



Environmental
Protection Agency

Ted Strickland, Governor
Lee Fisher, Lt. Governor
Chris Korleski, Director

11/8/2010

Certified Mail

Ms. Angie Duvall
Cargill, Inc. - Dayton
3201 Needmore Road
P.O. Box 1400 A
Dayton, OH 45413-8001

RE: DRAFT AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL
Facility ID: 0857041124
Permit Number: P0106203
Permit Type: Initial Installation
County: Montgomery

Yes	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR NSR
No	CEMS
No	MACT/GACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
Yes	MODELING SUBMITTED

Dear Permit Holder:

A draft of the Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-31 Air Pollution Permit-to-Install for the referenced facility has been issued for the emissions unit(s) listed in the Authorization section of the enclosed draft permit. This draft action is not an authorization to begin construction or modification of your emissions unit(s). The purpose of this draft is to solicit public comments on the permit. A public notice will appear in the Ohio EPA Weekly Review and the local newspaper, Dayton Daily News. A copy of the public notice and the draft permit are enclosed. This permit can be accessed electronically on the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page, www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc by clicking the "Issued Air Pollution Control Permits" link. Comments will be accepted as a marked-up copy of the draft permit or in narrative format. Any comments must be sent to the following:

Andrew Hall
Permit Review/Development Section
Ohio EPA, DAPC
122 South Front Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215

and Regional Air Pollution Control Agency
117 South Main Street
Dayton, OH 45422-1280

Comments and/or a request for a public hearing will be accepted within 30 days of the date the notice is published in the newspaper. You will be notified in writing if a public hearing is scheduled. A decision on issuing a final permit-to-install will be made after consideration of comments received and oral testimony if a public hearing is conducted. Any permit fee that will be due upon issuance of a final Permit-to-Install is indicated in the Authorization section. Please do not submit any payment now. If you have any questions, please contact Regional Air Pollution Control Agency at (937)225-4435.

Sincerely,


Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: U.S. EPA Region 5 - *Via E-Mail Notification*
RAPCA; Indiana; Kentucky



Permit Strategy Write-Up

1. Check all that apply:

- [X] Synthetic Minor Determination
[] Netting Determination

2. Source Description:

Cargill Inc., 0857041124, is engaged in the production of sweeteners and animal feed products in both the national and international markets. Cargill has submitted this PTI application for the installation of equipment (and modification of some existing equipment) to manufacture animal feed products and includes the following emissions units:

- P094 - Bran Conveying to Storage
P095 - Feed Ingredient Unload Pit
P100 - CGM Conveying and Storage Bin #8
P102 - Bran Bunker Aspiration

3. Facility Emissions and Attainment Status:

Cargill is located in Montgomery County, which is attainment for all criteria pollutants except PM2.5, which is classified as basic nonattainment. The Cargill facility is classified as a Title V facility and a major facility for major NSR (particulate, NOx, and VOC).

Potential particulate emissions from the proposed project are 39.16 tons per year, as shown in the table below. This increase would be a significant net emissions increase for particulate matter, which is 25 tons per year.

4. Source Emissions:

The potential emissions and limited emissions for these emissions units are shown in the following table:

Table with 3 columns: Emissions Unit, Potential Particulate Emissions (tons/yr), Limited Particulate Emissions (tons/yr). Rows include P094, P095, P100, P102, and Total.

5. Conclusion:

After obtaining this PTI, potential particulate emissions associated with this project are 9.08 tons per year, which is less than the threshold for a significant net emissions increase for particulate matter. Particulate emissions are limited through the use of fabric filters and inclusion of appropriate monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements.

6. Please provide additional notes or comments as necessary:

None

7. Total Permit Allowable Emissions Summary (for informational purposes only):

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Tons Per Year</u>
Particulate	9.08
VOC	10.37

PUBLIC NOTICE
Issuance of Draft Air Pollution Permit-To-Install
Cargill, Inc. - Dayton

Issue Date: 11/8/2010

Permit Number: P0106203

Permit Type: Initial Installation

Permit Description: This PTIO is for the proposed installation of new process equipment and modification of several existing sources to manufacture animal feed products.

Facility ID: 0857041124

Facility Location: Cargill, Inc. - Dayton
3201 Needmore Road, P.O. Box 1400 A
Dayton, OH 45413-8001

Facility Description: Wet Corn Milling

Chris Korleski, Director of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, 50 West Town Street, Columbus Ohio, has issued a draft action of an air pollution control permit-to-install (PTI) for an air contaminant source at the location identified above on the date indicated. Installation of the air contaminant source may proceed upon final issuance of the PTI. Comments concerning this draft action, or a request for a public meeting, must be sent in writing no later than thirty (30) days from the date this notice is published. All comments, questions, requests for permit applications or other pertinent documentation, and correspondence concerning this action must be directed to Michael Maleski at Regional Air Pollution Control Agency, 117 South Main Street, Dayton, OH 45422-1280 or (937)225-4435. The permit can be downloaded from the Web page: www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc



DRAFT

**Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install
for
Cargill, Inc. - Dayton**

Facility ID: 0857041124
Permit Number: P0106203
Permit Type: Initial Installation
Issued: 11/8/2010
Effective: To be entered upon final issuance



Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install
for
Cargill, Inc. - Dayton

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Authorization

Facility ID: 0857041124

Facility Description: Wet corn milling

Application Number(s): A0039268, A0039545

Permit Number: P0106203

Permit Description: This PTIO is for the proposed installation of new process equipment and modification of several existing sources to manufacture animal feed products.

Permit Type: Initial Installation

Permit Fee: \$4,750.00 *DO NOT send payment at this time, subject to change before final issuance*

Issue Date: 11/8/2010

Effective Date: To be entered upon final issuance

This document constitutes issuance to:

Cargill, Inc. - Dayton
3201 Needmore Road
P.O. Box 1400 A
Dayton, OH 45413-8001

of a Permit-to-Install for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Regional Air Pollution Control Agency
117 South Main Street
Dayton, OH 45422-1280
(937)225-4435

The above named entity is hereby granted a Permit-to-Install for the emissions unit(s) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the emissions unit(s) of environmental pollutants will operate in compliance with applicable State and Federal laws and regulations, and does not constitute expressed or implied assurance that if constructed or modified in accordance with those plans and specifications, the above described emissions unit(s) of pollutants will be granted the necessary permits to operate (air) or NPDES permits as applicable.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director



Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0106203
Permit Description: This PTIO is for the proposed installation of new process equipment and modification of several existing sources to manufacture animal feed products.

Permits for the following Emissions Unit(s) or groups of Emissions Units are in this document as indicated below:

- Emissions Unit ID: P094**
Company Equipment ID: Bran Conveying to Storage
Superseded Permit Number:
General Permit Category and Type: Not Applicable
- Emissions Unit ID: P095**
Company Equipment ID: Feed Ingredient Unload Pit
Superseded Permit Number:
General Permit Category and Type: Not Applicable
- Emissions Unit ID: P100**
Company Equipment ID: CGM Conveying and Storage Bin #8
Superseded Permit Number:
General Permit Category and Type: Not Applicable
- Emissions Unit ID: P102**
Company Equipment ID: Bran Bunker Aspiration
Superseded Permit Number:
General Permit Category and Type: Not Applicable



A. Standard Terms and Conditions



1. Federally Enforceable Standard Terms and Conditions

- a) All Standard Terms and Conditions are federally enforceable, with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under State law only:
 - (1) Standard Term and Condition A.2.a), Severability Clause
 - (2) Standard Term and Condition A.3.c) through A. 3.e) General Requirements
 - (3) Standard Term and Condition A.6.c) and A. 6.d), Compliance Requirements
 - (4) Standard Term and Condition A.9., Reporting Requirements
 - (5) Standard Term and Condition A.10., Applicability
 - (6) Standard Term and Condition A.11.b) through A.11.e), Construction of New Source(s) and Authorization to Install
 - (7) Standard Term and Condition A.14., Public Disclosure
 - (8) Standard Term and Condition A.15., Additional Reporting Requirements When There Are No Deviations of Federally Enforceable Emission Limitations, Operational Restrictions, or Control Device Operating Parameter Limitations
 - (9) Standard Term and Condition A.16., Fees
 - (10) Standard Term and Condition A.17., Permit Transfers

2. Severability Clause

- a) A determination that any term or condition of this permit is invalid shall not invalidate the force or effect of any other term or condition thereof, except to the extent that any other term or condition depends in whole or in part for its operation or implementation upon the term or condition declared invalid.
- b) All terms and conditions designated in parts B and C of this permit are federally enforceable as a practical matter, if they are required under the Act, or any of its applicable requirements, including relevant provisions designed to limit the potential to emit of a source, are enforceable by the Administrator of the U.S. EPA and the State and by citizens (to the extent allowed by section 304 of the Act) under the Act. Terms and conditions in parts B and C of this permit shall not be federally enforceable and shall be enforceable under State law only, only if specifically identified in this permit as such.

3. General Requirements

- a) The permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. Any noncompliance with the federally enforceable terms and conditions of this permit constitutes a violation of the Act, and is grounds for enforcement action or for permit revocation, revocation and re-issuance, or modification.

- b) It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the federally enforceable terms and conditions of this permit.
- c) This permit may be modified, revoked, or revoked and reissued, for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or revocation, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any term and condition of this permit.
- d) This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.
- e) The permittee shall furnish to the Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that may be requested to determine whether cause exists for modifying or revoking this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Director or an authorized representative of the Director, copies of records required to be kept by this permit. For information claimed to be confidential in the submittal to the Director, if the Administrator of the U.S. EPA requests such information, the permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

4. Monitoring and Related Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements

- a) Except as may otherwise be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, the permittee shall maintain records that include the following, where applicable, for any required monitoring under this permit:
 - (1) The date, place (as defined in the permit), and time of sampling or measurements.
 - (2) The date(s) analyses were performed.
 - (3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
 - (4) The analytical techniques or methods used.
 - (5) The results of such analyses.
 - (6) The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- b) Each record of any monitoring data, testing data, and support information required pursuant to this permit shall be retained for a period of five years from the date the record was created. Support information shall include, but not be limited to all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit. Such records may be maintained in computerized form.
- c) Except as may otherwise be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, the permittee shall submit required reports in the following manner:
 - (1) Reports of any required monitoring and/or recordkeeping of federally enforceable information shall be submitted to the Regional Air Pollution Control Agency.

- (2) Quarterly written reports of (i) any deviations from federally enforceable emission limitations, operational restrictions, and control device operating parameter limitations, excluding deviations resulting from malfunctions reported in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06, that have been detected by the testing, monitoring and recordkeeping requirements specified in this permit, (ii) the probable cause of such deviations, and (iii) any corrective actions or preventive measures taken, shall be made to the Regional Air Pollution Control Agency. The written reports shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) quarterly, by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar quarters. See A.15. below if no deviations occurred during the quarter.
 - (3) Written reports, which identify any deviations from the federally enforceable monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements contained in this permit shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) to the Regional Air Pollution Control Agency every six months, by January 31 and July 31 of each year for the previous six calendar months. If no deviations occurred during a six-month period, the permittee shall submit a semi-annual report, which states that no deviations occurred during that period.
 - (4) This permit is for an emissions unit located at a Title V facility. Each written report shall be signed by a responsible official certifying that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the report are true, accurate, and complete.
- d) The permittee shall report actual emissions pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-78 for the purpose of collecting Air Pollution Control Fees.

5. Scheduled Maintenance/Malfunction Reporting

Any scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment shall be performed in accordance with paragraph (A) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. The malfunction, i.e., upset, of any emissions units or any associated air pollution control system(s) shall be reported to the Regional Air Pollution Control Agency in accordance with paragraph (B) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. (The definition of an upset condition shall be the same as that used in OAC rule 3745-15-06(B)(1) for a malfunction.) The verbal and written reports shall be submitted pursuant to OAC rule 3745-15-06.

Except as provided in that rule, any scheduled maintenance or malfunction necessitating the shutdown or bypassing of any air pollution control system(s) shall be accompanied by the shutdown of the emission unit(s) that is (are) served by such control system(s).

6. Compliance Requirements

- a) The emissions unit(s) identified in this Permit shall remain in full compliance with all applicable State laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit.
- b) Any document (including reports) required to be submitted and required by a federally applicable requirement in this permit shall include a certification by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements in the document are true, accurate, and complete.
- c) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow the Director of the Ohio EPA or an authorized representative of the Director to:

- (1) At reasonable times, enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or the emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit.
 - (2) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit, subject to the protection from disclosure to the public of confidential information consistent with ORC section 3704.08.
 - (3) Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit.
 - (4) As authorized by the Act, sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit and applicable requirements.
- d) The permittee shall submit progress reports to the Regional Air Pollution Control Agency concerning any schedule of compliance for meeting an applicable requirement. Progress reports shall be submitted semiannually or more frequently if specified in the applicable requirement or by the Director of the Ohio EPA. Progress reports shall contain the following:
- (1) Dates for achieving the activities, milestones, or compliance required in any schedule of compliance, and dates when such activities, milestones, or compliance were achieved.
 - (2) An explanation of why any dates in any schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventive or corrective measures adopted.

7. Best Available Technology

As specified in OAC Rule 3745-31-05, new sources that must employ Best Available Technology (BAT) shall comply with the Applicable Emission Limitations/Control Measures identified as BAT for each subject emissions unit.

8. Air Pollution Nuisance

The air contaminants emitted by the emissions units covered by this permit shall not cause a public nuisance, in violation of OAC rule 3745-15-07.

9. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall submit required reports in the following manner:

- a) Reports of any required monitoring and/or recordkeeping of state-only enforceable information shall be submitted to the Regional Air Pollution Control Agency.

- b) Except as otherwise may be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, quarterly written reports of (a) any deviations (excursions) from state-only required emission limitations, operational restrictions, and control device operating parameter limitations that have been detected by the testing, monitoring, and recordkeeping requirements specified in this permit, (b) the probable cause of such deviations, and (c) any corrective actions or preventive measures which have been or will be taken, shall be submitted to the Regional Air Pollution Control Agency. If no deviations occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a quarterly report, which states that no deviations occurred during that quarter. The reports shall be submitted (i.e., postmarked) quarterly, by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar quarters. (These quarterly reports shall exclude deviations resulting from malfunctions reported in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06.)

10. Applicability

This Permit-to-Install is applicable only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the Permit-to-Install. Separate application must be made to the Director for the installation or modification of any other emissions unit(s).

11. Construction of New Sources(s) and Authorization to Install

- a) This permit does not constitute an assurance that the proposed source will operate in compliance with all Ohio laws and regulations. This permit does not constitute expressed or implied assurance that the proposed facility has been constructed in accordance with the application and terms and conditions of this permit. The action of beginning and/or completing construction prior to obtaining the Director's approval constitutes a violation of OAC rule 3745-31-02. Furthermore, issuance of this permit does not constitute an assurance that the proposed source will operate in compliance with all Ohio laws and regulations. Issuance of this permit is not to be construed as a waiver of any rights that the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (or other persons) may have against the applicant for starting construction prior to the effective date of the permit. Additional facilities shall be installed upon orders of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency if the proposed facilities cannot meet the requirements of this permit or cannot meet applicable standards.
- b) If applicable, authorization to install any new emissions unit included in this permit shall terminate within eighteen months of the effective date of the permit if the owner or operator has not undertaken a continuing program of installation or has not entered into a binding contractual obligation to undertake and complete within a reasonable time a continuing program of installation. This deadline may be extended by up to 12 months if application is made to the Director within a reasonable time before the termination date and the party shows good cause for any such extension.

- c) The permittee may notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down (i.e., the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31) by submitting a certification from the authorized official that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. Authorization to operate the affected emissions unit shall cease upon the date certified by the authorized official that the emissions unit was permanently shut down. At a minimum, notification of permanent shut down shall be made or confirmed by marking the affected emissions unit(s) as "permanently shut down" in Ohio EPA's "Air Services" along with the date the emissions unit(s) was permanently removed and/or disabled. Submitting the facility profile update will constitute notifying of the permanent shutdown of the affected emissions unit(s).
- d) The provisions of this permit shall cease to be enforceable for each affected emissions unit after the date on which an emissions unit is permanently shut down (i.e., emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31). All records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, must be maintained in accordance with law. All reports required by this permit must be submitted for any period an affected emissions unit operated prior to permanent shut down. At a minimum, the permit requirements must be evaluated as part of the reporting requirements identified in this permit covering the last period the emissions unit operated.

No emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down may resume operation without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

- e) The permittee shall comply with any residual requirements related to this permit, such as the requirement to submit a deviation report, air fee emission report, or other any reporting required by this permit for the period the operating provisions of this permit were enforceable, or as required by regulation or law. All reports shall be submitted in a form and manner prescribed by the Director. All records relating to this permit must be maintained in accordance with law.

12. Permit-To-Operate Application

The permittee is required to apply for a Title V permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-77. The permittee shall submit a complete Title V permit application or a complete Title V permit modification application within twelve (12) months after commencing operation of the emissions units covered by this permit. However, if the proposed new or modified source(s) would be prohibited by the terms and conditions of an existing Title V permit, a Title V permit modification must be obtained before the operation of such new or modified source(s) pursuant to OAC rule 3745-77-04(D) and OAC rule 3745-77-08(C)(3)(d).

13. Construction Compliance Certification

The applicant shall identify the following dates in the online facility profile for each new emissions unit identified in this permit.

- a) Completion of initial installation date shall be entered upon completion of construction and prior to start-up.

Effective Date: To be entered upon final issuance

- b) Commence operation after installation or latest modification date shall be entered within 90 days after commencing operation of the applicable emissions unit.

14. Public Disclosure

The facility is hereby notified that this permit, and all agency records concerning the operation of this permitted source, are subject to public disclosure in accordance with OAC rule 3745-49-03.

15. Additional Reporting Requirements When There Are No Deviations of Federally Enforceable Emission Limitations, Operational Restrictions, or Control Device Operating Parameter Limitations

If no deviations occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a quarterly report, which states that no deviations occurred during that quarter. The reports shall be submitted quarterly (i.e., postmarked), by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar quarters.

16. Fees

The permittee shall pay fees to the Director of the Ohio EPA in accordance with ORC section 3745.11 and OAC Chapter 3745-78. The permittee shall pay all applicable permit-to-install fees within 30 days after the issuance of any permit-to-install. The permittee shall pay all applicable permit-to-operate fees within thirty days of the issuance of the invoice.

17. Permit Transfers

Any transferee of this permit shall assume the responsibilities of the prior permit holder. The new owner must update and submit the ownership information via the "Owner/Contact Change" functionality in Air Services once the transfer is legally completed. The change must be submitted through Air Services within thirty days of the ownership transfer date.

18. Risk Management Plans

If the permittee is required to develop and register a risk management plan pursuant to section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq. ("Act"), the permittee shall comply with the requirement to register such a plan.

19. Title IV Provisions

If the permittee is subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 72 concerning acid rain, the permittee shall ensure that any affected emissions unit complies with those requirements. Emissions exceeding any allowances that are lawfully held under Title IV of the Act, or any regulations adopted thereunder, are prohibited.

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions

Effective Date: To be entered upon final issuance

1. All the following facility-wide terms and conditions are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only:
 - a) None.

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions



1. P094, Bran Conveying to Storage

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Bran Conveying to Storage

a) The following emissions unit terms and conditions are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

(1) b)(1)f, d)(3) through d)(6) and e)(2).

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 11/30/01	Particulate emissions (PE) from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.005 grain of PE per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gases (gr/dscf) and 2.82 tons per year (TPY). Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 2.07 lbs/hr and 9.05 TPY. Visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 5% opacity as a six-minute average. See b)(2)a.
b.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(a)(ii), as effective 12/1/06	See b)(2)b.
c.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	The emission limitations specified by these rules are less stringent than the emission limitations established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3). See b)(2)c.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
d.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	Visible PE from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a 6-minute average, except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 60% opacity. See b)(2)d.
e.	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	PE from this emissions unit shall not exceed 42.5 lbs/hr. See b)(2)d.
f.	ORC 3704.03(F) and OAC rule 3745-114-01	See d)(3) through d)(6) and e)(2).

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. The permittee has satisfied the Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) paragraph 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective November 30, 2001, in this permit. On December 1, 2006, paragraph (A)(3) of OAC rule 3745-31-05 was revised to conform to the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) changes effective August 3, 2006 (Senate Bill 265 changes), such that BAT is no longer required by State regulations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) pollutant(s) less than ten tons per year. However, that rule revision has not yet been approved by U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-31-05, the requirement to satisfy BAT still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio. Once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05, then these emission limitations/control measures no longer apply.

- b. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.

The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the PE and VOC emissions from this air contaminant source since the uncontrolled potential to emit for PE and VOC is each less than 10 tons/year. Note that the fabric filter associated with pneumatic material loading and is considered inherent to the operation of this emissions unit; therefore, is included in the estimation of uncontrolled potential emissions.

- c. This limitation reflects the current State Implementation Plan (SIP) for Ohio approved by the U.S. EPA for OAC rule 3745-31-05, as indicated in b)(2)a above. Once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05, then this emission limitation no longer applies.

- d. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.
- c) Operational Restrictions
- (1) None.
- d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements
- (1) The acceptable range established for the pressure drop across the baghouse is between 0.2 to 5.8 inches of water (manufacturer's recommendation).
- (2) The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop, in inches of water, across the baghouse when the controlled emissions unit is in operation, including periods of startup and shutdown. The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s), with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee.

Whenever the monitored value for the pressure drop deviates from the range established in accordance with this permit, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation:

- a. the date and time the deviation began;
- b. the magnitude of the deviation at that time;
- c. the date the investigation was conducted;
- d. the name(s) of the personnel who conducted the investigation; and
- e. the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable range specified in this permit, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken:

- a. a description of the corrective action;
- b. the date corrective action was completed;
- c. the date and time the deviation ended;
- d. the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation;
- e. the pressure drop readings immediately after the corrective action was implemented; and

- f. the name(s) of the personnel who performed the work.

Investigation and records required by this paragraph do not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

This range on the pressure drop across the baghouse is effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The permittee may request revisions to the permitted range for the pressure drop based upon information obtained during future testing that demonstrate compliance with the allowable particulate emission rate for the controlled emissions unit. In addition, approved revisions to the range will not constitute a relaxation of the monitoring requirements of this permit and may be incorporated into this permit by means of an administrative modification.

- (3) The permit-to-install (PTI) application for these emissions unit(s), P094, P100 and P102, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions units' exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to these emissions units for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A", as follows:
- a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound emitted from the emissions units, (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
- i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; or
 - ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the ACGIH "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.
- b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).
- c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions units, i.e., 24 hours per day and 7 days per

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week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the MAGLC:

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/(24 \times 7) = TLV/42 = MAGLC$$

- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or "worst case" toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Acetaldehyde

TLV (mg/m³): 45

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lb/hr): 0.21

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground Level Concentration (µg/m³): 3.45

MAGLC (µg/m³): 790

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of acetaldehyde, from emissions unit P094, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the MAGLC; any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F).

- (4) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions units, that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
- changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower TLV than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTI prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in

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greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

- (5) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F):
 - a. description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. the MAGLC for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
 - (6) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.
- e) Reporting Requirements
- (1) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify the following:
 - a. each period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the pressure drop across the baghouse was outside of the acceptable range;
 - b. any period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the emissions unit was in operation and the process emissions were not vented to the baghouse;
 - c. each incident of deviation described in e)(1)a (above) where a prompt investigation was not conducted;

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- d. each incident of deviation described in e)(1)a where prompt corrective action, that would bring the pressure drop into compliance with the acceptable range, was determined to be necessary and was not taken; and
- e. each incident of deviation described in e)(1)a where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action(s), as identified in the monitoring and record keeping requirements of this permit.

The quarterly deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Standard Terms and Conditions of this permit.

- (2) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify the following:
 - a. any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration; or if no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, a statement to this effect.

The quarterly deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Standard Terms and Conditions of this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation:

PE from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.005 gr/dscf.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated through emissions testing performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-5.

- b. Emission Limitation:

PE from this emissions unit shall not exceed 2.82 TPY.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the following calculation:

$$PE = (\text{outlet particulate concentration}) * (\text{baghouse exhaust air flow rate}) * (60 \text{ minutes/hr}) * (\text{annual operating hours}) / (7000 \text{ grains/lb}) / (2000 \text{ lbs/ton})$$

$$PE = (0.005 \text{ gr/dscf}) * (15,045 \text{ scfm}) * (60 \text{ minutes/hr}) * (8760 \text{ hrs/yr}) / (7000 \text{ grains/lb}) / (2000 \text{ lbs/ton})$$

$$PE = 2.82 \text{ TPY}$$

c. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 2.07 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated through performance testing as described in f)(2).

d. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 9.05 TPY.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the following calculation:

$$\text{VOC} = (\text{VOC in lbs/hr from the most recent emissions test}) * (\text{annual operating hours}) / (2000 \text{ lbs/ton})$$

e. Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 5% opacity as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the stack visible particulate emissions limitation shall be determined through visible emissions observations performed in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9.

f. Emission Limitation:

Visible PE from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a 6-minute average, except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 60% opacity.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the stack visible particulate emissions limitation shall be determined through visible emissions observations performed in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9.

g. Emission Limitation:

PE from this emissions unit shall not exceed 42.5 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the following calculation:

$$\text{PE} = (\text{outlet particulate concentration}) * (\text{baghouse exhaust air flow rate}) * (60 \text{ minutes/hr}) / (7000 \text{ grains/lb})$$

$$PE = (0.005 \text{ gr/dscf}) * (15,045 \text{ scfm}) * (60 \text{ minutes/hr}) / (7000 \text{ grains/lb})$$

$$PE = 0.64 \text{ lb/hr}$$

- (2) The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:
- a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of the emissions unit.
 - b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate for VOC, in lbs/hr.
 - c. The following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s):
 - i. Methods 1 through 4 from 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A for velocity traverses, velocity and volumetric flow rates, gas analysis, and moisture content; and
 - ii. OTM-11 for VOC emissions.

Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.
 - d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.
 - e. Not later than 60 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA District Office's or local air agency's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).
 - f. Personnel from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.
 - g. A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

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- g) Miscellaneous Requirements
 - (1) None.



2. P095, Feed Ingredient Unload Pit

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Feed Ingredient Unload Pit

a) The following emissions unit terms and conditions are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

(1) None.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	Particulate emissions (PE) from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.010 grain of PE per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gases (gr/dscf). Visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 5% opacity as a six-minute average.
b.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	The emission limitations specified by these rules are less stringent than the emission limitations established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The emissions from this emissions unit shall be vented to a baghouse at all times the emissions unit is in operation.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The acceptable range established for the pressure drop across the baghouse is between 0.2 to 5.8 inches of water (manufacturer's recommendation).

- (2) The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop, in inches of water, across the baghouse when the controlled emissions unit is in operation, including periods of startup and shutdown. The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s), with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee.

Whenever the monitored value for the pressure drop deviates from the range established in accordance with this permit, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation:

- a. the date and time the deviation began;
- b. the magnitude of the deviation at that time;
- c. the date the investigation was conducted;
- d. the name(s) of the personnel who conducted the investigation; and
- e. the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable range specified in this permit, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken:

- a. a description of the corrective action;
- b. the date corrective action was completed;
- c. the date and time the deviation ended;
- d. the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation;
- e. the pressure drop readings immediately after the corrective action was implemented; and
- f. the name(s) of the personnel who performed the work.

Investigation and records required by this paragraph do not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

This range on the pressure drop across the baghouse is effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The permittee may request revisions to the permitted range for the pressure drop based upon information obtained during future testing that demonstrate compliance with the allowable particulate emission

rate for the controlled emissions unit. In addition, approved revisions to the range will not constitute a relaxation of the monitoring requirements of this permit and may be incorporated into this permit by means of an administrative modification.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify the following:
- a. each period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the pressure drop across the baghouse was outside of the acceptable range;
 - b. any period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the emissions unit was in operation and the process emissions were not vented to the baghouse;
 - c. each incident of deviation described in e)(1)a (above) where a prompt investigation was not conducted;
 - d. each incident of deviation described in e)(1)a where prompt corrective action, that would bring the pressure drop into compliance with the acceptable range, was determined to be necessary and was not taken; and
 - e. each incident of deviation described in e)(1)a where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action(s), as identified in the monitoring and record keeping requirements of this permit.

The quarterly deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Standard Terms and Conditions of this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
- a. Emission Limitation:
PE from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.010 gr/dscf.
Applicable Compliance Method:
If required, compliance shall be demonstrated through emissions testing performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-5.
 - b. Emission Limitation:
Visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 5% opacity as a six-minute average.



Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the stack visible particulate emissions limitation shall be determined through visible emissions observations performed in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

- (1) None.



3. P100, CGM Conveying and Storage Bin #8

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

CGM Conveying and Storage Bin #8

a) The following emissions unit terms and conditions are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

(1) b)(1)c, d)(1) through d)(4) and e)(1).

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 11/30/01	Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.48 lb/hr and 2.11 TPY. See b)(2)a.
b.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(a)(ii), as effective 12/1/06	See b)(2)b.
c.	ORC 3704.03(F) and OAC rule 3745-114-01	See d)(1) through d)(4) and e)(1).

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The permittee has satisfied the Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) paragraph 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective November 30, 2001, in this permit. On December 1, 2006, paragraph (A)(3) of OAC rule 3745-31-05 was revised to conform to the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) changes effective August 3, 2006 (Senate Bill 265 changes), such that BAT is no longer required by State regulations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) pollutant(s) less than ten tons per year. However, that rule revision has not yet been approved by U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-31-05, the requirement to satisfy BAT still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio. Once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05, then these emission limitations/control measures no longer apply.

- b. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.

The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the VOC emissions from this air contaminant source since the uncontrolled potential to emit for VOC is less than 10 tons/year.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permit-to-install (PTI) application for these emissions unit(s), P094, P100 and P102, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions units' exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to these emissions units for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A", as follows:
- a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound emitted from the emissions units, (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
- i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; or
- ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the ACGIH "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.
- b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).
- c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions units, i.e., 24 hours per day and 7 days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the MAGLC:

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/(24 \times 7) = TLV/42 = MAGLC$$

- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or "worst case" toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Acetaldehyde

TLV (mg/m³): 45

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lb/hr): 0.064

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground Level Concentration (µg/m³): 1.69

MAGLC (µg/m³): 790

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of acetaldehyde, from emissions unit P094, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the MAGLC; any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F).

- (2) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions units, that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
- changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower TLV than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTI prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level

concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

- (3) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F):
 - a. description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. the MAGLC for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
 - (4) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.
- e) Reporting Requirements
- (1) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify the following:
 - a. any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration; or if no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, a statement to this effect.

The quarterly deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Standard Terms and Conditions of this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.48 lb/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated through performance testing as described in f)(2).

b. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 2.11 TPY.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the following calculation:

$$\text{VOC} = (\text{VOC in lbs/hr from the most recent emissions test}) * (\text{annual operating hours}) / (2000 \text{ lbs/ton})$$

(2) The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:

- a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the emissions unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of the emissions unit.
- b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate for VOC, in lbs/hr.
- c. The following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s):
 - i. Methods 1 through 4 from 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A for velocity traverses, velocity and volumetric flow rates, gas analysis, and moisture content; and
 - ii. OTM-11 for VOC emissions.

Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.

- d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.
- e. Not later than 60 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval



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prior to the test(s) may result in the Ohio EPA District Office's or local air agency's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

- f. Personnel from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.
- g. A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

g) **Miscellaneous Requirements**

- (1) None.



4. P102, Bran Bunker Aspiration

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Bran Bunker Aspiration

a) The following emissions unit terms and conditions are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

(1) b)(1)g, d)(3) through d)(6) and e)(2).

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 11/30/01	Particulate emissions (PE) from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.010 grain of PE per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gases (gr/dscf) and 1.50 tons per year (TPY). Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.27 lb/hr and 1.20 TPY. Visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 5% opacity as a six-minute average. See b)(2)a.
b.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(E), as effective 12/1/06	See b)(2)b.
c.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(a)(ii), as effective 12/1/06	See b)(2)c.
d.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	The emission limitations specified by these rules are less stringent than the emission limitations established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3). See b)(2)d.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
e.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	Visible PE from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a 6-minute average, except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 60% opacity. See b)(2)e.
f.	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(1)	PE from this emissions unit shall not exceed 5.6 lbs/hr. See b)(2)e.
g.	ORC 3704.03(F) and OAC rule 3745-114-01	See d)(3) through d)(6) and e)(2).

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. The permittee has satisfied the Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) paragraph 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective November 30, 2001, in this permit. On December 1, 2006, paragraph (A)(3) of OAC rule 3745-31-05 was revised to conform to the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) changes effective August 3, 2006 (Senate Bill 265 changes), such that BAT is no longer required by State regulations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) pollutant(s) less than ten tons per year. However, that rule revision has not yet been approved by U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-31-05, the requirement to satisfy BAT still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio. Once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05, then these emission limitations/control measures no longer apply.
- b. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.

Permit to Install and Operate P0106203 for this air contaminant source takes into account the use of a baghouse, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation, with an outlet particulate emissions concentration of 0.010 gr/dscf, as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee. This restriction allows the permittee to avoid Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
- c. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.

The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the VOC emissions from this air contaminant source since the uncontrolled potential to emit for VOC is less than 10 tons/year.

- d. This limitation reflects the current State Implementation Plan (SIP) for Ohio approved by the U.S. EPA for OAC rule 3745-31-05, as indicated in b)(2)a above. Once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05, then this emission limitation no longer applies.
 - e. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.
 - f. The emissions from this emissions unit shall be vented to a baghouse at all times the emissions unit is in operation.
- c) Operational Restrictions
- (1) None.
- d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements
- (1) The acceptable range established for the pressure drop across the baghouse is between 0.2 to 5.8 inches of water (manufacturer's recommendation).
 - (2) The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop, in inches of water, across the baghouse when the controlled emissions unit is in operation, including periods of startup and shutdown. The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s), with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee.

Whenever the monitored value for the pressure drop deviates from the range established in accordance with this permit, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation:

- a. the date and time the deviation began;
- b. the magnitude of the deviation at that time;
- c. the date the investigation was conducted;
- d. the name(s) of the personnel who conducted the investigation; and
- e. the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable range specified in this permit, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that

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determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken:

- a. a description of the corrective action;
- b. the date corrective action was completed;
- c. the date and time the deviation ended;
- d. the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation;
- e. the pressure drop readings immediately after the corrective action was implemented; and
- f. the name(s) of the personnel who performed the work.

Investigation and records required by this paragraph do not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

This range on the pressure drop across the baghouse is effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The permittee may request revisions to the permitted range for the pressure drop based upon information obtained during future testing that demonstrate compliance with the allowable particulate emission rate for the controlled emissions unit. In addition, approved revisions to the range will not constitute a relaxation of the monitoring requirements of this permit and may be incorporated into this permit by means of an administrative modification.

- (3) The permit-to-install (PTI) application for these emissions unit(s), P094, P100 and P102, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions units' exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to these emissions units for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A", as follows:
 - a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound emitted from the emissions units, (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
 - i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for

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Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices”;
or

ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the ACGIH “Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices”; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).

c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions units, i.e., 24 hours per day and 7 days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the MAGLC:

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/(24 \times 7) = TLV/42 = MAGLC$$

d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or “worst case” toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Acetaldehyde

TLV (mg/m³): 45

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lb/hr): 0.027

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground Level Concentration (µg/m³): 1.02

MAGLC (µg/m³): 790

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of acetaldehyde, from emissions unit P102, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the MAGLC; any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the “Toxic Air Contaminant Statute”, ORC 3704.03(F).

(4) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions units, that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower TLV than the lowest TLV previously modeled;

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- b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
- c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTI prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

- (5) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F):
 - a. description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. the MAGLC for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
- (6) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify the following:
 - a. each period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the pressure drop across the baghouse was outside of the acceptable range;
 - b. any period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the emissions unit was in operation and the process emissions were not vented to the baghouse;
 - c. each incident of deviation described in e)(1)a (above) where a prompt investigation was not conducted;
 - d. each incident of deviation described in e)(1)a where prompt corrective action, that would bring the pressure drop into compliance with the acceptable range, was determined to be necessary and was not taken; and
 - e. each incident of deviation described in e)(1)a where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action(s), as identified in the monitoring and record keeping requirements of this permit.

The quarterly deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Standard Terms and Conditions of this permit.

- (2) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify the following:
 - a. any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration; or if no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, a statement to this effect.

The quarterly deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Standard Terms and Conditions of this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitation:

PE from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.010 gr/dscf.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated through emissions testing performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-5.

b. Emission Limitation:

PE from this emissions unit shall not exceed 1.50 TPY.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the following calculation:

$$PE = (\text{outlet particulate concentration}) * (\text{baghouse exhaust air flow rate}) * (60 \text{ minutes/hr}) * (\text{annual operating hours}) / (7000 \text{ grains/lb}) / (2000 \text{ lbs/ton})$$
$$PE = (0.010 \text{ gr/dscf}) * (4,000 \text{ scfm}) * (60 \text{ minutes/hr}) * (8760 \text{ hrs/yr}) / (7000 \text{ grains/lb}) / (2000 \text{ lbs/ton})$$

PE = 1.50 TPY

c. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 0.27 lb/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated through emissions testing performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-4 and OTM-11.

d. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 1.20 TPY.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the following calculation:

$$VOC = (0.27 \text{ lb/hr or VOC in lbs/hr from the most recent emissions test}) * (\text{annual operating hours}) / (2000 \text{ lbs/ton})$$
e. Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 5% opacity as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the stack visible particulate emissions limitation shall be determined through visible emissions observations performed in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9.

f. Emission Limitation:

Visible PE from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a 6-minute average, except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 60% opacity.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the stack visible particulate emissions limitation shall be determined through visible emissions observations performed in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9.

g. Emission Limitation:

PE from this emissions unit shall not exceed 5.6 lbs/hr.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the following calculation:

$$PE = (\text{outlet particulate concentration}) * (\text{baghouse exhaust air flow rate}) * (60 \text{ minutes/hr}) / (7000 \text{ grains/lb})$$

$$PE = (0.010 \text{ gr/dscf}) * (4,000 \text{ scfm}) * (60 \text{ minutes/hr}) / (7000 \text{ grains/lb})$$

$$PE = 0.34 \text{ lb/hr}$$

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) None.