



Environmental Protection Agency

John R. Kasich, Governor  
Mary Taylor, Lt. Governor  
Scott J. Nally, Director

10/6/2011

Mr. David Wise  
EVERTZ TECHNOLOGY SERVICES  
2601 S. Verity Pkwy  
Bld 15  
Middletown, OH 45044

RE: FINALAIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE  
Facility ID: 1409040950  
Permit Number: P0108725  
Permit Type: Renewal  
County: Butler

Certified Mail

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR NSR
No	CEMS
No	MACT/GACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
No	MODELING SUBMITTED
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID TITLE V
No	FEDERALLY ENFORCABLE PTIO (FEPTIO)
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR GHG

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate (PTIO) which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully. Please complete a survey at [www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc/permitsurvey.aspx](http://www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc/permitsurvey.aspx) and give us feedback on your permitting experience. We value your opinion.

The issuance of this PTI is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$70.00, made payable to "Ohio Treasurer Josh Mandel," which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission  
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222  
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions, please contact Hamilton County Dept. of Environmental Services at (513)946-7777 or the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469. This permit can be accessed electronically on the DAPCWeb page, [www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc](http://www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc), by clicking the "Issued Air Pollution Control Permits" link.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern, Manager  
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: HCDOES





**FINAL**

**Division of Air Pollution Control  
Permit-to-Install and Operate  
for  
EVERTZ TECHNOLOGY SERVICES**

Facility ID:	1409040950
Permit Number:	P0108725
Permit Type:	Renewal
Issued:	10/6/2011
Effective:	10/6/2011
Expiration:	10/6/2021





Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
EVERTZ TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

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## Authorization

Facility ID: 1409040950  
Application Number(s): A0042300  
Permit Number: P0108725  
Permit Description: Renewal permit (PTIO) for four slab grinders, F001, F002, F003 and F004.  
Permit Type: Renewal  
Permit Fee: \$0.00  
Issue Date: 10/6/2011  
Effective Date: 10/6/2011  
Expiration Date: 10/6/2021  
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

EVERTZ TECHNOLOGY SERVICES  
2601 S. VERITY PARKWAY  
MIDDLETOWN, OH 45044

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

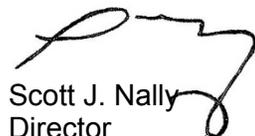
Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Hamilton County Dept. of Environmental Services  
250 William Howard Taft Pkwy.  
Cincinnati, OH 45219-2660  
(513)946-7777

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

  
Scott J. Nally  
Director



## Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0108725

Permit Description: Renewal permit (PTIO) for four slab grinders, F001, F002, F003 and F004.

Permits for the following Emissions Unit(s) or groups of Emissions Units are in this document as indicated below:

<b>Emissions Unit ID:</b>	<b>F001</b>
Company Equipment ID:	Grinder #1
Superseded Permit Number:	14-05672
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
<b>Emissions Unit ID:</b>	<b>F002</b>
Company Equipment ID:	Grinder #2
Superseded Permit Number:	14-05672
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
<b>Emissions Unit ID:</b>	<b>F003</b>
Company Equipment ID:	Grinder #3
Superseded Permit Number:	14-05672
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
<b>Emissions Unit ID:</b>	<b>F004</b>
Company Equipment ID:	Grinder #4
Superseded Permit Number:	14-05931
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable

## **A. Standard Terms and Conditions**

**1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?**

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

**2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?**

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

**3. What records must I keep under this permit?**

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

**4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?**

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

- PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

- Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. Unless otherwise specified, facilities subject to one or more synthetic minor restrictions must use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" to submit annual emissions associated with this permit requirement. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

**5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?**

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is

very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

**6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?**

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

**7. What reports must I submit under this permit?**

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

**8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?**

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

**9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?**

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.

**10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?**

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Hamilton County Dept. of Environmental Services in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

**11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?**

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

**12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?**

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting<sup>1</sup> a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emissions unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

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<sup>1</sup>Permittees that use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" can mark the affected emissions unit(s) as "permanently shutdown" in the facility profile along with the date the emissions unit(s) was permanently removed and/or disabled. Submitting the facility profile update will constitute notifying of the permanent shutdown of the affected emissions unit(s).

**13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?**

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

**14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?**

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

**15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?**

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.

## **B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions**

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
  - a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
    - (1) None.
  - b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
    - (1) None.

## **C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions**



1. F001, Grinder #1

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Stainless steel slab grinder number 1

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. d)(2).

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. None.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures are identified below. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	<p>Particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 3.8 pounds per hour and 4.7 tons per year.</p> <p>Particulate matter emissions 10 microns and less in diameter (PM10) shall not exceed 3.8 pounds per hour and 4.7 tons per year.</p> <p>The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1).</p> <p>* PE = PM10</p> <p>See term and condition c)(1).</p>
b.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, as a three-minute average.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
c.	OAC rule 3745-17-08	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. Compliance with OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the mass and visible emissions limitations, process throughput limitation and the use of a fabric filter with an overall control efficiency of 95.5 percent.

The hourly emissions limitations outlined above are based on the emissions unit's potential to emit (PTE). Therefore, no hourly records and reports are required to demonstrate compliance with these limits.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The permittee shall not process more than 5000 steel slabs per year in this emissions unit.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the number of steel slabs processed in this emissions unit.
- (2) Modeling to demonstrate compliance with, the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(b), was not necessary because the emissions unit's maximum annual emissions for each toxic air contaminant, as defined in OAC rule 3745-114-01, will be less than 1.0 ton per year. OAC Chapter 3745-31 requires permittees to apply for and obtain a new or modified PTIO prior to making a "modification" as defined by OAC rule 3745-31-01. The permittee is hereby advised that changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would cause the emissions of any toxic air contaminant to increase to above 1.0 ton per year may require the permittee to apply for and obtain a new PTIO.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

## f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements specified in section b) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

## a. Emissions Limitations

3.8 lbs/hr PE; 3.8 lbs/hr PM10

## Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the following calculations:

multiply the total hourly slab weight in pounds by 2% to determine the weight of metal removed from the slabs in pounds ( $84000 \times 0.02 = 1680$ )

multiply the weight in pounds of metal removed hourly from the slabs by 5% to determine the uncontrolled weight of scarfed material in pounds that becomes airborne per AP-42 Table 12.5-1 dated 10/86 reformatted 1/95 ( $1680 \times 0.05 = 84$ )

multiply the hourly uncontrolled weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material by one minus the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in pounds not captured by the baghouse [ $84 \times (1 - 0.96) = 3.36$ ]

multiply the hourly uncontrolled weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material by the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of pounds of airborne particulate captured by the baghouse ( $84 \times 0.96 = 80.64$ )

multiply the hourly weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material captured by one minus the control efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in pounds released from the baghouse [ $80.64 \times (1 - 0.995) = 0.4032$ ]

add the hourly pounds of airborne particulate not captured by the baghouse to the hourly pounds of airborne particulate released from the baghouse to show the total hourly pounds of particulate released to atmosphere ( $3.36 + 0.4032 = 3.76$ )

Since the maximum potential weight of slabs scarfed in an hour in this emissions unit is 84000 pounds, no hourly recordkeeping is required to demonstrate that the hourly limit of 3.8 pounds per hour of PE/PM10 has not been exceeded.

## b. Emissions Limitations

4.7 TPY PE; 4.7 TPY PM10

**Applicable Compliance Method**

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the following calculations:

multiply the total annual slab weight in tons by 2% to determine the weight of metal removed from the slabs in tons ( 5000 annual slabs allowed x 21 tons average slab weight x 0.02 = 2100)

multiply the weight in tons of metal removed annually from the slabs by 5% to determine the uncontrolled weight of scarfed material in tons that becomes airborne per AP-42 Table 12.5-1 dated 10/86 reformatted 1/95 (2100 x 0.05 = 105)

multiply the annual uncontrolled weight in tons of airborne scarfed material by one minus the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in tons not captured by the baghouse [105 x (1- 0.96) = 4.2]

multiply the annual uncontrolled weight in tons of airborne scarfed material by the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of tons of airborne particulate captured by the baghouse (105 x 0.96 = 100.8)

multiply the annual weight in tons of airborne scarfed material captured by one minus the control efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in tons released from the baghouse [100.8 x ( 1 – 0.995) = 0.504]

add the annual tons of airborne particulate not captured by the baghouse to the annual tons of airborne particulate released from the baghouse to show the total annual tons of particulate released to atmosphere (4.2 + 0.504 = 4.74)

**c. Emissions Limitation**

Visible particulate emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed twenty per cent opacity as a three-minute average

**Applicable Compliance Method**

Compliance shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002.

- (2) Compliance with the production limitation in term and condition c)(1) shall be demonstrated by the recordkeeping in term and condition d)(1).

**g) Miscellaneous Requirements**

- (1) None



2. F002, Grinder #2

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Stainless steel slab grinder number 2

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. None.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. d)(2).

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures are identified below. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	<p>Particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 3.8 pounds per hour and 4.7 tons per year.</p> <p>Particulate matter emissions 10 microns and less in diameter (PM10) shall not exceed 3.8 pounds per hour and 4.7 tons per year.</p> <p>The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1).</p> <p>* PE = PM10</p> <p>See term and condition c)(1).</p>
b.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, as a three-minute average.



	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
c.	OAC rule 3745-17-08	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. Compliance with OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the mass and visible emissions limitations, process throughput limitation and the use of a fabric filter with an overall control efficiency of 95.5 percent.

The hourly emissions limitations outlined above are based on the emissions unit's potential to emit (PTE). Therefore, no hourly records and reports are required to demonstrate compliance with these limits.

c) Operational Restrictions

The permittee shall not process more than 5000 steel slabs per year in this emissions unit.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the number of steel slabs processed in this emissions unit.

Modeling to demonstrate compliance with, the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(b), was not necessary because the emissions unit's maximum annual emissions for each toxic air contaminant, as defined in OAC rule 3745-114-01, will be less than 1.0 ton per year. OAC Chapter 3745-31 requires permittees to apply for and obtain a new or modified PTIO prior to making a "modification" as defined by OAC rule 3745-31-01. The permittee is hereby advised that changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would cause the emissions of any toxic air contaminant to increase to above 1.0 ton per year may require the permittee to apply for and obtain a new PTIO.

e) Reporting Requirements

Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

## f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements specified in section b) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

## a. Emissions Limitations

3.8 lbs/hr PE; 3.8 lbs/hr PM10

## Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the following calculations:

multiply the total hourly slab weight in pounds by 2% to determine the weight of metal removed from the slabs in pounds ( $84000 \times 0.02 = 1680$ )

multiply the weight in pounds of metal removed hourly from the slabs by 5% to determine the uncontrolled weight of scarfed material in pounds that becomes airborne per AP-42 Table 12.5-1 dated 10/86 reformatted 1/95 ( $1680 \times 0.05 = 84$ )

multiply the hourly uncontrolled weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material by one minus the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in pounds not captured by the baghouse [ $84 \times (1 - 0.96) = 3.36$ ]

multiply the hourly uncontrolled weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material by the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of pounds of airborne particulate captured by the baghouse ( $84 \times 0.96 = 80.64$ )

multiply the hourly weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material captured by one minus the control efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in pounds released from the baghouse [ $80.64 \times (1 - 0.995) = 0.4032$ ]

add the hourly pounds of airborne particulate not captured by the baghouse to the hourly pounds of airborne particulate released from the baghouse to show the total hourly pounds of particulate released to atmosphere ( $3.36 + 0.4032 = 3.76$ )

Since the maximum potential weight of slabs scarfed in an hour in this emissions unit is 84000 pounds, no hourly recordkeeping is required to demonstrate that the hourly limit of 3.8 pounds per hour of PE/PM10 has not been exceeded.

## b. Emissions Limitations

4.7 TPY PE; 4.7 TPY PM10

**Applicable Compliance Method**

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the following calculations:

multiply the total annual slab weight in tons by 2% to determine the weight of metal removed from the slabs in tons ( 5000 annual slabs allowed x 21 tons average slab weight x 0.02 = 2100)

multiply the weight in tons of metal removed annually from the slabs by 5% to determine the uncontrolled weight of scarfed material in tons that becomes airborne per AP-42 Table 12.5-1 dated 10/86 reformatted 1/95 (2100 x 0.05 = 105)

multiply the annual uncontrolled weight in tons of airborne scarfed material by one minus the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in tons not captured by the baghouse [105 x (1- 0.96) = 4.2]

multiply the annual uncontrolled weight in tons of airborne scarfed material by the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of tons of airborne particulate captured by the baghouse (105 x 0.96 = 100.8)

multiply the annual weight in tons of airborne scarfed material captured by one minus the control efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in tons released from the baghouse [100.8 x ( 1 – 0.995) = 0.504]

add the annual tons of airborne particulate not captured by the baghouse to the annual tons of airborne particulate released from the baghouse to show the total annual tons of particulate released to atmosphere (4.2 + 0.504 = 4.74)

**c. Emissions Limitation**

Visible particulate emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed twenty per cent opacity as a three-minute average

**Applicable Compliance Method**

Compliance shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002.

- (2) Compliance with the production limitation in term and condition c)(1) shall be demonstrated by the recordkeeping in term and condition d)(1).

**g) Miscellaneous Requirements**

- (1) None.



3. F003, Grinder #3

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Stainless steel slab grinder number 3

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. None.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. d)(2).

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures are identified below. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	<p>Particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 3.8 pounds per hour and 4.7 tons per year.</p> <p>Particulate matter emissions 10 microns and less in diameter (PM10) shall not exceed 3.8 pounds per hour and 4.7 tons per year.</p> <p>The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1).</p> <p>* PE = PM10</p> <p>See term and condition c)(1).</p>
b.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, as a three-minute average.



	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
c.	OAC rule 3745-17-08	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. Compliance with OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the mass and visible emissions limitations, process throughput limitation and the use of a fabric filter with an overall control efficiency of 95.5 percent.

The hourly emissions limitations outlined above are based on the emissions unit's potential to emit (PTE). Therefore, no hourly records and reports are required to demonstrate compliance with these limits.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The permittee shall not process more than 5000 steel slabs per year in this emissions unit.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the number of steel slabs processed in this emissions unit.

Modeling to demonstrate compliance with, the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(b), was not necessary because the emissions unit's maximum annual emissions for each toxic air contaminant, as defined in OAC rule 3745-114-01, will be less than 1.0 ton per year. OAC Chapter 3745-31 requires permittees to apply for and obtain a new or modified PTIO prior to making a "modification" as defined by OAC rule 3745-31-01. The permittee is hereby advised that changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would cause the emissions of any toxic air contaminant to increase to above 1.0 ton per year may require the permittee to apply for and obtain a new PTIO.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

## f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements specified in section b) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

## a. Emissions Limitations

3.8 lbs/hr PE; 3.8 lbs/hr PM10

## Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the following calculations:

multiply the total hourly slab weight in pounds by 2% to determine the weight of metal removed from the slabs in pounds ( $84000 \times 0.02 = 1680$ )

multiply the weight in pounds of metal removed hourly from the slabs by 5% to determine the uncontrolled weight of scarfed material in pounds that becomes airborne per AP-42 Table 12.5-1 dated 10/86 reformatted 1/95 ( $1680 \times 0.05 = 84$ )

multiply the hourly uncontrolled weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material by one minus the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in pounds not captured by the baghouse [ $84 \times (1 - 0.96) = 3.36$ ]

multiply the hourly uncontrolled weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material by the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of pounds of airborne particulate captured by the baghouse ( $84 \times 0.96 = 80.64$ )

multiply the hourly weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material captured by one minus the control efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in pounds released from the baghouse [ $80.64 \times (1 - 0.995) = 0.4032$ ]

add the hourly pounds of airborne particulate not captured by the baghouse to the hourly pounds of airborne particulate released from the baghouse to show the total hourly pounds of particulate released to atmosphere ( $3.36 + 0.4032 = 3.76$ )

Since the maximum potential weight of slabs scarfed in an hour in this emissions unit is 84000 pounds, no hourly recordkeeping is required to demonstrate that the hourly limit of 3.8 pounds per hour of PE/PM10 has not been exceeded.

## b. Emissions Limitations

4.7 TPY PE; 4.7 TPY PM10

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the following calculations:

multiply the total annual slab weight in tons by 2% to determine the weight of metal removed from the slabs in tons ( 5000 annual slabs allowed x 21 tons average slab weight x 0.02 = 2100)

multiply the weight in tons of metal removed annually from the slabs by 5% to determine the uncontrolled weight of scarfed material in tons that becomes airborne per AP-42 Table 12.5-1 dated 10/86 reformatted 1/95 (2100 x 0.05 = 105)

multiply the annual uncontrolled weight in tons of airborne scarfed material by one minus the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in tons not captured by the baghouse [105 x (1- 0.96) = 4.2]

multiply the annual uncontrolled weight in tons of airborne scarfed material by the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of tons of airborne particulate captured by the baghouse (105 x 0.96 = 100.8)

multiply the annual weight in tons of airborne scarfed material captured by one minus the control efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in tons released from the baghouse [100.8 x ( 1 – 0.995) = 0.504]

add the annual tons of airborne particulate not captured by the baghouse to the annual tons of airborne particulate released from the baghouse to show the total annual tons of particulate released to atmosphere (4.2 + 0.504 = 4.74)

c. Emissions Limitation

Visible particulate emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed twenty per cent opacity as a three-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002.

- (2) Compliance with the production limitation in term and condition c)(1) shall be demonstrated by the recordkeeping in term and condition d)(1).

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

- (1) None.



4. F004, Grinder #4

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Grinder number 4 with dust removal hood

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. None.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. d)(2).

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures are identified below. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	<p>Particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 3.8 pounds per hour and 4.7 tons per year.</p> <p>Particulate matter emissions 10 microns and less in diameter (PM10) shall not exceed 3.8 pounds per hour and 4.7 tons per year.</p> <p>The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1).</p> <p>* PE = PM10</p> <p>See term and condition c)(1).</p>
b.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(1)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, as a three-minute average.



	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
c.	OAC rule 3745-17-08	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. Compliance with OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the mass and visible emissions limitations, process throughput limitation and the use of a fabric filter with an overall control efficiency of 95.5 percent.
- b. The hourly emissions limitations outlined above are based on the emissions unit's potential to emit (PTE). Therefore, no hourly records and reports are required to demonstrate compliance with these limits.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The permittee shall not process more than 5000 steel slabs per year in this emissions unit.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the number of steel slabs processed in this emissions unit.
- (2) Modeling to demonstrate compliance with, the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(b), was not necessary because the emissions unit's maximum annual emissions for each toxic air contaminant, as defined in OAC rule 3745-114-01, will be less than 1.0 ton per year. OAC Chapter 3745-31 requires permittees to apply for and obtain a new or modified PTIO prior to making a "modification" as defined by OAC rule 3745-31-01. The permittee is hereby advised that changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would cause the emissions of any toxic air contaminant to increase to above 1.0 ton per year may require the permittee to apply for and obtain a new PTIO.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

## f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements specified in section b) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

## a. Emissions Limitations

3.8 lbs/hr PE; 3.8 lbs/hr PM10

## Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the following calculations:

multiply the total hourly slab weight in pounds by 2% to determine the weight of metal removed from the slabs in pounds ( $84000 \times 0.02 = 1680$ )

multiply the weight in pounds of metal removed hourly from the slabs by 5% to determine the uncontrolled weight of scarfed material in pounds that becomes airborne per AP-42 Table 12.5-1 dated 10/86 reformatted 1/95 ( $1680 \times 0.05 = 84$ )

multiply the hourly uncontrolled weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material by one minus the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in pounds not captured by the baghouse [ $84 \times (1 - 0.96) = 3.36$ ]

multiply the hourly uncontrolled weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material by the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of pounds of airborne particulate captured by the baghouse ( $84 \times 0.96 = 80.64$ )

multiply the hourly weight in pounds of airborne scarfed material captured by one minus the control efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in pounds released from the baghouse [ $80.64 \times (1 - 0.995) = 0.4032$ ]

add the hourly pounds of airborne particulate not captured by the baghouse to the hourly pounds of airborne particulate released from the baghouse to show the total hourly pounds of particulate released to atmosphere ( $3.36 + 0.4032 = 3.76$ )

Since the maximum potential weight of slabs scarfed in an hour in this emissions unit is 84000 pounds, no hourly recordkeeping is required to demonstrate that the hourly limit of 3.8 pounds per hour of PE/PM10 has not been exceeded.

## b. Emissions Limitations

4.7 TPY PE; 4.7 TPY PM10

**Applicable Compliance Method**

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the following calculations:

multiply the total annual slab weight in tons by 2% to determine the weight of metal removed from the slabs in tons ( 5000 annual slabs allowed x 21 tons average slab weight x 0.02 = 2100)

multiply the weight in tons of metal removed annually from the slabs by 5% to determine the uncontrolled weight of scarfed material in tons that becomes airborne per AP-42 Table 12.5-1 dated 10/86 reformatted 1/95 (2100 x 0.05 = 105)

multiply the annual uncontrolled weight in tons of airborne scarfed material by one minus the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in tons not captured by the baghouse [105 x (1- 0.96) = 4.2]

multiply the annual uncontrolled weight in tons of airborne scarfed material by the capture efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of tons of airborne particulate captured by the baghouse (105 x 0.96 = 100.8)

multiply the annual weight in tons of airborne scarfed material captured by one minus the control efficiency of the baghouse to determine the amount of airborne particulate in tons released from the baghouse [100.8 x ( 1 – 0.995) = 0.504]

add the annual tons of airborne particulate not captured by the baghouse to the annual tons of airborne particulate released from the baghouse to show the total annual tons of particulate released to atmosphere (4.2 + 0.504 = 4.74)

**c. Emissions Limitation**

Visible particulate emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed twenty per cent opacity as a three-minute average

**Applicable Compliance Method**

Compliance shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002.

- (2) Compliance with the production limitation in term and condition c)(1) shall be demonstrated by the recordkeeping in term and condition d)(1).

**g) Miscellaneous Requirements**

- (1) None.