

Facility ID: 0335980007 Issuance type: Final State Permit To Operate

This version of facility specific terms and conditions was converted from a database format to an HTML file during an upgrade of the Ohio EPA, Division of Air Pollution Control's permitting software. Every attempt has been made to convert the terms and conditions to look and substantively conform to the permit issued or being drafted in STARS. However, the format of the terms may vary slightly from the original. In addition, although it is not expected, there is a slight possibility that a term and condition may have been inadvertently "left out" of this reproduction during the conversion process. Therefore, if this version is to be used as a starting point in drafting a new version of a permit, it is imperative that the entire set of terms and conditions be reviewed to ensure they substantively mimic the issued permit. The official version of any permit issued final by Ohio EPA is kept in the Agency's Legal section. The Legal section may be contacted at (614) 644-3037.

In addition to the terms and conditions, hyperlinks have been inserted into the document so you may more readily access the section of the document you wish to review.

Finally, the term language under "Part II" and before "A. Applicable Emissions Limitations..." has been added to aid in document conversion, and was not part of the original issued permit.

[Go to Part II for Emissions Unit F001](#)
[Go to Part II for Emissions Unit F002](#)
[Go to Part II for Emissions Unit P901](#)

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Facility ID: 0335980007 Emissions Unit ID: F001 Issuance type: Final State Permit To Operate

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Part II - Special Terms and Conditions

This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

1. For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (a) None.
2. For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - (a) None.

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
Plant roadways and parking areas. (Unpaved)	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI #03-16344, issued 7/26/05)	2.60 tons fugitive particulate emissions (PE)/yr. no visible particulate emissions except for 3 minutes during any 60-minute period best available control measures that are sufficient to minimize or eliminate visible emissions of fugitive dust (See A.2.b, and A.2.d through A.2.h)
	OAC rule 3745-17-08 (B)	See A.2.h
	OAC rule 3745-17-07 (B)	See A.2.h

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- (a) The unpaved roadways and parking areas that are covered by this permit and subject to the above-mentioned requirements are listed below:

unpaved roadways:

all unpaved roadways

The permittee shall employ best available control measures on all unpaved roadways and parking areas for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. In accordance with the permittee's permit application, the permittee has committed to treat the unpaved roadways and parking areas with water at sufficient treatment frequencies to ensure compliance. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the permittee from employing other control measures to ensure compliance.

The needed frequencies of implementation of the control measures shall be determined by the permittee's inspections pursuant to the monitoring section of this permit. Implementation of the control measures shall not be necessary for a unpaved roadway or parking area that is covered with snow and/or ice or if precipitation has occurred that is sufficient for that day to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. Implementation of any control measure may be suspended if unsafe or hazardous driving conditions would be created by its use.

Any unpaved roadway or parking area, which during the term of this permit is paved or takes the characteristics of a paved surface due to the application of certain types of dust suppressants, may be controlled with the control measure(s) specified above for paved surfaces. Any unpaved roadway or parking area that takes the characteristics of a paved roadway or parking area due to the application of certain types of dust suppressants shall remain subject to the visible emission limitation for unpaved roadways and parking areas. Any unpaved roadway or parking area that is paved shall be subject to the visible emission limitation for paved roadways and parking areas.

The permittee shall promptly remove, in such a manner as to minimize or prevent resuspension, earth and/or other material from paved streets onto which such material has been deposited by trucking or earth moving equipment or erosion by water or other means.

Open-bodied vehicles transporting materials likely to become airborne shall have such materials covered at all times if the control measure is necessary for the materials being transported.

Implementation of the above-mentioned control measures in accordance with the terms and conditions

of this permit is appropriate and sufficient to satisfy the best available technology requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05.

The unpaved roadways and parking areas are associated with the portable asphalt plant P901 permitted under facility ID 0335980007. The emission limitation of 2.60 tons per year fugitive PE represents the maximum emissions which will be emitted from the roadways and parking areas for any proposed site for relocation of the portable asphalt plant.

The roadways and parking areas are associated with a portable source and are applicable to the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-07 (B) and 3745-17-08 (B) when located in an "Appendix A" area as identified in OAC rule 3745-17-08. The emission limitations and control requirements established by OAC rule 3745-17-07 (B) and OAC rule 3745-17-08 (B) are less stringent than the requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05 (A) (3).

B. Operational Restrictions

1. None

C. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the permittee shall perform inspections of the roadways and parking areas in accordance with the following frequencies:

unpaved roadways and parking areas minimum inspection frequency

all unpaved roadways and parking areas once during each day of operation

2. The purpose of the inspections is to determine the need for implementing the above-mentioned control measures. The inspections shall be performed during representative, normal traffic conditions. No inspection shall be necessary for a roadway or parking area that is covered with snow and/or ice or if precipitation has occurred that is sufficient for that day to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. Any required inspection that is not performed due to any of the above-identified events shall be performed as soon as such event(s) has (have) ended, except if the next required inspection is within one week.
3. The permittee may, upon receipt of written approval from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, modify the above-mentioned inspection frequencies if operating experience indicates that less frequent inspections would be sufficient to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements.

4. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information:
 - the date and reason any required inspection was not performed, including those inspections that were not performed due to snow and/or ice cover or precipitation;
 - the date of each inspection where it was determined by the permittee that it was necessary to implement the control measures;
 - the dates the control measures were implemented; and
 - on a calendar quarter basis, the total number of days the control measures were implemented and the total number of days where snow and/or ice cover or precipitation were sufficient to not require the control measures.

The information required in 4.d. shall be kept separately for the unpaved roadways and parking areas, and shall be updated on a calendar quarter basis within 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit deviation reports, in accordance with the reporting requirements of the General Terms and Conditions of this permit, that identify any of the following occurrences:
 - each day during which an inspection was not performed by the required frequency, excluding an inspection which was not performed due to an exemption for snow and/or ice cover or precipitation; and
 - each instance when a control measure, that was to be implemented as a result of an inspection, was not implemented.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.I.1. of the terms and conditions of this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
Emission Limitation:
2.60 tons fugitive PE/yr

Applicable Compliance Method:

This emission limitation was developed by applying a 95% control efficiency to a maximum potential uncontrolled emission rate of 52.10 TPY fugitive PE. The maximum potential uncontrolled emission rate was calculated using AP-42 emission factors for paved and unpaved roadways [section 13.2.2-4 (12/03) and the following maximum vehicle miles traveled:

unpaved roadways - 8,108 miles

Therefore, provided compliance is shown with the requirements of this permit to apply best available control measures, compliance with the ton per year PE limitation will be assumed.

Emission Limitation:

There shall be no visible particulate emissions from (any unpaved roadway or parking area) except for 3 minutes during any 60-minute period.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance with the visible emission limitation specified above shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 22 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(4)(a) through (B)(4)(c) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

1. Pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) rule 3745-31-03(A)(1)(p)(I), the permittee of a portable or mobile emissions unit may relocate within the State of Ohio without first obtaining a PTI providing the following criteria are met:

- The portable emissions unit is equipped with the best available control technology for such portable emissions unit;
 The portable emissions unit is operating pursuant to a currently effective permit to install, permit to operate or registration;
 The applicant has provided proper notice of intent to relocate the portable emissions unit to the Northwest District Office (NWDO) and the appropriate field office having jurisdiction over the new site within a minimum of thirty days prior to the scheduled relocation; and,
 In the NWDO's and the appropriate field office's judgement, the proposed site is acceptable under the rule 3745-15-07 of the Administrative Code.
2. In the alternative, pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-03(A)(1)(p)(ii), the permittee of a portable or mobile emissions unit may relocate within the State of Ohio without first obtaining a PTI providing the following criteria of OAC rule 3745-31-05(F) are met:
 The portable emissions unit permittee possesses an Ohio EPA PTI, PTO or registration status;
 The portable emissions unit is equipped with best available technology;
 The portable emission unit owner has identified the proposed site to Ohio EPA;
 Ohio EPA has determined that the portable emissions unit, at the proposed site, will have an acceptable environmental impact;
 A public notice, consistent with Chapter 3745-47 of the Administrative Code, is published in the county where the proposed site is located;
 The owner of the proposed site has provided the portable emissions unit owner with approval or equivalent declaration that it is acceptable to the site owner to move the portable emissions unit to the proposed site; and,
 The portable emissions unit owner has provided the Ohio EPA with fifteen days written notice of the relocation.

 Any site approvals issued by the Ohio EPA, pursuant to Section F.2. above, shall be valid for no longer than three years and are subject to renewal.
 3. In order for the NWDO and the appropriate field office having jurisdiction over the new site to determine compliance with all of the above criteria, the owner or operator of the portable or mobile emissions unit must file a "Notice of Intent to Relocate", within the specified time frame (30 or 15 days) prior to the relocation of the emissions unit with the NWDO (347 North Dunbridge Road, Bowling Green, OH 43402) and the appropriate office having jurisdiction over the new site. Upon receipt of the notice, the NWDO and/or the appropriate field office having jurisdiction over the new site, will evaluate the request in accordance with the above criteria.
 4. The permittee should be advised that when portable emission units are located at a stationary source or at a source comprised of portable emission units, potential emissions from the portable emission units are included in the facility potential to emit calculations for Title V applicability.

 The permittee shall include a potential to emit analysis of facility-wide emissions (including the portable sources) for the proposed relocation in the "Notice of Intent to Relocate".

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Facility ID: 0335980007 Emissions Unit ID: F002 Issuance type: Final State Permit To Operate

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Part II - Special Terms and Conditions

This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

1. For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (a) None.
2. For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - (a) None.

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
Plant aggregate storage piles	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 03-16344, issued 7/26/05)	1.63 Tons fugitive PE/yr
load-in and load-out of storage piles (see Section A.2.a. for identification of storage piles)		no visible emissions except for a one minute during any 60-minute period. best available control measures that are sufficient to minimize or eliminate visible emissions of fugitive dust (see A.2.b., A.2.c., & A.2.f.)
wind erosion from storage piles (see Section A.2.a. for identification of storage piles)		no visible emissions except for a one minute during any 60-minute period.

- | | | |
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| | | best available control measures that are sufficient to minimize or eliminate visible emissions of fugitive dust (see A.2.d. through A.2.f.) |
| | load-in/load-out of storage piles, and wind erosion from storage piles | OAC rule 3745-17-07 (B)
See A.2.g |
| | | OAC rule 3745-17-08 (B)
See A.2.g |
2. **Additional Terms and Conditions**
- (a) The storage piles that are covered by this permit and subject to the above-mentioned requirements are listed below:
- i. Aggregate Material Products storage pile
 - ii. RAP storage pile

The permittee shall employ best available control measures on all load-in and load-out operations associated with the storage piles for purposes of ensuring compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. In accordance with the permittee's permit application, the permittee has committed to treat the load-in and load-out materials with water and/or any other suitable dust suppression chemicals to ensure compliance. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the permittee from employing other control measures to ensure compliance.

The above-mentioned control measure(s) shall be employed for each load-in and load-out operation of each storage pile if the permittee determines, as a result of the inspection conducted pursuant to the monitoring section of this permit, that the control measure(s) are necessary to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. Any required implementation of the control measure(s) shall continue during any such operation until further observation confirms that use of the measure(s) is unnecessary.

The permittee shall employ best available control measures for wind erosion from the surfaces of all storage piles for the propose of ensuring compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. In accordance with the permittee's permit application, the permittee has committed to treat each storage pile with water and/or any other suitable dust suppression chemicals at sufficient treatment frequencies to ensure compliance. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the permittee from employing other control measures to ensure compliance.

The above-mentioned control measure(s) shall be employed for wind erosion from each pile if the permittee determines, as a result of the inspection conducted pursuant to the monitoring section of this permit, that the control measure(s) are necessary to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. Implementation of the control measure(s) shall not be necessary for a storage pile that is covered with snow and/or ice if the precipitation has occurred that is sufficient for that day to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements.

Implementation of the above-mentioned control measures in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit is appropriate and sufficient to satisfy the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05.

The storage piles are associated with the portable asphalt plant P901 permitted under facility ID 0335980007. The emission limitation of 1.63 TPY fugitive PE represents the maximum emissions which will be emitted from the storage piles for any proposed site for relocation of the portable asphalt plant.

The storage piles are associated with a portable source and are applicable to the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-07 (B) and 3745-17-08 (B) when located in an "Appendix A" area as identified in OAC rule 3745-17-08. The emission limitations and control requirements established by OAC rule 3745-17-08 (B) and OAC rule 3745-17-08 (B) are less stringent than the requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05 (A) (3).
- B. **Operational Restrictions**
1. None
- C. **Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements**
- 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the permittee shall perform inspections of each load-in operation at each storage pile in accordance with the following frequencies:
 - storage pile identification
All
 - minimum load-in inspection frequency
Once during each day of operation
 - 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the permittee shall perform inspections of each load-out operation. At each storage pile in accordance with the following frequencies:
 - storage pile identification
All
 - minimum load-in inspection frequency
Once during each day of operation
 - 3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the permittee shall perform inspections of the wind erosion from pile surfaces associated with each storage pile in accordance with the following frequencies:
 - storage pile identification
All
 - minimum load-in inspection frequency
Once during each day of operation

4. No inspection shall be necessary for wind erosion from the surface of a storage pile when the pile is covered with snow and/or ice and for any storage pile activity if precipitation has occurred that is sufficient for that day to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. Any required inspection that is not performed due to any of the above identified events shall be performed as soon as such event(s) has (have) ended, except if the next required inspection is within one week.
5. The purpose of the inspections is to determine the need for implementing the control measures specified in this permit for load-in and load-out of a storage pile and wind erosion from the surface of a storage pile. The inspections shall be performed during representative, normal storage pile operating conditions.
6. The permittee may upon receipt of written approval from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, modify the above-mentioned inspection frequencies if operating experience indicates that less frequent inspections would be sufficient to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements.
7. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information:
 - The date and reason any required inspection was not performed, including those inspections that were not performed due to snow and/or ice cover or precipitation.
 - The date of each inspection where it was determined by the permittee that it was necessary to implement the control measures.
 - The dates the control measures were implemented.
 - On a calendar quarter basis, the total number of days the control measures were implemented and, for wind erosion from pile surfaces, the total number of days where snow and/or ice cover or precipitation were sufficient to not require the control measure(s).

The information required in 7.d. shall be kept separately for (i) the load-in operations, (ii) the load-out operations, and (iii) the storage pile surfaces (wind erosion), and shall be updated on a calendar quarter basis within 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit deviation reports, in accordance with the reporting requirements of the General Terms and Conditions of this permit, that identify any of the following occurrences:
 - Each day during which an inspection was not performed by the required frequency, excluding an inspection which was not performed due to an exemption for snow and/or ice cover or precipitation.
 - Each instance when a control measure, that was to be implemented as a result of an inspection, was not implemented

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation(s) in Section A.1. of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):
Emission Limitation: 1.63 tons fugitive PE/yr

Applicable Compliance Method: The emission limitation was established by combining the emissions from load-in and load-out operations and from wind erosion from each storage pile as listed in the permittee's application and applying a 95% control efficiency for use of best available control measures. Load-in and load-out operation emissions are based on a maximum load-in and load-out rate of 470,000 tons per year of product. Wind erosion emissions are based on a maximum storage pile surface area of 1.25 acres as listed in the permit application: The emission rate was determined as follows:

- i. Load-in - emissions associated with load-in operations were established by multiplying the maximum load-in rate of 470,000 tons of product per year by the appropriate emission factor from AP-42 section 13.2.4.3 (1/95) [0.006 lb PE/ton product], applying a 95% control efficiency and dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. (0.71 tons fugitive PE/yr.)

ii. Load-out - emissions associated with load-out operations were established by multiplying the maximum load-out rate of 470,000 tons of product per year by the appropriate emission factor from AP-42 section 13.2.4.3 (1/95) [0.006 lb PE/ton product], applying a 95 % control efficiency and dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. (0.71 tons fugitive PE/yr.)

iii. Wind erosion - emissions were established by multiplying a maximum combined storage pile surface area of 1.25 acres for product, the appropriate emission factor from USEPA's Control of Open Fugitive Dust Sources (9/88) [1.86 lbs PE/day/acre of product], a maximum operating schedule of 365 days per year and dividing by 2000 and applying a 95% control efficiency. (0.21 ton PE/yr)

Therefore, provided compliance is shown with the requirements of this permit to apply best available control measures, compliance with the ton per year PE limitation will be assumed.

Emission Limitation: No visible emissions except for one minute during any 60-minute period.

Applicable Compliance Method: If required, compliance with the visible emission limitations for the storage piles identified above shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 22 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(4)(a) through (B)(4)(c) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

1. Pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) rule 3745-31-03(A)(1)(p)(I), the permittee of a portable or mobile emissions unit may relocate within the State of Ohio without first obtaining a PTI providing the following criteria are met:
 - The portable emissions unit is equipped with the best available control technology for such portable emissions unit;
 - The portable emissions unit is operating pursuant to a currently effective permit to install, permit to operate or registration;
 - The applicant has provided proper notice of intent to relocate the portable emissions unit to the Northwest District Office (NWDO) and the appropriate field office having jurisdiction over the new site within a minimum of thirty days prior to the scheduled relocation; and,
 - In the NWDO's and the appropriate field office's judgement, the proposed site is acceptable under the rule 3745-15-07 of the Administrative Code.

2. In the alternative, pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-03(A)(1)(p)(ii), the permittee of a portable or mobile emissions unit may relocate within the State of Ohio without first obtaining a PTI providing the following criteria of OAC rule 3745-31-05(F) are met:
 - The portable emissions unit permittee possesses an Ohio EPA PTI, PTO or registration status;
 - The portable emissions unit is equipped with best available technology;
 - The portable emission unit owner has identified the proposed site to Ohio EPA;
 - Ohio EPA has determined that the portable emissions unit, at the proposed site, will have an acceptable environmental impact;
 - A public notice, consistent with Chapter 3745-47 of the Administrative Code, is published in the county where the proposed site is located;
 - The owner of the proposed site has provided the portable emissions unit owner with approval or equivalent declaration that it is acceptable to the site owner to move the portable emissions unit to the proposed site; and,
 - The portable emissions unit owner has provided the Ohio EPA with fifteen days written notice of the relocation.

Any site approvals issued by the Ohio EPA, pursuant to section F.2. above, shall be valid for no longer than three years and are subject to renewal.
3. In order for the NWDO and the appropriate field office having jurisdiction over the new site to determine compliance with all of the above criteria, the owner or operator of the portable or mobile emissions unit must file a "Notice of Intent to Relocate", within the specified time frame (30 or 15 days) prior to the relocation of the emissions unit with the NWDO (347 North Dunbridge Road, Bowling Green, OH 43402) and the appropriate office having jurisdiction over the new site. Upon receipt of the notice, the NWDO and/or the appropriate field office having jurisdiction over the new site, will evaluate the request in accordance
4. The permittee should be advised that when portable emission units are located at a stationary source or at a source comprised of portable emission units, potential emissions from the portable emission units are included in the facility potential to emit calculations for Title V applicability.

The permittee shall include a potential to emit analysis of facility-wide emissions (including the portable sources) for the proposed relocation in the "Notice of Intent to Relocate".

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Facility ID: 0335980007 Emissions Unit ID: P901 Issuance type: Final State Permit To Operate

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Part II - Special Terms and Conditions

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1. For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (a) None.
2. For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - (a) None.

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
P901 - 400 ton per hour portable drum mix asphalt plant with baghouse, dryer drum and silo.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 03-16344, issued 9/15/05)	<p>Stack Emissions:</p> <p>Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) emissions shall not exceed 0.063 pounds per ton of asphalt produced when burning on-spec used oil, #2 fuel oil, #4 fuel oil, #6 fuel oil.</p> <p>Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) emissions shall not exceed 0.0034 pounds per ton of asphalt produced when burning natural gas.</p> <p>Nitrogen oxide (NO_x) emissions shall not exceed 0.095 pounds per ton of asphalt produced when burning on-spec used oil, #2 fuel oil, #4 fuel oil, #6 fuel oil.</p> <p>Nitrogen oxide (NO_x) emissions shall not exceed 0.075 pounds per ton of asphalt produced when burning natural gas.</p>

Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions shall not exceed 0.15 pounds per ton of asphalt produced.

Organic compounds (OC) emissions shall not exceed 0.125 pounds per ton of asphalt produced.

Particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 0.03 gr/dscf of exhaust gas

See A.2.b-g below.

OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)

Stack Emissions:

8.25 tons PE (stack) per rolling 12-month period
 25.20 tons SO₂ per rolling 12-month period
 23.75 tons NO_x per rolling 12-month period
 37.50 tons CO per rolling 12-month period
 31.25 tons OC per rolling 12-month period

Asphalt Load Out Emissions

Emissions from load out operations shall not exceed 0.33 tons CO per rolling 12-month period, 0.13 tons PE per rolling 12-month period and 1.05 tons of OC per rolling 12-month period.

Asphalt Silo Filling Emissions

Emissions from silo filling operations shall not exceed 0.30 tons CO per rolling 12-month period, 0.13 tons PE per rolling 12-month period and 3.05 tons OC per rolling 12-month period.

Cold End Fugitive Dust Emissions

Emissions of fugitive dust associated with the hopper loading, aggregate transfer operations and sand transfer operations shall not exceed 3.54 tons of PE per rolling 12-month period.

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart I

Emissions from the baghouse stack shall not exhibit 20% opacity, or greater.

See A.2.k

OAC rule 3745-21-07(B)
 OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)
 OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)
 OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)
 OAC rule 3745-17-08(A)(1)
 OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)
 OAC rule 3745-18-06(E)

See A.2.h
 See A.2.h
 See A.2.i
 See A.2.j
 See A.2.j
 See A.2.l
 See A.2.l

The emissions limitations specified by these rules are less stringent than the emission limitations established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- (a) The emission limitations per rolling 12-month period contained in A.1 are based on production restrictions (see B.1) for the purpose of establishing federally enforceable limitations to avoid Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Title V applicability. For purposes of federal enforceability, a limitation on OC emissions effectively restricts volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions.
 The permittee shall ensure that the baghouse is operated with sufficient air volume to eliminate visible fugitive emissions from the rotary drum.
 Best available control measures that are sufficient to minimize or eliminate visible emissions of fugitive dust (see section A.2.b).
 No visible emissions of fugitive dust from the rotary drum.
 Visible emissions of fugitive dust (from areas other than the rotary drum) shall be less than or equal to 10% opacity, as a 3-minute average.
 The drop height of the front end loader bucket shall be minimized to the extent possible in order to minimize or eliminate visible emissions of fugitive dust from the aggregate storage bins.
 The aggregate loaded into the storage bins shall have a moisture content sufficient to minimize the visible emissions of fugitive dust from conveyors and all transfer points to the dryer.
 The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(B) and the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) in this Permit to Install.

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision

occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart I.

This emissions unit is a portable source and is applicable to the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-07(B) and OAC rule 3745-17-08(B) when located in an "Appendix A" area as identified in OAC rule 3745-17-08. The emission limitations and control requirements established by OAC rule 3745-17-07(B) and OAC rule 3745-17-08(B) are equivalent to or less stringent than the requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

When the emissions unit is not located within an "Appendix A" area as identified in OAC rule 3745-17-08, this emission unit is exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-08(B) pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-08(A) and is exempt from the visible particulate emission limitations specified in OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1) pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1)(e).

The gr/dscf emission limitation for PE specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation for the maximum outlet concentration established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A).

The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the fabric filter shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 8 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation.
2. The maximum annual asphalt production rate for this emissions unit shall not exceed 500,000 tons per year, based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the asphalt production.
3. The permittee shall operate and maintain the fuel burner in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations to ensure efficient combustion of the fuel(s) and to ensure compliance with the applicable emission limitations for OC, CO and NOx.
4. The permittee may substitute reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) in the raw material feed mix in amounts not to exceed 50 per cent of all aggregate materials.
5. All on-spec used oil burned in emissions unit P901 shall meet the following specifications:

Contaminant/Property Allowable Specifications

arsenic 5 ppm, maximum
 cadmium 2 ppm, maximum
 chromium 10 ppm, maximum
 lead 100 ppm, maximum
 PCB's 50 ppm, maximum*
 total halogens 4000 ppm maximum**
 mercury 1 ppm, maximum
 flash point 100 F, minimum
 heat content 135,000 Btu/gallon, minimum

* If the permittee is burning used oil with any quantifiable level >2 ppm <50 ppm of PCB's, then the permittee is subject to any applicable requirements found under 40 CFR part 279, subparts G and H and 40 CFR 761.20 (e).

** Used oil containing more than 1000 ppm total halogens is presumed to be a hazardous waste under the rebuttable presumption provided under 40 CFR 279.10 (b)(1)(ii) and OAC rule 3745-279-10 (B)(1)(b). Therefore, the permittee may receive and burn used oil exceeding 1000 ppm of total halogens (but less than 4000 ppm, maximum) only if the used oil burner has demonstrated the used oil does not contain any hazardous waste pursuant to OAC rule 3745-279-63.

6. The permittee may not burn any used oil which does not meet the specifications listed in OAC rule 3745-279-11 without first obtaining an air permit to install that authorizes the burning of such used oil. The burning of used oil that does not meet specifications listed in OAC rule 3745-279-11 is subject to OAC rule 3745-279-60 through 67 and the applicable portions of 40 CFR part 761. In addition, if the permittee is burning used oil which exceed the mercury limitation and falls below the heat content limitation listed in term B.f, then this may trigger the requirement to apply for and obtain an air permit to install.
7. The burning of hazardous waste is prohibited without first complying with all applicable state and federal hazardous waste and air regulations and permits.
8. All other fuel oil combusted in this emissions unit shall only be distillate fuel (fuel oil numbers 2, 4, and 6 as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D396-78, 89, 90, 92, 96, or 98, "Standard Specification for Fuel Oils"). The sulfur content of the number 2 distillate oil shall contain no more than 0.5 weight percent sulfur. The sulfur content of the number 4 distillate oil shall contain no more than 0.8 weight percent sulfur. The sulfur content of the number 6 distillate oil shall contain no more than 1.0 weight percent sulfur.

C. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall receive a chemical analysis with each shipment of used oil from the supplier. The analysis shall identify the name and address of the supplier, the supplier's USEPA identification number, and the following information:
 - The date of the shipment or delivery.
 - The quantity of used oil received.
 - The Btu value of the used oil, in Btu/gallon.
 - The flash point of the used oil, in Btu/gallon.
 - The arsenic content, in ppm.
 - The cadmium content, in ppm.
 - The chromium content, in ppm.

- The lead content, in ppm.
- The PCB content, in ppm.
- The total halogen content, in ppm.
- The mercury content, in ppm.

Each analysis shall be kept in a readily accessible location for at least 5 years and shall be made available to the Director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) upon verbal or written request. The Director or any authorized representative of the Director may require or may conduct periodic, detailed chemical analysis through an independent laboratory or any used oil shipment received by this facility, of any used oil stored at this facility, or of any used oil sampled at the dryer.

2. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on daily basis.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following information:
 - the asphalt production for each month;
 - beginning after the first 12 calendar months of operation, the rolling, 12-month summation of the asphalt production;
 - the maximum percentage of RAP used for any mix.
4. For each shipment of distillate oil, received for burning in this emissions unit, the permittee shall maintain records of the total quantity of oil received and the permittees or oil supplier's analyses for sulfur content and heat content.
5. The permittee shall perform daily visible emission checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any abnormal (above the allowable) visible particulate emissions from the baghouse servicing this emissions unit. If visible particulate emissions are observed, the permittee shall note the following in the operation log:
 - the color of the visible emissions;
 - the cause of the visible emissions;
 - the total duration of the visible emission incident; and
 - corrective actions taken to correct the excess visible particulate emissions.
6. The permittee shall perform daily visible emission checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible emissions of fugitive dust from the rotary drum, the feed hoppers and cold aggregate elevator/conveyor serving this emissions unit. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall note the following in the operation log:
 - the location and color of the visible emissions;
 - the cause of the visible particulate emissions;
 - the total duration of any visible emissions incident; and
 - any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible emissions.
7. While performing each burner tuning, the permittee shall record the results of the burner tuning using the Burner Tuning Reporting Form Asphalt Concrete Plants form (as found in F.2). An alternative form may be used upon approval of the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office of local air agency.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above. These reports are due by the dates described in Part I - General Terms and Condition of this permit under section (A)(2).
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify all exceedances of the rolling 12-month asphalt production limitation. These reports are due by the dates described in Part I - General Terms and Conditions of this permit under section (A)(2).
3. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify all exceedances of the RAP limitation specified above. These reports are due by the dates described in Part I - General Terms and Condition of this permit under section (A)(2).
4. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify all exceedances of the rolling 12-month SO₂, NO_x, OC, CO, and PE emission limitations. These reports are due by the dates described in Part I - General Terms and Condition of this permit under section (A)(2).
5. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify all exceedances of the sulfur content limits specified above. These reports are due by the dates described
6. The permittee shall notify the USEPA and the Ohio EPA if any of the used oil exceeds the used oil specifications found in OAC rule 3745-279-11 and the applicable portions of 40 CFR part 761 and shall also notify Ohio EPA if any used oil exceed the mercury limitation and falls below the heat content limitation listed in term B.4 within thirty days after the exceedance occurs. If the permittee is burning used oil which exceeds the specifications found in OAC rule 3745-279-11 and the applicable portions of 40 CFR part 761, the permittee is subject to that rule and must comply with all applicable provisions of that rule(s).
7. The permittee shall submit semiannual written deviation (excursion) reports that (a) identify all days during which any abnormal (above the allowable) visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack serving this emissions unit, and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the abnormal visible particulate emissions. These reports shall be submitted to the Ohio EPA district office or local air agency by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.
8. The permittee shall submit semiannual written deviation (excursion) reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible fugitive particulate emissions were observed from the rotary drum, feed hoppers and cold aggregate elevator/conveyor serving this emissions unit, and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions. These reports shall be submitted to the Ohio EPA district office or local air agency by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

9. The permittee shall submit a copy of the Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants form to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office or local air agency to summarize the results of each burner tuning procedure. These reports shall be submitted to the Ohio EPA district office or local air agency by January 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
Emission Limitations: NOx emissions shall not exceed 0.095 pounds per ton of asphalt produced; SO2 emissions shall not exceed 0.063 pounds per ton of asphalt produced; CO emissions shall not exceed 0.15 pounds per ton of asphalt produced; OC emissions shall not exceed 0.125 pounds per ton of asphalt produced; 0.03 gr PE/dscf of exhaust gas

Applicable Compliance Method: The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:

- i. The emission testing shall be conducted within five years of the issuance of this permit.
- ii. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rates for PE, OC, CO, NOx and SO2.
- iii. The following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s) for:

For PE, Methods 1-5 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

For NOx, Methods 1-4 and 7 or 7E of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

For SO2, Methods 1-4 and 6 or 6C of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A

For CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A

For OC, Methods 1-4 and 25 and/or 18 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A

Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.

iv. The test(s) shall be conducted while this emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity for PE, OC, CO, NOx and SO2 and employing RAP to verify VOC emissions, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.
Emissions Limitation: PE emissions shall not exceed 8.25 tons per rolling 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance with the annual emissions limitation shall be determined by multiplying the observed emission rate from the most recent emissions testing, in pounds of PE per ton of asphalt produced, by the actual rolling 12 month summation of asphalt produced, in tons per rolling 12-month period (as derived from the records required by term and condition C.3 above), and dividing by 2000.
Emission Limitation: OC emissions shall not exceed 31.25 tons per rolling 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance with the annual emissions limitation shall be determined by multiplying the observed emission rate from the most recent emissions testing, in pounds of VOC per ton of asphalt produced, by the actual rolling 12 month summation of asphalt produced, in tons per rolling 12-month period (as derived from the records required by term and condition C.3 above), and dividing by 2000.
Emission Limitation: CO emissions shall not exceed 37.50 tons per rolling 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance with the annual emissions limitation shall be determined by multiplying the observed emission rate from the most recent emissions testing, in pounds of CO per ton of asphalt produced, by the actual rolling 12 month summation of asphalt produced, in tons per rolling 12-month period (as derived from the records required by term and condition C.3 above), and dividing
Emission Limitation: SO2 emissions shall not exceed 25.20 tons per rolling 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance with the annual emissions limitation shall be determined by multiplying the observed emission rate from the most recent emissions testing, in pounds of SO2 per ton of asphalt produced, by the actual rolling 12 month summation of asphalt produced, in tons per rolling 12-month period (as derived from the records required by term and condition C.3 above), and dividing by 2000.
Emission Limitation: NOx emissions shall not exceed 23.75 tons per rolling 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance with the annual emissions limitation shall be determined by multiplying the observed emission rate from the most recent emissions testing, in pounds of NOx per ton of asphalt produced, by the actual rolling 12 month summation of asphalt produced, in tons per rolling 12-month period (as derived from the records required by term and condition C.3 above), and dividing by 2000.
Emission Limitation: Emissions from the baghouse stack shall not exhibit 20% opacity, or greater.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance shall be determined using Method 9 as set forth in 40 CFR Part 60

Appendix A.

Emission Limitation: No visible emissions of fugitive dust from the rotary drum.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance with the limitations on visible emissions of fugitive dust found in Section A.2.d of this permit shall be demonstrated by the monitoring and record keeping in Section C.6. If required, compliance shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 22 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(4)(a) through (B)(4)(d) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.
Emission Limitation: Visible emissions of fugitive dust (from areas other than the rotary drum) shall be less than or equal to 10% opacity, as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(3)(a) and (B)(3)(b) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.

Emissions Limitation: Fugitive PE emissions from the cold end shall not exceed 3.54 tons per rolling 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance with the annual emissions limitation shall be assumed based upon the following worst case calculations using emission factors from AP-42 5th Edition, Table 11.12-2 (10/01) and 11.1.2.5 (12/00):

Fugitives emissions from the cold end are calculated as follows

Weigh hopper loading:

500,000 tons of material/year X 0.0051 lb PE/ton of material = 2550 lbs PE/yr

Aggregate transfer:

500,000 tons of aggregate/year X 0.0069 lb PE/ton of aggregate = 3450 lbs PE/yr

Sand transfer:

500,000 tons of sand/year X 0.0021 lb PE/ton of sand = 1050 lbs PE/yr

The sum of the above is 7050 lbs PE/yr X 1 ton/2000 pounds = 3.52 tons PE

Emissions Limitation: Fugitive emissions from the hot end (hot mix asphalt load-out and silo filling):

a. Emissions from load out operations shall not exceed 0.33 tons CO per rolling 12-month period, 0.13 tons PE per rolling 12-month period and 1.05 tons of OC per rolling 12-month period.

b. Emissions from silo filling operations shall not exceed 0.30 tons CO per rolling 12-month period, 0.15 tons PE per rolling 12-month period and 3.05 tons OC per rolling 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method: Compliance with the annual emissions limitation shall be assumed based upon the following worst case calculations using emission factors from AP-42 5th Edition, Table 11.1-14 (3/2004) and the asphalt production restriction:

Known:

V = -0.5 Asphalt Volatility factor (default)

T = 325 HMA mix temp (F) (default)

Activity Pollutant Predictive Emission Factor Equation, lb/ton

Silo filling PE $EF=0.000332+0.00105(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Load-out PE $EF=0.000181+0.00141(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Silo filling OC $EF=0.0504(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Load-out OC $EF=0.0172(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Silo filling CO $EF=0.00488(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Load-out CO $EF=0.00558(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Based on the above information, the emission factors and emissions are as follows:

Activity Pollutant lb/ton tons/yr (at 500,000 tons/yr production)

Silo filling PE 5.86×10^{-4} 0.15

Load-out PE 5.22×10^{-4} 0.13

Silo filling OC 1.22×10^{-2} 3.05

Load-out OC 4.14×10^{-3} 1.04

Silo filling CO 1.18×10^{-3} 0.30

Load-out CO 1.35×10^{-3} 0.34

2. Burner Tuning

Introduction

The permittee is required to conduct periodic tuning of the asphalt plant burner. The purpose of this tuning is to ensure that the burner is adjusted properly so that air pollution emissions remain in compliance with allowable emission rates and are minimized.

Qualifications for Burner Tuning

Technicians who conduct the burner tuning must be qualified to perform the expected tasks. The permittee is required to provide training to the technicians who perform the burner tuning procedure. Technicians who are qualified shall, at a minimum, have passed manufacturer's training concerning burner tuning, or have been trained by someone who has completed the manufacturer's training concerning burner tuning.

Portable Monitor Requirements

The permittee shall properly operate and maintain portable device(s) to monitor the concentration of NOx, VOC,

O2 and CO in the stack exhaust gases from this emissions unit. The monitor(s) shall be capable of measuring the expected concentrations of the measured gases. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall maintain records of each portable monitoring device's calibration.
Burner Tuning Procedure

The first steps concerning burner tuning involve setting the pollutant baseline levels (concentrations) utilizing the portable monitor. These baselines shall be set during the initial U.S. EPA approved emissions testing that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance with all applicable emissions limitations as described in E.1.a. The baselines shall be determined for VOC, NOx, and CO. Sampling should measure the exhaust gas values exiting the baghouse. The duration of each sample shall follow the portable monitor manufacturer's recommendations. Record these values on the Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants form (as found in F.2) in the "Recent Stack Test Basis Values" column.

Once the pollutant baseline levels are set, the burner shall be next tuned based on the frequency described in E.2.e. The general procedure for tuning the burner involves the following steps:

- i. Review the plant operations to ensure the plant is operating normally.
 - ii. Confirm that the portable monitor is calibrated per the manufacturer's specifications.
 - iii. Using the calibrated monitor and monitor manufacturer's recommended sampling duration, measure the stack exhaust gas values for VOC, NOx, and CO. These measurements shall be taken at the same location as the location where the baseline samples were taken. Record the values in the "Pre Tuning" results column on the Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants form.
 - iv. Compare the measured stack exhaust gas values with the pollutant baseline values. If all of the measured stack exhaust gas values are equal to or less than 115 percent of the pollutant baseline values, then it is not necessary to tune the burner. Go on to section v. below. The permittee shall have the burners tuned within two calendar weeks of any measured stack exhaust values greater than 115 percent of the baseline values. Make any necessary adjustments and repairs. Repeat sections iii. and iv. until the measured stack exhaust gas values are equal to or less than 115 percent of the pollutant baseline values.
 - v. Once all of the measured stack exhaust gas values are within the 115 percent of the pollutant baseline values, record the measured stack exhaust gas values in the "Post Tuning" results column on the Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants form.
 - vi. By January 31st of each year, submit a copy of all Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants forms produced during the past calendar year to the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for the permitting of the facility.
- Burner Tuning Frequency

The permittee shall conduct the burner tuning procedure within 20 production days after commencement of the production season in the State of Ohio. The permittee shall conduct another burner tuning procedure within 10 production days before or after June 1st of each year and within 10 production days before or after September 1st of each year. For purposes of this permit, the production season is defined as the time period between the date the first ton of asphalt is produced and the date that the last ton of asphalt is produced during the same calendar year. A burner tuning is not required if the production season ends prior to the associated tuning due date.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

1. The following source is subject to the applicable provision of the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) as promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, 40 CFR part 60.

Source Number Source Description NSPS Regulation (Subpart)
P901 400 Ton/Hr asphalt plant Subpart I

The application and enforcement of these standards are delegated to the Ohio EPA. The requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 are also federally enforceable.

Pursuant to NSPS, the source owner/operator is hereby advised of the requirement to report the following at the appropriate times:

Construction date (no later than 30 days after such date);
Actual start-up date (within 15 days after such date); and
Date of performance testing (If required, at least 30 days prior to testing).

Reports are to be sent to the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for the permitting of the facility.

2. Burner Tuning Form (see next page)
3. The terms and conditions contained in Part II, A.1 through F.2 are federally enforceable.
4. Pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) rule 3745-31-03(A)(1)(p)(i), the permittee of a portable or mobile emissions unit may relocate within the State of Ohio without first obtaining a PTI providing the following criteria are met:
the portable emissions unit is equipped with the best available control technology for such portable emissions unit;
the portable emissions unit is operating pursuant to a currently effective permit to install, permit to operate or registration;
the applicant has provided proper notice of intent to relocate the portable emissions unit to the Northwest District Office (NWDO) and the appropriate field office having jurisdiction over the new site within a minimum of thirty days prior to the scheduled relocation; and,
in the NWDO's and the appropriate field office's judgement, the proposed site is acceptable under the rule 3745-15-07 of the Administrative Code.
5. In the alternative, pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-03(A)(1)(p)(ii), the permittee of a portable or mobile emissions unit may relocate within the State of Ohio without first obtaining a PTI providing the following criteria of OAC rule 3745-31-05(F) are met:
the portable emissions unit permittee possesses an Ohio EPA PTI, PTO or registration status;
the portable emissions unit is equipped with best available technology;
the portable emission unit owner has identified the proposed site to Ohio EPA;

Ohio EPA has determined that the portable emissions unit, at the proposed site, will have an acceptable environmental impact;

- a public notice, consistent with Chapter 3745-47 of the Administrative Code, is published in the county where the proposed site is located;
- the owner of the proposed site has provided the portable emissions unit owner with approval or equivalent declaration that it is acceptable to the site owner to move the portable emissions unit to the proposed site; and,
- the portable emissions unit owner has provided the Ohio EPA with fifteen days written notice of the relocation.

Any site approvals issued by the Ohio EPA, pursuant to section F.2. above, shall be valid for no longer than three years and are subject to renewal.

6. In order for the NWDO and the appropriate field office having jurisdiction over the new site to determine compliance with all of the above criteria, the owner or operator of the portable or mobile emissions unit must file a "Notice of Intent to Relocate", within the specified time frame (30 or 15 days) prior to the relocation of the emissions unit with the NWDO (347 North Dunbridge Road, Bowling Green, OH 43402) and the appropriate office having jurisdiction over the new site. Upon receipt of the notice, the NWDO and/or the appropriate field office having jurisdiction over the new site, will evaluate the request in accordance with the above criteria.
7. The permittee should be advised that when portable emission units are located at a stationary source or at a source comprised of portable emission units, potential emissions from the portable emission units are included in the facility potential to emit calculations for Title V and PSD applicability.

The permittee shall include a potential to emit analysis of facility-wide emissions (including the portable sources) for the proposed relocation in the "Notice of Intent to Relocate".