



Environmental
Protection Agency

Ted Strickland, Governor
Lee Fisher, Lt. Governor
Chris Korleski, Director

4/6/2010

Scott Duncan
Eagle Specialty Vehicles. LLC dba Eagle Coach Company
7400 S 28th St
Fort Smith, AZ 72908

RE: FINAL AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 1413010362
Permit Number: P0105910
Permit Type: OAC Chapter 3745-31 Modification
County: Clermont

Certified Mail

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR NSR
No	CEMS
No	MACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
No	MODELING SUBMITTED
Yes	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID TITLE V
Yes	FEDERALLY ENFORCABLE PTIO (FEPTIO)

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate (PTIO) which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully. Please complete a survey at www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc/permitsurvey.aspx and give us feedback on your permitting experience. We value your opinion.

The issuance of this PTI is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$70.00, made payable to "Ohio Treasurer Kevin Boyce," which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions, please contact Hamilton County Dept. of Environmental Services at (513)946-7777 or the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469. This permit can be accessed electronically on the DAPC Web page, www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc, by clicking the "Issued Air Pollution Control Permits" link.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern
Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: HCDOES



FINAL

**Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for**

Eagle Specialty Vehicles. LLC dba Eagle Coach Company

Facility ID: 1413010362
Permit Number: P0105910
Permit Type: OAC Chapter 3745-31 Modification
Issued: 4/6/2010
Effective: 4/6/2010
Expiration: 4/6/2015



Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Eagle Specialty Vehicles, LLC dba Eagle Coach Company

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Authorization

Facility ID: 1413010362
Application Number(s): A0038947
Permit Number: P0105910
Permit Description: PTIO application for Chapter 31 modification of EUs - K001 and K002.
Permit Type: OAC Chapter 3745-31 Modification
Permit Fee: \$400.00
Issue Date: 4/6/2010
Effective Date: 4/6/2010
Expiration Date: 4/6/2015
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

Eagle Specialty Vehicles. LLC dba Eagle Coach Company
3344 STATE ROUTE 132
Amelia, OH 45102

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Hamilton County Dept. of Environmental Services
250 William Howard Taft Pkwy.
Cincinnati, OH 45219-2660
(513)946-7777

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director



Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0105910

Permit Description: PTIO application for Chapter 31 modification of EUs - K001 and K002.

Permits for the following Emissions Unit(s) or groups of Emissions Units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:

Company Equipment ID:
Superseded Permit Number:
General Permit Category and Type:

K001

Automotive style paint spray booth
:
Not Applicable

Emissions Unit ID:

Company Equipment ID:
Superseded Permit Number:
General Permit Category and Type:

K002

Automotive refinishing primer coating booth
:
Not Applicable

A. Standard Terms and Conditions



1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. What records must I keep under this permit?

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

- PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

- Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. Unless otherwise specified, facilities subject to one or more synthetic minor restrictions must use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" to submit annual emissions associated with this permit requirement. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.

10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Hamilton County Dept. of Environmental Services in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting¹ a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emissions unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

¹ Permittees that use Ohio EPA's "Air Services" can mark the affected emissions unit(s) as "permanently shutdown" in the facility profile along with the date the emissions unit(s) was permanently removed and/or disabled. Submitting the facility profile update will constitute notifying of the permanent shutdown of the affected emissions unit(s).

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
 - a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (1) None.
 - b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - (1) 2., 3., 4. and 5.
2. The allowable emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act from emissions units K001 (Automotive Style Paint Booth), K002 (Automotive Refinishing Primer Coating Booth), K003 (Automotive Style Paint Booth), K004 (Subassembly Operations Station), K009 (Limousine Coating Booth); K010 (Limousine Touch-up Booth) and all de minimus emissions units (as defined in OAC rule 3745-15-05), all emissions units exempt from the requirement to obtain a permit-to-install pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-03 currently, and future to-be-installed air contaminant sources, combined, shall not exceed 9.9 TPY for any single HAP and 24.9 TPY for any combination of HAPs. Compliance with the above limitations shall be based on a rolling, 12-month summation.
3. The permittee shall collect and record the following information each month for the emissions units identified in 2:
 - a) The name and identification number of each coating employed.
 - b) The individual Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)* content for each HAP of each coating, in pounds of individual HAP per gallon of coating, as applied.
 - c) The total combined HAP content of each coating in pounds of combined HAPs per gallon of coating, as applied [sum of all individual HAP contents from (b)].
 - d) The number of gallons of each coating employed.
 - e) The name and identification of each cleanup material employed.
 - f) The individual HAP content for each HAP of each cleanup material, in pounds of individual HAP per gallon of cleanup material, as applied.
 - g) The total combined HAP content of each cleanup material, in pounds of combined HAPs per gallon of cleanup material, as applied [sum all the individual HAP contents from (f)].
 - h) The number of gallons of each cleanup material employed [the total number of gallons of each cleanup material employed less the number of gallons of each cleanup material collected for reuse and disposal].



- i) The total individual HAP emissions for each HAP from all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds or tons per month [for each HAP the sum of (b) times (d) times the emissions factor or overall control efficiency** (if applicable) for each coating plus the sum of (f) times (h) for each cleanup material plus individual HAP emissions from any de minimus, registration status and/or permit exempt emissions unit at the facility].
- j) The total combined HAP emissions from all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds or tons per month [the sum of (c) times (d) times the emissions factor or overall control efficiency** (if applicable) for each coating plus the sum of (g) times (h) for each cleanup material plus combined HAP emissions from any de minimus, registration status and/or permit exempt emissions unit at the facility].
- k) The updated rolling, 12-month summation of the individual HAP emissions, in pounds or tons. This shall include the information for the current month and the preceding eleven calendar months.
- l) The updated rolling, 12-month summation of the combined HAP emissions, in pounds or tons. This shall include the information for the current month and the preceding eleven calendar months.

* A listing of the HAPs can be found in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act or can be obtained by contacting Hamilton County Department of Environmental Services. This information does not have to be kept on a individual emissions unit basis.

** Overall control efficiency shall be from the most recent performance test that demonstrated that the emissions unit was in compliance.

- 4. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports which identify any exceedance of the rolling, 12-month HAP emission limitations outlined in 2.

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted, electronically through Ohio EPA Air Services, each year by January 31 (covering October to December), April 30 (covering January to March), July 31 (covering April to June), and October 31 (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the Director (the appropriate District Office or local air agency).

- 5. Compliance with the emission limitations specified in 2 shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a) Emission Limitation:

9.9 TPY for any individual HAP and 24.9 TPY for any combination of HAPs.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the HAP emission limitations in 2 shall be demonstrated by the record keeping in 3.

2.

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions



1. K001, Automotive style paint spray booth

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Automotive Style Paint Booth

- a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
a. d)(2), d(3), d)(4), d)(5) and e)(3).
(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
a. b)(1)d.
b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements
(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Table with 2 columns: Applicable Rules/Requirements and Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures. Rows include OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(1), and OAC rule 3745-17-11(C).



Table with 2 columns: Applicable Rules/Requirements, Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures. Row d: OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) Synthetic minor for HAPs to avoid Title V. See section B.2 through B.5.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. The VOC content of each coating employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 7.2 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, less water and exempt solvents.
b. The VOC content of each cleanup material employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 8.2 pounds of VOC per gallon of cleanup material, less water and exempt solvents.
c. Compliance with the OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the VOC content and VOC emission limitations.
d. The hourly VOC emission limitation outlined is based upon the emissions unit's Potential to Emit (PTE). Therefore, no records are required to demonstrate compliance with this limitation.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The maximum number of motor vehicles having a customized topcoat and any related customized single coat applied shall be less than 35 per day.
(2) The total VOC input from coatings and cleanup materials employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 9.63 tons per year (TPY). Compliance with this limitation shall be determined by multiplying the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed per month by the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds per gallon. The VOC input of coatings and cleanup materials shall be assumed to be 100 percent of the VOC content of the coatings and cleanup materials employed, and, as such, is equivalent to the VOC emission rate.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following for this emissions unit:
a. the company identification of each coating and cleanup material employed;
b. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed;
c. the volatile organic compound (VOC) content of each coating and cleanup material employed, in pounds per gallon, as applied;
d. the VOC input/emissions from each coating and cleanup material employed, i.e., d)(1)b. x d)(1)c., in pounds;

- e. the total VOC input/emissions from this emissions unit, i.e., the sum of d)(1)d. for all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds;
 - f. the updated 12-month summation of the total VOC input/emissions, in pounds or tons. This shall include the information for the current month and the preceding eleven calendar months;
 - g. the total gallons of all coatings and cleanup materials employed, i.e., the sum of d)(1)b. for all coatings and cleanup materials employed; and,
 - h. the updated 12-month summation for usage of all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in gallons. This shall include the information for the current month and the preceding eleven calendar months.
- (2) The permit-to-install and operate (PTIO) application for this emissions unit, K001, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s) exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this emissions unit for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A", as follows:
- a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
 - i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; or
 - ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.
 - b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).
 - c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., "X" hours per day and "Y" days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting

calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC$$

- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or "worst case" toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Toluene

TLV (mg/m³): 75.36

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 9.72

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 673.50

MAGLC (ug/m³): 1794.29

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of Toluene from emissions unit K001 is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F).

- (3) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration", the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
- changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTIO prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the

emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

- (4) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F):
 - a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
 - (5) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.
 - (6) The permittee shall keep a daily record of the number of vehicles having a customized topcoat and any related customized single coat applied.
- e) Reporting Requirements
- (1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.
 - (2) The permittee shall notify the Director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) in writing of any record showing the use of non-complying coatings and/or cleanup materials (i.e. for VOC contents) in this emissions unit. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the appropriate Ohio

EPA District Office or local air agency) within 45 days following the end of the calendar month.

- (3) The permittee shall include any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, in the annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER). If no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission and input limitations restrictions specified in b)(1) and c)(2) shall be determined by the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions shall not exceed 9.72 pounds per hour, excluding emissions from cleanup materials.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the hourly limit is determined by the following equation:

Pounds per hour VOC = (A x B); where

A = VOC content of worst case coating (7.2 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, less water and exempt solvents);

B = Maximum hourly coating usage allowed (1.35 gallons per hour).

b. Emission Limitations:

Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions shall not exceed 9.63 tons per year including cleanup materials.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the VOC emission limitation in b)(1)a. shall be determined by the record keeping in d)(1).

Actual VOC emissions shall be determined based on the following equation from the permittee-supplied information in the application for PTIO number 14-06164 as submitted on Jan 07, 2010:

Tons per year VOC = [(A x B) + (C x D)]/2000; where

A = VOC content of worst case coating (7.2 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, less water and exempt solvents)

B = Maximum annual coating usage mentioned by the permittee in the permit application (1992 gallons per year)

C = VOC content of worst case cleanup material (8.2 pounds of VOC per gallon of cleanup material)

D = Maximum annual cleanup material usage mentioned by the permittee in the permit application (600 gallons per year).

c. Emission Limitations:

The volatile organic compound (VOC) content of each coating employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 7.2 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, less water and exempt solvents.

The volatile organic compound (VOC) content of each cleanup material employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 8.2 pounds of VOC per gallon of cleanup material, less water and exempt solvents.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the VOC content limitations shall be based upon the record keeping requirements as specified in term d)(1). Formulation data or US EPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the VOC content of any coating and cleanup material employed in this emissions unit. If, pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, an owner or operator determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating or ink, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating or ink to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

d. Operational Restriction:

The maximum number of motor vehicles having a customized topcoat and any related customized single coat applied shall be less than 35 per day.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the daily operational restriction shall be determined by the recordkeeping requirements specified in d)(6).

e. Operational Restriction:

The total VOC input from coatings and cleanup materials employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 9.63 tons per year (TPY).

Compliance with the operational restriction shall be determined by the recordkeeping requirements specified in d)(1).

g) Miscellaneous Requirements:

(1) None.



2. K002, Automotive refinishing primer coating booth

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Automotive Refinishing Primer Coating Booth

- a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
a. d)(2), d(3), d)(4), d)(5) and e)(3).
(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
a. b)(1)d.
b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements
(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

Table with 2 columns: Applicable Rules/Requirements and Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures. Rows include OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(1), OAC rule 3745-17-11(C), and OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) with Synthetic minor for HAPs to avoid.



Table with 2 columns: Applicable Rules/Requirements, Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures. Row 1: Title V.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. The VOC content of each coating employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 4.4 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, less water and exempt solvents.
b. The VOC content of each cleanup material employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 6.9 pounds of VOC per gallon of cleanup material, less water and exempt solvents.
c. Compliance with the OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the VOC content and VOC emission limitations.
d. The hourly VOC emission limitation outlined is based upon the emissions unit's Potential to Emit (PTE). Therefore, no records are required to demonstrate compliance with this limitation.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The total VOC input from coatings and cleanup materials employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 6.58 tons per year (TPY). Compliance with this limitation shall be determined by multiplying the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed per month by the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds per gallon. The VOC input of coatings and cleanup materials shall be assumed to be 100 percent of the VOC content of the coatings and cleanup materials employed, and, as such, is equivalent to the VOC emission rate.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following for this emissions unit:
a. the company identification of each coating and cleanup material employed;
b. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed;
c. the volatile organic compound (VOC) content of each coating and cleanup material employed, in pounds per gallon, as applied;
d. the VOC input/emissions from each coating and cleanup material employed, i.e., d)(1)b. x d)(1)c., in pounds;
e. the total VOC input/emissions from this emissions unit, i.e., the sum of d)(1)d. for all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds;
f. the updated 12-month summation of the total VOC input/emissions, in pounds or tons. This shall include the information for the current month and the preceding eleven calendar months;

- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or "worst case" toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Toluene

TLV (mg/m³): 75.36

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 6.23

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 750.6

MAGLC (ug/m³): 1794.29

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of Toluene from emissions unit K002 is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F).

- (3) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration", the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTIO prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

- (4) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F):
- a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
- (5) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.
- e) Reporting Requirements
- (1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.
 - (2) The permittee shall notify the Director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) in writing of any record showing the use of non-complying coatings and/or cleanup materials (i.e. for VOC contents) in this emissions unit. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) within 45 days following the end of the calendar month.
 - (3) The permittee shall include any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, in the annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER). If no

changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the VOC emission and input limitations specified in b)(1) and c)(2) shall be determined by the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions shall not exceed 6.25 pounds per hour, excluding emissions from cleanup materials.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual limit is determined by the following equation:

Pounds per hour VOC = (A x B); where

A = VOC content of worst case coating (7.2 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, less water and exempt solvents);

B = Maximum hourly coating usage allowed (0.87 gallon per hour).

b. Emission Limitation:

Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions shall not exceed 6.58 tons per year including cleanup materials.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the VOC emission limitation in b)(1)a. shall be determined by the record keeping in d)(1).

Actual VOC emissions shall be determined based on the following equation from the permittee-supplied information in the application for PTIO number 14-06164 as submitted on Jan 07, 2010:

Tons per year VOC = [(A x B) + (C x D)]/2000; where

A = VOC content of worst case coating (4.4 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, less water and exempt solvents);

B = Maximum annual coating usage allowed (2237 gallons per year);

C = VOC content of worst case cleanup material (6.9 pounds of VOC per gallon of cleanup material);

D = Maximum annual cleanup material allowed (480 gallons per year).

c. Emission Limitations:

The volatile organic compound (VOC) content of each coating employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 4.4 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating, less water and exempt solvents.

The volatile organic compound (VOC) content of each cleanup material employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 6.9 pounds of VOC per gallon of cleanup material, less water and exempt solvents.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the VOC content limitations shall be based upon the record keeping requirements as specified in term d)(1). Formulation data or US EPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the VOC content of any coating and cleanup material employed in this emissions unit. If, pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, an owner or operator determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating or ink, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating or ink to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

d. Operational Restriction:

The total VOC input from coatings and cleanup materials employed in this emissions unit shall not exceed 6.58 tons per year (TPY).

Compliance with the operational restriction shall be determined by the recordkeeping requirements specified in d)(1).

g) Miscellaneous Requirements:

(1) None.