Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
John R. Kasich, Governor
Mary Taylor, Lt. Governor
Scott J. Nally, Director

Certified Mail

1/25/2011

Yes	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR NSR
No	CEMS
No	MACT/GACT
Yes	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
Yes	MODELING SUBMITTED
Yes	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID TITLE V
Yes	FEDERALLY ENFORCABLE PTIO (FEPTIO)

Scott Miller
Derma Med Coatings LLC Plant 2
271 Progress Blvd
Tallmadge, OH 44240

RE: FINAL AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 1677120078
Permit Number: P0107301
Permit Type: Initial Installation
County: Summit

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate (PTIO) which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully. Please complete a survey at www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc/permitsurvey.aspx and give us feedback on your permitting experience. We value your opinion.

The issuance of this PTI is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of $70.00, made payable to “Ohio Treasurer Josh Mandel," which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General’s Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions, please contact Akron Regional Air Quality Management District at (330)375-2480 or the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469. This permit can be accessed electronically on the DAPC Web page, www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc, by clicking the "Issued Air Pollution Control Permits" link.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern

Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: ARAQMD

Response to Comments

Response to comments for: Permit-To-Install and Operate

Facility ID:	1677120078
Facility Name:	Derma Med Coatings LLC Plant 2
Facility Description:	Paper coater
Facility Address:	271 Progress Blvd Tallmadge, OH 44240 Summit County
Permit #:	P0107301, Initial Installation
A public notice for the draft permit issuance was published in the Ohio EPA Weekly Review and appeared in the Akron Beacon Journal on 12/17/2010. The comment period ended on 01/16/2011.	
Hearing date (if held)	
Hearing Public Notice Date (if different from draft public notice)	

The following comments were received during the comment period specified. Ohio EPA reviewed and considered all comments received during the public comment period. By law, Ohio EPA has authority to consider specific issues related to protection of the environment and public health. Often, public concerns fall outside the scope of that authority. For example, concerns about zoning issues are addressed at the local level. Ohio EPA may respond to those concerns in this document by identifying another government agency with more direct authority over the issue.

In an effort to help you review this document, the questions are grouped by topic and organized in a consistent format. PDF copies of the original comments in the format submitted are available upon request.

1. Topic: **None**
    a. Comment: **None**
    b. Response: **None**
2. Topic: **None**
    a. Comment: **None**
    b. Response: **None**

Ohio | Environmental Protection Agency

FINAL

Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Derma Med Coatings LLC Plant 2

Facility ID:	1677120078
Permit Number:	P0107301
Permit Type:	Initial Installation
Issued:	1/25/2011
Effective:	1/25/2011
Expiration:	1/25/2016

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Derma Med Coatings LLC Plant 2

Table of Contents

Authorization 1

A. Standard Terms and Conditions 3

1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do? 4
2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit? 4
3. What records must I keep under this permit? 4
4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them? 4
5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application? 4
6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source? 5
7. What reports must I submit under this permit? 5
8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit? 5
9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment? 5
10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report? 5
11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located? 6
12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently? 6
13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator? 6
14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"? 6
15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid? 7

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions 8

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions 10

1. K001, Paper Coating Line 11

Authorization

Facility ID: 1677120078
Application Number(s): A0037161
Permit Number: P0107301
Permit Description: Paper coating line - initial installation
Permit Type: Initial Installation
Permit Fee: $500.00
Issue Date: 1/25/2011
Effective Date: 1/25/2011
Expiration Date: 1/25/2016
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

Derma Med Coatings LLC Plant 2
271 Progress Blvd
Tallmadge, OH 44240

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Akron Regional Air Quality Management District
146 South High Street, Room 904
Akron, OH 44308
(330)375-2480

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Scott J. Nally
Director

Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0107301
Permit Description: Paper coating line - initial installation

Permits for the following Emissions Unit(s) or groups of Emissions Units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:	**K001**
Company Equipment ID:	K001
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable

A. Standard Terms and Conditions

1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above. The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. What records must I keep under this permit?

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

- PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

  You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

- Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. Unless otherwise specified, facilities subject to one or more synthetic minor restrictions must use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" to submit annual emissions associated with this permit requirement. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2). The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.

10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Akron Regional Air Quality Management District in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that

exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred. If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31. You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting[1] a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emissions unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official. You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated. Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or

[1] Permittees that use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" can mark the affected emissions unit(s) as "permanently shutdown" in the facility profile along with the date the emissions unit(s) was permanently removed and/or disabled. Submitting the facility profile update will constitute notifying of the permanent shutdown of the affected emissions unit(s).

modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

   a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

      (1) None.

   b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

      (1) None.

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions

1. K001, Paper Coating Line

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Paper coating line, controlled with a regenerative thermal oxidizer

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. None.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. All.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions shall not exceed 28.3 pounds per hour.
b.	OAC rule 3745-21-09(F)	Exempt, see b)(2)a.
c.	OAC rule 3745-21-09(B)(6)	81% overall control efficiency, and 90% destruction efficiency.
d.	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RR	90% overall VOC emission reduction, as calculated over a calendar month.
e.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D)	Combined hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) emissions shall not exceed 24.9 tons per rolling, 12-month summation. Individual HAP emissions shall not exceed 9.9 tons per rolling, 12-month summation. VOC emissions shall not exceed 99 tons per rolling, 12-month summation. See b)(2)b.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
f.	OAC rule 3745-114-01 ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(b)	See d)(8) – d)(11), and e)(4).

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. In lieu of complying with the pounds of VOC per gallon of solids limitation contained in paragraph (F) of OAC rule 3745-21-09, the permittee shall employ a control system that provides not less than an eighty-one percent reduction, by weight, in the overall VOC emissions from the coating line and that provides a control efficiency of not less than ninety percent, by weight, for the VOC emissions vented to the control equipment.

b. To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the emission levels specified in the following table:

Month(s)	Maximum Allowable Cumulative Emissions of VOC (Tons)	Maximum Allowable Cumulative Emissions of Individual HAP (Tons)	Maximum Allowable Cumulative Emissions of Combined HAPs (Tons)
1	24.5	2.5	6.2
1-2	24.5	2.5	6.2
1-3	24.5	2.5	6.2
1-4	49.5	5.0	12.5
1-5	49.5	5.0	12.5
1-6	49.5	5.0	12.5
1-7	74	7.5	18.6
1-8	74	7.5	18.6
1-9	74	7.5	18.6
1-10	99	9.9	24.9
1-11	99	9.9	24.9
1-12	99	9.9	24.9

After the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, compliance with the annual emission limitations for VOC, Individual HAP, and Combined HAPs shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly emissions.

c. All of the VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall be vented to the/a thermal oxidizer that shall meet the operational, monitoring, and record keeping requirements of this permit, when the emissions unit is in operation.

d. The permanent total enclosure shall be constructed to totally enclose the application stations, coating reservoirs, and all areas from the application station to the oven and the control device, such that all volatile organic compound emissions are captured, contained, and directed to the control device.

e. The permanent total enclosure shall be maintained under negative pressure whenever the emissions unit is in operation, and shall be designed and maintained to have an average facial velocity of air through each natural draft opening of at least 200 feet per minute (3,600 m/hr). Compliance with the average facial velocity shall be demonstrated during the compliance test, by either using an air flow monitor or a differential pressure gauge at each natural draft opening, and maintaining the required facial velocity or the corresponding negative pressure. The permanent total enclosure shall meet all of the following criteria if the capture efficiency of the enclosure and control device is to be assumed to be 100%:

i. Any natural draft opening shall be at least four equivalent opening diameters, or 4 times the diameter of the opening, from each VOC emitting point. An equivalent diameter is the diameter of a circle that has the same area as the opening. If the opening is not circular the equivalent diameter (ED) is calculated as follows:

$$ED = (4\ area/\pi)^{0.5}$$

ii. The total area of all natural draft openings (A_N) shall not exceed 5 percent of the total surface area of the enclosure (A_T), i.e, the four walls, floor, and ceiling. The natural draft opening to enclosure area ratio (NEAR) is calculated as follows:

$$NEAR = A_N / A_T$$

iii. The direction of air flow through all natural draft openings shall be into the enclosure, with an average facial velocity of no less than 200 feet per minute (3,600 m/hr) or a pressure drop of 0.013 mm Hg (0.007 in. H2O).

iv. All access doors and windows to the enclosure that do not meet the requirements of a natural draft opening and whose surface areas are not included in the 5 percent surface area determination in “b”, shall be completely closed to any air movement during process operations.

v. All VOC emissions shall be captured and contained for discharge through the control device.

f. The permanent total enclosure (PTE) serving this emissions unit shall be maintained in such a manner as to meet the criteria established for a permanent total enclosure in 40 CFR, Part 51, Appendix M, Reference Method 204, and shall capture all of the VOC emissions from this emissions unit.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) The permanent total enclosure shall be maintained under negative pressure, at a minimum pressure differential that is not less than 0.013 mm Hg (0.007 in. H2O), whenever the emissions unit is in operation.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) In order to maintain compliance with the applicable emission limitation(s) contained in this permit, the acceptable average combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer, for any 3-hour block of time when the emissions unit(s) controlled by the thermal oxidizer is/are in operation, shall not be more than 50 degrees Fahrenheit below the average temperature measured during the most recent performance test that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) was/were in compliance.

(2) The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain a continuous temperature monitor and recorder that measures and records the combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer when the emissions unit(s) is/are in operation, including periods of startup and shutdown. Units shall be in degrees Fahrenheit. The accuracy for each thermocouple, monitor, and recorder shall be guaranteed by the manufacturer to be within ± 1 percent of the temperature being measured or ± 5 degrees Fahrenheit, whichever is greater. The temperature monitor and recorder shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and the operating manuals, with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee. The permittee shall collect and record the following information each day the emissions unit(s) is/are in operation:

a. all 3-hour blocks of time, when the emissions unit(s) controlled by the thermal oxidizer was/were in operation, during which the average combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer was more than 50 degrees Fahrenheit below the average temperature measured during the most recent performance test that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) was/were in compliance; and

b. a log or record of the operating time for the capture (collection) system, thermal oxidizer, monitoring equipment, and the associated emissions unit(s).

These records shall be maintained at the facility for a period of three years.

(3) Whenever the monitored average combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer deviates from the range or limit established in accordance with this permit, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation:

a. the date and time the deviation began;

b. the magnitude of the deviation at that time;

c. the date the investigation was conducted;

d. the name(s) of the personnel who conducted the investigation; and

e. the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable range/limit specified in this permit, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken:

a. a description of the corrective action;

b. the date corrective action was completed;

c. the date and time the deviation ended;

d. the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation;

e. the temperature readings immediately after the corrective action was implemented; and

f. the name(s) of the personnel who performed the work.

Investigation and records required by this paragraph do not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

The temperature range/limit is effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The permittee may request revisions to the permitted temperature range/limit based upon information obtained during future performance tests that demonstrate compliance with the allowable emission rate(s) for the controlled pollutant(s). In addition, approved revisions to the temperature range/limit will not constitute a relaxation of the monitoring requirements of this permit and may be incorporated into this permit by means of an administrative modification.

(4) The permittee shall measure, document/calculate, and maintain a permanent record of the following information for the permanent total enclosure, which may be the same record documented during the compliance test(s):

a. the measured diameter of each natural draft opening;

b. the distance measured from each natural draft opening to each VOC emitting point;

c. the total calculated surface area of all natural draft openings and the surface area of the enclosure's four walls, floor, and ceiling;

d. the calculation or demonstration that the distance from each VOC emitting point to each natural draft opening is at least 4 times the diameter of the opening; and

e. the calculation demonstrating that the sum of the surface areas of all of the natural draft openings to the enclosure is not more than 5 percent of the sum of the surface areas of the enclosure's four walls, floor, and ceiling.

(5) The permittee shall install, operate, and maintain monitoring devices and a recorder that continuously monitor and record the differential pressure between the inside and outside of the permanent total enclosure when the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring and recording devices shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manuals, with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee.

The permittee shall collect and record the following information each day:

a. all three-hour blocks of time during which the difference in pressure between the permanent total enclosure and the surrounding areas is not maintained at or above the minimum pressure differential of 0.007 inches of water, as a three-hour average; and

b. a log or record of downtime for the capture (collection) system when the emissions unit was in operation.

(6) The permittee shall collect and record the following information on a daily basis for the coating and cleanup materials applied in this emissions unit:

a. the name and identification number of each coating and cleanup material, as applied;

b. the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, as applies, in pounds per gallon;

c. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed;

d. the total VOC emission rate for all coatings and cleanup materials, in pounds per day;

e. the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation;

f. the uncontrolled average hourly VOC emission rate, in pounds per hour, as applied [i.e. (d) / (e)]; and

g. the calculated, controlled average hourly VOC emission rate, in pounds per hour, as applied [i.e., the uncontrolled VOC emission rate calculated in (f) above, multiplied by 1 minus the overall control efficiency for the control equipment, as determined during the most recent emissions test that demonstrated the emissions unit was in compliance].

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added to the emissions unit.]

(7) For each month, the permittee shall collect and record the following information for the purpose of calculating rolling, 12-month summation of VOC and HAP emissions:

a. the name and identification number of each coating and cleanup material employed, as applied;

b. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed, as applied;

c. the individual HAP content of each coating and cleanup material employed, as applied, in pounds per gallon;

d. the total combined HAP content of each coating and cleanup material employed, as applied, in pounds per gallon;

e. the total, uncontrolled emissions of each individual HAP from all coatings and cleanup materials employed, as applied, in pounds or tons [the sum of (c) times (b) for all the coatings and cleanup materials];

f. the total uncontrolled emissions of combined HAPs from all coatings and cleanup materials employed, as applied, in pounds or tons [the sum of (d) times (b) for all the coatings and cleanup materials];

g. the total controlled emissions of each individual HAP from all coatings and cleanup materials, as applied, in pounds or tons per month [(e) multiplied by 1 minus the control efficiency];

h. the total controlled emissions of combined HAPs from all coatings and cleanup materials, as applied, in pounds or tons per month [(f) multiplied by 1 minus the control efficiency];

i. the rolling, 12-month summation of the individual HAP emissions from all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds or tons [sum of (g) for the previous 12 calendar months];

j. the rolling, 12-month summation of the total combined HAP emissions from all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds or tons [sum of (h) for the previous 12 calendar months]; and

k. the rolling, 12-month summation of the VOC emissions from all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds or tons.

Also, during the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall record the cumulative VOC and HAP emissions for each calendar month.

(8) The federally enforceable permit-to-install and operate (FEPTIO) application for this emissions unit, K001, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this emissions unit for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC),

calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A", as follows:

a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):

   i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; or

   ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).

c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., "**X**" hours per day and "**Y**" days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

   TLV/10 x 8/X x 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC

d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or "worst case" toxic contaminant(s):

   Toxic Contaminant: dimethylformamide

   TLV (mg/m3): 30

   Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 5.376

   Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 68.210

   MAGLC (ug/m3): 714.29

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of dimethylformamide, from emissions unit K001, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F).

(9) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration", the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;

b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and

c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final FEPTIO prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

(10) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F):

a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);

b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F);

c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and

d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.

(11) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) Unless other arrangements have been approved by the Director, all notifications and reports shall be submitted through the Ohio EPA's eBusiness Center: Air Services online web portal.

(2) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:

a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the potential to emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:

i. each period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the average combustion temperature within the thermal oxidizer was outside of the acceptable range;

ii. any period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the emissions unit was in operation and the process emissions were not vented to the thermal oxidizer;

iii. all three-hour blocks of time, when the emissions unit was in operation, during which the permanent total enclosure was not maintained at the minimum pressure differential of 0.007 inches of water;

iv. the rolling, 12-month emission limitation for any individual HAP of 9.9 tons, ;

v. the rolling, 12-month emission limitation for combined HAPs of 24.9 tons; and

vi. the rolling, 12-month emission limitation for VOC of 99.0 tons.

b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);

c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and

d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted, electronically through Ohio EPA Air Services, each year by January 31 (covering October to December), April 30 (covering January to March), July 31 (covering April to June), and October 31 (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the Director (the appropriate District Office or local air agency).

(3) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

(4) The permittee shall include any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, in the annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER). If no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the emission limitations in section b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions shall not exceed 28.3 pounds per hour.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly VOC limitation shall be demonstrated based on the record keeping requirements in d)(6) and the testing requirements of f)(2).

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly mass emission limitation by 8760 hours per year, and then dividing by 2000. Therefore, compliance with the annual limitation shall be demonstrated if compliance with the hourly limitation is maintained.

b. Emission Limitations:

90% overall VOC reduction

81% overall control efficiency

90% destruction efficiency

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the control efficiency limitations shall be demonstrated based on the methods and procedures specified section in f)(2).

The capture efficiency shall be determined using Methods 204 through 204F, as specified in 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, or the permittee may request to use an alternative method or procedure for the determination of capture efficiency in accordance with USEPA's "Guidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency," dated January 9, 1995.

c. Emission Limitations:

Combined HAP emissions shall not exceed 24.9 tons

Individual HAP emissions shall not exceed 9.9 tons

Combined VOC emissions shall not exceed 99 tons

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated in accordance with the record keeping requirements in section d)(7) above.

(2) The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:

a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 6 months after startup and within 6 months prior to permit expiration.

b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the allowable overall control efficiency limitation for VOCs.

c. The following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s):

For VOCs, Methods 1 through 4, and Method 18 or 25/25A of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.

The capture efficiency shall be determined using Methods 204 through 204F, as specified in 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, or the permittee may request to use an alternative method or procedure for the determination of capture efficiency in accordance with the USEPA's "Guidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency," dated January 9, 1995. (The Ohio EPA will consider the request, including an evaluation of the applicability, necessity, and validity of the alternative, and may approve the use of the alternative if such approval does not contravene any other applicable requirement.)

The control efficiency (i.e., the percent reduction in mass emissions between the inlet and outlet of the control system) shall be determined in accordance with the test methods and procedures specified in 3745-21-10 or an alternative test protocol approved by the Ohio EPA. The test methods and procedures selected shall be based on a consideration of the diversity of the organic species present and their total concentration, and on a consideration of the potential presence of interfering gases.

d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA District Office's or local air agency's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

f. Personnel from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

g. A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

(3) USEPA Methods 24 and 24A shall be used to determine the VOC contents for (a) coatings and (b) flexographic and rotogravure printing inks and related coatings, respectively. If, pursuant to Method 24 as outlined in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, an owner or operator determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating or ink, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating or ink to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) None.