



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

STREET ADDRESS:

Lazarus Government Center
50 W. Town St., Suite 700
Columbus, Ohio 43215

TELE: (614) 644-3020 FAX: (614) 644-3184
www.epa.state.oh.us

MAILING ADDRESS:

P.O. Box 1049
Columbus, OH 43216-1049

8/28/2009

Scott Marlowe
MID-AMERICA PACKAGING
1793 ENTERPRISE PARKWAY
TWINSBURG, OH 44087

RE: FINAL AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 1677130067
Permit Number: P0105297
Permit Type: Renewal
County: Summit

Certified Mail

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR
No	CEMS
No	MACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
No	MODELING SUBMITTED

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate ("PTIO") which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully.

Ohio EPA maintains a document entitled "Frequently Asked Questions about the PTIO". The document can be downloaded from the DAPC Web page, www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc, from the "Permits" link. This document contains additional information related to your permit, such as what activities are covered under the PTIO, who has enforcement authority over the permit and Ohio EPA's authorization to inspect your facility and records. Please contact the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469 if you need assistance.

The issuance of this PTIO is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission ("ERAC") under Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and describe the action complained of and the grounds for the appeal. The appeal must be filed with the ERAC within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. A filing fee of \$70.00 must be submitted to the ERAC with the appeal, although the ERAC, has discretion to reduce the amount of the filing fee if you can demonstrate (by affidavit) that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. If you file an appeal of this action, you must notify Ohio EPA of the filing of the appeal (by providing a copy to the Director) within three (3) days of filing your appeal with the ERAC. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal also be provided to the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the ERAC at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions regarding this permit, please contact the Akron Regional Air Quality Management District. This permit has been posted to the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern
Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: ARAQMD

Ted Strickland, Governor
Lee Fisher, Lieutenant Governor
Chris Korleski, Director



**State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control**

FINAL

**Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
MID-AMERICA PACKAGING**

Facility ID: 1677130067
Permit Number: P0105297
Permit Type: Renewal
Issued: 8/28/2009
Effective: 8/28/2009
Expiration: 8/28/2014



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
MID-AMERICA PACKAGING

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Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
Permit Number: P0105297
Facility ID: 1677130067
Effective Date: 8/28/2009

Authorization

Facility ID: 1677130067
Application Number(s): A0038127
Permit Number: P0105297
Permit Description: Renewal of permit for five flexographic printing presses.
Permit Type: Renewal
Permit Fee: \$0.00
Issue Date: 8/28/2009
Effective Date: 8/28/2009
Expiration Date: 8/28/2014
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15
This document constitutes issuance to:

MID-AMERICA PACKAGING
1793 ENTERPRISE PARKWAY
TWINSBURG, OH 44087

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Akron Regional Air Quality Management District
146 South High Street, Room 904
Akron, OH 44308
(330)375-2480

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director



Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0105297
 Permit Description: Renewal of permit for five flexographic printing presses.

Permits for the following emissions unit(s) or groups of emissions units are in this document as indicated below:

Group Name: Flexographic Printing Presses

Emissions Unit ID:	K001
Company Equipment ID:	flexograph printing press - 4-C Robinette RB-4
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	K002
Company Equipment ID:	flexographic printing press - Stellaflex SF 6-1
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	K004
Company Equipment ID:	flexographic printing press - Robinette RB-6
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	K009
Company Equipment ID:	flexographic printing press - 4-C Robinette
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	K010
Company Equipment ID:	flexographic printing press - In-Line Printer
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0105297

Facility ID: 1677130067

Effective Date: 8/28/2009

A. Standard Terms and Conditions



1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. What records must I keep under this permit?

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

- PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

- Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. For facilities that are permitted as synthetic minor sources, the fee schedule is adjusted annually for inflation. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.



If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.

10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Akron Regional Air Quality Management District in accordance with



OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emission unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0105297

Facility ID: 1677130067

Effective Date: 8/28/2009

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0105297

Facility ID: 1677130067

Effective Date: 8/28/2009

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions



1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
 - a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (1) None.
 - b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - (1) 1.c), 1.d), 1.e), 1.f) and 1.g).
 - c) Mid-America Packaging has requested to restrict the emissions of any individual hazardous air pollutant (HAP) to 8.0 tons per rolling, 12-month period, the emissions of the total combined HAPs to 20.0 tons per rolling, 12-month period, and the emissions of volatile organic compound (VOC) and organic compound (OC) to 95.6 tons per rolling, 12-month period. The company proposed these emission limits to avoid Title V permitting and the Printing and Publishing MACT, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart KK.

Mid-America Packaging has accepted these federally enforceable emission limits as a facility-wide cap on emissions from units K001, K002, K004, K009, K010, P001, and P002.
 - d) In order to determine compliance with the facility-wide emission limitations, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following information for the entire facility which consists of emission units K001, K002, K004, K009, K010, P001, and P002, combined:
 - (1) the name and identification of each coating and ink, as applied;
 - (2) the VOC/OC content of each coating and ink, as applied, in pounds per gallon. This should include any thinning solvents added to the coatings at the facility;
 - (3) the individual HAP content for each HAP of each coating or ink in pounds of individual HAP per gallon of coating or ink, as applied;
 - (4) the total combined HAP content of each coating or ink in pounds of combined HAPs per gallon of coating or ink, as applied (sum all the individual HAP contents from d)(3) above);
 - (5) the number of gallons of each coating and ink employed;
 - (6) the name and identification of each cleanup material employed;
 - (7) the VOC/OC content of each cleanup material, in pounds per gallon;
 - (8) the individual HAP content for each HAP of each cleanup material in pounds of individual HAP per gallon of cleanup material, as applied;
 - (9) the total combined HAP content of each cleanup material in pounds of combined HAPs per gallon of cleanup material, as applied (sum all the individual HAP contents from d)(8) above);



- (10) the number of gallons of each cleanup material employed;
- (11) the total individual HAP emissions for the entire facility for each HAP from all the coatings and inks and cleanup materials employed, in tons per month (i.e., for each HAP the sum of d)(3) times d)(5) above for each coating and ink employed plus the sum of d)(8) times d)(10) above for each cleanup material employed);
- (12) the total combined HAPs emissions for the entire facility from all the coatings and inks and cleanup materials employed, in tons per month (i.e., the sum of d)(4) times d)(5) above for each coating and ink employed plus the sum of d)(9) times d)(10) above for each cleanup material employed);
- (13) the total VOC and OC emissions for the entire facility from all the coatings and inks and cleanup materials employed, in tons per month (i.e., the sum of d)(2) times d)(5) above for each coating and ink employed plus the sum of d)(7) times d)(10) above for each cleanup material employed);
- (14) for each individual HAP, the total emissions during the rolling, 12-month period, i.e., the summation of the individual HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(11) above, for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s); and
- (15) the total combined HAP emissions during the rolling 12-month period, i.e., the summation of all HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(12) above, for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s); and
- (16) the total VOC/OC emissions during the rolling 12-month period, i.e., the summation of all HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(13) above, for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s)

A listing of the HAPs can be found in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act, or can be obtained by contacting your Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency contact. Material Safety Data Sheets typically include a listing of the solvents contained in the coatings and cleanup materials.

- e) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:
- (1) all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the potential to emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:
 - a. all exceedances of the rolling, 12-month emission limitation for VOC/OC for emissions units K001, K002, K004, K009, K010, P001, and P002, combined;
 - b. all exceedance of the rolling, 12-month emission limitation for any individual HAP for emissions units K001, K002, K004, K009, K010, P001, and P002, combined;
 - c. all exceedance of the rolling, 12-month emission limitation for total combined HAPs for emissions units K001, K002, K004, K009, K010, P001, and P002, combined;



- (2) the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);
- (3) any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and
- (4) the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted, electronically through Ohio EPA Air Services, each year by January 31 (covering October to December), April 30 (covering January to March), July 31 (covering April to June), and October 31 (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the Director (the appropriate District Office or local air agency).

- f) The permittee shall also submit annual reports that specify the total VOC emissions, each individual HAP emissions, and total combined HAPs emissions from emissions units K001, K002, K004, K009, K010, P001, and P002, combined for the previous calendar year. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year
- g) Compliance with the emissions limitation(s) in 1.c) above shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

- (1) Emissions Limitations:

8.0 tons of any individual HAP per rolling, 12-month period

20.0 tons of total combined HAPs per rolling, 12-month period

95.6 tons of VOC/OC per rolling, 12-month period

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual allowable VOC, individual HAP, and total combined HAPs emission limitations above shall be demonstrated based on the record keeping requirements established in 1.d) above.



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0105297

Facility ID: 1677130067

Effective Date: 8/28/2009

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions



1. Emissions Unit Group - Flexographic Printing Presses: K001, K002, K004, K009, K010,

EU ID	Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description
K001	Flexographic Printing Press - 4-C Robinette RB-4
K002	Flexographic Printing Press - Stellaflex SF 6-1
K004	Flexographic Printing Press - Robinette RB-6
K009	Flexographic Printing Press - 4-C Robinette
K010	Flexographic Printing Press - In-Line Printer

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. None.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. None.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05	<p>For emissions units K001 and K009: the volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from each emissions unit shall not exceed 5.9 pounds per hour and the ammonia emissions from each emissions unit shall not exceed 1.2 pounds per hour.</p> <p>For emissions unit K002: the VOC emissions shall not exceed 10.3 pounds per hour and the ammonia emissions shall not exceed 0.9 pound per hour.</p> <p>For emissions unit K004: the VOC emissions shall not exceed 5.1 pounds per hour and the ammonia emissions shall not exceed 0.93 pound per hour.</p>



	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		For emissions unit K010: the VOC emissions shall not exceed 2.5 pounds per hour and the ammonia emissions shall not exceed 0.5 pound per hour.
b.	OAC rule 3745-21-09(Y)(1)(a)	<p>The volatile organic compound content of the coatings and inks employed shall not exceed the following limitations:</p> <p>i. forty per cent VOC by volume of the coating and ink, excluding water and exempt solvents; or</p> <p>ii. twenty-five per cent VOC by volume of the volatile matter in the coating and ink.</p>

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. None.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee, having chosen to demonstrate compliance through the use of compliant coatings, shall collect and record the following information each month for the coating line and shall maintain this information at the facility for a period of three years:

- a. the name and identification number of each coating, as applied; and
- b. the percent VOC by volume of the coating and ink, excluding water and exempt solvents, as applied, calculated as follows for $C_{VOC,5}$:

$$C_{VOC,5} = [(100C)(V_{VOC})] / [(V_s + V_{VOC})]$$

where:

V_s = volume fraction of solids in coating, in gallons of solids per gallon of coating.

$$V_{VOC} = V_{VM} - V_W - V_{ES}$$

V_{VM} = volume fraction of volatile matter in coating, in gallon of volatile matter per gallon of coating.

V_W = volume fraction of water in coating, in gallon of water per gallon of coating.

V_{ES} = volume fraction of exempt solvent in coating, in gallon of exempt solvent per gallon of coating; or



- c. the percent VOC by volume of the volatile matter in the coating and ink, as applied, calculated as follows for $C_{VOC,6}$:

$$C_{VOC,6} = [(100C)(V_{VOC})] / (V_{vm})$$

where:

$$V_{VOC} = V_{VM} - V_W - V_{ES}$$

V_{VM} = volume fraction of volatile matter in coating, in gallon of volatile matter per gallon of coating.

V_W = volume fraction of water in coating, in gallon of water per gallon of coating.

V_{ES} = volume fraction of exempt solvent in coating, in gallon of exempt solvent per gallon of coating

This information does not have to be kept on a line-by-line basis, unless one or more of the lines or emissions units is subject to specific Δ gallons/year $\text{\textcircled{a}}$ and/or Δ tons/year $\text{\textcircled{a}}$ limitation in a Permit-to-install and Operate (PTIO), where the above-mentioned information shall be maintained separately for each such line. Also, if the permittee mixes complying coatings at a line, it is not necessary to record the VOC content of the resulting mixture.

- (2) The permit to install application for these emissions units, K001, K002, K004, and P001, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions units' exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The Δ Toxic Air Contaminant Statute $\text{\textcircled{a}}$, ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to these emissions units for each toxic air contaminant listed in ACGIH Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled Δ Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A $\text{\textcircled{a}}$, as follows:

- a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
- i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) Δ Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices $\text{\textcircled{a}}$; or
 - ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) Δ Threshold



Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

- b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).
- c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., ΔX hours per day and ΔY days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC$$

- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or Δ worst case toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: ethylene glycol (acetone, 2-butoxyethanol, dipropylene monomethyl ether, isopropanol, n-propyl alcohol, and styrene)

TLV (mg/m³): 74

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 29.3*

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 1325.4

MAGLC (ug/m³): 1762

Toxic Contaminant: ammonia

TLV (mg/m³): 17

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 3.03**

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 184.1

MAGLC (ug/m³): 405

*Allowable hourly ammonia emission limitations for K001, K002, and K004, combined.

**Allowable VOC emission limitations for K001, K002, K004, and P001, combined.

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of ethylene glycol (acetone, 2-butoxyethanol, dipropylene monomethyl ether, isopropanol, n-propyl alcohol, and styrene) and ammonia, from emissions units K001, K002, K004, and P001, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the Δ Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F).



(3) The permit to install application for these emissions units, K009 and K010, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions units' exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The Δ Toxic Air Contaminant Statute $\text{\textcircled{a}}$, ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to these emissions units for each toxic air contaminant listed in ACGIH Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled Δ Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A $\text{\textcircled{a}}$, as follows:

a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):

i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) Δ Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices $\text{\textcircled{a}}$; or

ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) Δ Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices $\text{\textcircled{a}}$; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).

c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., ΔX $\text{\textcircled{a}}$ hours per day and ΔY $\text{\textcircled{a}}$ days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC$$

d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or Δ worst case $\text{\textcircled{a}}$ toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: ethylene glycol (acetone, 2-butoxyethanol, dipropylene monomethyl ether, isopropanol, n-propyl alcohol, and styrene)



TLV (mg/m³): 74

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 8.4*

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 900

MAGLC (ug/m³): 1762

Toxic Contaminant: ammonia

TLV (mg/m³): 17

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 1.7**

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m³): 184.1

MAGLC (ug/m³): 405

*Allowable hourly ammonia emission limitations for K009 and K010, combined.

**Allowable VOC emission limitations for K009 and K010, combined.

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of ethylene glycol (acetone, 2-butoxyethanol, dipropylene monomethyl ether, isopropanol, n-propyl alcohol, and styrene) and ammonia, from emissions units K009 and K010, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F).

- (4) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration[®], the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in ACGIH Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®] will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification"



under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a “modification”, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final federally enforceable permit-to-install and operate prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

(5) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F):

- a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
- b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F);
- c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
- d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.

(6) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) The permittee shall notify the Director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) in writing of any monthly record showing the use of noncomplying coatings unless the daily record shows that the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings employed on that day does not exceeds the applicable limitation. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) within 30 days following the end of the calendar month.



- (2) The permittee shall include any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, in the annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER). If no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.
- (3) Annual PER forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission limitation(s) in b)(1) above shall be determined in accordance with the following methods

- a. Emission Limitation:

The volatile organic compound content of the coatings and inks employed shall not exceed the following limitations:

- i. forty per cent VOC by volume of the coating and ink, excluding water and exempt solvents; or
- ii. twenty-five per cent VOC by volume of the volatile matter in the coating and ink.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the allowable VOC emission limitations above shall be demonstrated based on the record keeping requirements established in d)(1) above.

OAC rule 3745-21-10(B). USEPA Methods 24 and 24A shall be used to determine the VOC contents for (a) coatings and (b) flexographic and rotogravure printing inks and related coatings, respectively. If, pursuant to section 4.3 of Method 24, 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, the permittee determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating or ink, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating or ink to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

- b. Emission Limitations:

For emissions units K001 and K009: the VOC emissions from each emissions unit shall not exceed 5.9 pounds per hour.



For emissions unit K002: the VOC emissions shall not exceed 10.3 pounds per hour.

For emissions unit K004: the VOC emissions shall not exceed 5.1 pounds per hour.

For emissions unit K010: the VOC emissions shall not exceed 2.5 pounds per hour.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the allowable hourly VOC emission limitations above shall be demonstrated by multiplying the worst-case ink/coating formulation for VOC by the maximum gallons of ink/coating per hour. USEPA Method 24 (for coatings) or 24A (for flexographic and rotogravure printing inks and related coatings) shall be used to determine the VOC contents of the inks/coatings.

c. **Emission Limitations:**

For emissions units K001 and K009: the ammonia emissions from each emissions unit shall not exceed 1.2 pounds per hour.

For emissions unit K002: the ammonia emissions shall not exceed 0.9 pound per hour.

For emissions unit K004: the ammonia emissions shall not exceed 0.93 pound per hour.

For emissions unit K010: the ammonia emissions shall not exceed 0.5 pound per hour.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the allowable hourly ammonia emission limitations above shall be demonstrated by multiplying the worst-case ink/coating formulation for ammonia by the maximum gallons of ink/coating per hour. Formulation data shall be used to determine the ammonia contents of the inks/coatings.

g) **Miscellaneous Requirements**

- (1) None.