Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
John R. Kasich, Governor
Mary Taylor, Lt. Governor
Scott J. Nally, Director

Certified Mail

10/25/2012

DAN CRAGO
VALLEY ASPHALT CORP 26 - P909
11641 MOSTELLER RD
CINCINNATI, OH 45241

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR NSR
No	CEMS
No	MACT/GACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
No	MODELING SUBMITTED
Yes	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID TITLE V
Yes	FEDERALLY ENFORCABLE PTIO (FEPTIO)
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR GHG

RE: FINALAIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 1431984190
Permit Number: P0111392
Permit Type: Renewal
County: Brown

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate (PTIO) which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully. Please complete a survey at www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc/permitsurvey.aspx and give us feedback on your permitting experience. We value your opinion.

The issuance of this PTI is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of $70.00, made payable to “Ohio Treasurer Josh Mandel," which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General’s Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions, please contact Southwest Ohio Air Quality Agency at (513)946-7777or the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469. This permit can be accessed electronically on the DAPCWeb page,www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc, by clicking the "Issued Air Pollution Control Permits" link.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern

Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: Portsmouth

Ohio | Environmental Protection Agency

FINAL

Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
VALLEY ASPHALT CORP 26 - P909

Facility ID:	1431984190
Permit Number:	P0111392
Permit Type:	Renewal
Issued:	10/25/2012
Effective:	10/25/2012
Expiration:	10/25/2017

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
VALLEY ASPHALT CORP 26 - P909

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Authorization

Facility ID: 1431984190
Application Number(s): A0045775
Permit Number: P0111392
Permit Description: FEPTIO Renewal permit for P909: portable drum mix asphalt plant.
Permit Type: Renewal
Permit Fee: $0.00
Issue Date: 10/25/2012
Effective Date: 10/25/2012
Expiration Date: 10/25/2017
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

VALLEY ASPHALT CORP 26 - P909
14722 Bodman Road
Mt. Orab, OH 41360

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Southwest Ohio Air Quality Agency
250 William Howard Taft Rd.
Cincinnati, OH 45219
(513)946-7777

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s))listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Scott J. Nally
Director

Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0111392
Permit Description: FEPTIO Renewal permit for P909: portable drum mix asphalt plant.

Permits for the following Emissions Unit(s) or groups of Emissions Units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:	**P909**
Company Equipment ID:	Portable Asphalt Plant
Superseded Permit Number:	P0100406
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable

A. Standard Terms and Conditions

1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. What records must I keep under this permit?

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. Unless otherwise specified, facilities subject to one or more synthetic minor restrictions must use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" to submit annual emissions associated with this permit requirement.Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is

very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is takenby Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.

10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Southwest Ohio Air Quality Agency in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting[1] a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emissions unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

[1]Permittees that use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" can mark the affected emissions unit(s) as "permanently shutdown" in the facility profile along with the date the emissions unit(s) was permanently removed and/or disabled. Submitting the facility profile update will constitute notifying of the permanent shutdown of the affected emissions unit(s).

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions

This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

(1) None.

b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

(1) None.

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions

1. P909, Portable Asphalt Plant

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Portable Asphalt Plant

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. d)(9)

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. b)(1)b., b)(2)a, d)(1)b., d)(1)c., e)(1), f)(1)e. and f)(2)

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures are identified below. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	The Particulate Emissions (PE) from the stack shall not exceed 22.9 lbs/hr. Fugitive PE shall not exceed 9.6 lbs/hr. Particulate Matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10) from the stack shall not exceed 6.87 lbs/hr. Fugitive Particulate Matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10) shall not exceed 8.64 lbs/hr. The Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 23.2 lbs/hr.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		The Nitrogen Oxide (NOx) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 24.6 lbs/hr. The Carbon Monoxide (CO) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 52.0 lbs/hr. The Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 12.8 lbs/hr. Visible emissions of dust from the fabric filter exhaust stack shall not exceed 10 percent opacity, as a 6- minute average except as provided by rule. The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of NSPS 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart I, OAC rule 3745-31-05(D), OAC rule 3745-17-07(B) and OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)
b.	OAC rule 3754-31-05(D)	Particulate Emissions (PE) from this emissions unit (fugitive and stack combined) shall not exceed 15.2 tons/yr based on a rolling, 12 month summation of the monthly emissions. Particulate Matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10) emissions (fugitive and stack combined) shall not exceed 10.3 tons/yrbased on a rolling, 12 month summation of the monthly emissions. Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 23.2 tons/yrbased on a rolling, 12 month summation of the monthly emissions. Nitrogen Oxide (NOx) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 24.6 tons/yrbased on a rolling, 12 month summation of the monthly emissions.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		Carbon Monoxide (CO) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 52.0 tons/yr tons/yrbased on a rolling, 12 month summation of the monthly emissions. Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 12.8 tons/yrbased on a rolling, 12 month summation of the monthly emissions. See (2)a. below.
c.	NSPS 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart I	Particulate emissions from the stack shall not exceed 0.04 grains per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gases.
d.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A) and OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	The emission limitation specified in these rules are less stringent than the emission limitation specified in OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)
e.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B) (applicable only if this emission unit is located in an area identified in Appendix A of OAC rule 3745-17-08)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust from any fugitive dust emissions point shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, as a 3-minute average.
f.	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B) (applicable only if this emission unit is located in an area identified in Appendix A of OAC rule 3745-17-08)	The drop height of the front end loader bucket shall be minimized to the extent possible to minimize or eliminate visible emissions of fugitive dust from the cold feed bins and recycled material (RAP) bin. See b)(2)f.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The maximum annual asphalt production rate for this emissions unit shall not exceed 800,000 tons, based upon a rolling, 12-monthly summation of the production rates.

b. This emissions unit has been approved to use recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) in the raw material feed mix in amounts not to exceed 50 per cent of all aggregate materials on an hourly basis. The permittee shall not substitute raw materials for the aggregate such as shingles, slag, rubber, etc. without prior approval from Ohio EPA.

c. Each shipment of used oil burned in this emissions unit shall be "on-specification" (on-spec) oil and shall meet the used oil specifications contained in OAC rule 3745-279-11. The permittee shall determine that the used fuel oil meets these specifications by performing analyses or obtaining copies of analyses or other information from the supplier documenting that the used fuel oil does not exceed (except for flash point which shall not fall below) the following limitations:

Contaminant/Property	**Allowable Specifications**
arsenic	5 ppm, maximum
cadmium	2 ppm, maximum
chromium	10 ppm, maximum
total halogens	less than 1,000 ppm; or 4,000 ppm maximum if the presumption that the used oil contains hazardous waste is rebutted, as described below
lead	100 ppm, maximum
flash point	100°F, minimum

and shall also not exceed the following maximum PCB and mercury limitations nor fall below the following heating value:

heat content	135,000 Btu/gallon, minimum
PCB's	less than 2 ppm
mercury	1 ppm, maximum

* Used oil containing more than 1,000 ppm total halogens is presumed to be a hazardous waste under the rebuttable presumption provided under paragraph (B)(1) of rule 3745-279-10 of the Administrative Code. The permittee may receive and burn used oil exceeding 1,000 ppm total halogens (but less than 4,000 ppm maximum) only if the permittee has demonstrated that the used oil does not contain any hazardous waste pursuant to OAC rule 3745-279-10(B).

d. The burning of used oil not meeting the above limitations is prohibited in this emissions unit. The management and burning of used oil is subject to the Standards for the Management of Used Oil, OAC Chapter 3745-279, and the permittee shall document and assure that used oils burned in this emissions unit meet all of the applicable requirements of this Chapter.

e. The permittee may not receive or burn any used oil which does not meet the specifications listed in this permit without first obtaining a permit to install that authorizes the burning of such used oil.

f. The aggregate loaded into the storage bins shall have a moisture content sufficient to minimize or eliminate the visible emissions of fugitive dust from the elevator and the transfer point to the dryer.

g. The application and enforcement of the provisions of the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), as promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, 40 CFR Part 60, are delegated to the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. The requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 are also federally enforceable.

h. Compliance with OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the use of the fabric filter, maintaining the aggregate in a moist condition, compliance with the visible emission limitations and compliance with the production limitation.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) The emissions from this emissions unit shall be vented to the fabric filter at all times the emissions unit is in operation.

(2) To ensure the fabric filter is operated according to the manufacturer's specifications and to maintain compliance with the allowable particulate emission rate, a pressure drop across the fabric filter of not less than 3 or greater than 6 inches of water shall be maintained at all times while the emissions unit is in operation.

(3) The maximum asphaltic concrete production rate from this plant shall not exceed 400 tons per hour. This production rate is based on the emissions unit's maximum potential capacity, therefore no hourly records are required.

(4) The permittee may substitute reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) in amounts not to exceed 50 percent of all aggregate materials in the raw material feed mix on an hourly basis.

(5) The permittee may not receive or burn any #2 fuel oil and/or used oil which has a sulfur content greater than 0.5 percent.

(7) The permittee shall only burn natural gas, No. 2 fuel oil, and/or on-spec used oil in this emissions unit. In order to use a fuel on an ongoing basis, the permittee shall complete the emissions testing for that fuel.

(8) The permittee shall operate and maintain the fuel burner in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations to ensure efficient combustion of the fuel(s) and to ensure compliance with the applicable emission limitations for VOC, CO and NOx. The permittee shall submit a copy of all *Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants* forms produced during the past calendar year to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for the permitting of the facility with the PER.

(9) The Director or any authorized representative of the Director may require or may conduct periodic, detailed chemical analyses through an independent laboratory of any used oil shipment received by this facility, of any used oil stored at this facility, or of any used oil sampled at the process employing the used oil as fuel, or of any storage tanks at this facility. Additionally, this facility shall provide a plan for documenting that the used oil does not contain any hazardous waste as specified under 40 CFR Parts 261 and 279.

The facility shall notify the USEPA and the Ohio EPA that the used oil being burned exceeds used oil specifications. Before this facility accepts the first shipment of off-specification used oil from a marketer, this facility must provide the marketer a one-time written and signed notice certifying that:

a. the facility has notified USEPA of its used oil management activities and the notice included the location and description of those activities; and

b. the facility will burn the used oil only in an industrial furnace or boiler identified in accordance with 40 CFR Part 279.

A copy of each certification notice that this facility sends to a marketer must be kept on file for a minimum of 5 years from the date it last received off-specification used oil from that marketer. The facility shall also submit a copy of each certification notice to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following information:

a. the production rate for each month;

b. the rolling, 12-month summation of the production rates;

c. the rolling, 12-month summation of the PE, SO2, NOx, CO and VOC emissions; and

d. The maximum percentage of RAP used for any mix type.

(2) The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop, in inches of water, across the baghouse when the controlled emissions unit is in operation, including periods of startup and shutdown. The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s).

In order to maintain compliance with the applicable emission limitations contained in this permit, the acceptable range established for the pressure drop across the baghouse is between 3 to 6 inches of water.

(3) Whenever the monitored value for the pressure drop deviates from the limit or range established in accordance with this permit, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation:

a. the date and time the deviation began;

b. the magnitude of the deviation at that time;

c. the date the investigation was conducted;

d. the name(s) of the personnel who conducted the investigation; and

e. the findings and recommendations.

(4) In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable range specified in this permit, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken:

a. a description of the corrective action

b. the date corrective action was completed;

c. the date and time the deviation ended;

d. the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation;

e. the pressure drop readings immediately after the corrective action was implemented; and

f. the name(s) of the personnel who performed the work.

Investigation and records required by this paragraph do not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred. This range or limit on the pressure drop across the baghouse is effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The permittee may request revisions to the permitted limit or range for the pressure drop based upon information obtained during future testing that demonstrate compliance with the allowable particulate emission rate for the controlled emissions unit. In addition, approved revisions to the range or limit will not constitute a relaxation of the monitoring requirements of this permit and may be incorporated into this permit by means of an administrative modification.

(5) The permittee shall receive and maintain the chemical analyses from the supplier/marketer for each shipment of used oil burned in this emissions unit, which shall contain the following information:

a. the date the used oil was received at the facility;

b. the name, address, and U.S. EPA identification number (if applicable) of the generator, transporter, processor/re-finer, supplier, and/or marketer;

c. the results of the chemical analyses demonstrating that the used oil meets the standards in OAC rule 3745-279-11 for the following and does not contain quantifiable levels of PCBs:

   i. the arsenic content, in ppm;

   ii. the cadmium content, in ppm;

   iii. the chromium content, in ppm;

   iv. the lead content, in ppm;

   v. total halogens, in ppm;

   vi. the PCB content, in ppm; and

   vii. the flash point

d. the analysis demonstrating that the used oil has a total halogen content below 1,000 ppm, or below 4,000 ppm with the demonstration for the rebuttal of the presumption that the oil is hazardous waste or has been mixed with hazardous waste, as described in OAC rule 3745-279-10(B); and

e. the results of the analyses demonstrating that the used oil meets the heating value and mercury limitation contained in this permit per term and condition b)(2)d.

f. The metal contents for arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, and mercury shall be analyzed using a "Totals Analysis" or Total Metals" testing methodology, Chapter Two of "Testing Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods (SW-846)" should be referenced to for selecting appropriate test methods for the used oil analyses. Under no circumstances shall the metal contents of the used oil be analyzed using "TCLP", "EP-TOC", or other similar testing procedures, since these tests were developed to gauge leachate mobility from a landfill, of which is an irrelevant property of the used oil burned for energy recovery.

   Each analysis shall be kept in a readily accessible location for a period of not less than 5 years following the receipt of each shipment of used oil and shall be made available to the Ohio EPA Division of Hazardous Waste Management and/or the Division of Air Pollution Control (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) upon verbal or written request. Any authorized representative of the Ohio EPA may sample or require sampling of any used oil shipments received, stored, or burned by/at this facility for periodic detailed chemical analyses, through an independent laboratory.

(6) For each shipment of No. 2 fuel oil and on-spec used oil received for burning in this emissions unit, the permittee shall maintain records of the total quantity of oil received and the permittees or oil supplier's analyses for sulfur content and heat content.

(7) The permittee shall perform burner tuning in accordance with term f)(2). While performing each burner tuning, the permittee shall record the results of the burner tuning using the *Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants* form (as found in term g)(4)). An alternative form may be used upon approval of the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The burner tuning form shall be submitted as part of the permittee's PER submission.

(8) Each record of burner tuning shall be kept in a readily accessible location and shall be made available to the Ohio EPA Division of Air Pollution Control (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) upon verbal or written request.

(9) The permit to install for this emissions unit (P909) was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. The Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted by this emissions unit using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model (or other Ohio EPA approved model). The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC).

The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutant(s):

Pollutant: Formaldehyde

TLV (ug/m3): 0.37

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 1.44

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 3.73

MAGLC (ug/m3): 5.29

Physical changes to or in the method of operation of the emissions unit after it's installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxics Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:

a. changes in the composition of the materials used (typically for coatings or cleanup materials), or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the lowest TLV value previously modeled;

b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled: and

c. physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to the emissions of any type of toxic air contaminant not previously emitted, and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required, even if the toxic air contaminant emissions are greater than the de minimis level in OAC rule 3745-15-05. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition, then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will satisfy the Air Toxic Policy:"

a. a description of the parameters changed(composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);

b. documentation of it's evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and

c. when the computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:

a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the Potential to Emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:

i. allexceedances of the rolling,12-month annual asphalt production rate of 800,000 tons per year based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the production rates.

ii. all exceedances of the rolling 12-month total PE, PM10, SO_2, NOx, VOC and CO emission limitations; and

iii. allexceedances of the fuel sulfur content limitation.

b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);

c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and

d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted electronically through OEPA Air Services each year by the thirty-first of January (covering October to December), the thirtieth of April (covering January to March), the thirty-first of July (covering April to June), and the thirty-first of October (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the director (the appropriate district office or local air agency).

(2) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the Director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

(3) The permittee shall identify in the annual permit evaluation report the following information concerning the operations of the baghouse during the 12-month reporting period for this emissions unit:

a. each period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the pressure drop across the baghouse was outside of the acceptable range;

b. any period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the emissions unit(s) was/were in operation and the process emissions were not vented to the baghouse;

c. each incident of deviation described in a. (above) where a prompt investigation was not conducted;

d. each incident of deviation described in a.where prompt corrective action, that would bring the pressure drop into compliance with the acceptable range, was determined to be necessary and was not taken; and

e. each incident of deviation described in a.where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action(s), as identified in the monitoring and record keeping requirements of this permit.

(4) The permittee shall notify the U.S. EPA and the Ohio EPA Division of Hazardous Waste Management and the local air agency, in writing and within 30 days, of burning any used oil exceeding the limitations found in OAC rule 3745-279-11 and/or any incident or occurrence of non-compliance with any other applicable requirement of OAC Chapter 3745-279 and/or 40 CFR part 761 (as specified in term b)(2)d; and shall also notify the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, within the same amount of time, if any oil is/was burned which exceeds the mercury limitation of 1 ppm and/or is documented as having a heating value of less than 135,000 Btu/gallon.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements specified in section b) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

0.04 gr/dscf of exhaust gas;

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the applicable emission limitations shall be determined by the observed emission rate from the most recent emission testing.

The emissions testing was conducted on 7/31/2008 and showed compliance with the allowable emissions rate.

b. Emission Limitations:

PE shall not exceed 22 lbs/hr and 0.04 grain PE/ dscf; PM_{10} shall not exceed 6.87 lbs/hr; SO_2 emissions shall not exceed 23.2 lbs/hr; NO_X emissions shall not exceed 24.6 lbs/hr; CO emissions shall not exceed 52 lbs/hr; and VOC emissions shall not exceed 12.8 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:

i. The emission testing shall be conducted within approximately 2.5 years after permit issuance and within approximately 6 months prior to the permit expiration.

ii. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rates for PE, VOC, CO, NO_X and SO_2 for the primary fuel. Prior to secondary fuel emissions testing, the permittee shall consult the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency to determine which pollutants should be tested.

iii. The following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s) for:

PE, Methods 1-5 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

NO_X, Methods 1-4 and 7 or 7E of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

SO_2, Methods 1-4 and 6 or 6C of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A

CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A

VOC, Methods 1-4 and 25 and/or 18 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A

Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.

iv. The test(s) shall be conducted while this emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity and burning natural gas, number 2 fuel oil, number 4 fuel oil or on-spec used oil for PE, VOC, CO, NO_X and SO_2 and employing RAP to verify VOC emissions, unless otherwise specified or approved by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

c. Emission Limitation:

The PE emissions from the stack of this emissions unit shall not exceed 22.9 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The hourly PE emission limitation is based on the NSPS limit of 0.04 grains per dry standard cubic foot and was calculated using the following equation:

0.04 grains/dry standard ft3 x 66,800 ft3/min x lb/7000 grains x 60 minutes/hour = 22.9 lbs PE/hr.

d. Emission Limitation:

Fugitive Particulate Emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 9.6 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The hourly fugitive PE emission limitation is based on emission factors from RACM 2.21-1 and a control efficiency of 96 % for handling wet aggregate. The emissions were calculated using the following equation:

400 tons of aggregate/hr x 0.6 lbs of fugitive PE/ton of aggregate x (1-.96) = 9.6 lbs of fugitive PE/hr.

e. Emission Limitations:

The PE emissions from this emissions unit (fugitive and stack combined) shall not exceed 15.2 tons/year based on a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly emissions.

PM10 emissions shall not exceed 10.3 tons/yr (fugitive and stack combined) based on a rolling 12-month summation.

The CO emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 52 tons/yr based on a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly emissions.

The NOx emissions from this emission unit shall not exceed 24.6 tons/year based on a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly emissions.

The SO2 emissions from this emission unit shall not exceed 23.2 tons/year based on a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly emissions.

The VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 12.8 tons/year based on a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly emissions.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Rolling 12-month emission limitations were calculated using the following equations:

For PE -The annual combined (fugitive and stack) PE emission limitation is based on an emission factor of 0.014 lb/ton from AP-42 Table 11.1-3 for fabric filter (3/04) and on an emission factors from RACM 2.21-1 of 0.6 lb/ton and a control efficiency of 96 % for handling wet aggregate.

(800,000 tons of aggregate/year x 0.014 lb of stack PE/ton of aggregate) +[(800,000 tons of aggregate/year x 0.6 lb of fugitive PE/ton of aggregate) x (1-.96)] x ton/2000 lbs = 15.2 TPY PE.

For PM10 -The annual combined (fugitive and stack) PE emission limitation is based on an emission factor from AP-42 Table 11.1-3 for fabric filter (3/04) and on an emission factors from RACM 2.21-1 of 0.54 lb/ton and a control efficiency of 96 % for handling wet aggregate.

PM10 emissions are 30% of PE emissions (AP-42 Table 11.1-4(3/04).

800,000 tons of aggregate/year x 0.014 lb of stack PE/ton of aggregate x 0.30 lbs of PM10/lbs of PE) + [800,000 tons of aggregate/year x 0.54 lb of fugitive PM10/ton of aggregate x (1-.96)] x ton/2000 lbs = 10.3 TPY PM10.

For CO - The annual CO emissions limitation was calculated using an emission factor from AP-42 Table 11.1-7(3/04):

800,000 tons of aggregate/yr x 0.13 lb CO/ton aggregate x ton/2000 lbs = 52 TPY of CO

For NOx - The annual NOx emissions limitation was based on an emission factor from the most recent stack test (7/31/08) + 15%

800,000 tons of aggregate/yr x 0.0615 lbNOx/ton aggregate x ton/2000 lbs = 24.6 TPY of NOx.

For SO2 - The annual SO2 emissions calculated using an emission factor from AP-42 Table 11.1-7(3/04).

800,000 tons of aggregate/yr x 0.058 lb SO2/ton aggregate x ton/2000 lbs = 23.2 TPY of SO2

For VOC - The annual VOC emissions limitation was calculated using an emission factor from AP-42 Table 11.1-8 (3/04) using the following equation:

800,000 tons of aggregate/yr x 0.032 lb VOC/ton aggregate x ton/2000 lbs = 12.8 TPY of VOC

f. Emission Limitation:

Fugitive Particulate matter emissions less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10) shall not exceed 8.64 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The hourly fugitive PM10 emissions limitation is based on emission factors from RACM 2.21-1 and a control efficiency of 96 % for handling wet aggregate. The emissions were calculated using the following equation:

400 tons of aggregate/hr x 0.54 lbs of fugitive PM10/ton of aggregate x (1-.96) = 8.64 lbs of fugitive PM10/hr.

g. Emission Limitation:

PM10 emissions from the stack shall not exceed 6.87 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

According to AP42 Table 11.1-6 PM10 emissions are 30% of PE emissions.

22.9 lbs of PE/hr x 0.30 = 6.87 lbs of PM10/hr.

h. Emissions Limitation:

Carbon Monoxide (CO) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 52 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The hourly CO emissions limitation was calculated using an emission factor from AP-42 Table 11.1-7(3/04) and the following equation:

400 tons of aggregate/hr x 0.13 lb CO/ton = 22.4 lbs of CO/hr.

i. Emissions Limitation:

The NOx emissions from this emission unit shall not exceed 24.6 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The hourly NOx emission limitation was based on an emission factor from the most recent stack test + 15%

400 tons/hr x 0.0615 lbNOx/ ton aggregate = 24.6 lbs/hrNOx.

j. Emissions Limitation:

The SO2 emissions from this emission unit shall not exceed 23.2 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The hourly SO2 emissions limitation was calculated using an emission factor from AP-42 Table 11.1-7(3/04) and the following equation:

400 tons of aggregate/hr x 0.058 lb SO2/ton = 23.2 lbs of SO2/hr.

k. The VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 12.8 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The hourly VOC emissions limitation was calculated using an emission factor from AP-42 Table 11.1-8 (3/04) and the following equation:

400 tons of aggregate/hr x 0.0.032 lb VOC/ton = 12.8 lbs of OC/hr.

l. Emission Limitation:

10% opacity visible emissions as a 6-minute average (for stack emissions)

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through visible emission evaluations performed using the methods and procedures specified in Reference Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, and 40 CFR 60.675(c).

m. Emission Limitation:

20% opacity visible emissions as a 3-minute average (for fugitive emissions)

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined through visible emission evaluations performed using the methods and procedures specified in Reference Method 9 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, and 40 CFR 60.675(c).

n. Emission Limitation:

Arsenic, cadmium, chromium, and lead emissions are limited by the fuel specifications in b)(2)c.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the emissions limitation for arsenic, cadmium and lead shall be demonstrated by the monitoring and record keeping in d)(5) of this permit.

(2) Compliance with the annual asphalt production limitation in b)(2)a shall be demonstrated by the recordkeeping in d)(1)b.

(3) Compliance with the fabric filter pressure drop limitation in c)(2) shall be demonstrated by the recordkeeping in d)(2).

(4) Compliance with the used oil specifications in b)(2)c. shall be demonstrated by the recordkeeping in d)(5).

(5) Burner Tuning:

a. Introduction:

The permittee is required to conduct periodic tuning of the asphalt plant burner. The purpose of this tuning is to ensure that the burner is adjusted properly so that air pollution emissions remain in compliance with allowable emissions rates and are minimized.

b. Qualifications for Burner Tuning:

Technicians who conduct the burner tuning must be qualified to perform the expected tasks. The permittee is required to provide training to the technicians who perform the burner tuning procedure. Technicians who are qualified shall, at a minimum, have passed manufacturer's training concerning burner tuning, or have been trained by someone who has completed the manufacturer's training concerning burner tuning.

c. Portable Monitor Requirements:

The permittee shall properly operate and maintain portable device(s) to monitor the concentration of CO, NOx, and O_2 in the stack exhaust gases from this emissions unit. The monitor(s) shall be capable of measuring the expected concentrations of the measured gases. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall maintain records of each portable monitoring device's calibration.

d. Burner Tuning Procedure:

The first steps concerning burner tuning involve setting the pollutant baseline levels (concentrations) utilizing the portable monitor. These baselines shall be set during the initial U.S. EPA approved emissions testing that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance with all applicable emissions limitations. The baselines shall be determined for CO and the option of NOx or O_2. Sampling should measure the exhaust gas values exiting the dryer or the baghouse. The duration of each sample shall follow the portable monitor manufacture's recommendations. Record these values on the *Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants* form as found in g)(4) of the "Recent Stack Test Pollutant Baseline Levels" column.

Once the pollutant baseline levels are set, the burner shall be next tuned based on the frequency described in f)(2)e. The general procedure for tuning the burner involves the following steps:

i. Review the plant operations to ensure the plant is operating normally.

ii. Confirm that the portable monitor is calibrated per the manufacturer's specifications.

iii. Using the calibrated monitor and the monitor manufacturer's recommended sampling duration, measure the stack exhaust gas values for CO, NOx and O_2. These measurements shall be taken at the same location as the location where the baseline samples were taken. Record the values in the "Pre Tuning" results column on the *Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants* form.

iv. Compare the measured stack exhaust gas values with the pollutant baseline values. If all of the measured stack exhaust gas values are equal to or less than 115 per cent of the pollutant baseline values, then it is not necessary to tune the burner and go on to f)(2)v. below.

The permittee shall have the burners tuned within two calendar weeks of any measured stack exhaust values greater than 115 per cent of the baseline values. Make any necessary adjustments and repairs. Repeat f)(2)d.iii. and iv. until the measured stack exhaust gas values are equal to or less than 115 per cent of the pollutant baseline values.

v. Once all of the measured stack exhaust gas values are within the 115 per cent of the pollutant baseline values, record the measured stack exhaust gas values in the "Post Tuning" results column on the Burner Tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants form.

e. Burner Tuning Frequency

The permittee shall conduct the burner tuning procedure within 20 production days after commencement of the production season in the State of Ohio. The permittee shall conduct another burner tuning procedure within 10 production days before or after June 1st of each year and within 10 production days before or after September 1st of each year. For purposes of this permit, the production season is defined as the time period between the date the first ton of asphalt is produced and the date that the last ton of asphalt is produced during the same calendar year. A burner tuning is not required if the production season ends prior to the associated tuning due date. If the baseline level testing or the initial season tuning is done within 30 days prior to June 1 or September 1, the tuning associated with that due date is not required.

In addition to the burner tuning procedure required above, the permittee shall conduct the burner tuning procedure within 20 production days from the date the facility switches to a fuel that is different than the fuel burned during the initial emissions tests that establish the pollutant baseline levels or the fuel burned during the most recent burner tuning procedure, whichever is later.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) The permittee may relocate the portable source within the State of Ohio without first obtaining a permit-to-install and operate (PTIO) or a permit-to-install (PTI), providing the appropriate exemption requirements have been met and following the approval of the Director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency). The Director may issue a Notice of Site Approvalif the following criteria is met, pursuant to the permanent exemption for portable sources in OAC rule 3745-31-03(A)(1):

a. the portable source is operated in compliance with any applicable best available technology (BAT) determination issued in a permit and all applicable state and/or federal rules and laws;

b. the portable source is operating pursuant to a currently effective PTIO or PTI and/or permit to operate (PTO) and continues to comply with the requirements of the permit;

c. the permittee has provided a minimum of 30 days notice of the intent to relocate the portable source to the permitting authority (the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency that has issued the effective current permit) prior to the scheduled relocation;

d. the Ohio EPA district office or local air agency having jurisdiction over the new site has determined that the permitted emissions would not cause a nuisance and would be acceptable under OAC rule 3745-15-07; and

e. the Director has issued a Notice of Site Approval, stating that the proposed site is acceptable and the relocation of the portable source, along with any supporting permitted emissions (e.g. roadways or storage piles), would not result in the installation of a major stationary source or a modification of an existing major stationary source at the new site.

The portable source can be relocated upon receipt of the Directors Notice of Site Approval for the site.

(2) If the relocation of the portable source would result in the installation of a major source or the modification of a major source, as defined in OAC rule 3745-31-01, the permittee shall submit an application and obtain a PTIO or PTI (as applicable) for the new location prior to moving the portable source.

When a portable source is located at a stationary source or at a site with multiple portable sources, the potential emissions of the portable source may be required to be added to that of the facility, in order to determine the potential to emit for Title V and PSD applicability. Relocation of any portable source that results in the creation of a major source, as defined in OAC rule 3745-77-01, must also meet all applicable requirements under the Title V program contained in OAC rule 3745-77, which may include the requirement to apply for a Title V permit.

The "Notice of Intent to Relocate" shall be submitted to the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for issuing the permits for the portable source. Upon receipt of the notice, the permitting office shall notify the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency having jurisdiction over the new site. Failure to submit said notification or failure to receive Ohio EPA approval prior to relocation of the portable source may result in fines and civil penalties.

(3) Burner tuning Reporting Form for Asphalt Concrete Plants (see next two pages).

BURNER TUNING REPORTING FORM FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PLANTS	
Facility ID:	Tuning Date:
Legal Name:	Other Company Name (if different than legal name):
Mailing Address:	Other Company Site Address: (if different than mailing address):
City, State, Zip Code:	Other Company City, County, Zip Code:
Site Contact Person:	Site Contact Telephone Number:
Site Contact Title:	Site Contact Fax Number:
Name of company performing tuning:	Name of company performing emission monitoring:
Type of plant (ie: batch, drum mix, etc.):	Calibration date for analyzers:

Reason for Tuning: ☐ Season Initial Tuning ☐ June Tuning ☐ September Tuning ☐ Fuel Switch ☐Other (describe)

Fuel employed during tuning: ☐ Natural Gas ☐ Propane ☐ # 2 Fuel Oil ☐ # 4 Fuel Oil ☐ Used Oil ☐Other(describe)

Tuning Results:

Parameter	Recent Stack Test Pollutant Baseline Levels[1]	Results	
		Pre Tuning	Post Tuning[3]
Fuel flow to the burner (gallon/hr) (for fuel oil and on-spec used oil)			
Fuel pressure (psi)			
For burners that require compressed air for proper operation, pressure at the burner (psi)			
Carbon Monoxide (CO) concentrations (ppm)[2]			
NOx concentrations (ppm)[2]			
Oxygen concentrations (per cent)[2]			
Asphalt Production (tons/hr)			

B.

[1]These values are based on the results of the most recent Ohio EPA approved emissions test.

[2] Specify whether on a dry or wet basis.

[3] If the burner did not require adjusting, please record N/A in the post tuning column.

Describe in detail a list of adjustments and/or repairs made to bring the operating parameters into conformance with the manufacturers specifications. Use additional paper if necessary.

Authorized Signature: This signature shall constitute personal affirmation that all statements or assertions of fact made in this form are true and complete, comply fully with applicable state requirements, and shall subject the signatory to liability under applicable state laws forbidding false or misleading statements.

Name of Official (Printed or Typed):	Title of Official and Phone Number:
Signature of Official:	Date: