



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

**RE: FINAL PERMIT TO INSTALL
PUTNAM COUNTY**

CERTIFIED MAIL

Street Address:

50 West Town Street, Suite 700

Lazarus Gov. Center TELE: (614) 644-3020 FAX: (614) 644-2329

Mailing Address:

Lazarus Gov. Center
P.O. Box 1049

Application No: 03-17416

Fac ID: 0369000051

DATE: 5/29/2008

POET Biorefining - Leipsic
Rafe Cristopherson
4615 N. Lewis Avenue
Sioux Falls, SD 57104

Enclosed please find an Ohio EPA Permit to Install which will allow you to install the described source(s) in a manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains several conditions and restrictions, I urge you to read it carefully.

The Ohio EPA is urging companies to investigate pollution prevention and energy conservation. Not only will this reduce pollution and energy consumption, but it can also save you money. If you would like to learn ways you can save money while protecting the environment, please contact our Office of Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469.

You are hereby notified that this action of the Director is final and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$70.00 which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section
Division of Air Pollution Control

CC: USEPA

NWDO



**Permit To Install
Terms and Conditions**

**Issue Date: 5/29/2008
Effective Date: 5/29/2008**

FINAL PERMIT TO INSTALL 03-17416

Application Number: 03-17416
Facility ID: 0369000051
Permit Fee: **\$11225**
Name of Facility: POET Biorefining - Leipsic
Person to Contact: Rafe Cristopherson
Address: 4615 N. Lewis Avenue
Sioux Falls, SD 57104

Location of proposed air contaminant source(s) [emissions unit(s)]:
**3875 Highway 65
Leipsic, Ohio**

Description of proposed emissions unit(s):
Addition of an E-85 loadout and (3)650,000 bushel storage bins.

The above named entity is hereby granted a Permit to Install for the above described emissions unit(s) pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the above described emissions unit(s) of environmental pollutants will operate in compliance with applicable State and Federal laws and regulations, and does not constitute expressed or implied assurance that if constructed or modified in accordance with those plans and specifications, the above described emissions unit(s) of pollutants will be granted the necessary permits to operate (air) or NPDES permits as applicable.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director

Part I - GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

A. Permit to Install General Terms and Conditions

1. Compliance Requirements

The emissions unit(s) identified in this Permit to Install shall remain in full compliance with all applicable State laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit.

2. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall submit required reports in the following manner:

- a. Reports of any required monitoring and/or recordkeeping information shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.
- b. Except as otherwise may be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, quarterly written reports of (a) any deviations (excursions) from emission limitations, operational restrictions, and control device operating parameter limitations that have been detected by the testing, monitoring, and recordkeeping requirements specified in this permit, (b) the probable cause of such deviations, and (c) any corrective actions or preventive measures which have been or will be taken, shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. If no deviations occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a quarterly report, which states that no deviations occurred during that quarter. The reports shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) quarterly by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar quarters. (These quarterly reports shall exclude deviations resulting from malfunctions reported in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06.)

3. Records Retention Requirements

Each record of any monitoring data, testing data, and support information required pursuant to this permit shall be retained for a period of five years from the date the record was created. Support information shall include, but not be limited to, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit. Such records may be maintained in computerized form.

4. Inspections and Information Requests

The Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, may, subject to the safety requirements of the permittee and without undue delay, enter upon

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the premises of this source at any reasonable time for purposes of making inspections, conducting tests, examining records or reports pertaining to any emission of air contaminants, and determining compliance with any applicable State air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. The permittee shall furnish to the Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that may be requested to determine whether cause exists for modifying, reopening or revoking this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon verbal or written request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

5. Scheduled Maintenance/Malfunction Reporting

Any scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment shall be performed in accordance with paragraph (A) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. The malfunction of any emissions units or any associated air pollution control system(s) shall be reported to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency in accordance with paragraph (B) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. Except as provided in that rule, any scheduled maintenance or malfunction necessitating the shutdown or bypassing of any air pollution control system(s) shall be accompanied by the shutdown of the emissions unit(s) that is (are) served by such control system(s).

6. Permit Transfers

Any transferee of this permit shall assume the responsibilities of the prior permit holder. The appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency must be notified in writing of any transfer of this permit.

7. Air Pollution Nuisance

The air contaminants emitted by the emissions units covered by this permit shall not cause a public nuisance, in violation of OAC rule 3745-15-07.

8. Termination of Permit to Install

This Permit to Install shall terminate within eighteen months of the effective date of the Permit to Install if the owner or operator has not undertaken a continuing program of installation or modification or has not entered into a binding contractual obligation to undertake and complete within a reasonable time a continuing program of installation or modification. This deadline may be extended by up to 12 months if application is made to the Director within a reasonable time before the termination date and the party shows good cause for any such extension.

9. Construction of New Sources(s)

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The proposed emissions unit(s) shall be constructed in strict accordance with the plans and application submitted for this permit to the Director of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. There may be no deviation from the approved plans without the express, written approval of the Agency. Any deviations from the approved plans or the above conditions may lead to such sanctions and penalties as provided under Ohio law. Approval of these plans does not constitute an assurance that the proposed facilities will operate in compliance with all Ohio laws and regulations. Additional facilities shall be installed upon orders of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency if the proposed sources cannot meet the requirements of this permit or cannot meet applicable standards.

If the construction of the proposed emissions unit(s) has already begun or has been completed prior to the date the Director of the Environmental Protection Agency approves the permit application and plans, the approval does not constitute expressed or implied assurance that the proposed facility has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans. The action of beginning and/or completing construction prior to obtaining the Director's approval constitutes a violation of OAC rule 3745-31-02. Furthermore, issuance of the Permit to Install does not constitute an assurance that the proposed source will operate in compliance with all Ohio laws and regulations. Approval of the plans in any case is not to be construed as an approval of the facility as constructed and/or completed. Moreover, issuance of the Permit to Install is not to be construed as a waiver of any rights that the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (or other persons) may have against the applicant for starting construction prior to the effective date of the permit. Additional facilities shall be installed upon orders of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency if the proposed facilities cannot meet the requirements of this permit or cannot meet applicable standards.

10. Public Disclosure

The facility is hereby notified that this permit, and all agency records concerning the operation of this permitted source, are subject to public disclosure in accordance with OAC rule 3745-49-03.

11. Applicability

This Permit To Install is applicable only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the Permit To Install. Separate Permit To Install for the installation or modification of any other emissions unit(s) are required for any emissions unit for which a Permit To Install is required.

12. Best Available Technology

As specified in OAC Rule 3745-31-05, all new sources must employ Best Available Technology (BAT). Compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit will fulfill this requirement.

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13. Source Operation and Operating Permit Requirements After Completion of Construction

This facility is permitted to operate each source described by this Permit to Install for a period of up to one year from the date the source commenced operation. This permission to operate is granted only if the facility complies with all requirements contained in this permit and all applicable air pollution laws, regulations, and policies. Pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-35, the permittee shall submit a complete operating permit application within ninety (90) days after commencing operation of the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit.

14. Construction Compliance Certification

The applicant shall provide Ohio EPA with a written certification (see enclosed form) that the facility has been constructed in accordance with the Permit to Install application and the terms and conditions of the Permit to Install. The certification shall be provided to Ohio EPA upon completion of construction but prior to startup of the source.

15. Fees

The permittee shall pay fees to the Director of the Ohio EPA in accordance with ORC section 3745.11 and OAC Chapter 3745-78. The permittee shall pay all applicable Permit to Install fees within 30 days after the issuance of this Permit to Install.

B. Permit to Install Summary of Allowable Emissions

The following information summarizes the total allowable emissions, by pollutant, based on the individual allowable emissions of each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

SUMMARY (for informational purposes only)
 TOTAL PERMIT TO INSTALL ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Tons Per Year</u>
NOx	95.87
CO	99.07
PE	96.76
PM10	73.13
VOC	97.91

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SO2

1.66

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (B001) - 143 mmBtu/hr natural gas fired boiler with low NOx burners

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	<p>The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Db and OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1).</p> <p>Nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions shall not exceed 0.035 pound per million British thermal units (lbs/mmBtu) of actual heat input and 21.92 tons per year (TPY).</p> <p>Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions shall not exceed 5.72 lbs/hr and 25.1 TPY.</p> <p>See sections A.2.a.</p>
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	Particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10) shall not exceed 1.1 pounds per hour and 4.8 TPY (See section A.2.b, A.2.h and A.2.i.)
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	Visible PE shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)	See section A.2.c
40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db	See sections A.2.c and A.2.f.
OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	See section A.2.e.
ORC 3704.03(T)(3)	See section A.2.g.
OAC rule 3745-114-01	See section C.6.
ORC 3704.03(F)	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Best available technology (BAT) control requirements for this emissions unit has

been determined to be:

- i. the use of low NO_x burners; and
- ii. firing of only natural gas.

BAT also includes compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

- 2.b** The permittee has requested voluntary allowable emission limitations for PM₁₀ of 1.1 lbs/hr and 4.8 TPY. The short-term (lb/hour) and long-term (tons/year) emission limitations for PE are being established as practically and legally enforceable requirements representing the potential to emit based on the physical capacity of the emissions unit and the use of natural gas.
- 2.c** The emission limitations specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.d** This emissions unit is exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-18-06 in accordance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.e** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) in this Permit to Install.

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.f** Within 180 days of the effective date of this permit, the permittee shall develop and maintain a written quality assurance/quality control plan for the continuous NO_x monitoring system, designed to ensure continuous valid and representative readings of NO_x emissions in units of the applicable standard(s). The plan shall follow the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F. The quality assurance/quality control plan and a logbook dedicated to the continuous NO_x monitoring system must be kept on site and available for inspection during regular office hours.

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The plan shall include the requirement to conduct quarterly cylinder gas audits or relative accuracy audits as required in 40 CFR Part 60; and to conduct relative accuracy test audits in units of the standard(s), in accordance with and at the frequencies required per 40 CFR Part 60.

- 2.g** Pursuant to ORC 3704.03(T)(4), the Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the uncontrolled particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10), VOC and SO2 emissions from this air contaminant source since the potentials to emit (PTE) for PM10, VOC and SO2 is each less than ten tons per year.

The PTE for VOC of 3.38 tons/yr (for this emissions unit) was calculated by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor, Table 1.4-2, of 5.5 lbs of VOC per million standard cubic feet (mm scf) by the maximum hourly natural gas consumption rate (mm scf/hr) and then by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours per year and, and then dividing by 2000 pounds/ton.

The PTE for SO2 of 0.37 ton/yr (for this emissions unit) was calculated by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor, Table 1.4-2, of 0.6 lb of SO2/mm scf by the maximum hourly natural gas consumption rate (mm scf/hr) and then by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours per year and, and then dividing by 2000 pounds/ton.

The PTE for PM10 of 4.8 tons/yr (for this emissions unit) was calculated by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor, Table 1.4-2, of 7.6 lbs of PM10/mm scf by the maximum hourly natural gas consumption rate (mm scf/hr) and then by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours per year and, and then dividing by 2000 pounds/ton.

- 2.h** For the purpose of this permit, all PE is PM10.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. Pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db, the permittee shall record and maintain records of the amount of natural gas combusted during each day. These records shall be maintained by the permittee for a period of two years following the date of such record.

2. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
3. Prior to the installation of the continuous NOx monitoring system, the permittee shall submit information detailing the proposed location of the sampling site in accordance with the siting requirements in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, Performance Specifications 2 for approval by the Ohio EPA, Central Office. The Ohio EPA, Central Office shall approve the proposed sampling site and certify that the continuous NOx monitoring system meets the requirements of Performance Specification 2. Once received, the letter/document of certification shall be maintained on-site and shall be made available to the director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) upon request.

Each continuous monitoring system consists of all the equipment used to acquire and record data in units of all applicable standard(s), and includes the sample extraction and transport hardware, sample conditioning hardware, analyzers, and data processing hardware and software.

4. The permittee shall install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor and record NOx emissions from this emissions unit in units of the applicable standard(s). The continuous monitoring and recording equipment shall comply with the requirements specified in 40 CFR Parts 60.

The permittee shall maintain records of data obtained by the continuous NOx monitoring system including, but not limited to:

- a. emissions of NOx in parts per million on an instantaneous (one-minute) basis;
- b. emissions of NOx in pounds per hour and in all units of the applicable standard(s) in the appropriate averaging period;
- c. results of quarterly cylinder gas audits;
- d. results of daily zero/span calibration checks and the magnitude of manual calibration adjustments;
- e. results of required relative accuracy test audit(s), including results in units of the applicable standard(s);
- f. hours of operation of the emissions unit, continuous NOx monitoring system, and control equipment;
- g. the date, time, and hours of operation of the emissions unit without the control equipment and/or the continuous NOx monitoring system;
- h. the date, time, and hours of operation of the emissions unit during any

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- malfunction of the control equipment and/or the continuous NOx monitoring system; as well as,
- i. the reason (if known) and the corrective actions taken (if any) for each such event in (g) and (h).
5. The permittee shall operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor and record the fuel flow rate in order to stoichiometrically calculate emissions of NOx, in pounds per hour. Fuel heat content values for each fuel burned, as applied in the stoichiometric calculations, shall also be recorded. The permittee shall maintain records of data obtained by the fuel flow monitor/meter, including the dates and results of each calibration check and the magnitude of calibration adjustments; periods of downtime and malfunction of the fuel flow monitor/meter; as well as, the reason (if known) and the corrective actions taken (if any) for each such event.
 6. The permit to install for Emission Units B001, B002, P007, P008, P009 and P010 was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of each emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted by these emissions units using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model (or other Ohio EPA approved model). The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutant(s):

Pollutant: Hexane

TLV (mg/m³): 176.23

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 0.57 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 10.7

MAGLC (ug/m³): 4,196

Pollutant: Acetaldehyde

TLV (mg/m³): 33.2

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 7.50 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 237.2

MAGLC (ug/m³): 790

Physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions units after installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxic Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make

the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in applying the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:

- a. Changes in the composition of the materials used, or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the lowest TLV value previously modeled;
- b. Changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled; and
- c. Physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to the emissions of any type of air toxic contaminant not previously emitted, and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required, even if the toxic air contaminant emissions are greater than the de minimis level in OAC rule 3745-15-05. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition, then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will still satisfy the "Air Toxic Policy:"

- a. A description of the parameters changed (composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
- b. Documentation of its evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and
- c. Where computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

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D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in the emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted to Ohio EPA, Northwest District Office (NWDO) within 30 days after the deviation occurs.
2. Pursuant to the NSPS, the source owner/operator is hereby advised of the requirement to report the following at the appropriate times:
 - a. construction date (no later than 30 days after such date);
 - b. actual start-up date (within 15 days after such date); and
 - c. date of performance testing (if required, at least 30 days prior to testing).

Reports are to be sent to:

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
DAPC - PIDM
P. O. Box 1049
Columbus, Ohio 43216-1049

and

Ohio EPA, Northwest District Office
Division of Air Pollution Control
347 N. Dunbridge Rd.
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402

3. The permittee shall comply with the following quarterly reporting requirements for the emissions unit and its continuous NOx monitoring system:
 - a. Pursuant to the monitoring, record keeping, and reporting requirements for continuous monitoring systems contained in 40 CFR 60.7 and 60.13(h) and the requirements established in this permit, the permittee shall submit reports within 30 days following the end of each calendar quarter to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, documenting all instances of NOx emissions in excess of any applicable limit specified in this permit, 40 CFR Part 60, OAC Chapter 3745-23, and any other applicable rules or regulations. The report shall document the date, commencement and completion times, duration, and magnitude of each exceedance, as well as the reason (if known) and the corrective actions taken (if any) for each exceedance. Excess emissions shall be

reported in units of the applicable standard(s). If there are no excess emissions during the calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a statement to that effect.

- b. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 30, April 30, July 30, and October 30 of each year and shall include the following:
- i. the facility name and address;
 - ii. the manufacturer and model number of the continuous NOx and other associated monitors;
 - iii. the location of the continuous NOx monitor;
 - iv. the exceedance report as detailed in (a) above;
 - v. the total NOx emissions for the calendar quarter (tons);
 - vi. the total operating time (hours) of the emissions unit;
 - vii. the total operating time of the continuous NOx monitoring system while the emissions unit was in operation;
 - viii. results and date of quarterly cylinder gas audits;
 - ix. results and date of the relative accuracy test audit(s), including results in units of the applicable standard(s), (during appropriate quarter(s));
 - x. the results of any relative accuracy test audit showing the continuous NOx monitor out-of-control and the compliant results following any corrective actions;
 - xi. the date, time, and duration of any/each malfunction* of the continuous NOx monitoring system, emissions unit, and/or control equipment;
 - xii. the date, time, and duration of any downtime* of the continuous NOx monitoring system and/or control equipment while the emissions unit was in operation; and
 - xiii. the reason (if known) and the corrective actions taken (if any) for each event in (b)(xi) and (b)(xii).

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Each report shall address the operations conducted and data obtained during the previous calendar quarter.* each downtime and malfunction event shall be reported regardless if there is an exceedance of any applicable limit

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such emissions unit.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the 0.035 lb/mmBtu emission limitation for NO_x and the 5.72 lbs/hr CO emission limitation.
 - c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations:
 - i. for NO_x, Methods 1-4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A; and
 - ii. for CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

- d. the test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or

the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Within 60 days after achieving maximum production rate but no later than 180 days after start up of the specified emission unit, the permittee shall conduct certification tests of the continuous NO_x monitoring system, in units of the applicable standard(s), to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, Performance Specifications 2 and 6; and ORC section 3704.03(I).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA Central Office and the Ohio EPA Central District Office shall be notified 30 days prior to initiation of the applicable tests and shall be permitted to examine equipment and witness the certification tests. Two copies of the test results shall be submitted to Ohio EPA, one copy to the Ohio EPA Central District Office and one copy to Ohio EPA Central Office, and pursuant to OAC rule 3745-15-04, within 30 days after the test is completed.

Certification of the continuous NO_x monitoring system shall be granted upon determination by the Ohio EPA, Central Office that the system meets the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, Performance Specifications 2 and 6; and ORC section 3704.03(I). The letter/document of certification of the continuous NO_x monitoring system, issued by the Ohio EPA, shall be maintained on file upon receipt and made available to the Ohio EPA, Central District Office upon request.

Ongoing compliance with the NO_x emissions limitations contained in this permit, 40 CFR Part 60, and any other applicable standard(s) shall be demonstrated through the data collected as required in the Monitoring and Record keeping Section of this permit; and through demonstration of compliance with the quality assurance/quality control plan, which shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60.

3. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1. of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emissions Limitations:
0.035 lb NO_x/mmBtu; 21.92 TPY NO_x

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the allowable lb NOx/mmBtu emission limitation shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 1 - 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the lb NOx/mmBtu limitation by the maximum heat input capacity (143 mmBtu/hr) and then by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then by 0.0005 ton/lb. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the lb NOx/mmBtu limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

- b. Emissions Limitations:
5.72 lbs CO/hr; 25.1 TPY CO

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable CO emission limitation shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 1 - 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then by 0.0005 ton/lb. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

- c. Emissions Limitations:
1.1 lb PM10/hr; 4.8 TPY PM10

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable PE limitation may be demonstrated by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor, Table 1.4-2 of 7.6 lbs of PM10/mm scf divided by the maximum natural gas consumption rate (mm scf/hr).

If required, compliance with the PM10 limitation shall be determined in accordance with the test methods and procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, Methods 201 and 202. Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, Northwest District Office (NWDO).

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then by 0.0005 ton/lb. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

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- d. Emissions Limitation:
Visible PE from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:
Compliance shall be demonstrated in accordance with OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (B002) - 143 mmBtu/hr natural gas fired boiler with low Nox burners

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	<p>The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Db and OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1).</p> <p>Nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions shall not exceed 0.035 pound per million British thermal units (lbs/mmBtu) of actual heat input and 21.92 tons per year (TPY).</p> <p>Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions shall not exceed 5.72 lbs/hr and 25.1 TPY.</p> <p>See sections A.2.a.</p>
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C)	Particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10) shall not exceed 1.1 pounds per hour and 4.8 TPY (See section A.2.b, A.2.h and A.2.i.)
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	Visible PE shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.
OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)	See section A.2.c
40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db	See sections A.2.c and A.2.f.
OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	See section A.2.e.
ORC 3704.03(T)(4)	See section A.2.g.
OAC rule 3745-114-01	See section C.6.
ORC 3704.03(F)	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Best available technology (BAT) control requirements for this emissions unit has

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been determined to be:

- i. the use of low NO_x burners; and
- ii. firing of only natural gas.

BAT also includes compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

- 2.b** The permittee has requested voluntary allowable emission limitations for PM10 of 1.1 lbs/hr and 4.8 TPY. The short-term (lb/hour) and long-term (tons/year) emission limitations for PE are being established as practically and legally enforceable requirements representing the potential to emit based on the physical capacity of the emissions unit and the use of natural gas.
- 2.c** The emission limitations specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.d** This emissions unit is exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-18-06 in accordance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.e** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) in this Permit to Install.

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.f** Within 180 days of the effective date of this permit, the permittee shall develop and maintain a written quality assurance/quality control plan for the continuous NO_x monitoring system, designed to ensure continuous valid and representative readings of NO_x emissions in units of the applicable standard(s). The plan shall follow the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F. The quality assurance/quality control plan and a logbook dedicated to the continuous NO_x monitoring system must be kept on site and available for inspection during regular office hours.

The plan shall include the requirement to conduct quarterly cylinder gas audits or relative accuracy audits as required in 40 CFR Part 60; and to conduct

relative accuracy test audits in units of the standard(s), in accordance with and at the frequencies required per 40 CFR Part 60.

- 2.g** Pursuant to ORC 3704.03(T)(4), the Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the uncontrolled particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10), VOC and SO2 emissions from this air contaminant source since the potentials to emit (PTE) for PM10, VOC and SO2 is each less than ten tons per year.

The PTE for VOC of 3.38 tons/yr (for this emissions unit) was calculated by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor, Table 1.4-2, of 5.5 lbs of VOC per million standard cubic feet (mm scf) by the maximum hourly natural gas consumption rate (mm scf/hr) and then by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours per year and, and then dividing by 2000 pounds/ton.

The PTE for SO2 of 0.37 ton/yr (for this emissions unit) was calculated by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor, Table 1.4-2, of 0.6 lb of SO2/mm scf by the maximum hourly natural gas consumption rate (mm scf/hr) and then by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours per year and, and then dividing by 2000 pounds/ton.

The PTE for PM10 of 4.8 tons/yr (for this emissions unit) was calculated by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor, Table 1.4-2, of 7.6 lbs of PM10/mm scf by the maximum hourly natural gas consumption rate (mm scf/hr) and then by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours per year and, and then dividing by 2000 pounds/ton.

- 2.h** For the purposes of this permit, all PE is PM10.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. Pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db, the permittee shall record and maintain records of the amount of natural gas combusted during each day. These records shall be maintained by the permittee for a period of two years following the date of such record.

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2. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
3. Prior to the installation of the continuous NOx monitoring system, the permittee shall submit information detailing the proposed location of the sampling site in accordance with the siting requirements in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, Performance Specifications 2 for approval by the Ohio EPA, Central Office. The Ohio EPA, Central Office shall approve the proposed sampling site and certify that the continuous NOx monitoring system meets the requirements of Performance Specification 2. Once received, the letter/document of certification shall be maintained on-site and shall be made available to the director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) upon request.

Each continuous monitoring system consists of all the equipment used to acquire and record data in units of all applicable standard(s), and includes the sample extraction and transport hardware, sample conditioning hardware, analyzers, and data processing hardware and software.

4. The permittee shall install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor and record NOx emissions from this emissions unit in units of the applicable standard(s). The continuous monitoring and recording equipment shall comply with the requirements specified in 40 CFR Parts 60.

The permittee shall maintain records of data obtained by the continuous NOx monitoring system including, but not limited to:

- a. emissions of NOx in parts per million on an instantaneous (one-minute) basis;
- b. emissions of NOx in pounds per hour and in all units of the applicable standard(s) in the appropriate averaging period;
- c. results of quarterly cylinder gas audits;
- d. results of daily zero/span calibration checks and the magnitude of manual calibration adjustments;
- e. results of required relative accuracy test audit(s), including results in units of the applicable standard(s);
- f. hours of operation of the emissions unit, continuous NOx monitoring system, and control equipment;
- g. the date, time, and hours of operation of the emissions unit without the control equipment and/or the continuous NOx monitoring system;
- h. the date, time, and hours of operation of the emissions unit during any malfunction of the control equipment and/or the continuous NOx monitoring system; as well as,
- i. the reason (if known) and the corrective actions taken (if any) for each such

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event in (g) and (h).

5. The permittee shall operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor and record the fuel flow rate in order to stoichiometrically calculate emissions of NO_x, in pounds per hour. Fuel heat content values for each fuel burned, as applied in the stoichiometric calculations, shall also be recorded. The permittee shall maintain records of data obtained by the fuel flow monitor/meter, including the dates and results of each calibration check and the magnitude of calibration adjustments; periods of downtime and malfunction of the fuel flow monitor/meter; as well as, the reason (if known) and the corrective actions taken (if any) for each such event.
6. The permit to install for Emission Units B001, B002, P007, P008, P009 and P010 was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of each emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted by these emissions units using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model (or other Ohio EPA approved model). The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutant(s):

Pollutant: Hexane

TLV (mg/m³): 176.23

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 0.57 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 10.7

MAGLC (ug/m³): 4,196

Pollutant: Acetaldehyde

TLV (mg/m³): 33.2

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 7.50 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 237.2

MAGLC (ug/m³): 790

Physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions units after installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxic Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in applying the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:

- a. Changes in the composition of the materials used, or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the lowest TLV value previously modeled;
- b. Changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled; and
- c. Physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to the emissions of any type of air toxic contaminant not previously emitted, and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required, even if the toxic air contaminant emissions are greater than the de minimis level in OAC rule 3745-15-05. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition, then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will still satisfy the "Air Toxic Policy:"

- a. A description of the parameters changed (composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
- b. Documentation of its evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and
- c. Where computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a

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fuel other than natural gas was burned in the emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted to Ohio EPA, Northwest District Office (NWDO) within 30 days after the deviation occurs.

2. Pursuant to the NSPS, the source owner/operator is hereby advised of the requirement to report the following at the appropriate times:
 - a. construction date (no later than 30 days after such date);
 - b. actual start-up date (within 15 days after such date); and
 - c. date of performance testing (if required, at least 30 days prior to testing).

Reports are to be sent to:

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
DAPC - PIDM
P. O. Box 1049
Columbus, Ohio 43216-1049

and

Ohio EPA, Northwest District Office
Division of Air Pollution Control
347 N. Dunbridge Rd.
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402

3. The permittee shall comply with the following quarterly reporting requirements for the emissions unit and its continuous NOx monitoring system:
 - a. Pursuant to the monitoring, record keeping, and reporting requirements for continuous monitoring systems contained in 40 CFR 60.7 and 60.13(h) and the requirements established in this permit, the permittee shall submit reports within 30 days following the end of each calendar quarter to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, documenting all instances of NOx emissions in excess of any applicable limit specified in this permit, 40 CFR Part 60, OAC Chapter 3745-23, and any other applicable rules or regulations. The report shall document the date, commencement and completion times, duration, and magnitude of each exceedance, as well as the reason (if known) and the corrective actions taken (if any) for each exceedance. Excess emissions shall be reported in units of the applicable standard(s). If there are no excess emissions during the calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a statement to that effect.

- b. These quarterly reports shall be submitted by January 30, April 30, July 30, and October 30 of each year and shall include the following:
- i. the facility name and address;
 - ii. the manufacturer and model number of the continuous NOx and other associated monitors;
 - iii. the location of the continuous NOx monitor;
 - iv. the exceedance report as detailed in (a) above;
 - v. the total NOx emissions for the calendar quarter (tons);
 - vi. the total operating time (hours) of the emissions unit;
 - vii. the total operating time of the continuous NOx monitoring system while the emissions unit was in operation;
 - viii. results and date of quarterly cylinder gas audits;
 - ix. results and date of the relative accuracy test audit(s), including results in units of the applicable standard(s), (during appropriate quarter(s));
 - x. the results of any relative accuracy test audit showing the continuous NOx monitor out-of-control and the compliant results following any corrective actions;
 - xi. the date, time, and duration of any/each malfunction* of the continuous NOx monitoring system, emissions unit, and/or control equipment;
 - xii. the date, time, and duration of any downtime* of the continuous NOx monitoring system and/or control equipment while the emissions unit was in operation; and
 - xiii. the reason (if known) and the corrective actions taken (if any) for each event in (b)(xi) and (b)(xii).

Each report shall address the operations conducted and data obtained during the previous calendar quarter.* each downtime and malfunction event shall be reported regardless if there is an exceedance of any applicable limit

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E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such emissions unit.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the 0.035 lb/mmBtu emission limitation for NO_x and the 5.72 lbs/hr CO emission limitation.
 - c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations:
 - i. for NO_x, Methods 1-4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A; and
 - ii. for CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

- d. the test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be

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signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Within 60 days after achieving maximum production rate but no later than 180 days after start up of the specified emission unit, the permittee shall conduct certification tests of the continuous NO_x monitoring system, in units of the applicable standard(s), to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, Performance Specifications 2 and 6; and ORC section 3704.03(I).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA Central Office and the Ohio EPA Central District Office shall be notified 30 days prior to initiation of the applicable tests and shall be permitted to examine equipment and witness the certification tests. Two copies of the test results shall be submitted to Ohio EPA, one copy to the Ohio EPA Central District Office and one copy to Ohio EPA Central Office, and pursuant to OAC rule 3745-15-04, within 30 days after the test is completed.

Certification of the continuous NO_x monitoring system shall be granted upon determination by the Ohio EPA, Central Office that the system meets the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, Performance Specifications 2 and 6; and ORC section 3704.03(I). The letter/document of certification of the continuous NO_x monitoring system, issued by the Ohio EPA, shall be maintained on file upon receipt and made available to the Ohio EPA, Central District Office upon request.

Ongoing compliance with the NO_x emissions limitations contained in this permit, 40 CFR Part 60, and any other applicable standard(s) shall be demonstrated through the data collected as required in the Monitoring and Record keeping Section of this permit; and through demonstration of compliance with the quality assurance/quality control plan, which shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60.

3. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1. of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emissions Limitations:
0.035 lb NO_x/mmBtu; 21.92 TPY NO_x

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the allowable lb NO_x/mmBtu emission limitation shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 1 - 4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the lb NO_x/mmBtu

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limitation by the maximum heat input capacity (143 mmBtu/hr) and then by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then by 0.0005 ton/lb. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the lb NOx/mmBtu limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

- b. Emissions Limitations:
5.72 lbs CO/hr; 25.1 TPY CO

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable CO emission limitation shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 1 - 4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then by 0.0005 ton/lb. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

- c. Emissions Limitations:
1.1 lb PM10/hr; 4.8 TPY PM10

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable PE limitation may be demonstrated by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor, Table 1.4-2 of 7.6 lbs of PM10/mm scf divided by the maximum natural gas consumption rate (mm scf/hr).

If required, compliance with the PM10 limitation shall be determined in accordance with the test methods and procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, Methods 201 and 202. Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, Northwest District Office (NWDO).

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then by 0.0005 ton/lb. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

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- d. Emissions Limitation:
Visible PE from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:
Compliance shall be demonstrated in accordance with OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (F001) - Paved roadways and parking areas

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	There shall be no visible particulate emissions (PE), except for one minute during any 60-minute period. Fugitive PE shall not exceed 15.46 tons per year. The permittee shall implement best available control measures that are sufficient to minimize or eliminate visible emissions of fugitive dust (see Sections A.2.b through A.2.f). See section A.2.i.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	See section A.2.g.
OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.2.h.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a The paved roadways and parking areas that are covered by this permit and subject to the above-mentioned requirements are listed below:

Paved Roadways:

All

Paved Parking Areas:

All

- 2.b The permittee shall employ best available control measures on all paved roadways and parking areas for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the

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above-mentioned applicable requirements. In accordance with the permit application, the permittee has committed to treat the paved roadways and parking areas by sweeping and/or watering at sufficient treatment frequencies to ensure compliance. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the permittee from employing other equally-effective control measures to ensure compliance.

- 2.c** The needed frequencies of implementation of the control measures shall be determined by the permittee's inspections pursuant to the monitoring section of this permit. Implementation of the control measures shall not be necessary for a paved roadway or parking area that is covered with snow and/or ice or if precipitation has occurred that is sufficient for that day to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. Implementation of any control measure may be suspended if unsafe or hazardous driving conditions would be created by its use.
- 2.d** The permittee shall promptly remove, in such a manner as to minimize or prevent resuspension, earth and/or other material from paved streets onto which such material has been deposited by trucking or earth moving equipment or erosion by water or other means.
- 2.e** Open-bodied vehicles transporting materials likely to become airborne shall have such materials covered at all times if the control measure is necessary for the materials being transported.
- 2.f** Implementation of the above-mentioned control measures in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit is appropriate and sufficient to satisfy the best available technology requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05.
- 2.g** This emissions unit is exempt from the visible particulate emission limitations specified in OAC rule 3745-17-07(B) pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(11)(e).
- 2.h** This emissions unit is not located within an "Appendix A" area as identified in OAC rule 3745-17-08. Therefore, pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-08(A), this emissions unit is exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-08(B).
- 2.i** This emissions unit potential to emit for PM₁₀ is less than 10 tons per year*. Therefore, pursuant to ORC 3704.03(T)(4), OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) is not applicable.

* The potential to emit for this emissions unit is 3.01 TPY of PM₁₀ based upon

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the calculations in USEPA, AP-42, Section 13.2.1.3.

B. Operational Restrictions

None.

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C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the permittee shall perform inspections of the paved roadways and parking areas in accordance with the following frequencies:

<u>Paved Roadways</u>	<u>Minimum Inspection Frequency</u>
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All	Once Per Day
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<u>Paved Parking Areas</u>	<u>Minimum Inspection Frequency</u>
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All	Once Per Day
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2. The purpose of the inspections is to determine the need for implementing the above-mentioned control measures. The inspections shall be performed during representative, normal traffic conditions. No inspection shall be necessary for a roadway or parking area that is covered with snow and/or ice or if precipitation has occurred that is sufficient for that day to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. Any required inspection that is not performed due to any of the above-identified events shall be performed as soon as such event(s) has (have) ended, except if the next required inspection is within one week.
3. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information:
 - a. the date and reason any required inspection was not performed, including those inspections that were not performed due to snow and/or ice cover or precipitation;
 - b. the date and time of each inspection where it was determined by the permittee that it was necessary to implement the control measures;
 - c. the dates the control measures were implemented; and
 - d. on a calendar quarter basis, the total number of days the control measures were implemented and the total number of days where snow and/or ice cover or precipitation were sufficient to not require the control measures.

The information required in C.3.d. shall be updated on a calendar quarter basis within 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter.

4. The permittee shall record the number of trucks hauling grain, ethanol, denaturant, and/or DDGS entering the plant site and their respective weights on a daily basis.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit deviation reports that identify any of the following occurrences:
 - a. each day during which an inspection was not performed by the required frequency, excluding an inspection which was not performed due to an exemption for snow and/or ice cover or precipitation; and
 - b. each instance when a control measure, that was to be implemented as a result of an inspection, was not implemented.
2. The deviation reports shall be submitted in accordance with the reporting requirements of the General Terms and Conditions of this permit.
3. The permittee shall submit annual reports which specify the total for PE emissions from this emissions unit for the previous calendar year. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year. This requirement may be satisfied, if required, by including and identifying the specific emissions data from these emissions units in the annual Fee Emission Report.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitation:
There shall be no visible PE, except for one minute during any 60-minute period.

Applicable Compliance Method:
Visible PE shall be determined according to test Method 22 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources").
 - b. Emission Limitation:
Fugitive PE shall not exceed 15.46 tons/year.

Issued: 5/29/2008Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual emission limitation may be demonstrated using calculations in AP-42, Section 13.2.1.3 (12/03) and inputs representing the potential to emit, as follows:

$$E = k[(sL/2)^{0.65} (W/3)^{1.5} - C] (1 - P/4N)$$

Where

E = emission factor (lb/VMT)

k = particle size multiplier = 0.082

sL = silt content of road surface material, in g/m² = 0.4 (80% control applied)

W = mean vehicle weight, in tons = 27.5

P = number of wet days per averaging period = 140

N = number of days per averaging period = 365

Using the equation and input values above:

E = 0.72 lb PE/vehicle mile traveled (VMT)

Using the AP-42 emission factor and the maximum annual VMT:

$$\begin{aligned} PE &= (0.72 \text{ lb/VMT})(42,953 \text{ VMT/yr})(0.0005 \text{ ton/lb}) \\ &= 15.46 \text{ tons/year.} \end{aligned}$$

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None.

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (J001) - ethanol and E85 loading operations

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions shall not exceed 5.43 tons per year (tpy). See section A.2.a.
ORC 3704.03(T)(4)	See section A.2.a.
OAC rule 3745-21-07(E)	See sections A.2.b through A.2.e.
OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	See section A.2.g.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a The permit to install (PTI) for this air contaminant source takes into account the use of a flare system, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, with a minimum control efficiency of 98%, by weight for VOC, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

This emissions unit potentials to emit for CO and NOx is each less than 10 tons per year**. Therefore, pursuant to ORC 3704.03(T)(4), OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) is not applicable.

**The PTE for CO of 2.96 tons/yr (for this emissions unit) was calculated by multiplying the manufacturer's guaranteed emission rate of 0.084 lbs CO per 1000 gallons by the maximum annual throughput of 70,466,250 gallons and applying the conversion factor of 1 ton per 2000 lbs.

**The PTE for NOx of 1.18 tons/yr (for this emissions unit) was calculated by

Emissions Unit ID: **J001**

multiplying the manufacturer's guaranteed emission rate of 0.0334 lbs NOx per 1000 gallons by the maximum annual ethanol throughput rate of 70,466,250 gallons and applying the conversion factor of 1 ton per 2000 lbs.

- 2.b** All emissions from the loading rack shall be collected and combusted in a flare with a minimum 98% design VOC control efficiency.
- 2.c** During any transfer of material through the loading rack, the vapors displaced from the delivery vessel shall be collected and vented to the flare.
- 2.d** A means shall be provided to prevent liquid drainage from the loading device when it is not in use or to accomplish complete drainage before the loading device is disconnected.
- 2.e** The loading rack shall utilize top submerged filling or bottom filling for the transfer of materials.
- 2.f** All material loading lines, unloading lines and vapor lines shall be equipped with fittings which are vapor tight.
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by complying with the requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-07(E) in this Permit to Install.

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and U.S. EPA approves the revision to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirements to satisfy "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The maximum annual throughput of E-85 loaded shall not exceed 8,521,500 gallons.
2. The maximum annual throughput of denatured ethanol loaded shall not exceed 61,944,750 gallons.
3. The maximum annual throughput of all materials loaded shall not exceed 70,466,250

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gallons.

4. The permittee shall comply with the following restrictions on the flare controlling this emissions unit:
 - a. the closed vent system shall be operated at all times when emissions may be vented to it;
 - b. the flare shall be operated with a pilot flame . The pilot flame shall be present at all times the ethanol loading system is in operation and shall be monitored with a thermocouple or any other equivalent device to detect the presence of the pilot flame;
 - c. the net heating value of the gas being combusted in the flare, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (P)(2) of rule 3745-21-10 of the Administrative Code, shall be 300 Btu/scf or greater;
 - d. the flare shall be designed and operated with an actual exit velocity, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (P)(3) of rule 3745-21-10 of the Administrative Code, less than 60 feet per second; and,
 - e. the permittee shall ensure the flare is operated and maintained in conformance with its design.

C. Monitoring and/or Record keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain a device to continuously monitor the pilot flame when the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring device and any recorder shall be installed, calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions and operating manuals.

The permittee shall comply with the following monitoring and record keeping requirements on the flare controlling this emissions unit:

- a. the flare shall be monitored with a thermocouple or any other equivalent device to detect the presence of a pilot flame;
- b. the permittee shall maintain and operate a flow indicator which provides a record of the vent stream flow to the flare;

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- c. the permittee shall maintain records of the following:
 - i. flow rate to the flare, including records of all periods when the closed vent stream is diverted from the flare or when there is no flow rate;
 - ii. records of all periods when the flare pilot flame is absent;
 - iii. periods when the closed vent system and flare are not operated as designed; and
 - iv. dates of start-ups and shutdowns of the closed vent system and flare; and
 - d. the permittee shall collect and record a daily log or record of operating time for the closed vent system, flare and monitoring equipment.
2. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of product throughput (in gallons per month and total gallons, to date for the calendar year) for each type of product loaded.
 3. The permittee shall record each time loading occurs and document when submerged or bottom loading is used.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods during which the pilot flame was not functioning properly. The reports shall include the date, time, and duration of each such period.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports which identify all exceedances of any of the following requirements for the flare:
 - a. all monitored parameters (i.e., thermocouple or equivalent device and vent stream flow indicator);
 - b. periods of time when the closed vent system stream is diverted from system control devices;
 - c. all periods of time when the flare was not operational, including all periods of time during which the pilot flame on the flare is not functioning properly; and
 - d. all periods of time when required monitoring data was not collected.

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3. These quarter deviation reports shall be submitted in accordance with the reporting requirements specified in Part 1 - General Terms and Conditions, Section A of this permit.
4. The permittee shall submit annual reports that summarize the total annual E85 and denatured ethanol throughput, in gallons, for this emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations specified in Section A.1 of the terms and conditions of this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):
 - a. Emission Limitation : VOC emissions shall not exceed 5.43 tons/yr.

Applicable Compliance Method: The annual limitation represents the potential to emit (based on 8,521,500 gallons of E85 and 61,944,750 gallons of denatured ethanol loaded annually by truck) for this emissions unit. The PTE for VOC for this emissions unit was calculated as follows:

Truck Loading Emissions = (gallons ethanol loaded/year) * (emission factor of lbs VOC/1000 gallons ethanol [as determined through the methodology in AP-42, section 5.2.2 (1/95) in conjunction with the information submitted by the permittee in PTI application #03-17416]) * (overall flare control efficiency) * (2000 lbs/ton)

Truck Loading Emissions =

(8,521,500 gallons of E85/year) * (5.83 lbs VOC/1000 gallons E-85)*(1-0.9702) * (ton/2000 lbs) +

(61,944,750 gallons of denatured ethanol/year * 5.08 lbs VOC/1000 gallons denatured ethanol] * (1-0.9702) * (ton/2000 lbs)

Truck Loading Emissions= 5.43 tons VOC/year

(overall flare control efficiency: calculated by multiplying 99% capture efficiency by the 98% control efficiency for the flare.)

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F. Miscellaneous Requirements

1. If required, compliance with the net heating value of the gas being combusted in the flare (shall be 300 BTU/SCF or greater) shall be determined by the method specified in Paragraph (P)(2) of OAC rule 3745-21-10.
2. If required, compliance with the designed and operated actual exit velocity of the flare (shall be less than 60 feet per second) shall be determined by the method specified in Paragraph (P)(3) of OAC rule 3745-21-10.

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P001) - grain cleaning and surge bin

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10) shall not exceed 0.004 grain per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) and 0.38 ton per year (TPY). Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the baghouse stack(s) shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average. See A.2.a and A.2.e.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See A.2.c.
40 CFR Part 60 Subpart DD	See A.2.d.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a The permit to install (PTI) takes into account the use of a baghouse system (with a 100% capture efficiency and a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.004 gr PM10/dscf) to control PM10 emissions, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b The uncontrolled mass rate of particulate emissions from this emissions unit is less than 10 lbs/hr. Therefore, pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-11(A)(2)(ii), Figure II of OAC rule 3745-17-11 does not apply. Also, Table I does not apply because the facility is located in Putnam County.
- 2.c This emissions unit is exempt from the visible emissions limitations specified in OAC rule 3745-17-07(A), pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(3)(h), because

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OAC rule 3745-17-11 is not applicable.

2.d 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DD (Standards of Performance for Grain Elevators), is applicable to grain storage elevators at any wheat flour mill, wet corn mill, dry corn mill (human consumption), rice mill, or soybean oil extraction plant with a permanent grain storage capacity greater than 1.0 million U.S. bushels. The permanent grain storage capacity of this facility is 1.34 million bushels, but the facility is classified as a dry corn chemical manufacturing (not for human consumption). Therefore, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DD, is not applicable.

2.e For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall operate the baghouse at all times when this emissions unit is in operation.

C. Monitoring and/or Record keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stacks serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit semiannual written reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the baghouse stack(s) serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack(s). These reports shall be submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

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E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such emissions unit.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to:
 - i. demonstrate compliance with the baghouse grain loading of 0.004 gr PM10/dscf.
 - c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations: for PM10, 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, Methods 201 and 202 and 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-4 (for volumetric air flow rate). Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
 - d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
 - e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the

Emissions Unit ID: **B001**

Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations specified in Section A.1 of the terms and conditions of this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

a. Emission Limitation:

The baghouse shall achieve a maximum outlet concentration of not greater than 0.004 gr PM10/dscf of exhaust gas.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

b. Emission Limitation:

0.38 ton PM10/yr

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual allowable PM10 emission limitation shall be demonstrated using the following calculation based on the bag house design and a maximum operating schedule of 8760 hrs/yr:

$$= 0.004 \text{ gr/dscf} \times 1 \text{ lb/7000 gr} \times 2,500 \text{ cfm} \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times 8760 \text{ hours/yr} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} = 0.38 \text{ tons/year}$$

Therefore, as long as compliance with the 0.004 gr/dscf is maintained, compliance with the annual PM10 limitation shall be ensured.

c. Emission Limitation:

Visible PE from the baghouse stack(s) shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be demonstrated in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources").

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

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Emissions Unit ID: **B001**

None

Issued: 5/29/2008

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P002) - hammermill no. 1

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10), from emissions units P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, shall not exceed 0.004 grain per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) and 9.02 tons per year (TPY). Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the bag house stack(s) shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average. See A.2.a and A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See A.2.c.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See A.2.c.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to install (PTI) takes into account the use of a baghouse system (with a 100% capture efficiency and a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.004 gr PM10/dscf) to control PM10 emissions, from P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, whenever these air contaminant source are in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.
- 2.c The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

B. Operational Restrictions

Emissions Unit ID: P002

1. The permittee shall operate the baghouse at all times when any of the following emissions units are in operation: P002, P003, P004, P005 and/or P006.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit semiannual written reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions. These reports shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA district or local field office by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing on the baghouse controlling the following emissions units: P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit(s) will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial start-up of one of the five hammer mills.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to:
 - i. demonstrate compliance with the baghouse grain loading of 0.004 gr

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PM10/dscf.

- c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations: for PM10, 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, Methods 201 and 202 and 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-4 (for volumetric air flow rate). Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:
The baghouse shall achieve a maximum outlet concentration of not greater than 0.004 gr PM10/dscf of exhaust gas.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Emissions Unit ID: **P002**

Compliance with the grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

b. Emission Limitations:

9.02 tons PE/year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual allowable PM10 emission limitation shall be demonstrated using the following calculation based on the bag house design and a maximum operating schedule of 8760 hrs/yr:

$$= 0.004 \text{ gr/dscf} \times 1 \text{ lb/7000 gr} \times 60,000 \text{ cfm} \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times 8760 \text{ hours/yr} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} = 9.02 \text{ tons/year}$$

Therefore, as long as compliance with the 0.004 gr/dscf is maintained, compliance with the annual PM10 limitation shall be ensured.

c. Emission Limitation:

Visible PE from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P003) - hammermill no. 2

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10), from emissions units P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, shall not exceed 0.004 grain per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) and 9.02 tons per year (TPY). Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the bag house stack(s) shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average. See A.2.a and A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See A.2.c.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See A.2.c.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to Install (PTI) takes into account the use of a baghouse system (with a 100% capture efficiency and a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.004 gr PM10/dscf) to control PM10 emissions, P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, whenever these air contaminant source are in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.
- 2.c The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

B. Operational Restrictions

Emissions Unit ID: P003

1. The permittee shall operate the baghouse at all times when any of the following emissions units are in operation: P002, P003, P004, P005 and/or P006.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit semiannual written reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions. These reports shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA district or local field office by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing on the baghouse controlling the following emissions units: P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit(s) will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial start-up of one of the five hammer mills.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to:
 - i. demonstrate compliance with the baghouse grain loading of 0.004 gr

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PM10/dscf.

- c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations: for PM10, 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, Methods 201 and 202 and 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-4 (for volumetric air flow rate). Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitation:
The baghouse shall achieve a maximum outlet concentration of not greater than 0.004 gr PM10/dscf of exhaust gas.

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance with the grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

- b. Emission Limitations:
9.02 tons PE/year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual allowable PM10 emission limitation shall be demonstrated using the following calculation based on the bag house design and a maximum operating schedule of 8760 hrs/yr:

$$= 0.004 \text{ gr/dscf} \times 1 \text{ lb/7000 gr} \times 60,000 \text{ cfm} \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times 8760 \text{ hours/yr} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} = 9.02 \text{ tons/year}$$

Therefore, as long as compliance with the 0.004 gr/dscf is maintained, compliance with the annual PM10 limitation shall be ensured.

- c. Emission Limitation:
Visible PE from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P004) - hammermill no. 3

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10), from emissions units P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, shall not exceed 0.004 grain per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) and 9.02 tons per year (TPY). Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the bag house stack(s) shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average. See A.2.a and A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See A.2.c.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See A.2.c.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to Install (PTI) takes into account the use of a baghouse system (with a 100% capture efficiency and a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.004 gr PM10/dscf) to control PM10 emissions, P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, whenever these air contaminant source are in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.
- 2.c The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-02(A).

B. Operational Restrictions

Issued: 5/29/2008

1. The permittee shall operate the baghouse at all times when any of the following emissions units are in operation: P002, P003, P004, P005 and/or P006.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit semiannual written reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions. These reports shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA district or local field office by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing on the baghouse controlling the following emissions units: P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit(s) will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial start-up of one of the five hammer mills.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to:
 - i. demonstrate compliance with the baghouse grain loading of 0.004 gr

Emissions Unit ID: **P004**

PM10/dscf.

- c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations: for PM10, 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, Methods 201 and 202 and 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-4 (for volumetric air flow rate). Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitation:
The baghouse shall achieve a maximum outlet concentration of not greater than 0.004 gr PM10/dscf of exhaust gas.
 - Applicable Compliance Method:
Compliance with the grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf shall be demonstrated based

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on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

- b. Emission Limitations:
9.02 tons PE/year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual allowable PM10 emission limitation shall be demonstrated using the following calculation based on the bag house design and a maximum operating schedule of 8760 hrs/yr:

$$= 0.004 \text{ gr/dscf} \times 1 \text{ lb/7000 gr} \times 60,000 \text{ cfm} \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times 8760 \text{ hours/yr} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} = 9.02 \text{ tons/year}$$

Therefore, as long as compliance with the 0.004 gr/dscf is maintained, compliance with the annual PM10 limitation shall be ensured.

- c. Emission Limitation:
Visible PE from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P005) - hammermill no. 4

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10), from emissions units P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, shall not exceed 0.004 grain per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) and 9.02 tons per year (TPY). Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the bag house stack(s) shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average. See A.2.a and A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See A.2.c.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See A.2.c.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to install (PTI) takes into account the use of a baghouse system (with a 100% capture efficiency and a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.004 gr PM10/dscf) to control PM10 emissions, P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, whenever these air contaminant source are in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.
- 2.c The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

B. Operational Restrictions

Emissions Unit ID: P005

1. The permittee shall operate the baghouse at all times when any of the following emissions units are in operation: P002, P003, P004, P005 and/or P006.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit semiannual written reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions. These reports shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA district or local field office by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing on the baghouse controlling the following emissions units: P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit(s) will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial start-up of one of the five hammer mills.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to:
 - i. demonstrate compliance with the baghouse grain loading of 0.004 gr

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PM10/dscf.

- c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations: for PM10, 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, Methods 201 and 202 and 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-4 (for volumetric air flow rate). Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitation:
The baghouse shall achieve a maximum outlet concentration of not greater than 0.004 gr PM10/dscf of exhaust gas.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Emissions Unit ID: **P005**

Compliance with the grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

b. Emission Limitations:

9.02 tons PE/year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual allowable PM10 emission limitation shall be demonstrated using the following calculation based on the bag house design and a maximum operating schedule of 8760 hrs/yr:

$$= 0.004 \text{ gr/dscf} \times 1 \text{ lb/7000 gr} \times 60,000 \text{ cfm} \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times 8760 \text{ hours/yr} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} = 9.02 \text{ tons/year}$$

Therefore, as long as compliance with the 0.004 gr/dscf is maintained, compliance with the annual PM10 limitation shall be ensured.

c. Emission Limitation:

Visible PE from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P006) - hammermill no. 5

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10), from emissions units P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, shall not exceed 0.004 grain per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) and 9.02 tons per year (TPY). Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the bag house stack(s) shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average. See A.2.a and A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See A.2.c.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See A.2.c.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to install (PTI) takes into account the use of a baghouse system (with a 100% capture efficiency and a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.004 gr PM10/dscf) to control PM10 emissions, P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, combined, whenever these air contaminant source are in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.
- 2.c The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

B. Operational Restrictions

Emissions Unit ID: P006

1. The permittee shall operate the baghouse at all times when any of the following emissions units are in operation: P002, P003, P004, P005 and/or P006.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit semiannual written reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions. These reports shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA district or local field office by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing on the baghouse controlling the following emissions units: P002, P003, P004, P005 and P006, in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit(s) will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial start-up of one of the five hammer mills.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to:
 - i. demonstrate compliance with the baghouse grain loading of 0.004 gr

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PM10/dscf.

- c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations: for PM10, 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, Methods 201 and 202 and 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-4 (for volumetric air flow rate). Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitation:
The baghouse shall achieve a maximum outlet concentration of not greater than 0.004 gr PM10/dscf of exhaust gas.

Applicable Compliance Method:

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Compliance with the grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

- b. Emission Limitations:
9.02 tons PE/year

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual allowable PM10 emission limitation shall be demonstrated using the following calculation based on the bag house design and a maximum operating schedule of 8760 hrs/yr:

$$= 0.004 \text{ gr/dscf} \times 1 \text{ lb/7000 gr} \times 60,000 \text{ cfm} \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times 8760 \text{ hours/yr} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} = 9.02 \text{ tons/year}$$

Therefore, as long as compliance with the 0.004 gr/dscf is maintained, compliance with the annual PM10 limitation shall be ensured.

- c. Emission Limitation:
Visible PE from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P007) - ethanol production operations (mash and slurry tanks, fermenters, beer well, distillation column, stripper, rectifier and evaporator)

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VV and OAC rule 3745-21-09(DD). See A.2.a <u>Emission limits during normal operation:</u> Normal operation is defined as periods when the regenerative thermal oxidizer (RTO) is in operation and providing air pollution control to emissions unit P007, P008 and P009. Nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions from emissions units P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 11.0 lbs/hr and 48.20 tons per year (TPY). Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions from P007, P008 and P009 shall not exceed 10.47 lbs/hr and 45.86 TPY. Particulate emissions equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10), from emissions units P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 6.90 lbs/hr and 30.22 TPY (see A.2.d). Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 10.34 lb/hr and 45.29 TPY. Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the RTO stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a six-minute average.

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OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	<p><u>Emission limits during unscheduled downtime of the RTO:</u></p> <p>During unscheduled downtime of the RTO, emissions unit P007 shall be the only emissions unit exhausted to the fermentation scrubber.</p> <p>VOC emissions shall not exceed 20.0 lbs/hr and 5.0 TPY (see A.2.c).</p>
OAC rule 3745-21-09(DD)	See the requirements for emissions unit P801.
40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VV	See the requirements for emissions unit P801.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See section A.2.f.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.2.f.
OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	See section A.2.h.
OAC rule 3745-18-06	See section A.2.i.
ORC 3704.03(T)(4)	See section A.2.e.
OAC rule 3745-114-01	See section C.5.
ORC 3704.03(F)	

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Best available technology (BAT) control requirements for this emissions unit has been determined to be use of the following:
- i. a wet scrubber for VOC control. The scrubber shall meet a minimum control efficiency of 95% for VOC emissions;
 - ii. a regenerative thermal oxidizer following the wet scrubber for VOC and CO control. The regenerative thermal oxidizer shall meet a minimum control efficiency of 90% for CO emissions and 98% for VOC emissions; and
 - iii. firing only natural gas and the use of low NO_x burners in the RTO.
- 2.b** When the RTO is shutdown for unscheduled maintenance* or other operational reasons, while this emissions unit is in operation, this emissions unit shall be controlled by the fermentation scrubber. Down time of the RTO, while this emissions unit continues to operate, shall not exceed 500 hours per year and the permittee must also shut down emissions units P008 and P009 during the unscheduled down time of the RTO.

Emissions Unit ID: P007

*RTO shutdown for unscheduled maintenance is considered any maintenance, malfunction, etc. which the permittee does not address under the provisions of OAC rule 3745-15-06.

- 2.c** For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.
- 2.d** This emissions unit potential to emit for SO₂* is less than 10 tons per year. Therefore, pursuant to ORC 3704.03(T)(4), OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) is not applicable.

*The potential to emit for SO₂ of 0.39 ton/yr (for emissions units P007, P008 and P009, combined) was calculated by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor, Table 1.4-2, of 0.6 pound of SO₂/mm scf by the maximum hourly natural gas consumption rate (1.25 mm scf/hr), and by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000 pounds/ton.

- 2.e** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.f** This emissions unit is exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-18-06 in accordance with OAC rule 3745-18-06(A).
- 2.g** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) in this Permit to Install.

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The unscheduled down time of the RTO, while this emissions unit continues to operate, shall not exceed 500 hours per calendar year.
2. The permittee shall shut down emissions unit P008 and P009 when the RTO

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experiences an unscheduled shutdown.

3. The maximum annual production of ethanol in this emissions unit shall not exceed 69,000,000 gallons.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor and record the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer during operation of this emissions unit. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer on a continuous basis.

Whenever the monitored value for the combustion temperature deviates from the value specified below, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation: the date and time the deviation began and the magnitude of the deviation at that time, the date(s) the investigation was conducted, the names of the personnel who conducted the investigation, and the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable value specified below, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken: a description of the corrective action, the date it was completed, the date and time the deviation ended, the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation, the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer immediately after the corrective action, and the names of the personnel who performed the work. Investigation and records required by this paragraph does not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

The average combustion temperature within the thermal incinerator, for any 3-hour block of time when the emissions unit is in operation, shall not be more than 50 degrees Fahrenheit below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance.

This value is effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by

Emissions Unit ID: P007

the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the scrubber, in inches of water, and the scrubber water flow rate, in gallons per minute during operation of this emissions unit. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop, in inches of water, across the scrubber and the scrubber water flow rate, in gallons per minute, on a once per shift basis.

Whenever the monitored value for the pressure drop and/or the monitor value for the water flow rate deviates from the value specified below, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation: the date and time the deviation began and the magnitude of the deviation at that time, the date(s) the investigation was conducted, the names of the personnel who conducted the investigation, and the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable value specified below, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken: a description of the corrective action, the date it was completed, the date and time the deviation ended, the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation, the pressure drop and/or water flow rate reading immediately after the corrective action, and the names of the personnel who performed the work. Investigation and records required by this paragraph does not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

The pressure drop across the scrubber shall be maintained within the range established during the most recent emission testing that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance (until such time that such range is established, the pressure drop across the scrubber shall be maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications). The scrubber water flow rate shall be no less the value established during the most recent emission testing that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance (until such time that such value is established, the scrubber water flow rate shall be maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications).

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The pressure drop range and water flow rate are effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The permittee may request revisions to the range and/or water flow rate based upon information obtained during future emission tests that demonstrate compliance with the allowable emission rates for this emissions unit. In addition, approved revisions to the pressure drop range and/or water flow rate value will not constitute a relaxation of the monitoring requirements of this permit and may be incorporated into the operating permit for the facility by means of a permit modification.

3. For each time period during which emissions units P008 and/or P009 were in operation when the RTO was shut down (see A.2.c and B.2), the permittee shall maintain a record of the number of hours emissions unit P008 and/or P009 were in operation during that time period. Also, the permittee shall maintain a record of all instances when emissions unit P008 and/or P009 were in operation when the RTO was shut down.
4. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the number of hours the RTO was shutdown while this emissions unit remained in operation [see A.2.c and B.2] (in hours per month and total hours, to date for the calendar year).
5. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of ethanol produced (in gallons per month and total gallons, to date for the calendar year).
6. The permit to install for emission units B001, B002, P007, P008, P009 and P010 were evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of each emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted by these emissions units using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model (or other Ohio EPA approved model). The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutant(s):

Pollutant: Acetaldehyde

TLV (mg/m³): 33.2

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 7.50 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 291.24

Emissions Unit ID: **P007**MAGLC (ug/m³): 790Pollutant: HexaneTLV (mg/m³): 176.23

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 0.57 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 10.70MAGLC (ug/m³): 4,196

Physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions units after installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxic Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in applying the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:

- a. Changes in the composition of the materials used, or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the lowest TLV value previously modeled;
- b. Changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled; and
- c. Physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to the emissions of any type of air toxic contaminant not previously emitted, and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required, even if the toxic air contaminant emissions are greater than the de minimis level in OAC rule 3745-15-05. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition, then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it

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conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will still satisfy the "Air Toxic Policy:"

- a. A description of the parameters changed (composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
- b. Documentation of its evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and
- c. Where computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly reports that identify the following information concerning the operation of the control equipment (thermal incinerator) during the operation of this emissions unit:
 - a. all 3-hour blocks of time during which the average combustion temperature within the thermal incinerator, when the emissions unit was in operation, was more than 50 degrees Fahrenheit below the average temperature during the most recent performance test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance.
 - b. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) where a prompt investigation was not conducted;
 - c. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) where prompt corrective action, that would bring the combustion temperature into compliance with the acceptable range, was determined to be necessary and was not taken; and
 - d. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action.

These quarterly reports shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year; and each report shall cover the previous calendar quarter.

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly reports that identify the following information

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concerning the operation of the control equipment (scrubber) during the operation of this emissions unit:

- a. each period of time when the pressure drop across the scrubber was outside of the acceptable range;
- b. each period of time when the scrubber water flow rate deviated from the acceptable value;
- c. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) and/or (b) where prompt corrective action, that would bring the pressure drop and/or water flow rate into compliance with the acceptable range/value, was determined to be necessary and was not taken; and
- d. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) and/or (b) where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action.

These quarterly reports shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year; and each report shall cover the previous calendar quarter.

3. The permittee shall submit deviation reports that identify all instances when emissions units P008 and/or P009 were in operation (see A.2.c and B.2) when the RTO was shut down. These reports shall be submitted within 30 days after the deviation occurs.
4. The permittee shall submit annual reports that summarize the following:
 - a. the total annual number of hours this emissions unit was in operation (see A.2.c and B.2) when the RTO was shutdown; and
 - b. total annual ethanol produced in this emissions unit, in gallons.

These reports shall be submitted by January 31 and shall cover the previous calendar year.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:

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- a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such emissions unit.
- b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the NO_x, CO, VOC, and PM₁₀ mass emission limitations from the regenerative thermal oxidizer controlling this emissions unit. Emission testing shall also be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the control efficiency limitation for VOCs from the scrubber controlling this emissions unit, and for the control efficiency limitation for VOCs from the regenerative thermal oxidizer controlling this emissions unit. Emission testing shall also be conducted to verify the expected emissions for single and combined HAPs.
- c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emission limitations:
 - i. for PM₁₀, Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M;
 - ii. for NO_x, Methods 1-4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A;
 - iii. for CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A; and
 - iv. for VOC Methods 1-4 and 18, 25 or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A. Appropriate methods shall be used in conjunction with the test methods and procedures specified in Methods 18, 25, or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A for determining VOC mass emissions; and
 - v. for HAPs, Methods 18 (acetaldehyde, hexane, formaldehyde, acrolein, methanol, toluene, xylenes) or 320 from 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The test method(s) which must be employed to demonstrate compliance with the control efficiencies are specified below.

- d. The control efficiency (i.e., the percent reduction in mass emissions between the inlet and outlet of the control system) shall be determined in accordance with the test methods and procedures specified in Methods 18, 25, or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A for VOC emissions . The test methods and procedures selected shall be based on a consideration of the diversity of the organic species present and their total concentration, and on a consideration of the potential presence of interfering gases."
- e. the test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its

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maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

- f. During emission testing, the permittee shall also record the following information:
- i. the pressure drop across the scrubber, in inches of water;
 - ii. the scrubber water flow rate, in gallons/minute; and
 - iii. the average combustion temperature within the thermal incinerator, in degrees Fahrenheit.
- g. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
- a. Emission Limitations:
10.34 lbs VOC/hr, 45.29 tpy VOC (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)
11.0 lbs NOx/hr, 48.20 tpy NOx (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

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10.47 lbs CO/hr, 45.86 tpy CO (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

6.90 lbs PM10, 30.22 tpy PM10 (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable emission limitations above shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with the following:

- i. for PM10, Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M;
- ii. for NOx, Methods 1-4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A;
- iii. for CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A; and
- iv. for VOC Methods 1-4 and 18, 25 or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

The annual emission limitations were developed by multiplying the respective hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

b. Emission Limitation:

Visible PE from the RTO stack shall not exceed 5% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Appliance Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

c. Emission Limitation:

20.0 lbs VOC/hr, 5.0 tons/yr VOC (when RTO is down)

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable VOC emission limitation above shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 1-4 and 18, 25 or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

The annual emission limitation for VOC was developed by multiplying the hourly emission limitation by an operating schedule of 500 hours/year, and then

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dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation and the annual hours restriction, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

d. Emission Limitation:

The scrubber shall meet a minimum control efficiency of 95% for VOC emissions.

The regenerative thermal oxidizer shall meet a minimum control efficiency of 98% for VOC emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the control efficiency requirements above shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with the methods outlined in Section E.1 of this permit. Compliance with the CO destruction efficiency shall be assumed as long as compliance with the hourly CO mass emission limitation is maintained. [Due to the creation of CO in the RTO, it is not possible to perform testing to demonstrate compliance directly associated with the destruction of CO entering the RTO.]

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P008) - dryer no. 1 (60 mmBtu/hr natural gas fired) controlled with a regenerative thermal oxidizer

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
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<p>OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)</p>	<p>See section A.2.a.</p> <p><u>Emissions limits during normal operation:</u></p> <p>Normal operation is defined as periods when the regenerative thermal oxidizer (RTO) is in operation and providing air pollution control to emissions unit P007, P008 and P009.</p> <p>Nitrogen oxides (NO_x) emissions from emissions units P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 11.0 lbs/hr and 48.20 tons per year (TPY).</p> <p>Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions from P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 10.47 lbs/hr and 45.86 TPY.</p> <p>Particulate emission equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM₁₀) emissions from P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 6.90 lbs/hr and 30.22 TPY (See section A.2.c).</p> <p>Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 10.34 lbs/hr and 45.29 TPY TPY.</p> <p>Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the RTO stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a six-minute average.</p> <p><u>Emission limits during unscheduled downtime of the RTO:</u></p> <p>See section B.2.</p>
<p>OAC rule 3745-17-07(A) OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)</p>	<p>The emission limitation specified by these rules are less stringent than the emission limitations established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).</p>
<p>OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)</p>	<p>See section A.2.b.</p>
<p>OAC rule 3745-18-06(E)(2)</p>	<p>Sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 245.18 tpy. (See section A.2.d.)</p>
<p>OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(b)</p>	<p>See section A.2.d.</p>
<p>OAC rule 3745-114-01 ORC 3704.03(F)</p>	<p>See section C.4.</p>

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2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a Best available technology (BAT) control requirements for this emissions unit has been determined to be use of the following:

- i. a regenerative thermal oxidizer. The regenerative thermal oxidizer shall meet a minimum control efficiency of 98% for VOC emissions, 90% for CO emissions and 90% for PM10*.

*The control of PM10 includes a multiclone for removal of PM10 (as dried product) prior to entering the RTO. The control system shall result in a PM10 mass emission rate not to exceed 6.93 lbs/hr from the RTO.

2.b The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) in this Permit to Install.

On February 14, 2005, OAC rule 3745-23-06 was rescinded; therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the U.S. EPA approves the revision, the requirement to satisfy the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

2.c For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.

2.d The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the SO2 emissions from this air contaminant source since the uncontrolled potential to emit (PTE) for SO2 emissions is less than 10 tpy. Actual PTE for SO2 is 0.39 tpy.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall shut down this emissions unit and emissions unit P009 when the RTO experiences an unscheduled shutdown. This emissions unit and P009 will be allowed to operate to complete the drying of any material contained in the emissions units at the time of the unscheduled RTO shutdown. No additional material shall be fed to these emissions units during an unscheduled shutdown of the RTO.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor and record the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer during operation of this emissions unit. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer on a continuous basis.

Whenever the monitored value for the combustion temperature deviates from the value specified below, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation: the date and time the deviation began and the magnitude of the deviation at that time, the date(s) the investigation was conducted, the names of the personnel who conducted the investigation, and the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable value specified below, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken: a description of the corrective action, the date it was completed, the date and time the deviation ended, the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation, the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer immediately after the corrective action, and the names of the personnel who performed the work. Investigation and records required by this paragraph does not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

The average combustion temperature within the thermal incinerator, for any 3-hour block of time when the emissions unit is in operation, shall not be more than 50 degrees Fahrenheit below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance.

This value is effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or

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local air agency.

3. The permittee shall maintain a record of all instances when emissions unit P008 and/or P009 were in operation when the RTO was shut down (see section B.2).
4. The permit to install for Emission Units B001, B002, P007, P008, P009 and P010 were evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of each emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted by these emissions units using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model (or other Ohio EPA approved model). The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutant(s):

Pollutant: Acetaldehyde

TLV (mg/m³): 33.2

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 7.50 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 0.742

MAGLC (ug/m³): 790

Pollutant: Hexane

TLV (mg/m³): 176.23

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 0.57 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 0.08

MAGLC (ug/m³): 4,196

Physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions units after installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxic Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in applying the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:

- a. Changes in the composition of the materials used, or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the

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lowest TLV value previously modeled;

- b. Changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled; and
- c. Physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to the emissions of any type of air toxic contaminant not previously emitted, and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required, even if the toxic air contaminant emissions are greater than the de minimis level in OAC rule 3745-15-05. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition, then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will still satisfy the "Air Toxic Policy:"

- a. A description of the parameters changed (composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
- b. Documentation of its evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and
- c. Where computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in the emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted within 30 days after the deviation occurs.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly reports that identify the following information

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concerning the operation of the control equipment during the operation of this emissions unit:

- a. all 3-hour blocks of time during which the average combustion temperature within the thermal incinerator, when the emissions unit was in operation, was more than 50 degrees Fahrenheit below the average temperature during the most recent performance test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance.
- b. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) where a prompt investigation was not conducted;
- c. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) where prompt corrective action, that would bring the combustion temperature into compliance with the acceptable range, was determined to be necessary and was not taken; and
- d. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action.

These quarterly reports shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year; and each report shall cover the previous calendar quarter.

3. The permittee shall submit deviation reports that identify all instances when emissions units P008 and/or P009 were in operation when the RTO was shut down (see B.2). These reports shall be submitted within 30 days after the deviation occurs.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such emissions unit.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the NO_x, CO, VOC, and PM₁₀ mass emissions limitations from the regenerative thermal oxidizer controlling this emissions unit. Emission testing shall also be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the control efficiency limitation for

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VOCs from the scrubber controlling this emissions unit, and for the control efficiency limitation for VOCs from the regenerative thermal oxidizer controlling this emissions unit. Emission testing shall also be conducted to verify the expected emissions for single and combined HAPs.

- c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emission limitations:
 - i. for PM₁₀, Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M;
 - ii. for NO_x, Methods 1-4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A;
 - iii. for CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A;
 - iv. for VOC Methods 1-4 and 18, 25 or 25a of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A. Appropriate methods shall be used in conjunction with the test methods and procedures specified in Methods 18, 25, or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A for determining VOC mass emissions; and
 - v. for HAPs (acetaldehyde, hexane, formaldehyde, acrolein, methanol, toluene, xylenes), Methods 18 or 320 from 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The test method(s) which must be employed to demonstrate compliance with the control efficiencies are specified below.

- d. The control efficiency (i.e., the percent reduction in mass emissions between the inlet and outlet of the control system) shall be determined in accordance with the test methods and procedures specified in Methods 18, 25, or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A for VOC emissions . The test methods and procedures selected shall be based on a consideration of the diversity of the organic species present and their total concentration, and on a consideration of the potential presence of interfering gases."
- e. the test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- f. During emission testing, the permittee shall also record the average combustion temperature within the thermal incinerator, in degrees Fahrenheit.
- g. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to

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Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitations:

10.34 lbs VOC/hr, 45.29 tpy VOC (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

11.0 lbs NOx/hr, 48.20 tpy NOx (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

10.47 lbs CO/hr, 45.86 tpy CO (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

6.90 lb PM10, 30.22 tpy PM10 (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable emission limitations above shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with the following:

- i. for PM10, Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M;
- ii. for NOx, Methods 1-4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A;
- iii. for CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A; and

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- iv. for VOC Methods 1-4 and 18, 25 or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, and

The annual emission limitations were developed by multiplying the respective hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

- b. Emission Limitation:
Visible PE from the RTO stack shall not exceed 5% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Appliance Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

- c. Emission Limitation:
The regenerative thermal oxidizer shall meet a minimum control efficiency of 98% for VOC emissions, 90% for CO and PM10 emissions.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the control efficiency requirements above shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with the methods outlined in Section E.1 of this permit.

Compliance with the CO destruction efficiency shall be assumed as long as compliance with the hourly CO mass emission limitation is maintained. [Due to the creation of CO in the RTO, it is not possible to perform testing to demonstrate compliance directly associated with the destruction of CO entering the RTO.]

Compliance with the PM10 control efficiency shall be assumed as long as compliance with the hourly PM10 mass emission limitation is maintained.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P009) - dryer no. 2 (60 mmBtu/hr natural gas fired) controlled with a regenerative thermal oxidizer

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	See A.2.a. <u>Emissions limits during normal operation:</u> Normal operation is defined as periods when the regenerative thermal oxidizer (RTO) is in operation and providing air pollution control to emissions unit P007, P008 and P009. Nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions from emissions units P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 11.0 poounds per hour (lbs/hr) and 48.20 tons per year (TPY). Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions from P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 10.47 lbs/hr and 45.86 TPY. Particulate emission equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10) emissions from P007, P008 and P009, combined, shall not exceed 6.90 lbs/hr and 30.22 TPY (See section A.2.e). Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from P007, P008 and P009 shall not exceed 10.34 lbs/hr and 45.29 TPY TPY. Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the RTO stack shall not exceed 5% opacity as a six-minute average. <u>Emission limits during unscheduled downtime of the RTO:</u> See section B.2.

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OAC rule 3745-17-07(A) OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	The emission limitations established by these rules are less stringent than the emission limitations established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(b)	See section A.2.d.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A) OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	The emission limitation specified by these rules are less stringent than the emission limitations established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	See section A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-18-06(E)(2)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is 245.18 lbs of sulfur dioxide (SO ₂)/hr.
OAC rule 3745-114-01 ORC 3704.03(F)	See section C.4.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a Best available technology (BAT) control requirements for this emissions unit has been determined to be use of the following:

- i. a regenerative thermal oxidizer. The regenerative thermal oxidizer shall meet a minimum control efficiency of 98% for VOC emissions, 90% for CO emissions and 90% for PM₁₀*.

*The control of PM₁₀ includes a multiclone for removal of PM₁₀ (as dried product) prior to entering the RTO. The control system shall result in a PM₁₀ mass emission rate not to exceed 6.93 lbs/hr from the RTO.

2.b The permittee has satisfied the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-23-06(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) in this Permit to Install.

On February 14, 2005, OAC rule 3745-23-06 was rescinded; therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the U.S. EPA approves the revision, the requirement to satisfy the "latest available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

2.c For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM₁₀.

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2.d The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the SO₂ emissions from this air contaminant source since the uncontrolled potential to emit (PTE) for SO₂ emissions is less than 10 tpy. The uncontrolled PTE from this emissions unit is 0.39 tpy of SO₂.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall burn only natural gas in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall shut down this emissions unit and emissions unit P009 when the RTO experiences an unscheduled shutdown. This emissions unit and P009 will be allowed to operate to complete the drying of any material contained in the emissions units at the time of the unscheduled RTO shutdown. No additional material shall be fed to these emissions units during an unscheduled shutdown of the RTO.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.
2. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor and record the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer during operation of this emissions unit. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer on a continuous basis.

Whenever the monitored value for the combustion temperature deviates from the value specified below, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation: the date and time the deviation began and the magnitude of the deviation at that time, the date(s) the investigation was conducted, the names of the personnel who conducted the investigation, and the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable value specified below, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that

Emissions Unit ID: P009

determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken: a description of the corrective action, the date it was completed, the date and time the deviation ended, the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation, the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer immediately after the corrective action, and the names of the personnel who performed the work. Investigation and records required by this paragraph does not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

The average combustion temperature within the thermal incinerator, for any 3-hour block of time when the emissions unit is in operation, shall not be more than 50 degrees Fahrenheit below the average temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance.

This value is effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

3. The permittee shall maintain a record of all instances when emissions unit P008 and/or P009 were in operation when the RTO was shut down (see section B.2).
4. The permit to install for Emission Units B001, B002, P007, P008, P009 and P010 were evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of each emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted by these emissions units using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model (or other Ohio EPA approved model). The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutant(s):

Pollutant: Acetaldehyde

TLV (mg/m³): 33.2

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 7.50 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 0.742

MAGLC (ug/m³): 790

Pollutant: Hexane

TLV (mg/m³): 176.23

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 0.57 (permit total)

Emissions Unit ID: **P009**

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 0.08
MAGLC (ug/m³): 4,196

Physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions units after installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxic Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in applying the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:

- a. Changes in the composition of the materials used, or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the lowest TLV value previously modeled;
- b. Changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled; and
- c. Physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to the emissions of any type of air toxic contaminant not previously emitted, and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required, even if the toxic air contaminant emissions are greater than the de minimis level in OAC rule 3745-15-05. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition, then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will still satisfy the "Air Toxic Policy:"

- a. A description of the parameters changed (composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);

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- b. Documentation of its evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and
- c. Where computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than natural gas was burned in the emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted within 30 days after the deviation occurs.
2. The permittee shall submit quarterly reports that identify the following information concerning the operation of the control equipment during the operation of this emissions unit:
 - a. all 3-hour blocks of time during which the average combustion temperature within the thermal incinerator, when the emissions unit was in operation, was more than 50 degrees Fahrenheit below the average temperature during the most recent performance test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance.
 - b. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) where a prompt investigation was not conducted;
 - c. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) where prompt corrective action, that would bring the combustion temperature into compliance with the acceptable range, was determined to be necessary and was not taken; and
 - d. an identification of each incident of deviation described in (a) where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action.

These quarterly reports shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year; and each report shall cover the previous calendar quarter.

3. The permittee shall submit deviation reports that identify all instances when emissions

Emissions Unit ID: P009

units P008 and/or P009 were in operation when the RTO was shut down (see B.2). These reports shall be submitted within 30 days after the deviation occurs.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such emissions unit.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the NO_x, CO, VOC, and PM₁₀ mass emissions limitations from the regenerative thermal oxidizer controlling this emissions unit. Emission testing shall also be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the control efficiency limitation for VOCs from the scrubber controlling this emissions unit, and for the control efficiency limitation for VOCs from the regenerative thermal oxidizer controlling this emissions unit. Emission testing shall also be conducted to verify the expected emissions for single and combined HAPs.
 - c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emission limitations:
 - i. for PM₁₀, Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M;
 - ii. for NO_x, Methods 1-4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A;
 - iii. for CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A;
 - iv. for VOC Methods 1-4 and 18, 25 or 25a of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A. Appropriate methods shall be used in conjunction with the test methods and procedures specified in Methods 18, 25, or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A for determining VOC mass emissions;
 - v. for HAPs (acetaldehyde, hexane, formaldehyde, acrolein, methanol, toluene, xylenes), Methods 18 or 320 from 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A; and
 - vi. for SO₂, Methods 1-4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The test method(s) which must be employed to demonstrate compliance with the control efficiencies are specified below.

- d. The control efficiency (i.e., the percent reduction in mass emissions between

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the inlet and outlet of the control system) shall be determined in accordance with the test methods and procedures specified in Methods 18, 25, or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A for VOC emissions . The test methods and procedures selected shall be based on a consideration of the diversity of the organic species present and their total concentration, and on a consideration of the potential presence of interfering gases."

- e. the test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- f. During emission testing, the permittee shall also record the average combustion temperature within the thermal incinerator, in degrees Fahrenheit.
- g. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

- 2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitations:

Emissions Unit ID: **P009**

10.34 lb VOC/hr, 45.29 tpy VOC (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

11.0 lbs NOx/hr, 48.20 tpy NOx (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

10.47 lbs CO/hr, 45.86 tpy CO (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

6.90 lb PM10, 30.22 tpy PM10 (for emissions units P007, P008, and P009, combined)

0.09 lb SO2/hr, 0.39 TPY of SO2 (for emissions unit P007, P008 and P009, combined)

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable emission limitations above shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with the following:

- i. for PM10, Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M;
- ii. for NOx, Methods 1-4 and 7 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A;
- iii. for CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A; and
- iv. for VOC Methods 1-4 and 18, 25 or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, and
- v. for SO2, Methods 1-4 and 6 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

The annual emission limitations were developed by multiplying the respective hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

b. Emission Limitation:

Visible PE from the RTO stack shall not exceed 5% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Appliance Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

c. Emission Limitation:

The regenerative thermal oxidizer shall meet a minimum control efficiency of 98% for VOC emissions, 90% for CO and PM10 emissions.

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the control efficiency requirements above shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with the methods outlined in Section E.1 of this permit.

Compliance with the CO destruction efficiency shall be assumed as long as compliance with the hourly CO mass emission limitation is maintained. [Due to the creation of CO in the RTO, it is not possible to perform testing to demonstrate compliance directly associated with the destruction of CO entering the RTO.]

Compliance with the PM10 control efficiency shall be assumed as long as compliance with the hourly PM10 mass emission limitation is maintained.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P010) - cooling and storage of DDGS

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Particulate emissions equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10) shall not exceed 0.004 grain per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) and 4.78 tons per year (TPY). Visible particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a six-minute average. See sections A.2.a and A.2.c.
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions shall not exceed 5.0 lbs/hr and 21.90 TPY from the pneumatic fluid bed cooler stack (CE006).
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See section A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-114-01 ORC 3704.03(F)	See section C.2.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to Install takes into account the use of a baghouse system (a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.004 gr PM10/dscf*) to control PM10 emissions, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

*The outlet concentration applies to the following stacks:

- i. pneumatic fluid bed cooler stack (CE006);
- ii. storage silo stack (CE007); and

Emissions Unit ID: P010

iii. flat storage stack (CE008).

2.b The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-02(A).

2.c For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.

B. Operational Restrictions

None

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the stack(s) (stacks CE006, CE007 and CE008) serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.
2. The permit to install for Emission Units B001, B002, P007, P008, P009 and P010 were evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of each emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted by these emissions units using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model (or other Ohio EPA approved model). The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutant(s):

Pollutant: Hexane

TLV (mg/m³): 176.23

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 0.57 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 0.08

MAGLC (ug/m³): 4,196

Issued: 5/29/2008Pollutant: AcetaldehydeTLV (mg/m³): 33.2

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 7.5 (permit total)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 0.006MAGLC (ug/m³): 790

Physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions units after installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxic Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in applying the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:

- a. Changes in the composition of the materials used, or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the lowest TLV value previously modeled;
- b. Changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled; and
- c. Physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to the emissions of any type of air toxic contaminant not previously emitted, and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required, even if the toxic air contaminant emissions are greater than the de minimis level in OAC rule 3745-15-05. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition, then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will still satisfy the

Emissions Unit ID: P010

"Air Toxic Policy:"

- a. A description of the parameters changed (composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
- b. Documentation of its evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and
- c. Where computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit semiannual written reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack(s) serving this emissions unit and (b) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions. These reports shall be submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such emissions unit.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the outlet grain loading concentration for PM10 and the mass emission limitation for VOC.
 - c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations:
 - i. for PM10, Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M; and
 - ii. for VOC, Methods 1-4 and 18, 25 or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval

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from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

- d. the test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1. of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitations:
0.004 grain PM10/dscf, 4.78 TPY PM10

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M.

Compliance with the annual allowable PM10 emission limitation shall be demonstrated using the following calculation based on the bag house design and a maximum operating schedule of 8760 hrs/yr:

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$$= 0.004 \text{ gr/dscf} \times 1 \text{ lb/7000 gr} \times 31,800 \text{ cfm}^* \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times 8760 \text{ hours/yr} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} = 4.78 \text{ tons/year}$$

Therefore, as long as compliance with the 0.004 gr/dscf is maintained, compliance with the annual PM10 limitation shall be ensured.

*The maximum flow rate is the combined flow from stacks CE006 (23,800 dscfm), CE007 and CE008 (both 4000 dscfm).

- b. Emission Limitations:
5.0 lbs VOC/hr, 21.90 tons VOC/yr

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with the hourly allowable VOC emission limitation shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 1 - 4 and 18,25, or 25A, as appropriate, of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then by 0.0005 ton/lb. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

- c. Emission Limitation:
Visible PE shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a 15-minute average from the stack(s) serving this emissions unit

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P011) - cooling tower

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Particulate emissions equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10) shall not exceed 1.63 pounds/hour (lbs/hr) and 7.14 tons per year (TPY). Visible particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 10% opacity, as a six-minute average. See section A.2.c.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See section A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.2.b.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to install (PTI) takes into account the voluntary restrictions of 1.63 lbs PM10/hr and 7.14 tons PM10/yr as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
- 2.c For the purposes of this permit, all PE is considered to be PM10.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall maintain the total dissolved solids (TDS) content of the circulating cooling water at 2,500 mg/L or less.

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C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor and continuously record the conductivity of the cooling tower water. The monitoring devices shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, instructions, and operating manuals.
2. The conductivity shall be used to determine the TDS content of the cooling tower water based on an established correlation between TDS and conductivity of the cooling water.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports that identify any exceedances of the TDS content requirement. These reports shall be submitted within 30 days after the deviation occurs.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1. of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitations:
PM10 shall not exceed 1.63 lbs/hr and 7.14TPY.

Applicable Compliance Methods:

Compliance with the lbs/hr allowable PE limitation shall be demonstrated by multiplying the drift loss factor supplied by the permittee (1.05 lbs/million gallons water flow based on 0.005 percent drift) by the maximum circulating water flow rate (1.56 million gallons per hour) and by the average total dissolved solids content (mg/L) of the cooling water.

If required, the permittee shall submit a testing proposal to demonstrate that the maximum drift loss does not exceed 0.005 percent.

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitation, compliance with the annual limitation shall be assumed.

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b. Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions shall not exceed 0% opacity as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be demonstrated in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources").

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

- The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P012) - 2000 kW diesel fired emergency generator

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	<p>The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) and OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(5)(b).</p> <p>Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions shall not exceed 1.16 pounds per hour (lbs/hr).</p> <p>Nitrogen oxides (NO_x) emissions shall not exceed 53.27 lbs/hr.</p> <p>Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions shall not exceed 0.93 lb/hr.</p>
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (synthetic minor to avoid PSD)	<p>CO emissions shall not exceed 0.06 ton per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>NO_x emissions shall not exceed 2.66 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>VOC emissions shall not exceed 0.05 ton per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>See sections A.2.b and B.2.</p>
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(5)(b)	PE shall not exceed 0.35 lb/mmBtu actual heat input. See section A.2.d.
OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	See section A.2.c.
OAC rule 3745-18-06(G)	The maximum emission of sulfur dioxide (SO ₂) shall not exceed 0.5 lbs/MM Btu actual heat input.

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ORC 3704.03(T)(4)

See section A.2.a

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the PE, PE equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) emissions from this air contaminant source since the calculated annual emission rate for PE, PM10 and SO₂ emissions is less than ten tons per year taking into account the federally enforceable restriction on the hours of operation under OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

The annual emission rate for this emissions unit is 0.53 TPY of SO₂; determined by multiplying the USEPA, AP-42 emission factor (Table 3.4-1) of 0.004 pounds per horsepower-hour (lb/Hp-hr) by the maximum power output of 2640 Hp, the maximum operating schedule of 100 hours per year and 0.0005 ton/pound.

The annual emission rate for this emissions unit is 0.02 TPY of PM10; determined by multiplying the manufacturer's specified emission factor of 0.075 lbs/Hp-hr by the maximum power output of 2640 Hp, the maximum operating schedule of 100 hours per year and 0.0005 ton/lb. All PE is assumed to be PM10.

- 2.b** This permit establishes the following federally enforceable emission limitations based on an hours of operation restriction (See section B.2) for purposes of avoiding PSD applicability:
- i. 2.66 tons NO_x per rolling, 12-month period;
 - ii. 0.06 ton CO per rolling, 12-month period; and
 - iii. 0.05 ton VOC per rolling, 12-month period.

- 2.c** The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) in this Permit to Install.

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the

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requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- 2.d** The requirement to comply with this PE limitation shall terminate on the date the U.S. EPA approves the 0.062 lb/mmBtu actual heat input emission limitation as a revision to the Ohio SIP for particulate matter.

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B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall combust only distillate fuel oil in this emissions unit.

The oil combusted in this emissions unit shall only be distillate oil (fuel oil numbers 1 or 2, as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D396-78, 89, 90, 92, 96, or 98, "Standard Specification for Fuel Oils"). The sulfur content of the distillate oil shall contain no more than 0.5 weight percent sulfur.

2. The maximum annual hours of operation for this emissions unit shall not exceed 100 hours per year, based upon a rolling 12-month summation of the operating hours. To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the levels specified in the following table:

<u>Month(s)</u>	<u>Maximum Allowable Hours of Operation</u>
1	10
1-2	20
1-3	30
1-4	40
1-5	50
1-6	60
1-12	100

After the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, compliance with the annual hours of operation limitation shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the operating hours.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following information for this emissions unit:
 - a. the hours of operation;
 - b. the calculated monthly emission rate for CO using the following equation: CO emissions in tons = (hours of operation) x (potential hourly CO emissions) x (1

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ton/2000 lbs) = (C.1.a) x (1.16 lbs CO) x (1/2000 lbs);

- c. the calculated monthly emission rate for NO_x using the following equation: NO_x emissions (in tons) = (hours of operation) x (potential hourly NO_x emissions) x (1 ton/2000 lbs) = (C.1.a) x (53.27 lbs NO_x) x (1/2000 lbs);
 - d. the calculated monthly emission rate of VOC using the following equation: VOC emissions (in tons) = (hours of operation) x (potential hourly VOC emissions) x (1 ton/2000 lbs) = (C.1.a) x (0.93 lb VOC) x (1/2000 lbs);
 - e. for the first 12 months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the cumulative year-to-date total hours of operation.
 - f. beginning the first month, after the first 12 months of operation following the issuance of this permit, the following summations:
 - i. the rolling, 12-month CO emission rate, in tons;
 - i. the rolling, 12-month NO_x emission rate, in tons;
 - ii. the rolling, 12-month VOC emission rate, in tons; and
 - iii. the rolling, 12-month number of hours of operation.
2. For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than diesel fuel the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit. The permittee shall also maintain documentation on the sulfur content of all fuels received.
 3. The permittee shall use records of fuel supplier certification to demonstrate compliance with the operational restriction in section B.1. Records of fuel supplier certification shall include the following information:
 - a. the name of the oil supplier; and
 - b. a statement from the oil supplier that the oil complies with the specifications under the definition of distillate oil in B.1 above.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports which identify the following:

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- a. All exceedances of the rolling, 12-month restriction of 100 hours.
- b. All exceedances of the rolling, 12-month CO emission limitation of 0.06 tons.
- c. All exceedances of the rolling, 12-month NOx emission limitation of 2.66 tons.
- d. All exceedances of the rolling, 12-month VOC emission limitation of 0.05 tons.
- e. For the first 12 calendar months of operation following the issuance of this permit, all exceedances of the maximum allowable cumulative hours of operation specified in section B.2.
- f. All exceedances of the sulfur content fuel restriction specified in condition B.1.

These quarterly deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions of this permit.

2. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports that identify each day when a fuel other than distillate fuel oil was burned in this emissions unit. Each report shall be submitted within 30 days after the deviation occurs.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1. of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emissions Limitation:
1.16 lbs CO/hr

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable CO emission limitation shall be determined by multiplying an emission factor of 0.20 g/bhp-hr (supplied by the manufacturer), a maximum capacity of 2640 hp, and by a conversion factor of lb/453.59 gram.

If required, compliance with the hourly allowable CO emission limitation shall be determined according to test Methods 1-4, and 10, as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

- b. Emissions Limitation:

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53.27 lbs NOx/hr

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly allowable NOx emission limitation shall be determined by multiplying an emission factor of 9.16 g/bhp-hr (supplied by the manufacturer) by a maximum capacity of 2640 hp, and then by a conversion factor of lb/453.59 gram.

If required, compliance with the hourly allowable NOx emission limitation shall be determined according to test Methods 1-4, and 7, as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

c. Emissions Limitation:

0.93 lbs VOC/hr

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly the hourly allowable VOC emission limitation shall be determined by multiplying an emission factor of 0.16 g/bhp-hr (supplied by the manufacturer) by a maximum capacity of 2640 hp, and then by a conversion factor of lb/453.59 gram.

If required, compliance with the hourly allowable VOC emission limitation shall be determined according to test Methods 1-4, and 25 or 25A, as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

d. Emissions Limitations:

0.06 ton CO per rolling, 12-month period.
2.66 tons NOx per rolling, 12-month period.
0.05 ton VOC per rolling, 12-month period.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the ton per rolling 12-month period emission limitations above shall be demonstrated by the record keeping requirements established in section C.1 of this permit.

e. Emissions Limitation:

PE shall not exceed 0.35 lb/mmBtu actual heat input.

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Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon an emission factor of 0.062 lb/mmBtu. This emission factor is specified in the U.S. EPA reference document AP-42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors, Section 3.4, Table 3.4-2 (10/96).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(10).

f. Emissions Limitation

Visible PE from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a 6-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated in accordance with OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

1. The following terms and conditions are federally enforceable: A.1, B.2, C.1, D.1, E.1.a, E.1.b, E.2.c and E.1.d.

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P801) - fugitive VOC emissions

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(DD) and 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VVa. Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions shall not exceed 10.10 tons/yr. See section A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-21-09(DD)	See sections A.2.a and F.2.
40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VVa (40 CFR 60.480a-489a)	See sections B.1, C.1, D.1, E.1, and F.1.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a The permittee shall employ best available control measures for the emissions unit for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the above-mentioned applicable requirements. The permittee has committed to implementing a Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) program to ensure compliance. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the permittee from employing other equally-effective control measures to ensure compliance.

The permittee shall include the appropriate process equipment and regulated components in the LDAR program. The LDAR program shall comply with the appropriate provisions (including operational restrictions, monitoring and Record keeping, reporting, and testing) of OAC rule 3745-21-09(DD) (Leaks from Process Units that Produce Organic Chemicals) and 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VV (Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry for Which Construction,

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Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After November 7, 2006). In the case of overlapping provisions, the permittee shall comply with the more stringent requirement.

- 2.b** This permit to install takes into account the control efficiencies for components in VOC service based on a 500 ppm leak definition and for components in HAP service based on a 10,000 ppm leak definition.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. See 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VVa (40 CFR 60.480a-489a).

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. See 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VVa (40 CFR 60.480a-489a).

D. Reporting Requirements

1. See 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VVa (40 CFR 60.480a-489a).

E. Testing Requirements

1. See 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VVa (40 CFR 60.480a-489a).
2. Compliance with the emission limitation in Section A.1. of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method:

Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions shall not exceed 10.10 tons/yr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual emission limitation has been determined by the permittee using the estimated component count based on similar ethanol plants and emission factors from 'Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates', EPA-453/R-95-017, Table 5-2. No testing is specifically required by this permit but, if appropriate, may be requested pursuant to OAC rule 3745-15-04(A). Such testing would be required to comply with methods described in OAC rule 3745-21-10 for organic compounds.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

Emissions Unit ID: P801

1. See 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VVa (40 CFR 60.480a-489a).
2. Within 180 days of the start up of this emissions unit, the permittee shall develop a facility LDAR program. At a minimum, the program shall include all the appropriate process equipment and regulated components that are subject to this program and clearly identify how the permittee will comply with the appropriate provisions (including operational restrictions, monitoring and Record keeping, reporting, and testing) of OAC rule 3745-21-09(DD) and 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VVa.
3. The permittee shall submit annual reports which specify the total VOC emissions from this emissions unit for the previous calendar year. This report shall be submitted by January 31 of each year. This requirement may be satisfied, if required, by including and identifying the specific emissions data from these emissions units in the annual Fee Emission Report.

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P901) - grain receiving, transferring, conveying and storage

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	<p><u>Stack Emissions:</u> The baghouse controlling this emissions unit shall achieve an outlet emission rate of not greater than 0.004 grain of particulate emissions equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10) per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gases (gr/dscf).</p> <p>PM10 emissions from P901 and P902, combined, shall not exceed 3.52 tons per year (TPY).</p> <p>Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a 6-minute average.</p> <p><u>Fugitive Emissions:</u> Fugitive PE shall not exceed 12.30 TPY.</p> <p>Fugitive PM10 emissions shall not exceed 4.03 TPY.</p> <p>Visible fugitive PE shall not exceed 5% opacity, as a 3-minute average, from any truck or rail unloading.</p> <p>Visible fugitive PE shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a 3-minute average, from any grain handling operations.</p> <p>See Sections A.2.a and A.2.f.</p>
OAC rule 3745-17-07 (B)	See Section A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-08(A)	See section A.2.c.

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OAC rule 3745-17-07(A) OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.2.d.
40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DD	See section A.2.e.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a** Best available technology (BAT) control requirements for this emissions unit has been determined to be:
- i. for grain receiving, partial enclosure with aspiration to baghouse (CE001); and
 - ii. for transferring/conveying, the use total enclosure and use of baghouse (CE001).

BAT also includes compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

- 2.b** This emissions unit is exempt from the visible particulate emission limitations specified in OAC rule 3745-17-07(B), pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(11)(e).
- 2.c** This emissions unit is not located within an "Appendix A" area as identified in OAC rule 3745-17-08. Therefore, pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-08(A), this emissions unit is exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-08(B).
- 2.d** The emission limitation specified by these rules is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.e** 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DD (Standards of Performance for Grain Elevators), is applicable to grain storage elevators at any wheat flour mill, wet corn mill, dry corn mill (human consumption), rice mill, or soybean oil extraction plant with a permanent grain storage capacity greater than 1.0 million U.S. bushels. The permanent grain storage capacity of this facility is 1.34 bushels, but the facility is classified as a dry corn chemical manufacturing (not for human consumption). Therefore, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DD, is not applicable.
- 2.f** For the purposes of this permit, all stack PE is considered to be PM10.

B. Operational Restrictions

Emissions Unit ID: P901

1. The maximum, annual amount of grain received shall not exceed 683,280 tons.

C. Monitoring and/or Record keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.
2. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible fugitive particulate emissions from the egress points (i.e., building windows, doors, roof monitors, etc.) serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible fugitive emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible fugitive emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;
 - c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;
 - d. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - e. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.
3. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount (tons of grain per month and total tons of grain, to date for the calendar year) material throughput for this emissions unit.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit semiannual written reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit (b) identify all days during which any visible fugitive particulate emissions were observed from the egress points serving this emissions unit (c) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions from

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the baghouse stack and (d) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible fugitive particulate emissions from the egress points serving this emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

2. The permittee shall submit annual records that summarize the total annual material throughput for this emissions unit, in tons of grain. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such emissions unit.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the baghouse grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf.
 - c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations: for PM10, 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, Methods 201 and 202. Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
 - d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
 - e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to

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ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitations:

0.004 gr PM10/dscf of exhaust gas and 3.52 TPY PM10.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M and 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-4 (volumetric air flow rate). Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

Compliance with the annual allowable PM10 emission limitation shall be demonstrated using the following calculation based on the baghouse design and a maximum operating schedule of 8760 hrs/yr:

$$= 0.004 \text{ gr/dscf} \times 1 \text{ lb/7000 gr} \times 23,450 \text{ cfm} \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times 8760 \text{ hours/yr} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} = 3.52 \text{ tons/year}$$

Therefore, as long as compliance with the 0.004 gr/dscf is maintained, compliance with the annual PM10 limitation shall be ensured.

b. Emission Limitation:

Fugitive PE shall not exceed 12.3 tons/yr, fugitive PM10 shall not exceed 4.03 tons/yr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual emission limitations above may be demonstrated by the following calculations using the AP-42 emission factors (Section 9.9.1, March 2003) and the maximum grain throughput.

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= 683,280 ton/yr x 0.18 lb PE/ton x 0.0005 ton/lb x 0.2 (80% capture efficiency) = 12.30 tons PE/year

= 683,280 ton/yr x 0.059 lb PM10/ton x 0.0005 ton/lb x 0.2 (80% capture efficiency) = 4.03 tons PM10/year

c. Emission Limitation:

Visible PE from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a 6-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

d. Emission Limitation:

Visible fugitive PE shall not exceed 5% opacity, as a 3-minute average, from any truck or rail unloading.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(3)(a) and (B)(3)(b) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.

e. Emission Limitation:

Visible fugitive PE shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a 3-minute average, from any grain handling operations.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(3)(a) and (B)(3)(b) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

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POET Biorefining - Leipsic
DTI Application: 02-17416

Facility ID: 0369000051

Emissions Unit ID: P901

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

- The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (P902) - DDGS loadout

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-02(A) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	<p><u>Stack Emissions:</u> The baghouse shall achieve an outlet emission rate of not greater than 0.004 grain of particulate emissions equal to or less than 10 microns in size (PM10) per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gases (gr/dscf).</p> <p>PM10 from P901 and P902, combined, shall not exceed 3.52 tons per year (TPY).</p> <p>Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 0% opacity as a 6-minute average.</p> <p><u>Fugitive Emissions:</u> Fugitive PE shall not exceed 4.33 TPY.</p> <p>Fugitive PM10 emissions shall not exceed 1.46 TPY.</p> <p>Visible fugitive PE shall not exceed 5% opacity, as a 3-minute average, from DDGS loadout.</p> <p>See sections A.2.a and A.2.d.</p>
OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	See sections A.2.b.
OAC rule 3745-17-08(A)	See sections A.2.c.
OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See sections A.2.e.
OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See sections A.1.2.e.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

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2.a This permit to install takes into account the use of a baghouse system and a partial enclosure* (with a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.004 gr PM10/dscf for the baghouse) to control PM10 emissions, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

*for DDGS rail load out, the use of partial enclosures and a baghouse; and for DDGS truck load out, the use of partial enclosure.

2.b This emissions unit is exempt from the visible particulate emission limitation specified in OAC rule 3745-17-07(B), pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(11)(e).

2.c This emissions unit is not located within an "Appendix A" area as identified in OAC rule 3745-17-08. Therefore, pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-08(A), this emissions unit is exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-08(B).

2.d For the purposes of this permit, all stack PE is considered to be PM10.

2.e The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

B. Operational Restrictions

None.

C. Monitoring and/or Record keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

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2. The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible fugitive particulate emissions from the egress points (i.e., building windows, doors, roof monitors, etc.) serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible fugitive emissions shall be noted in an operations log, as well as the date and time the daily check was performed. If visible fugitive emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;
 - c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;
 - d. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - e. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit semiannual written reports that (a) identify all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit (b) identify all days during which any visible fugitive particulate emissions were observed from the egress points serving this emissions unit (c) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack and (d) describe any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible fugitive particulate emissions from the egress points serving this emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO by January 31 and July 31 of each year and shall cover the previous 6-month period.

E. Testing Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such emissions unit.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the baghouse grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf.
 - c. The following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the above emissions limitations: for PM10, 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M,

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Methods 201 and 202 and 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-4 (volumetric air flow rate). Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

- d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
- e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the Ohio EPA, NWDO. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA, NWDO's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the Ohio EPA, NWDO shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report of the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

- 2. Compliance with the emission limitations in Section A.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

The baghouse shall achieve an outlet emission rate of not greater than 0.004 grain of particulate emissions per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gases.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the grain loading of 0.004 gr/dscf shall be demonstrated based on the results of emission testing conducted in accordance with Methods 201 and 202 of 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

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- b. Emission Limitations:
PM10 from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 3.52 TPY.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual allowable PM10 emission limitation shall be demonstrated using the following calculation based on the bag house design and a maximum operating schedule of 8760 hrs/yr:

$$= 0.004 \text{ gr/dscf} \times 1 \text{ lb/7000 gr} \times 23,450 \text{ cfm} \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times 8760 \text{ hours/yr} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} = 4.40 \text{ tons/year}$$

Therefore, as long as compliance with the 0.004 gr/dscf is maintained, compliance with the annual PM10 limitation shall be ensured.

- c. Emission Limitation:
Visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a 6-minute average.

Issued: 5/29/2008Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined according to test Method 9 as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

d. Emission Limitation:

Visible fugitive particulate emissions shall not exceed 5% opacity, as a 3-minute average, from DDGS loadout.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(3)(a) and (B)(3)(b) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.

e. Emission Limitation:

Fugitive PE shall not exceed 4.33 TPY; fugitive PM10 shall not exceed 1.46 TPY.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual emission limitations above may be demonstrated by the following calculation using the AP-42 emission factor (Section 9.9.1, 5/98) and the maximum grain throughput:

$$= 201,480 \text{ tons/yr} \times 0.086 \text{ lb PM/ton} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} \times 0.5 \text{ (50\% capture efficiency)} = 4.33 \text{ tons PE/year}$$

$$= 201,480 \text{ tons/yr} \times 0.029 \text{ lbPM10/ton} \times 0.0005 \text{ ton/lb} \times 0.5 \text{ (50\% capture efficiency)} = 1.46 \text{ tons PM10/year}$$

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (T001) - 250,000 gallon storage tank (190 proof ethanol tank)

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-02(A) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Volatile organic compounds (VOC) shall not exceed 0.38 ton per year (TPY) See A.2.a.
40 CFR, Part 60, Subpart Kb	See A.2.o.
OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)	See A.2.n.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a Permit to Install 03-17156 for this air contaminant source takes into account the use of an internal floating roof and a maximum material throughput of 86,000,000 gallons to control VOC emissions, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b The fixed roof storage tank shall be equipped with an internal floating roof.
- 2.c The automatic bleeder vents shall be closed at all times except when the roof is floated off or landed on the roof leg supports, and the rim vents, if provided, shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or is at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.d All openings, except stub drains, shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid which is to be in a closed position at all times except when in actual use for tank gauging or sampling.

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- 2.e** The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed roof. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage vessel is completely emptied or subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.
- 2.f** Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one of the following closure devices between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof:
- i. A foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal). A liquid-mounted seal means a foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof continuously around the circumference of the tank.
 - ii. Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous.
 - iii. A mechanical shoe seal. A mechanical shoe seal is a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric (envelope) spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.
- 2.g** Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface.
- 2.h** Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use.
- 2.i** Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at

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all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports.

- 2.j** Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.k** Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening.
- 2.l** Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.m** Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.n** OAC rule 3745-21-09(L) is not applicable because this tank does not store petroleum liquids as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01 (E)(13).
- 2.o** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-02(A).

B. Operational Restrictions

- 1. The permittee shall not exceed an annual material throughput rate of 86,000,000 gallons.
- 2. The maximum true vapor pressure of organic liquid stored in this storage tank shall not exceed 0.754 pound per square inch absolute.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information:
 - a. The types of petroleum liquids stored in the tank.
 - b. The maximum true vapor pressure (in pounds per square inch absolute), as stored, of each liquid that has a maximum true vapor pressure greater than

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0.754 pound per square inch absolute. Available data on the storage temperature may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure as in the following:

- i. For vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service.
- ii. For refined petroleum products the vapor pressure may be obtained by the following:
 - (a) Available data on the Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17), unless the Ohio EPA, NWDO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s).
 - (b) The true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 13.8 kPa or with physical properties that preclude determination by the recommended method is to be determined from available data and recorded if the estimated maximum true vapor pressure is greater than 3.5 kPa.
- iii. For other liquids, the vapor pressure:
 - (a) May be obtained from standard reference texts, or
 - (b) Determined by ASTM Method D2879-83 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17); or
 - (c) Measured by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO; or
 - (d) Calculated by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.

2. Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if one is in service), prior to filling the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the owner or operator shall repair the items before filling the storage vessel.
3. For vessels equipped with a liquid-mounted or mechanical shoe primary seal, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected during inspections required in this paragraph cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from Ohio EPA, NWDO in the inspection report required in D.3. Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.
4. For vessels equipped with a double-seal system as specified in A.2.f.ii:
 - a. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.5 at least every 5 years; or
 - b. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.3.
5. The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in C.3 and C.4.b and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in C.4.a.

6. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all reports and records required in D.2, D.3, and D.4, for at least 2 years.
7. The permittee shall keep a record of each inspection performed as required by C.2, C.3, C.4, and C.5. Each record shall identify the storage vessel on which the inspection was performed and shall contain the date the vessel was inspected and the observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings).
8. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all records required by C.2 through C.8, for at least 2 years.
9. The owner or operator shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel (shall be kept for the life of the source).
10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of (gallons per month and total gallons, to date for the calendar year) of material throughput for this emissions unit.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel for which an inspection is required by C.2 and C.5 to afford the Ohio EPA, NWDO the opportunity to have an observer present. If the inspection required by C.5 is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance or refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling.
2. The permittee shall furnish the Ohio EPA, NWDO with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m and C.2. This report shall be an attachment to the notification of the actual date of initial startup of an affected facility postmarked within 15 days after such date.

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3. If any of the conditions described in C.3 are detected during the annual visual inspection required by C.3, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. Each report shall identify the storage vessel, the nature of the defects, and the date the storage vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made.
4. After each inspection required by C.4 that finds holes or tears in the seal or seal fabric, or defects in the internal floating roof, or other control equipment defects listed in C.4.b, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. The report shall identify the storage vessel and the reason it did not meet the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m or C.4 and list each repair made.
5. If the permittee placed, stored, or held in this emissions unit any petroleum liquid with a true vapor pressure which was greater than 0.754 pounds per square inch absolute, the permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of becoming aware of the occurrence.
6. The permittee shall submit records that summarize the total annual material throughput for this emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.1 of the terms and conditions of this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

Emission Limitation:

0.38 TPY of VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the annual allowable VOC emission limitation by rim seal loss, withdraw loss and deck fitting loss calculations as determined by U.S. EPA Tanks 4.0 program with a maximum annual material throughput of 86,000,000 gallons.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (T002) - 250,000 gallon storage tank (denaturant)

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Volatile organic compounds (VOC) shall not exceed 1.65 ton per year (TPY).
40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb	See sections A.2.b through A.2.m.
OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)	See section A.2.n.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to install (PTI) takes into account the use of a ventless delivery system for the unloading of gasoline to this storage tank , an internal floating roof and a maximum material throughput of 3,260,000 gallons to control VOC emissions, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b The fixed roof storage tank shall be equipped with an internal floating roof.
- 2.c The automatic bleeder vents shall be closed at all times except when the roof is floated off or landed on the roof leg supports, and the rim vents, if provided, shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or is at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.d All openings, except stub drains, shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid which is to be in a closed position at all times except when in actual use for tank gauging or sampling.
- 2.e The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed

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roof. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage vessel is completely emptied or subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.

- 2.f** Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one of the following closure devices between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof:
- i. A foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal). A liquid-mounted seal means a foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof continuously around the circumference of the tank.
 - ii. Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous.
 - iii. A mechanical shoe seal. A mechanical shoe seal is a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric (envelope) spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.
- 2.g** Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface.
- 2.h** Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use.
- 2.i** Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is

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being landed on the roof leg supports.

- 2.j Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.k Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening.
- 2.l Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.m Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.n OAC rule 3745-21-09(L) is not applicable because this tank does not store petroleum liquids as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01 (E)(13).
- 2.o The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

B. Operational Restrictions

- 1. The permittee shall not exceed an annual material throughput rate of 3,260,000 gallons.
- 2. The maximum true vapor pressure of organic liquid stored in this storage tank shall not exceed 11.11 pound per square inch absolute.

C. Monitoring and/or Record keeping Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information:
 - a. The types of petroleum liquids stored in the tank.
 - b. The maximum true vapor pressure (in pounds per square inch absolute), as stored, of each liquid that has a maximum true vapor pressure greater than 11.11 pound per square inch absolute. Available data on the storage temperature may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure as in

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the following:

- i. For vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service.
 - ii. For refined petroleum products the vapor pressure may be obtained by the following:
 - (a) Available data on the Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17), unless the Ohio EPA, NWDO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s).
 - (b) The true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 13.8 kPa or with physical properties that preclude determination by the recommended method is to be determined from available data and recorded if the estimated maximum true vapor pressure is greater than 3.5 kPa.
 - iii. For other liquids, the vapor pressure:
 - (a) May be obtained from standard reference texts, or
 - (b) Determined by ASTM Method D2879-83 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17); or
 - (c) Measured by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO; or
 - (d) Calculated by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
2. Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if

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- one is in service), prior to filling the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the owner or operator shall repair the items before filling the storage vessel.
3. For vessels equipped with a liquid-mounted or mechanical shoe primary seal, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected during inspections required in this paragraph cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the Ohio EPA, NWDO in the inspection report required in D.3. Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.
 4. For vessels equipped with a double-seal system as specified in A.2.f.ii:
 - a. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.5 at least every 5 years; or
 - b. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.3.
 5. The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in C.3 and C.4.b and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in C.4.a.

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6. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all reports and records required in D.2, D.3, and D.4, for at least 2 years.
7. The permittee shall keep a record of each inspection performed as required by C.2, C.3, C.4, and C.5. Each record shall identify the storage vessel on which the inspection was performed and shall contain the date the vessel was inspected and the observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings).
8. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all records required by C.2 through C.8, for at least 2 years.
9. The owner or operator shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel (shall be kept for the life of the source).
10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of (gallons per month and total gallons, to date for the calendar year) of material throughput for this emissions unit.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel for which an inspection is required by C.2 and C.5 to afford the Ohio EPA, NWDO the opportunity to have an observer present. If the inspection required by C.5 is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance or refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling.
2. The permittee shall furnish the Ohio EPA, NWDO with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m and C.2. This report shall be an attachment to the notification of the actual date of initial startup of an affected facility postmarked within 15 days after such date.
3. If any of the conditions described in C.3 are detected during the annual visual

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inspection required by C.3, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. Each report shall identify the storage vessel, the nature of the defects, and the date the storage vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made.

4. After each inspection required by C.4 that finds holes or tears in the seal or seal fabric, or defects in the internal floating roof, or other control equipment defects listed in C.4.b, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. The report shall identify the storage vessel and the reason it did not meet the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m or C.4 and list each repair made.
5. If the permittee placed, stored, or held in this emissions unit any petroleum liquid with a true vapor pressure which was greater than 11.11 pounds per square inch absolute, the permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of becoming aware of the occurrence.
6. The permittee shall submit records that summarize the total annual material throughput for this emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.1 of the terms and conditions of this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

Emission Limitation: 1.65 TPY of VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the annual allowable VOC emission limitation by rim seal loss, withdraw loss and deck fitting loss calculations as determined by U.S. EPA Tanks 4.0 program with a maximum annual material throughput of 3,260,000 gallons.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (T003) - 2 million gallon storage tank (200 proof ethanol)

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Volatile organic compounds (VOC) shall not exceed 0.18 ton per year (TPY) . See section A.2.a.
40 CFR, Part 60, Subpart Kb	See section A.2.o.
OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)	See section A.2.n.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to install (PTI) takes into account the use of an internal floating roof and a maximum material throughput of 32,780,000 gallons to control VOC emissions, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b The fixed roof storage tank shall be equipped with an internal floating roof.
- 2.c The automatic bleeder vents shall be closed at all times except when the roof is floated off or landed on the roof leg supports, and the rim vents, if provided, shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or is at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.d All openings, except stub drains, shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid which is to be in a closed position at all times except when in actual use for tank gauging or sampling.
- 2.e The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed

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roof. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage vessel is completely emptied or subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.

- 2.f** Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one of the following closure devices between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof:
- i.** A foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal). A liquid-mounted seal means a foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof continuously around the circumference of the tank.
 - ii.** Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous.
 - iii.** A mechanical shoe seal. A mechanical shoe seal is a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric (envelope) spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.
- 2.g** Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface.
- 2.h** Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use.
- 2.i** Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is

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being landed on the roof leg supports.

- 2.j Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.k Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening.
- 2.l Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.m Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.n OAC rule 3745-21-09(L) is not applicable because this tank does not store petroleum liquids as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01 (E)(13).
- 2.o The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall not exceed an annual material throughput rate of 32,780,000 gallons.
2. The maximum true vapor pressure of organic liquid stored in this storage tank shall not exceed 0.754 pound per square inch absolute.

C. Monitoring and/or Record keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information:
 - a. The types of petroleum liquids stored in the tank.
 - b. The maximum true vapor pressure (in pounds per square inch absolute), as stored, of each liquid that has a maximum true vapor pressure greater than 0.754 pound per square inch absolute. Available data on the storage temperature may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure as in

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the following:

- i. For vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service.
 - ii. For refined petroleum products the vapor pressure may be obtained by the following:
 - (a) Available data on the Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17), unless the Ohio EPA, NWDO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s).
 - (b) The true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 13.8 kPa or with physical properties that preclude determination by the recommended method is to be determined from available data and recorded if the estimated maximum true vapor pressure is greater than 3.5 kPa.
 - iii. For other liquids, the vapor pressure:
 - (a) May be obtained from standard reference texts, or
 - (b) Determined by ASTM Method D2879-83 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17); or
 - (c) Measured by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO; or
 - (d) Calculated by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
2. Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if

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- one is in service), prior to filling the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the owner or operator shall repair the items before filling the storage vessel.
3. For vessels equipped with a liquid-mounted or mechanical shoe primary seal, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected during inspections required in this paragraph cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from Ohio EPA, NWDO in the inspection report required in D.3. Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.
 4. For vessels equipped with a double-seal system as specified in A.2.f.ii:
 - a. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.5 at least every 5 years; or
 - b. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.3.
 5. The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in C.3 and C.4.b and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in C.4.a.
 6. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all reports and records required in D.2, D.3,

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and D.4, for at least 2 years.

7. The permittee shall keep a record of each inspection performed as required by C.2, C.3, C.4, and C.5. Each record shall identify the storage vessel on which the inspection was performed and shall contain the date the vessel was inspected and the observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings).
8. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all records required by C.2 through C.8, for at least 2 years.
9. The owner or operator shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel (shall be kept for the life of the source).
10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of (gallons per month and total gallons, to date for the calendar year) of material throughput for this emissions unit.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel for which an inspection is required by C.2 and C.5 to afford the Ohio EPA, NWDO the opportunity to have an observer present. If the inspection required by C.5 is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance or refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling.
2. The permittee shall furnish the Ohio EPA, NWDO with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m and C.2. This report shall be an attachment to the notification of the actual date of initial startup of an affected facility postmarked within 15 days after such date.
3. If any of the conditions described in C.3 are detected during the annual visual

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inspection required by C.3, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. Each report shall identify the storage vessel, the nature of the defects, and the date the storage vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made.

4. After each inspection required by C.4 that finds holes or tears in the seal or seal fabric, or defects in the internal floating roof, or other control equipment defects listed in C.4.b, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. The report shall identify the storage vessel and the reason it did not meet the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m or C.4 and list each repair made.
5. If the permittee placed, stored, or held in this emissions unit any petroleum liquid with a true vapor pressure which was greater than 0.754 pounds per square inch absolute, the permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of becoming aware of the occurrence.
6. The permittee shall submit records that summarize the total annual material throughput for this emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.1 of the terms and conditions of this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

Emission Limitation: 0.18 TPY of VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the annual allowable VOC emission limitation by rim seal loss, withdraw loss and deck fitting loss calculations as determined by U.S. EPA Tanks 4.0 program with a maximum annual material throughput of 32,780,000 gallons.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (T004) - 2 million gallon storage tank (200 proof ethanol)

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Volatile organic compounds (VOC) shall not exceed 0.18 ton per year (TPY) . See section A.2.a.
40 CFR, Part 60, Subpart Kb	See section A.2.o.
OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)	See section A.2.n.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to install (PTI) takes into account the use of an internal floating roof and a maximum material throughput of 32,780,000 gallons to control VOC emissions, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b The fixed roof storage tank shall be equipped with an internal floating roof.
- 2.c The automatic bleeder vents shall be closed at all times except when the roof is floated off or landed on the roof leg supports, and the rim vents, if provided, shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or is at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.d All openings, except stub drains, shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid which is to be in a closed position at all times except when in actual use for tank gauging or sampling.
- 2.e The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not

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necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed roof. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage vessel is completely emptied or subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.

- 2.f** Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one of the following closure devices between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof:
- i. A foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal). A liquid-mounted seal means a foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof continuously around the circumference of the tank.
 - ii. Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous.
 - iii. A mechanical shoe seal. A mechanical shoe seal is a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric (envelope) spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.
- 2.g** Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface.
- 2.h** Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use.
- 2.i** Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is

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being landed on the roof leg supports.

- 2.j** Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.k** Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening.
- 2.l** Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.m** Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.n** OAC rule 3745-21-09(L) is not applicable because this tank does not store petroleum liquids as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01 (E)(13).
- 2.o** The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

B. Operational Restrictions

- 1. The permittee shall not exceed an annual material throughput rate of 32,780,000 gallons.
- 2. The maximum true vapor pressure of organic liquid stored in this storage tank shall not exceed 0.754 pound per square inch absolute.

C. Monitoring and/or Record keeping Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information:
 - a. The types of petroleum liquids stored in the tank.
 - b. The maximum true vapor pressure (in pounds per square inch absolute), as stored, of each liquid that has a maximum true vapor pressure greater than 0.754 pound per square inch absolute. Available data on the storage

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temperature may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure as in the following:

- i. For vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service.
 - ii. For refined petroleum products the vapor pressure may be obtained by the following:
 - (a) Available data on the Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17), unless the Ohio EPA, NWDO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s).
 - (b) The true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 13.8 kPa or with physical properties that preclude determination by the recommended method is to be determined from available data and recorded if the estimated maximum true vapor pressure is greater than 3.5 kPa.
 - iii. For other liquids, the vapor pressure:
 - (a) May be obtained from standard reference texts, or
 - (b) Determined by ASTM Method D2879-83 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17); or
 - (c) Measured by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO; or
 - (d) Calculated by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
2. Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if

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- one is in service), prior to filling the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the owner or operator shall repair the items before filling the storage vessel.
3. For vessels equipped with a liquid-mounted or mechanical shoe primary seal, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected during inspections required in this paragraph cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from Ohio EPA, NWDO in the inspection report required in D.3. Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.
 4. For vessels equipped with a double-seal system as specified in A.2.f.ii:
 - a. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.5 at least every 5 years; or
 - b. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.3.
 5. The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in C.3 and C.4.b and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in C.4.a.

Emissions Unit ID: T004

6. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all reports and records required in D.2, D.3, and D.4, for at least 2 years.
7. The permittee shall keep a record of each inspection performed as required by C.2, C.3, C.4, and C.5. Each record shall identify the storage vessel on which the inspection was performed and shall contain the date the vessel was inspected and the observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings).
8. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all records required by C.2 through C.8, for at least 2 years.
9. The owner or operator shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel (shall be kept for the life of the source).
10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of (gallons per month and total gallons, to date for the calendar year) of material throughput for this emissions unit.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel for which an inspection is required by C.2 and C.5 to afford the Ohio EPA, NWDO the opportunity to have an observer present. If the inspection required by C.5 is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance or refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling.
2. The permittee shall furnish the Ohio EPA, NWDO with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m and C.2. This report shall be an attachment to the notification of the actual date of initial startup of an affected facility postmarked within 15 days after such date.
3. If any of the conditions described in C.3 are detected during the annual visual

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inspection required by C.3, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. Each report shall identify the storage vessel, the nature of the defects, and the date the storage vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made.

4. After each inspection required by C.4 that finds holes or tears in the seal or seal fabric, or defects in the internal floating roof, or other control equipment defects listed in C.4.b, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. The report shall identify the storage vessel and the reason it did not meet the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m or C.4 and list each repair made.
5. If the permittee placed, stored, or held in this emissions unit any petroleum liquid with a true vapor pressure which was greater than 0.754 pounds per square inch absolute, the permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of becoming aware of the occurrence.
6. The permittee shall submit records that summarize the total annual material throughput for this emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.1 of the terms and conditions of this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

Emission Limitation: 0.18 TPY of VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the annual allowable VOC emission limitation by rim seal loss, withdraw loss and deck fitting loss calculations as determined by U.S. EPA Tanks 4.0 program with a maximum annual material throughput of 32,780,000 gallons.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Emissions Unit ID: T005

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)**A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment - (T005) - 126,900 gallon storage tank (denaturant)

Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) (Chapter 31 modification of PTI 03-17156 issued December 5, 2006)	Volatile organic compounds (VOC) shall not exceed 0.99 ton per year (TPY).
40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb	See sections A.2.b through A.2.m.
OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)	See section A.2.n.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a This permit to install (PTI) takes into account the use of a ventless delivery system for the unloading of gasoline to this storage tank , an internal floating roof and a maximum material throughput of 1,654,776 gallons to control VOC emissions, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- 2.b The fixed roof storage tank shall be equipped with an internal floating roof.
- 2.c The automatic bleeder vents shall be closed at all times except when the roof is floated off or landed on the roof leg supports, and the rim vents, if provided, shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or is at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.d All openings, except stub drains, shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid which is to be in a closed position at all times except when in actual use for tank gauging or sampling.
- 2.e The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed

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roof. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage vessel is completely emptied or subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.

- 2.f** Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one of the following closure devices between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof:
- i. A foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal). A liquid-mounted seal means a foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof continuously around the circumference of the tank.
 - ii. Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous.
 - iii. A mechanical shoe seal. A mechanical shoe seal is a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric (envelope) spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.
- 2.g** Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface.
- 2.h** Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use.
- 2.i** Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is

Emissions Unit ID: T005

being landed on the roof leg supports.

- 2.j Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- 2.k Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening.
- 2.l Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.m Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover.
- 2.n OAC rule 3745-21-09(L) is not applicable because this tank does not store petroleum liquids as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01 (E)(13).
- 2.o The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall not exceed an annual material throughput rate of 1,654,776 gallons.
2. The maximum true vapor pressure of organic liquid stored in this storage tank shall not exceed 11.11 pound per square inch absolute.

C. Monitoring and/or Record keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information:
 - a. The types of petroleum liquids stored in the tank.
 - b. The maximum true vapor pressure (in pounds per square inch absolute), as stored, of each liquid that has a maximum true vapor pressure greater than 11.11 pound per square inch absolute. Available data on the storage temperature may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure as in

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the following:

- i. For vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service.
 - ii. For refined petroleum products the vapor pressure may be obtained by the following:
 - (a) Available data on the Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17), unless the Ohio EPA, NWDO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s).
 - (b) The true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 13.8 kPa or with physical properties that preclude determination by the recommended method is to be determined from available data and recorded if the estimated maximum true vapor pressure is greater than 3.5 kPa.
 - iii. For other liquids, the vapor pressure:
 - (a) May be obtained from standard reference texts, or
 - (b) Determined by ASTM Method D2879-83 (incorporated by reference--see Sec. 60.17); or
 - (c) Measured by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO; or
 - (d) Calculated by an appropriate method approved by the Ohio EPA, NWDO.
2. Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if

Emissions Unit ID: T005

- one is in service), prior to filling the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the owner or operator shall repair the items before filling the storage vessel.
3. For vessels equipped with a liquid-mounted or mechanical shoe primary seal, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected during inspections required in this paragraph cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the Ohio EPA, NWDO in the inspection report required in D.3. Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.
 4. For vessels equipped with a double-seal system as specified in A.2.f.ii:
 - a. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.5 at least every 5 years; or
 - b. The permittee shall visually inspect the vessel as specified in C.3.
 5. The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in C.3 and C.4.b and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in C.4.a.
 6. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all reports and records required in D.2, D.3,

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and D.4, for at least 2 years.

7. The permittee shall keep a record of each inspection performed as required by C.2, C.3, C.4, and C.5. Each record shall identify the storage vessel on which the inspection was performed and shall contain the date the vessel was inspected and the observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings).
8. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all records required by C.2 through C.8, for at least 2 years.
9. The owner or operator shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel (shall be kept for the life of the source).
10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of (gallons per month and total gallons, to date for the calendar year) of material throughput for this emissions unit.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel for which an inspection is required by C.2 and C.5 to afford the Ohio EPA, NWDO the opportunity to have an observer present. If the inspection required by C.5 is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance or refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Ohio EPA, NWDO at least 7 days prior to the refilling.
2. The permittee shall furnish the Ohio EPA, NWDO with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m and C.2. This report shall be an attachment to the notification of the actual date of initial startup of an affected facility postmarked within 15 days after such date.
3. If any of the conditions described in C.3 are detected during the annual visual

Emissions Unit ID: T005

inspection required by C.3, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. Each report shall identify the storage vessel, the nature of the defects, and the date the storage vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made.

4. After each inspection required by C.4 that finds holes or tears in the seal or seal fabric, or defects in the internal floating roof, or other control equipment defects listed in C.4.b, a report shall be furnished to the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of the inspection. The report shall identify the storage vessel and the reason it did not meet the specifications of A.2.e through A.2.m or C.4 and list each repair made.
5. If the permittee placed, stored, or held in this emissions unit any petroleum liquid with a true vapor pressure which was greater than 11.11 pounds per square inch absolute, the permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA, NWDO within 30 days of becoming aware of the occurrence.
6. The permittee shall submit records that summarize the total annual material throughput for this emissions unit. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar year.

E. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.1 of the terms and conditions of this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

Emission Limitation: 0.99 TPY of VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the annual allowable VOC emission limitation by rim seal loss, withdraw loss and deck fitting loss calculations as determined by U.S. EPA Tanks 4.0 program with a maximum annual material throughput of 1,654,776 gallons.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 1-03-006-01 EMISSIONS UNIT ID B001
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION 143 mmBtu/hr natural gas fired boiler with low NOx burners
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter	attainment	1.1	4.8		
PM ₁₀	attainment			1.1	4.8
Sulfur Dioxide	attainment	0.08	0.35		
Organic Compounds	attainment	0.77	3.37		
Nitrogen Oxides	attainment	5.01	21.94	0.035 lb/mmbtu	21.92
Carbon Monoxide	attainment	5.72	25.10	5.72 lbs/hr	25.1
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? **Db** _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?
Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____
 OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: T005

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 1-03-006-01 EMISSIONS UNIT ID B002
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION 143 mmBtu/hr natural gas fired boiler with low Nox burners
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter	attainment	1.1	4.8		
PM ₁₀	attainment			1.1	4.8
Sulfur Dioxide	attainment	0.08	0.35		
Organic Compounds	attainment	0.77	3.37		
Nitrogen Oxides	attainment	5.01	21.94	0.035 lb/mmbtu	21.92
Carbon Monoxide	attainment	5.72	25.10	5.72 lbs/hr	25.1
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? **Db** _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: T005

SIC CODE SCC CODE EMISSIONS UNIT ID
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION
 DATE INSTALLED

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter	attainment				15.46
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? NESHAP? PSD? OFFSET POLICY?

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY?

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? YES NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS:

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

Issued: 5/29/2008

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID J001
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION ethanol and gasoline loading operations
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	attainment				5.43
Nitrogen Oxides	attainment		1.18		
Carbon Monoxide	attainment		2.96		
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: T005

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-02-007-43 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P001
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION grain handling and surge/storage bin
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀	attainment			0.004 gr/dscf	0.38
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? **DD** PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? no
 OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES x NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

Issued: **5/29/2008**

SIC CODE SCC CODE EMISSIONS UNIT ID
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION
 DATE INSTALLED

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀	attainment			0.004 gr/dscf	9.02 for P002, P003, P004, P005, & P006
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? NESHAP? PSD? OFFSET POLICY?

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY?

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? YES NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS:

POET Biorefining - Leipsic
PTI Application: 03-17416
Issued: 5/29/2008

Facility ID: 0369000051

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P003
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION hammermill no. 2
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀	attainment			0.004 gr/dscf	9.02 for P002, P003, P004, P005, & P006
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P004
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION hammermill no. 3
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀	attainment			0.004 gr/dscf	9.02 for P002, P003, P004, P005, & P006
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

POET Biorefining - Leipsic
PTI Application: 03-17416
Issued: 5/29/2008

Facility ID: 0369000051

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P005
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION hammermill no. 4
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀	attainment			0.004 gr/dscf	9.02 for P002, P003, P004, P005, & P006
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

POET Biorefining - Leipsic
PTI Application: 03-17416
Issued: 5/29/2008

Facility ID: 0369000051

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P006
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION hammermill no. 5
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀	attainment			0.004 gr/dscf	9.02 for P002, P003, P004, P005, & P006
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

Issued: **5/29/2008**

SIC CODE SCC CODE EMISSIONS UNIT ID
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION
 DATE INSTALLED

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter	attainment				
PM ₁₀	attainment			6.90	30.22
Sulfur Dioxide	attainment	0.09	0.39		
Organic Compounds	attainment			10.34	50.29
Nitrogen Oxides	attainment			11.0	48.20
Carbon Monoxide	attainment			10.47	45.86
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? NESHAP?**VV, DD** PSD? OFFSET POLICY?

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY?

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT?

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? YES NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS:

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-10 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P008
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION dryer no. 1 (60 mmBtu/hr natural gas fired) controlled with a regenerative thermal oxidizer
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter	attainment				
PM ₁₀	attainment			6.90	30.22
Sulfur Dioxide	attainment	0.09	0.39		
Organic Compounds	attainment			10.34	50.29
Nitrogen Oxides	attainment			11.0	48.20
Carbon Monoxide	attainment			10.47	45.86
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

Issued: **5/29/2008**

SIC CODE SCC CODE EMISSIONS UNIT ID
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION
 DATE INSTALLED

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter	attainment				
PM ₁₀	attainment			6.90	30.22
Sulfur Dioxide	attainment	0.09	0.39		
Organic Compounds	attainment			10.34	50.29
Nitrogen Oxides	attainment			11.0	48.20
Carbon Monoxide	attainment			10.47	45.86
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? NESHAP? PSD? OFFSET POLICY?

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY?

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT?

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? YES NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS:

POET Biorefining - Leipsic
PTI Application: 03-17416
Issued: 5/29/2008

Facility ID: 0369000051

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P010
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION cooling and storage of DDGS
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀	attainment			0.004 grdscf	4.78
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	attainment			5.0	21.90
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: T005

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 2-88-888-01 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P011
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION cooling tower
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀	attainment			1.63	7.14
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

Issued: **5/29/2008**

SIC CODE SCC CODE EMISSIONS UNIT ID
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION
 DATE INSTALLED

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter	attainment			0.062 lb/mmBtu of actual heat input	0.02
PM ₁₀	attainment			PM10 = PM	
Sulfur Dioxide	attainment			10.68	0.53
Organic Compounds	attainment			0.93	0.05
Nitrogen Oxides	attainment			53.27	2.66
Carbon Monoxide	attainment			1.16	0.06
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? NESHAP? PSD? OFFSET POLICY?

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

POET Biorefining - Leipsic
PTI Application: 03-17416
Issued: 5/29/2008

Facility ID: 0369000051

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P801
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION fugitive VOC emissions
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	attainment				10.10
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? **VV,** PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

Issued: **5/29/2008**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P901
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION grain receiving, transferring, conveying and storage
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter	attainment				12.30 fugitive
PM ₁₀	attainment			0.004 gr/dscf	3.52 (901 & P902 combined) 4.03 fugitive
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? **DD** PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID P902
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION DDGS loadout
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter	attainment				4.33 (fugitive)
PM ₁₀	attainment				3.52 (901 & P902 combined)
Sulfur Dioxide					1.46 (fugitive)
Organic Compounds					
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID T001
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION 250,000 gallon storage tank (190 proof ethanol tank)
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	attainment				0.38
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? **Db, VV, Kb, DD** PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

Issued: **5/29/2008**

SIC CODE SCC CODE EMISSIONS UNIT ID
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION
 DATE INSTALLED

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	attainment				1.65
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? NESHAP? **Kb** PSD? OFFSET POLICY?

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY?

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? YES NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS:

POET Biorefining - Leipsic
PTI Application: 03-17416
Issued: 5/29/2008

Facility ID: 0369000051

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID T003
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION 2 million gallon storage tank (200 proof ethanol)
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	attainment				0.18
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? **Kb** PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

Issued: **5/29/2008**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID T004
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION 2 million gallon storage tank (200 proof ethanol)
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	attainment				0.18
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? **Kb,** _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____

POET Biorefining - Leipsic
PTI Application: 03-17416
Issued: 5/29/2008

Facility ID: 0369000051

Emissions Unit ID: **T005**

SIC CODE 2869 SCC CODE 3-01-250-99 EMISSIONS UNIT ID T005
 EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION 2 million gallon storage tank (denaturant)
 DATE INSTALLED 12/10/2007

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	attainment				0.99
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? _____ NESHAP? **Kb,** _____ PSD? _____ OFFSET POLICY? _____

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? _____

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$ _____

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? _____ YES _____ NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: _____