Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
John R. Kasich, Governor
Mary Taylor, Lt. Governor
Scott J. Nally, Director

Certified Mail

11/23/2011

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR NSR
No	CEMS
Yes	MACT/GACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
No	MODELING SUBMITTED
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID TITLE V
No	FEDERALLY ENFORCABLE PTIO (FEPTIO)
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR GHG

STANLEY GREENBLOTT
G-COR AUTOMOTIVE CORP
2100 REFUGEE RD
COLUMBUS, OH 43207

RE: FINAL AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 0125042360
Permit Number: P0108931
Permit Type: Initial Installation
County: Franklin

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate (PTIO) which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully. Please complete a survey at www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc/permitsurvey.aspx and give us feedback on your permitting experience. We value your opinion.

The issuance of this PTI is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of $70.00, made payable to “Ohio Treasurer Josh Mandel," which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General’s Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions, please contact Ohio EPA DAPC, Central District Office at (614)728-3778 or the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469. This permit can be accessed electronically on the DAPC Web page, www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc, by clicking the "Issued Air Pollution Control Permits" link.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern

Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: Ohio EPA-CDO

Ohio | Environmental Protection Agency

FINAL

Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
G-COR AUTOMOTIVE CORP

Facility ID:	0125042360
Permit Number:	P0108931
Permit Type:	Initial Installation
Issued:	11/23/2011
Effective:	11/23/2011
Expiration:	11/23/2021

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
G-COR AUTOMOTIVE CORP

Table of Contents

Authorization 1

A. Standard Terms and Conditions 3

1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do? 4
2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit? 4
3. What records must I keep under this permit? 4
4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them? 4
5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application? 4
6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source? 5
7. What reports must I submit under this permit? 5
8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit? 5
9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment? 5
10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report? 6
11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located? 6
12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently? 6
13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator? 7
14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"? 7
15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid? 7

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions 8

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions 10

1. P004, Furnace #3 (SF3) 11

Authorization

Facility ID: 0125042360
Application Number(s): A0043021
Permit Number: P0108931
Permit Description: Installation and operation of a sweat furnace
Permit Type: Initial Installation
Permit Fee: $500.00
Issue Date: 11/23/2011
Effective Date: 11/23/2011
Expiration Date: 11/23/2021
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

G-COR AUTOMOTIVE CORP
2100 REFUGEE RD
Columbus, OH 43207

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Ohio EPA DAPC, Central District Office
50 West Town Street, 6th Floor
P.O. Box 1049
Columbus, OH 43216-1049
(614)728-3778

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Scott J. Nally
Director

Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0108931
Permit Description: Installation and operation of a sweat furnace

Permits for the following Emissions Unit(s) or groups of Emissions Units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:	**P004**
Company Equipment ID:	Furnace #3 (SF3)
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable

A. Standard Terms and Conditions

1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. What records must I keep under this permit?

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

- PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

  You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

- Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. Unless otherwise specified, facilities subject to one or more synthetic minor restrictions must use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" to submit annual emissions associated with this permit requirement. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is

very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.

10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Ohio EPA DAPC, Central District Office in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting[1] a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emissions unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

[1]Permittees that use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" can mark the affected emissions unit(s) as "permanently shutdown" in the facility profile along with the date the emissions unit(s) was permanently removed and/or disabled. Submitting the facility profile update will constitute notifying of the permanent shutdown of the affected emissions unit(s).

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

   a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

      (1) None.

   b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

      (1) None.

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions

1. P004, Furnace #3 (SF3)

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Thermal Incinerator/Thermal Oxidizer integral to the sweat furnace

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. None.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. b)(1)e.,

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures are identified below. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 11/30/2001	Particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 2.22 pounds per hour and 9.73 tons per year. Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions shall not exceed 0.41 pound per hour and 1.80 ton per year. Oxides of sulfur (SOx) emissions shall not exceed 0.03 pound per hour and 0.18 ton per year. Oxides of nitrogen (NOx) emissions shall not exceed 0.50 pound per hour and 2.19 tons per year. Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions shall not exceed 0.03 pound per hour and 0.13 ton per year.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart RRR. See b)(2)a.
b.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 12/01/2006	See b)(2)b.
c.	OAC rule 3745-17-11(A)(2)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC 3745-31-05(A)(3). See b)(2)c.
d.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 20 percent opacity as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.
e.	40 CFR 63.1505(f)	Dioxin/Furan emissions shall not exceed 0.8 nanograms TEQ per dry standard cubic meter at 11 percent oxygen. See b)(2)d., b)(2)e., c)(1), d)(2), e)(4), and f)(1)h.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The permittee has satisfied the Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) paragraph 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective November 30, 2001, in this permit. On December 1, 2006, paragraph (A)(3) of OAC rule 3745-31-05 was revised to conform to the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) changes effective August 3, 2006 (Senate Bill 265 changes), such that BAT is no longer required by State regulations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) pollutant(s) less than ten tons per year. However, that rule revision has not yet been approved by U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-31-05, the requirement to satisfy BAT still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio. Once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05, then these emission limitations/control measures no longer apply.

b. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.

The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the carbon monoxoide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), oxides of sulfur (SOx), and volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from this

air contaminant source since the uncontrolled potential to emit for CO, NOx, SOx, and VOC is each less than 10 tons/year.

The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the particulate emissions (PE) from this air contaminant source since the calculated annual emission rate for PE is less than 10 tons/year, taking into account the federally enforceable rule 40 CFR 63.1506(h).

c. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.

Particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 5.42 pound per hour.

d. This emissions unit and its associated air pollution control system shall be maintained regularly in accordance with the Operation, Maintenance, and Monitoring (OM&M) Plan required under 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart RRR [40 CFR 63.1510(b)].

e. The permittee shall develop a Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Plan in accordance with 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart RRR [40 CFR 63.1516(a)].

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) The permittee shall comply with the applicable restrictions required under 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart RRR, including the following sections:

63.1506(h)	Temperature for the afterburner
63.1505(f)(1)	Residence time of the afterburner

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:

a. the color of the emissions;

b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;

c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;

d. the total duration of any visible emissions incident; and

e. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible emissions.

If visible emissions are present, a visible emissions incident has occurred. The observer does not have to document the exact start and end times for the visible emissions incident under item (d) above or continue the daily check until the incident has ended. The observer may indicate that the visible emissions incident was continuous during the observation period (or, if known, continuous during the operation of the emissions unit). With respect to the documentation of corrective actions, the observer may indicate that no corrective actions were taken if the visible emissions were representative of normal operations, or specify the minor corrective actions that were taken to ensure that the emissions unit continued to operate under normal conditions, or specify the corrective actions that were taken to eliminate abnormal visible emissions.

(2) The permittee shall comply with the applicable monitoring and record keeping requirements required under 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart RRR, including the following sections:

63.1510(g)(1)	Installation and calibration
63.1510(g)(2)	Temperature monitoring
63.1510(g)(3)	Inspection requirements
63.1517(b)(2)	Operational monitoring and inspection records
63.10(b)	Startup, shutdown and malfunction records
63.1517(a)	Record retention

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) The reports required by this permit may be submitted through the Ohio EPA's eBusiness Center: Air Services online web portal; or they may be mailed as a hard copy to the appropriate district office or local air agency.

(2) The permittee shall submit an annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) to Ohio EPA Central District Office by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit. It is recommended that the PER is submitted electronically through the Ohio EPA's "e-Business Center: Air Services" although PERs can be submitted via U.S. postal service or can be hand delivered.

(3) The permittee shall identify the following information in the annual permit evaluation report in accordance with the monitoring requirements for visible emissions in term number d)(1) above:

a. all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack serving this emissions unit; and

b. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible particulate emissions.

(4) The permittee shall submit semi-annual reports and such other notifications and reports to Ohio EPA Central District Office as required pursuant to 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart RRR, per the following sections:

63.1515(b)	Initial Compliance Notification
Appendix A to Subpart RRR of Part 63 [63.10(e)(3)]	Excess Emission Reports

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements specified in section b) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:
2.22 lb/hrof particulate emissions (PE)

Applicable Compliance Method:
The hourly emission limitation was developed by adding PE from the furnace and the burner. First, multiply the rated capacity of the emission unit (1.5 ton/hr) by the AP-42 emission factor of 14.5 lb/ton (AP-42 Table 12.8-2, (October 1986)). The result is multiplied by a control efficiency 90%. Second, multiply the rated capacity of the burner(5 mmBtu/hr) by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.00745 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)). Then, add the two results together.

If required, the following test methods shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rates: 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-5, and Method 202 for particulate emissions. Alternative U.S. EPA-approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA Central District Office.

b. Emission Limitation:
9.73 tons/yr of particulate emissions (PE)

Applicable Compliance Method:
The annual emission limitation was developed by adding PE from the furnace and the burner. First, multiply the rated capacity of the emission unit (1.5 ton/hr) by the AP-42 emission factor of 14.5 lb/ton (AP-42 Table 12.8-1 (October 1986)). The result is multiplied by a control efficiency of 90% and a conversion factor of 8,760 hr/yr and 1 ton/2,000 lb. Second, multiply the rated capacity of the burner (5 mmBtu/hr)by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.00745 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)) and a conversion factor of 8,760 hr/yr and 1 ton/2,000 lb. Then add the two results together. Provided compliance with the hourly limitation is shown, compliance with the annual limitation will be assumed.

c. Emission Limitation:
0.41 lb/hr and 1.80 ton/yr of carbon monoxide (CO)

Applicable Compliance Method:
The hourly emission limitation was developed by multiplying the rated capacity of the burner by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.082 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)).

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the rated capacity of the burner by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.082 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)) and a conversion factor of 8,760 hr/yr and 1 ton/2000 lb. Provided compliance with the hourly limitation is shown, compliance with the annual limitation will be assumed.

d. Emission Limitation:
0.03 lb/hr and 0.18 ton/yr of oxides of sulfur (SOx)

Applicable Compliance Method:
The hourly emission limitation was developed by adding the SOx emissions from the furnace and the burner. First,multiply the rated capacity of the furnace by the emission factor of 0.02 lb/ton (WebFIRE SCC 3-04-001-01). Second, multiply the rated capacity of the burner by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.00059 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)). Then add the two results together.

The annual emission limitation was developed by adding the SOx emissions from the furnace and the burner. First, multiply the rated capacity of the furnace by the emission factor of 0.02 lb/ton (WebFIRE SCC 3-04-001-01) and a conversion factor of 8,760 hr/yr and 1 ton/2000 lb. Second, multiply the rated capacity of the burner by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.00059 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)) and a conversion factor of 8,760 hr/yr and 1 ton /2000 lb. Then add the two results together. Provided compliance with the hourly limitation is shown, compliance with the annual limitation will be assumed.

e. Emission Limitation:
0.50 lb/hr and 2.19 ton/yr of oxides of nitrogen (NOx)

Applicable Compliance Method:
The hourly emission limitation was developed by multiplying the rated capacity of the burner by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.098 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)).

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the rated capacity of the burner by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.098 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)) and a conversion factor of 8,760 hr/yr and 1 ton/2000 lb. Provided compliance with the hourly limitation is shown, compliance with the annual limitation will be assumed.

f. Emission Limitation:
0.03 lb/hr and 0.13 ton/yr of volatile organic compounds (VOCs)

Applicable Compliance Method:
The hourly emission limitation was developed by multiplying the rated capacity of the burner by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.0054 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)).

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the rated capacity of the burner by the AP-42 emission factor of 0.0054 lb/mmBtu (AP-42 Table 1.4-2 (July 1998)) and a conversion factor of 8,760 hr/yr and 1 ton/2000 lb. Provided compliance with the hourly limitation is shown, compliance with the annual limitation will be assumed

g. Emission Limitation:
Visible particulate emissions from the stack shall not exceed 20 percent opacity as a six-minute average, except as specified by rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:
Compliance with the stack visible particulate emissions limitation shall be determined through visible emissions observations performed in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9.

h. Emission Limitation:
0.8 nanograms TEQ per dry standard cubic meter at 11 percent oxygen of dioxin/furan emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:
Compliance with the emission limitation shall be assumed provided the operating temperature of the afterburner of 1600°F or greater is maintained and the afterburner is designed with a residence time of 0.8 seconds or greater.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) Modeling to demonstrate compliance with, the “Toxic Air Contaminant Statute”, ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(b), was not necessary because the emissions unit’s maximum annual emissions for each toxic air contaminant, as defined in OAC rule 3745-114-01, will be less than 1.0 ton per year. OAC Chapter 3745-31 requires permittees to apply for and obtain a new or modified permit-to-install and operate (PTIO) prior to making a "modification" as defined by OAC rule 3745-31-01. The permittee is hereby advised that changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would cause the emissions of any toxic air contaminant to increase to above 1.0 ton per year may require the permittee to apply for and obtain a new PTIO.