; and
 - e. the total VOC emission rate from all of the sealer and adhesives employed (c)x(d), in tons per month.
4. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of all VOC emissions from this emissions unit. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of all VOC emissions from this emissions unit. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the monthly quantities recorded in paragraph A.III.3. above.

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Emissions Unit ID: P301

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Toledo Division of Environmental Services in writing of any record showing the use of a photochemically reactive sealer and adhesive. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services 30 days following the end of the calendar month.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:
 - a. any monthly record showing that the coating line exceeds the applicable VOC content limitation for all sealers and adhesives employed;
 - b. any monthly record showing that the emissions unit exceeds the applicable rolling, 12-month VOC limitation.
3. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) in sections A.I.1 and A.I.2 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):
 - a. Emission Limitations:

0.3 pounds of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per gallon, minus water

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through the monitoring and record keeping requirements of section A.III.1. of this permit. If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by an evaluation performed in accordance with OAC rule 3745-21-10(B) using the methods and procedures specified in USEPA Reference Method 24 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.
 - b. Emission Limitation:

40 pounds of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation based on the worst

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case operating scenario (82 jobs/hour) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.48 pound VOC/job). If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Method 24 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

47.7 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated through the record keeping requirements of Section A.III. of this permit. This emissions limitation was established based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (200,064 jobs/year) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.48 pound VOC/job).

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P301 - sealer and adhesive application using low volatile organic compound (VOC) materials with control by appropriate work practices		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions**2.a** None**II. Operational Restrictions**

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

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VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P302 - topcoat purge solvent, line cleaning solvents and booth cleaning materials, with control by appropriate work practices	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	See section A.I.2.a.
	OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27	160.6 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period, and see section A.I.2.b and c.
	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A	See section A.I.2.d.
	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII	See section A.I.2.e.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a The requirements of this rule also includes compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-31-21 thru 27 and 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts A and IIII.
- 2.b DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.c The annual VOC emissions limitations represent the maximum potential to emit of this emissions unit at a production limitation of 200,064 jobs per rolling 12-month period as made federally enforceable in K303 of this permit.

- 2.d** 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, as it appears in Part II, Section 1. of this permit, provides applicability provisions, definitions, and other general provisions that are applicable to emissions units affected by 40 CFR Part 63.
- 2.e** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart III as it appears in Part II, Section 2. of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

- 1. The permittee shall employ appropriate work practices, such as minimizing exposure time by proper dispenser and disposal container design, and appropriate cleaning techniques to minimize exposure times.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall collect and record the following information each month for the purge and cleaning solvent operations:
 - a. the company identification for each purge and cleaning solvent employed;
 - b. the number of gallons of each purge and cleaning solvent employed;
 - c. the organic compound content of each purge and cleaning solvent, in lbs/gal; and
 - d. the total VOC emission rate from all of the purge and cleaning solvents employed, in tons per month.
- 2. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of all VOC emissions from this emissions unit. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of all VOC emissions from this emissions unit. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the monthly quantities recorded in paragraph A.III.1. above.

IV. Reporting Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include any monthly record showing that the emissions unit exceeds the applicable VOC limitation.

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2. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

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Emission Limitation:

160.6 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated through the record keeping requirements of Section A.III. of this permit. This emissions limitation was established based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (200,064 jobs/year) and a company supplied emissions factor (1.61 pounds VOC/job).

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: P302

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P302 - topcoat purge solvent, line cleaning solvents and booth cleaning materials, with control by appropriate work practices		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions**2.a** None**II. Operational Restrictions**

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

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VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P303 - facility-wide non-production maintenance materials with control by appropriate work practices	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) OAC rules 3745-31-21 thru 27	See section A.I.2.a. 77.0 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period, and see sections A.I.2.b and c.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a The requirements established pursuant to this rule are equivalent to the requirements of OAC rules 3745-31-21 thru 27.
- 2.b DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.c The annual VOC emissions limitations represent the maximum potential to emit of this emissions unit at a production limitation of 200,064 jobs per rolling 12-month period as made federally enforceable in K303 of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

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1. The permittee shall employ appropriate work practices, such as minimizing exposure time by proper dispenser and disposal container design, and appropriate cleaning techniques to minimize exposure times.
2. The use of photochemically reactive materials, as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01(C)(5), in this emissions unit is prohibited. Prior to employing any photochemically reactive materials, the permittee shall provide written notification to, and obtain approval from, Toledo Division of Environmental Services. Such notification shall include information sufficient to determine that the emissions associated with the proposed change in materials will comply with the emission limits and/or control requirements as defined in OAC 3745-21-07(G)(2). This notification, at a minimum, shall include the company identification of the new material to be employed, the solvent composition of the material, and the maximum amount to be used, in pounds per hour.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall collect and record the following information each month for the non-production maintenance material operations:
 - a. the company identification for each non-production maintenance material employed;
 - b. whether or not the non-production maintenance material is a photochemically reactive material;
 - c. the number of gallons of each non-production maintenance material employed;
 - d. the organic compound content of each non-production maintenance material, in lbs/gal; and
 - e. the total VOC emission rate from all of the non-production maintenance materials employed, in tons per month.
2. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of all VOC emissions from this emissions unit. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of all VOC emissions from this emissions unit. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the monthly quantities recorded in paragraph A.III.1. above.

Magna Steyr**PTI Application: 01-01250****Modif****Facility ID: 044801173**

Emissions Unit ID: P303

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Toledo Division of Environmental Services in writing of any record showing the use of a photochemically non-production maintenance material. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services within 30 days following the end of the calendar month.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include any monthly record showing that the emissions unit exceeds the applicable VOC limitation.
3. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

Emission Limitation:

77.0 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated through the record keeping requirements of Section A.III. of this permit. This emissions limitation was established based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (200,064 jobs/year) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.77 pound VOC/job).

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: P303

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P303 - facility-wide non-production maintenance materials with control by appropriate work practices		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None.

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: P303

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Magn**PTI A****Modification Issued: 1/31/2008**

Emissions Unit ID: P304

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P304 - injected foam sound deadener with control by appropriate work practices	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	6.8 pounds of VOC per hour, and see sections A.I.2.a and b.
	OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(1)(d)	See section A.I.2.c.
	OAC rules 3745-31-21 thru 27	0.14 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per gallon of unreacted foam, and 8.3 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period, and see sections A.I.2.d and e.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a The requirements established pursuant to this rule are equivalent to the requirements of OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.b The hourly emission limitation above was established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.c The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

Magna Steyr**PTI Application: 01-01250****Modif****Facility ID: 044801173**

Emissions Unit ID: P304

- 2.d** DaimlerChrysler shall permanently shut down all emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413, emissions units B001, B002, B013, B014, B015, G001, K004, K007, K008, K009, K010, K021, K022, K024, K025, K026, K027, K028, K029, K030, K037, P021, P022, T006 & T007), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.e** The annual VOC emissions limitations represent the maximum potential to emit of this emissions unit at a production limitation of 200,064 jobs per rolling 12-month period as made federally enforceable in K303 of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall employ techniques appropriate to minimize the emissions of VOC from this emissions unit.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall collect and record the following information each month for the foam injection operations:
 - a. the company identification for each injected foam sound deadener employed;
 - b. the number of gallons of each unreacted foam sound deadener material employed;
 - c. the organic compound emitted from each foam sound deadener material, in pounds of VOC per gallon of unreacted materials; and
 - d. the total VOC emission rate from all of the injected foam sound deadeners employed, in tons per month.
2. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of all VOC emissions from this emissions unit. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of all VOC emissions from this emissions unit. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the monthly quantities recorded in paragraph A.III.1. above.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) in writing of any monthly record showing the use of noncomplying coatings. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the

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Toledo Division of Environmental Services) within 30 days following the end of the calendar month.

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include any monthly record showing that the emissions unit exceeds an applicable VOC emissions limitation.
3. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.

V. Testing Requirements

1. a. Emission Limitations:

0.14 pound of volatile organic compounds (VOC) emitted per gallon of unreacted foam

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through the monitoring and record keeping requirements of section A.III.1. of this permit. If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by an evaluation performed in accordance with OAC rule 3745-21-10(B) using the methods and procedures specified in USEPA Reference Method 24 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

- b. Emission Limitation:

6.8 pounds of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (82 jobs/hour) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.083 pound VOC/job).

- c. Emission Limitation:

8.3 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period

980

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Facility ID: 044801173

Emissions Unit ID: P304

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated through the record keeping requirements of Section A.III. of this permit. This emissions limitation was established based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (200,064 jobs/year) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.083 pound VOC/job).

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Emissions Unit ID: P304

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P304 - injected foam sound deadener with control by appropriate work practices		

2. Additional Terms and Conditions**2.a** None**II. Operational Restrictions**

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

982

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Emissions Unit ID: P304

None

Magn**PTI A****Modification Issued: 1/31/2008**

Emissions Unit ID: P305

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P305 - E-coat, antichip and topcoat sanding station(s), with control by dry filtration	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	See sections A.I.2.a, b and c. See section A.I.2.d. See section A.I.2.d. See section A.I.2.d. See section A.I.2.d. See section A.I.2.d. See sections A.I.2.e, f, g and h.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B), (B)(3)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.b The permittee shall permit no visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit.
- 2.c Visible particulate emissions shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6 minute average from any stack serving this emissions unit.
- 2.d The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission

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limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

- 2.e** The combined emissions of PE from the sanding operations associated with the E-coat line (K301), the antichip line (K302) and topcoat line (K303) shall not exceed 1.9 pounds per hour or 2.25 tons per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.f** The combined emissions of PM10 from the sanding operations associated with the E-coat line (K301), the antichip line (K302) and topcoat line (K303) shall not exceed 0.62 pound per hour or 0.75 ton per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.g** The permittee shall install and maintain a dust collection system with a minimum 98% capture and control efficiency for all particulate emissions from all sanding operations comprising this emissions unit.
- 2.h** The annual emissions limitations represent the maximum potential to emit of this emissions unit at a production limitation of 200,064 jobs per rolling 12-month period as made federally enforceable in K303 of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

- 1. All of the operations comprising this emissions unit shall be enclosed and all emissions shall be exhausted through a dry filtration system.
- 2. The permittee shall operate the dry filtration system whenever the respective emission source is in operation.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall maintain daily records that document any periods when a dry filtration system was not in service when the respective emissions source was in operation.

IV. Reporting Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when any dry filtration system was not in service when the respective emissions source was in operation.
- 2. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.

Magna Steyr**PTI Application: 01 01250****Modif****Facility ID: 044801173**

Emissions Unit ID: P305

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the sanding station(s) shall be determined in accordance with the following methods(s):
 - a. Visible particulate emissions shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6 minute average from any stack serving this emissions unit.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. no visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

- c. Emission Limitation:

1.9 pounds of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(10).

- d. 2.25 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by

multiplying the PE emission limitation based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (200,064 jobs/year). Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly emission limitation at the worst case operating scenario (82 jobs/hour), compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.62 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (82 jobs/hour) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.0075 pound PM10/job). If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

f. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions of PM10 from the sanding operations associated with the E-coat line (K301), the antichip line (K302) and topcoat line (K303) shall not exceed 0.75 ton per rolling, 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed based on a one-time calculation of the worst case operating scenario (200,064 jobs/hour) and a company supplied emissions factor (0.0075 pound PM10/job). Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly emission limitation at the worst case operating scenario (82 jobs/hour), compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

g. Emission Limitation:

98% control of particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Emissions Unit ID: P305

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III. If required, compliance shall be determined through emissions testing at the inlet and outlet of the control device performed in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Magna Steyr**PTI Application: 04 01250****Modif****Facility ID: 044801173**

Emissions Unit ID: P305

B. State Only Enforceable Section**I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P305 - E-coat, antichip and topcoat sanding station(s), with control by dry filtration	None	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions**2.a** None**II. Operational Restrictions**

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. State and Federally Enforceable Section****I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P306 - Paint sludge dryer with 7.5mmBtu/hr thermal oxidizer	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	Particulate Emissions (PE) emissions shall not exceed 1.72 lb/hr PE emissions shall not exceed 7.54 TPY Visible emissions shall not exceed 5%, as a six-minute average Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions shall not exceed 0.01 lb/hr VOC emissions shall not exceed 0.05 TPY
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
7.5mmBtu/hr E-coat/topcoat thermal oxidizer combustion emissions	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3). See sections A.I.2.a and d

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0.083 pound of carbon
monoxide (CO) per
mmBtu,
0.62 pounds of CO per
hour,
2.7 tons of CO per year,
0.085 pound of NOx per
mmBtu

0.64 pounds of nitrogen
oxides (NOx) per hour,
2.8 tons of NOx per year,
0.0019 pound of
particulate emissions
(PE) per mmBtu
0.014 pound of PE per
hour,
0.06 ton of PE per year,
0.0075 pound of PM10
per mmBtu
0.06 pound of PM10 per
hour,
0.26 tons of PM10 per
year,
0.0006 pound of sulfur
dioxide (SO2) per mmBtu,
0.01 pound of SO2 per
hour,
0.05 ton of SO2 per year,

see sections A.I.2.b and
c.
see sections A.I.2.e and f

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** The 1.72 lb/hr and 7.54 TPY particulate emissions limitations were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit.

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Therefore, it is not necessary to develop record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limits.

- 2.b** The hourly and annual particulate emission limitations above were established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop monitoring, record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with these limitations.
- 2.c** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 27, 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD.
- 2.d** The permittee shall operate and maintain thermal oxidizers, with a 100% capture efficiency and a minimum of 95 percent control efficiency, to control VOC emissions from the sludge dryer. The thermal oxidizer shall be installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.
- 2.e** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.f** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.g** The average combustion temperature within any thermal oxidizer, for any 3-hour block of time when the oxidizer is in operation as a VOC control device for compliance purposes, shall not be below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance.
- 2.h** The combined emissions from the E-coat tank, K301, topcoat booth, K303 and P306 sludge dryer, shall not exceed 302.7 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.i** The combustion product emissions from the thermal oxidizer controlling emissions from K301, K303 and P306 shall not exceed;

2.7 tons of CO per year,
 2.8 tons of NOx per year,
 0.06 ton of PE per year
 0.25 tons of PM10 per year,
 0.05 ton of SO2 per year,

as a rolling 12-month summation

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas as fuel in this emissions unit.
2. The maximum annual natural gas usage for B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed 845 mmscf, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the natural gas usage levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly Natural Gas Usage (mmscft)</u>
1	387
2	774
3	845
4	845
5	845
6	845
7	845
8	845
9	845
10	845
11	845
12	845

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual natural gas usage shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly natural gas usage.

3. The maximum annual production rate through the topcoat operation not exceed 200,064 jobs (painted automobiles), based upon a rolling, 12 month summation.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the levels specified in the

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following table:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Maximum Cumulative Monthly production rate in jobs</u>
1	18,000
2	36,000
3	54,000
4	72,000
5	90,000
6	108,000
7	126,000
8	162,000
9	162,000
10	180,000
11	200,000
12	200,064

After the first 12 calendar months of operation, compliance with the annual production rate limitation shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the annual production rate.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit..
2. The permittee shall operate and maintain a continuous temperature monitor(s) and recorder(s) which measures and records the combustion temperature within each thermal oxidizer when the oxidizer is in operation. The monitoring and recording devices shall be capable of accurately measuring the desired parameter. The temperature monitor(s) and recorder(s) shall be installed, calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee and approved by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.
3. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated,

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and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any amendments deemed necessary by the permittee.

4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., the quantity of gas measured in (11), above less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304).
6. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 (i.e., all emissions units located at the paint shop facility less the quantity of natural gas burned in the energy center boilers, B301 and B304.) These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established for B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306.
7. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (12) above.
8. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀ and SO₂ emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from B302, B303, B305 through B333, K301, K302, K303 and P306 as recorded in paragraph (13) above.

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9. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the cumulative quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) and fuel oil (in gallons) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405. Beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405.
10. During the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record monthly, the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons. Beginning after the first 12 months of operation following issuance of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PM10 and SO2 emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405, as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.
11. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following information for this emissions unit:
 - a. the rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC emission rates (controlled), in tons;
 - b. during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of the permit to install, the cumulative jobs produced off of the paint shop; and
 - c. after the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of the permit to install the rolling 12-month summation jobs produced off of the paint shop.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly temperature deviation (excursion) reports that identify all 3-hour blocks of time during which the average combustion temperature within any thermal oxidizer, when the emissions unit was in operation, was below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the emissions unit was in compliance.
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural

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gas burned in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.

4. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.
5. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursions) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the annual production rate through the topcoat operation exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative annual production rate for each such month.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the sludge dryer shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):
 - a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).
 - b. Emission Limitation

1.72 pounds of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).
 - c. Emission Limitation

7.54 tons of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method

This emission limitation was established to reflect the potential to emit for this

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emissions unit. Compliance may be demonstrated through calculations performed as follows. Multiply the short term emission rate of 1.72 pounds of PE per hour by 8,760 hours per year and divide by 2,000 pounds per ton.

d. Emission Limitation

0.01 pound of VOC per hour

Applicable Compliance Method

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 24 or 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10. Alternate, equivalent test methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

e. Emission Limitation

0.05 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method

This emission limitation was established to reflect the potential to emit for this emissions unit. Compliance may be demonstrated through calculations performed as follows. Multiply the short term emission rate of 0.01 pounds of VOC per hour by 8,760 hours per year and divide by 2,000 pounds per ton.

f. Emission Limitation

The combined emission from the E-coat tank, K301, topcoat booth, K302 and the paint sludge dryer, P306 shall not exceed 302.7 tons of VOC per year as a rolling, 12-month summation

This emission limitation was established based upon summing the calculation of the worst case operation scenario(200,064 jobs/year) times the emission factor (3.0 pounds VOC/job) for the topcoat booth with the E-coat tank and oven combined annual emission limit, 2.1 ton/yr.

- g. Emission Limitation:
98% control of particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and recordkeeping requirements specified in section A.III. If required, compliance shall be determined through emissions testing at the inlet and outlet of the control device performed in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

2. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the E-coat/Topcoat booth shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

- a. Emission Limitation;

5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method;

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation:

0.62 pounds of CO per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

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This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

d. Emission Limitation:

2.7 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu per hour and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

e. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 50 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

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0.64 pound of NOx per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

g. Emission Limitation:

2.8 tons of NOx per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the annual potential to emit, based upon the worst case operating scenario. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizers burners, 7.5 mmBtu per hour and 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds per ton.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in

OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

i. Emission Limitation:

0.014 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizers burners 7.5 mmBtu/hr

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

j. 0.06 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) maximum heat input of the oxidizers burners 7.5mmBtu/hr and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

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I. Emission Limitation:

0.06 pound of PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.26 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr, by the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

n. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru

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4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

o. Emission Limitation:

0.01 pound of SO₂ per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) by the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

p. Emission Limitation:

0.05 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by a one-time calculation of the potential to emit for this emissions unit. This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the maximum heat input of the oxidizer burners, 7.5 mmBtu/hr by the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Only Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

- 1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P306 - Paint sludge dryer with 7.5mmBtu/hr thermal oxidizer	None	None

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, <u>and/or Equipment</u>	indirect fired 5 mmBtu natural gas fired infrared oven	sanding station(s)
K404 - automotive off-line repair booth with dry filtration		

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<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1) OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(1)(d)	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)
OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20	OAC rule 3745-18-06(A)
OAC rules 3745-31-21 thru 27	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A	OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII	OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)
	OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
	OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27
	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A
	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD

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Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures	mmBtu, 0.05 ton per year of PE, 0.17 ton PM10 per year, 0.02 ton of sulfur dioxide (SO2) year, 0.12 ton of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per year, and 5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see section A.I.2.h.	2.4 tons of PE per year, 5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see section A.I.2.b and q.
2.4 tons of particulate emissions (PE) per year, 0.62 tons of PM10 per year, 14.5 tons of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per year, 5% opacity as a 6-minute average, and see section A.I.2.a and b.	See section A.I.2.c. See section A.I.2.c.	See section A.I.2.c. 0.551 pound PE per hour. 0.0015 gr/dscf of PM10, and see section A.I.2.e.
See section A.I.2.c.	See section A.I.2.i.	
0.551 pound PE per hour.	See section A.I.2.j.	
See section A.I.2.d.	See section A.I.2.k.	
0.0015 grain per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) of particulate matter as PM10, and see section A.I.2.e.	See section A.I.2.l. 0.083 pound CO per mmBtu, 0.0006 pound SO2 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.m.	
See sections A.I.2.d, e, f and g.	0.0075 pound PM10 per mmBtu, see section A.I.2.n.	
See section A.I.2.h.	0.085 pound NOx per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound VOC per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.o.	
See section A.I.2.i.	See section A.I.2.f.	
1.9 tons of carbon monoxide (CO) per year, 1.9 tons of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per year, 0.0019 pound PE per	See section A.I.2.p.	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(1)(d), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27, and 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts A and IIII.
- 2.b** No visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit.
- 2.c** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.d** 4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, excluding water and exempt solvents.

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

- i. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period
 - ii. 3.65 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period
- 2.e** Daimler Chrysler shall permanently shut down all permitted emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.f** 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, as it appears in Part II, Section 1. of this permit, provides applicability provisions, definitions, and other general provisions that are applicable to emissions units affected by 40 CFR Part 63.
- 2.g** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart IIII as it appears in Part II, Section 2. of this permit.
- 2.h** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27 and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD.

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- 2.i** OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment associated with this emissions unit because the emissions unit only employs natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas being burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.j** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.k** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by complying with all applicable rules.
- On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.
- 2.l** The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.m** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.

- 2.n** The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
- i. 37.89 tons of NOx per rolling, 12-month period, and
 - ii. 2.36 ton of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.
- 2.o** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD as it appears in Part II, Section 3. of this permit.
- 2.p** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.q** The dry filtration system shall provide a control efficiency of no less than 98% by weight.
- 2.r** The annual VOC emissions limitations represent the maximum potential to emit of this emissions unit a production limitation of 200,064 jobs per rolling 12-month period as made federally enforceable in K303 of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. All of the operations comprising this emissions unit shall be fully enclosed and all emissions shall be exhausted through a dry filtration system.
2. The permittee shall operate the dry filtration system whenever the respective emission source is in operation.

The total installed exhaust filtration rate from the sanding and coating repair operations located at the paint shop facility (K404 and K405) shall not exceed 11,000 scfm.

3. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
4. The maximum annual fuel usage for all emissions units located at the paint shop facility shall not exceed 845 mmscf of natural gas, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee may elect to comply with the emissions limitation for VOC content as a monthly maximum for all coating repair operations, or as a daily volume weighted average of the materials used in this emissions unit. This election shall be made by advance written notification to the Director (Toledo Division of Environmental Services) and shall remain in effect on a calendar month basis.

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2. When compliance is being demonstrated through the use of compliance coatings, the permittee shall collect and record the following information each month for all coating repair operations located at the paint shop facility (K404 and K405):
 - a. The name and identification number of each coating, as applied.
 - b. The VOC content of each coating (excluding water and exempt solvents), as applied.
 - c. The number of gallons (excluding water and exempt solvents) of each coating, as applied.

3. When compliance is being demonstrated through the use of daily volume weighted average of the materials used in this emissions unit, the permittee shall collect and record the following information each day for this emissions unit (K404):
 - a. the name and identification number of each coating, as applied;
 - b. the VOC content (excluding water and exempt solvents) and the number of gallons (excluding water and exempt solvents) of each coating, as applied;
 - c. the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings, as applied, calculated in accordance with the equation specified in paragraph (B)(9) of OAC rule 3745-21-10 for $C_{VOC,2}$.

USEPA Methods 24 and 24A shall be used to determine the VOC contents for the coatings utilized in this emissions unit. If, pursuant to Method 24, 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, the permittee determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of all coatings, in gallons, employed in all repair operations located at the paint shop facility (K404 and K405). These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the coating usages recorded in each permit.

5. The permittee shall maintain daily records that document any periods when the dry

Emissions Unit ID: K404

filtration system was not in service when this emissions unit was in operation.

6. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when this emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from all stacks serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:

- a. the location and color of the emissions;
- b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;
- c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;
- d. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
- e. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

If the daily checks show no visible emissions for 30 consecutive operating days, the required frequency of visible emissions checks may be reduced to weekly (once per week, when the emissions unit is in operation). If a subsequent check by the permittee or an Ohio EPA inspector indicates visible emissions, the frequency of emissions checks shall revert to daily until such time as there are 30 consecutive operating days of no visible emissions.

7. The permittee shall perform weekly checks, when this emissions unit is in operation, for any visible fugitive emissions from the enclosure serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible fugitive emissions shall be noted in an operations log. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:

- a. the location and color of the emissions;
- b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;
- c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;
- d. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
- e. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible emissions.

If visible emissions are present, a visible emission incident has occurred. The observer does not have to document the exact start and end times for the visible emission incident under item (d) above or continue the weekly check until the incident has ended. The observer may indicate that the visible emission incident was continuous during the observation period (or, if known, continuous during the operation of the emissions unit). With respect to the documentation of corrective actions, the observer may indicate that no corrective actions were taken if the visible emissions were representative of normal operations, or specify the minor corrective actions that were taken to ensure that the emissions unit continued to operate under normal conditions, or specify the corrective actions that were taken to eliminate abnormal visible emissions.

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8. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
9. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee.
10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility
11. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in all small natural gas combustion sources located at the paint shop facility
12. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total the total CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and VOC emissions from all small natural gas combustion sources) These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established for all small natural gas combustion sources in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in all small natural gas combustion sources located at this facility
13. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in all small natural gas combustion sources. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in all small natural gas combustion sources as recorded in paragraph (11) above.
14. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and VOC emissions from all small natural gas combustion sources, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from all small natural gas combustion sources as recorded in paragraph (12) above.
15. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility.

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16. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NO_x, PM₁₀, SO₂ and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit advance written notification of the election to comply with the emissions limitation for VOC content as a monthly maximum for all coating repair operations, or as a daily volume weighted average of the materials used in this emissions unit. This notification shall be sent to the Director, Ohio EPA c/o the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.
2. When compliance is being demonstrated through the use of compliance coatings, the permittee shall notify the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) in writing of any monthly record showing the use of noncomplying coatings. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) within 30 days following the end of the calendar month.
3. When compliance is being demonstrated through the use of daily volume weighted average of the materials used in this emissions unit, the permittee shall notify the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) in writing of any daily record showing that the daily volume-weighted average VOC content exceeds the applicable limitation. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.
4. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include any monthly record showing that the emissions unit exceeds the applicable coating usage limitation for all coatings employed in all repair operations located at the paint shop facility (K404 and K405).
5. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when the dry filtration system was not in service when the respective emissions source was in operation.
6. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from any stack serving this emissions unit and (b) any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions.
7. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible fugitive emissions were observed from any enclosure serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to minimize or

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eliminate the visible fugitive particulate emissions.

8. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.
9. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
10. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and VOC for each such month.
11. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the repair booth filter exhaust stack shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for this emissions unit shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

- a. Visible particulate emissions shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6 minute average from any stack serving this emissions unit.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. no visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

c. Emission Limitation:

0.551 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

To determine the actual worst case particulate emission rate, the following equation shall be used:

$$E = (M) * (1-TE) * (1-CE)$$

where:

E = particulate emission rate (lbs/hr)

M = maximum coating solids usage rate (lbs/hr)

TE = transfer efficiency, which is the ratio of the amount of coating solids deposited on the coated part to the amount of coating solids used

CE = control efficiency of the control equipment - If more than one piece of control equipment is used in series, the equation should be multiplied by additional (1-CE) terms for each additional piece of equipment.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(10).

d. Emission Limitation:

2.4 tons of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the PE emission limitation (0.551 pound of PE per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 7000 gr/lb and 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly emissions limitation, compliance shall also be shown

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with the annual emission limitation.

- e. 0.0015 gr/dscf PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with methods and procedures of Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, USEPA approved testing, may be used with prior written approval from the Ohio EPA.

- f. Emission Limitation:

0.62 tons of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the PE emission limitation (0.0015 gr/scf), by the total installed exhaust rate from the sanding operations (11,000 cfm), by 60 minutes per hour, and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 7000 gr/lb and 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the limitation for exhaust concentration, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

- g. Emission Limitation:

4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, excluding water and exempt solvents

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through the monitoring and record keeping requirements of section A.III. If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by an evaluation performed in accordance with OAC rule(s) 3745-21-09(B)(3)(f) and 3745-21-10(B) using the methods and procedures specified in USEPA Reference Method 24 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services. If, pursuant to Method 24, 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, the permittee determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating or ink, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the

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USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

h. Emission Limitation:

14.5 tons of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by multiplying the VOC emission limitation (4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, excluding water and exempt solvents), by the total annual quantity of all coatings, in gallons, employed in this emissions unit calculated as a summation of the coating usages recorded in Section A.III. of this permit and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

2. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the combustion gas exhaust stack shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

a Emission Limitation:

5% opacity as a 6-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1). Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

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- c. 1.9 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation

- d. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 50 pounds of NOx emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- e. 1.9 tons of NOx per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NOx per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

- f. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

- g. 0.05 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

- h. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

- i. Emission Limitation:

0.17 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat

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input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

j. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.02 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.12 ton of VOC per year

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Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

3. Compliance with the combined emission limitation(s) for this emissions unit shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

a. Emission Limitation:

No visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1). Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

b. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from sanding and coating in all repair operations located at this facility shall not exceed 0.62 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum rate of filtered exhaust (11,000 scfm) times the allowable emission limitation (0.0015 gr/dscf of PM10) by 60 minutes per hour, and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton and 7000 grains per pound. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the allowable emission limitation, and total installed exhaust filtration rate is no more than 11,000 cfm, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

c. Emission Limitation:

The combined emission from the coating operations in all repair operations located at this facility shall not exceed 14.5 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.

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Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the VOC emission limitation (4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, excluding water and exempt solvents), by the maximum rolling, 12-month quantity of coatings employed in all repair operations located at this facility (6,000 gallons excluding water and exempt solvents) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the allowable emission limitation, and with the maximum quantity of coatings employed, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

- d. The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:
 - i. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period
 - ii. 3.65 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period
 - iii. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period
 - iv. 9.19 tons of SO2 per rolling, 12-month period
 - v. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period
 - vi. 37.89 tons of NOx per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for each emission unit located at the paint shop facility which combusts no. 2 fuel oil or natural gas.

- 4. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. the emission testing shall be conducted within 30 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the facility will be operated but not later than 180 days after the initial startup of the facility;

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- b. the emission testing of the oven exhaust shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations for PE and PM10.
- c. the following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s):

for PE - Methods 1-5 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A

for PM10 - Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services;

- d. the test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity;

Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the local air agency' refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Toledo Division of Environmental Services shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submission of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, <u>and/or Equipment</u>	sanding station(s)
K405 - automotive off-line repair booth with dry filtration	
indirect fired 5 mmBtu natural gas fired infrared oven	

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Emissions Unit ID: K405

<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	3745-31-05(A)(3)	
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)		OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)
		OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
		OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1) OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)	
	OAC rule 3745-18-06(A)	
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)	
OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(1)(d)	OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	
	OAC rule 3745-23-06(B)	
OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20	OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	
OAC rules 3745-31-21 thru 27	OAC rule 3745-31-10 thru 20	
40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A	OAC rule 3745-31-21 thru 27	
40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII		
	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A	
OAC rule	40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD	

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Applicable Emissions <u>Limitations/Control</u> <u>Measures</u>	mmBtu, 0.05 ton per year of PE, 0.17 ton PM10 per year, 0.02 ton of sulfur dioxide (SO2) year, 0.12 ton of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per year, and 5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see section A.I.2.h.	2.4 tons of PE per year, 5% opacity as a 6 minute average, and see section A.I.2.b and q.
2.4 tons of particulate emissions (PE) per year, 0.62 tons of PM10 per year, 14.5 tons of volatile organic compounds (VOC) per year, 5% opacity as a 6-minute average, and see section A.I.2.a and b.	See section A.I.2.c. See section A.I.2.c.	See section A.I.2.c. 0.551pound PE per hour. 0.0015 gr/dscf of PM10, and see section A.I.2.e.
See section A.I.2.c.	See section A.I.2.i.	
0.551pound PE per hour.	See section A.I.2.j.	
See section A.I.2.d.	See section A.I.2.k.	
0.0015 grain per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) of particulate matter as PM10, and see section A.I.2.e.	See section A.I.2.l. 0.083 pound CO per mmBtu, 0.0006 pound SO2 per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.m.	
See sections A.I.2.d, e, f and g.	0.0075 pound PM10 per mmBtu, see section A.I.2.n.	
See section A.I.2.h.	0.085 pound NOx per mmBtu, 0.0054 pound VOC per mmBtu, and see section A.I.2.o.	
See section A.I.2.i.	See section A.I.2.f.	
1.9 tons of carbon monoxide (CO) per year, 1.9 tons of nitrogen oxides (NOx) per year, 0.0019 pound PE per	See section A.I.2.p.	

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Emissions Unit ID: K405

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(C)(1)(d), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27, and 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts A and IIII.
- 2.b** No visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit.
- 2.c** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.d** 4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, excluding water and exempt solvents.

The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

- i. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period
- ii. 3.65 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period

- 2.e** Daimler Chrysler shall permanently shut down all permitted emissions units at the Toledo South Assembly Plant (OEPA premise number 0448010413), upon startup of the units under this permit to install, in order to obtain the emissions offsets required by OAC 3745-31-26.
- 2.f** 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, as it appears in Part II, Section 1. of this permit, provides applicability provisions, definitions, and other general provisions that are applicable to emissions units affected by 40 CFR Part 63.
- 2.g** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart IIII as it appears in Part II, Section 2. of this permit.
- 2.h** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C), OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 27 and 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD.
- 2.i** OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) does not establish sulfur dioxide emission limitations for the fuel burning equipment associated with this emissions unit because the emissions unit only employs natural gas as fuel. However, OAC rule 3745-18-06(A) requires that the natural gas being combusted meet certain fuel quality restrictions (a heat content greater than 950 Btu per standard cubic foot and a sulfur content less than 0.6 pound per million standard cubic feet). Because the natural gas being burned in this emissions unit is the standard, pipeline quality natural gas supplied to industrial, commercial, and residential users throughout

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the State, it is assumed that it meets the fuel quality restrictions; and no monitoring, record keeping or reporting requirements are necessary to ensure ongoing compliance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).

2.j The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

2.k The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by complying with all applicable rules.

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

2.l The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

2.m The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

- i. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period, and
- ii. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period.

2.n The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

- i. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period, and
- ii. 2.36 ton of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.

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- 2.o** The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD as it appears in Part II, Section 3. of this permit.
- 2.p** The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1) and OAC rules 3745-31-10 thru 20.
- 2.q** The dry filtration system shall provide a control efficiency of no less than 98% by weight.
- 2.r** The annual VOC emissions limitations represent the maximum potential to emit of this emissions unit a production limitation of 200,064 jobs per rolling 12-month period as made federally enforceable in K303 of this permit.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. All of the operations comprising this emissions unit shall be fully enclosed and all emissions shall be exhausted through a dry filtration system.
2. The permittee shall operate the dry filtration system whenever the respective emission source is in operation.

The total installed exhaust filtration rate from the sanding and coating repair operations located at the paint shop facility (K404 and K405) shall not exceed 11,000 scfm.

The maximum annual volume of coatings applied in the repair operations located at the paint shop facility (K404 and K405) shall not exceed 2,000 gallons per year, based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the volume usage figures.

3. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
4. The maximum annual fuel usage for all emissions units located at the paint shop facility shall not exceed 845 mmscf of natural gas, based upon a rolling, 12 month summation of the natural gas usage figures.

III. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee may elect to comply with the emissions limitation for VOC content as a monthly maximum for all coating repair operations, or as a daily volume weighted average of the materials used in this emissions unit. This election shall be made by advance written notification to the Director (Toledo Division of Environmental Services) and shall remain in effect on a calendar month basis.
2. When compliance is being demonstrated through the use of compliance coatings, the permittee shall collect and record the following information each month for all coating repair operations located at the paint shop facility (K404 and K405):

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- a. The name and identification number of each coating, as applied.
 - b. The VOC content of each coating (excluding water and exempt solvents), as applied.
 - c. The number of gallons (excluding water and exempt solvents) of each coating, as applied.
3. When compliance is being demonstrated through the use of daily volume weighted average of the materials used in this emissions unit, the permittee shall collect and record the following information each day for this emissions unit K405):
- a. the name and identification number of each coating, as applied;
 - b. the VOC content (excluding water and exempt solvents) and the number of gallons (excluding water and exempt solvents) of each coating, as applied;
 - c. the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings, as applied, calculated in accordance with the equation specified in paragraph (B)(9) of OAC rule 3745-21-10 for $C_{VOC,2}$.

USEPA Methods 24 and 24A shall be used to determine the VOC contents for the coatings utilized in this emissions unit. If, pursuant to Method 24, 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, the permittee determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of all coatings, in gallons, employed in all repair operations located at the paint shop facility (K404 and K405). These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the coating usages recorded in each permit.
5. The permittee shall maintain daily records that document any periods when the dry filtration system was not in service when this emissions unit was in operation.
6. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when this emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from all stacks serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be

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noted in an operations log. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:

- a. the location and color of the emissions;
- b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;
- c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;
- d. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
- e. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

If the daily checks show no visible emissions for 30 consecutive operating days, the required frequency of visible emissions checks may be reduced to weekly (once per week, when the emissions unit is in operation). If a subsequent check by the permittee or an Ohio EPA inspector indicates visible emissions, the frequency of emissions checks shall revert to daily until such time as there are 30 consecutive operating days of no visible emissions.

7. The permittee shall perform weekly checks, when this emissions unit is in operation, for any visible fugitive emissions from the enclosure serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible fugitive emissions shall be noted in an operations log. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the location and color of the emissions;
 - b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;
 - c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;
 - d. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - e. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible emissions.

If visible emissions are present, a visible emission incident has occurred. The observer does not have to document the exact start and end times for the visible emission incident under item (d) above or continue the weekly check until the incident has ended. The observer may indicate that the visible emission incident was continuous during the observation period (or, if known, continuous during the operation of the emissions unit). With respect to the documentation of corrective actions, the observer may indicate that no corrective actions were taken if the visible emissions were representative of normal operations, or specify the minor corrective actions that were taken to ensure that the emissions unit continued to operate under normal conditions, or specify the corrective actions that were taken to eliminate abnormal visible emissions.

8. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
9. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to monitor the total

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quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s) with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee.

10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility
11. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in all small natural gas combustion sources located at the paint shop facility
12. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total the total CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and VOC emissions from all small natural gas combustion sources) These emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the emissions limitations (in pounds per mmBtu) established for all small natural gas combustion sources in A.I. of this permit by the total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per month) burned in all small natural gas combustion sources located at this facility
13. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) burned in all small natural gas combustion sources. These quantities shall be calculated as a summation of the total quantity of natural gas burned in all small natural gas combustion sources as recorded in paragraph (11) above.
14. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and VOC emissions from all small natural gas combustion sources, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the total emissions from all small natural gas combustion sources as recorded in paragraph (12) above.
15. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the rolling 12-month total quantity of natural gas (in cubic feet per rolling, 12-month period) and fuel oil (in gallons per rolling, 12-month period) burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility.
16. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the total CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility, in tons as a rolling, 12-month summation. These emissions shall be calculated as a summation of the emissions from all combustion processes as recorded Section A.III. of each permit.

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IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit advance written notification of the election to comply with the emissions limitation for VOC content as a monthly maximum for all coating repair operations, or as a daily volume weighted average of the materials used in this emissions unit. This notification shall be sent to the Director, Ohio EPA c/o the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.
2. When compliance is being demonstrated through the use of compliance coatings, the permittee shall notify the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) in writing of any monthly record showing the use of noncomplying coatings. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) within 30 days following the end of the calendar month.
3. When compliance is being demonstrated through the use of daily volume weighted average of the materials used in this emissions unit, the permittee shall notify the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) in writing of any daily record showing that the daily volume-weighted average VOC content exceeds the applicable limitation. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the Toledo Division of Environmental Services) within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.
4. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include any monthly record showing that the emissions unit exceeds the applicable coating usage limitation for all coatings employed in all repair operations located at the paint shop facility (K404 and K405).
5. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when the dry filtration system was not in service when the respective emissions source was in operation.
6. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from any stack serving this emissions unit and (b) any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions.
7. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible fugitive emissions were observed from any enclosure serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible fugitive particulate emissions.
8. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in this emissions unit.

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9. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of natural gas burned in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility exceeded the operational restrictions specified in section A.II., and the actual cumulative quantity of fuel burned for each such month.
10. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each month of the calendar quarter during which the quantity of CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and/or VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil in all emissions units located at the paint shop facility exceeded the emissions limitations specified in section A.I., and the actual cumulative quantity of CO, NOx, PM10, SO2 and VOC for each such month.
11. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 of each year.

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the repair booth filter exhaust stack shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for this emissions unit shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

- a. Visible particulate emissions shall not exceed 5% opacity as a 6 minute average from any stack serving this emissions unit.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

- b. no visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated based upon visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 and the procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

- c. Emission Limitation:

0.551 pound of PE per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

To determine the actual worst case particulate emission rate, the following equation shall be used:

$$E = (M) * (1-TE) * (1-CE)$$

where:

E = particulate emission rate (lbs/hr)

M = maximum coating solids usage rate (lbs/hr)

TE = transfer efficiency, which is the ratio of the amount of coating solids deposited on the coated part to the amount of coating solids used

CE = control efficiency of the control equipment - If more than one piece of control equipment is used in series, the equation should be multiplied by additional (1-CE) terms for each additional piece of equipment.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(10).

d. Emission Limitation:

2.4 tons of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the PE emission limitation (0.551 pound of PE per hour) by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 7000 gr/lb and 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly emissions limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

e. 0.0015 gr/dscf PM10 per hour

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with methods and procedures of Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternate, USEPA approved testing, may be used with prior written approval from the Ohio EPA.

f. Emission Limitation:

0.62 tons of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the PE emission limitation (0.0015 gr/scf), by the total installed exhaust rate from the sanding operations (11,000 cfm), by 60 minutes per hour, and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 7000 gr/lb and 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the limitation for exhaust concentration, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

g. Emission Limitation:

4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, excluding water and exempt solvents

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through the monitoring and record keeping requirements of section A.III. If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by an evaluation performed in accordance with OAC rule(s) 3745-21-09(B)(3)(f) and 3745-21-10(B) using the methods and procedures specified in USEPA Reference Method 24 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services. If, pursuant to Method 24, 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, the permittee determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating or ink, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

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h. Emission Limitation:

14.5 tons of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by multiplying the VOC emission limitation (4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, excluding water and exempt solvents), by the total annual quantity of all coatings, in gallons, employed in this emissions unit calculated as a summation of the coating usages recorded in Section A.III. of this permit and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton.

2. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) for the combustion gas exhaust stack shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

a Emission Limitation:

5% opacity as a 6-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1). Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

b. Emission Limitation:

0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon an emission factor of 84 pounds of CO per million standard cubic feet and a heating value of 1020 Btu per standard cubic foot from AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 1.4, Table 1.4-1, dated 7/98.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

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- c. 1.9 tons of CO per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.083 pound of CO per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation

- d. Emission Limitation:

0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-1 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 50 pounds of NO_x emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A.

- e. 1.9 tons of NO_x per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.085 pound of NO_x per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

- f. Emission Limitation:

0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 1.9 pounds of PE per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 5 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(9).

- g. 0.05 ton of PE per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0019 pound of PE per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

- h. Emission Limitation:

0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 7.6 pounds of PM10 per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

- i. Emission Limitation:

0.17 ton of PM10 per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat

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input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0075 pound of PM10 per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

j. Emission Limitation:

0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 0.6 pounds of SO₂ emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04.

k. Emission Limitation:

0.02 ton of SO₂ per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0006 pound of SO₂ per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

l. Emission Limitation:

0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance may be determined through calculations based on emission factors specified in USEPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Table 1.4-2 dated 7/98, as follows: divide the emission factor of 5.5 pounds of VOC emissions per million standard cubic feet by a heating value of 1020 Btus per standard cubic foot.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission testing performed in accordance with Methods 1 thru 4 and 25 of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-21-10.

m. Emission Limitation:

0.12 ton of VOC per year

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum heat input (5 mmBtu/hr) by the allowable emission limitation (0.0054 pound of VOC per mmBtu) and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

3. Compliance with the combined emission limitation(s) for this emissions unit shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

a. Emission Limitation:

No visible emissions of fugitive dust from any enclosure serving the processes comprising this emissions unit.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 using the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1). Alternate,

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equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

b. Emission Limitation:

The combined emissions from sanding and coating in all repair operations located at this facility shall not exceed 0.62 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly maximum rate of filtered exhaust (11,000 scfm) times the allowable emission limitation (0.0015 gr/dscf of PM10) by 60 minutes per hour, and by the maximum annual hours of operation (8760 hrs), and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton and 7000 grains per pound. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the allowable emission limitation, and total installed exhaust filtration rate is no more than 11,000 cfm, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

c. Emission Limitation:

The combined emission from the coating operations in all repair operations located at this facility shall not exceed 14.5 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by multiplying the VOC emission limitation (4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, excluding water and exempt solvents), by the maximum rolling, 12-month quantity of coatings employed in all repair operations located at this facility (6,000 gallons excluding water and exempt solvents) and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the allowable emission limitation, and with the maximum quantity of coatings employed, compliance shall also be shown with the annual emission limitation.

d. The combined emissions from the combustion of fuel oil and natural gas in B301 through B333, K301, K302, K303, P306, K404 and K405 shall not exceed the following:

- i. 1.09 tons of PE per rolling, 12-month period
- ii. 3.65 tons of PM10 per rolling, 12-month period
- iii. 36.40 tons of CO per rolling, 12-month period

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- iv. 9.19 tons of SO₂ per rolling, 12-month period
- v. 2.36 tons of VOC per rolling, 12-month period
- vi. 37.89 tons of NO_x per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the monitoring and record keeping requirements specified in section A.III and the emissions factors demonstrated in Section V of the permit for each emission unit located at the paint shop facility which combusts no. 2 fuel oil or natural gas.

4. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:

- a. the emission testing shall be conducted within 30 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the facility will be operated but not later than 180 days after the initial startup of the facility;
- b. the emission testing of the oven exhaust shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations for PE and PM₁₀.
- c. the following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s):

for PE - Methods 1-5 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A

for PM₁₀ - Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

Alternate, equivalent methods may be used upon approval by the Toledo Division of Environmental Services;

- d. the test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity;

Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the local air agency's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

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Personnel from the Toledo Division of Environmental Services shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Toledo Division of Environmental Services within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submission of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Toledo Division of Environmental Services.

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None