State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

STREET ADDRESS:
Lazarus Government Center
50 W. Town St., Suite 700
Columbus, Ohio 43215

TELE: (614) 644-3020 FAX: (614) 644-3184
www.epa.state.oh.us

MAILING ADDRESS:
P.O. Box 1049
Columbus, OH 43216-1049

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7/10/2009

Mitchell Hoyles
Northcoast Crematory, LTD.
501 West Street
Genoa, OH 43430

RE: FINAL AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 0362000160
Permit Number: P0103697
Permit Type: Initial Installation
County: Ottawa

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate ("PTIO") which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully.

Ohio EPA maintains a document entitled "Frequently Asked Questions about the PTIO". The document can be downloaded from the DAPC Web page, www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc, from the "Permits" link. This document contains additional information related to your permit, such as what activities are covered under the PTIO, who has enforcement authority over the permit and Ohio EPA's authorization to inspect your facility and records. Please contact the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469 if you need assistance.

The issuance of this PTIO is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission ("ERAC") under Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and describe the action complained of and the grounds for the appeal. The appeal must be filed with the ERAC within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. A filing fee of $70.00 must be submitted to the ERAC with the appeal, although the ERAC, has discretion to reduce the amount of the filing fee if you can demonstrate (by affidavit) that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. If you file an appeal of this action, you must notify Ohio EPA of the filing of the appeal (by providing a copy to the Director) within three (3) days of filing your appeal with the ERAC. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal also be provided to the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the ERAC at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions regarding this permit, please contact the Ohio EPA DAPC, Northwest District Office. This permit has been posted to the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern

Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: Ohio EPA-NWDO

State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

FINAL

Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate

for

Northcoast Crematory, LTD.

Facility ID:	0362000160
Permit Number:	P0103697
Permit Type:	Initial Installation
Issued:	7/10/2009
Effective:	7/10/2009
Expiration:	7/10/2019

State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Northcoast Crematory, LTD.

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Authorization

Facility ID: 0362000160
Application Number(s): A0035636
Permit Number: P0103697
Permit Description: Creamator no. 1
Permit Type: Initial Installation
Permit Fee: $0.00
Issue Date: 7/10/2009
Effective Date: 7/10/2009
Expiration Date: 7/10/2019
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15
This document constitutes issuance to:

Northcoast Crematory, LTD.
501 West Street
Genoa, OH 43430

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Ohio EPA DAPC, Northwest District Office
347 North Dunbridge Road
Bowling Green, OH 43402
(419)352-8461

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director

Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0103697
Permit Description: Creamator no. 1

Permits for the following emissions unit(s) or groups of emissions units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:	**N001**
Company Equipment ID:	cremator no. 1
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable

A. Standard Terms and Conditions

1. **What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?**

   This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. **Who is responsible for complying with this permit?**

   The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

   The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. **What records must I keep under this permit?**

   You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. **What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?**

   There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

   - PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

     You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

   - Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. For facilities that are permitted as synthetic minor sources, the fee schedule is adjusted annually for inflation. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. **When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?**

   This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.

10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Ohio EPA DAPC, Northwest District Office in accordance with OAC

rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emission unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

   a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

      (1) None.

   b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

      (1) None.

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions

1. N001, Incinerator

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Cremator no. 1

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. d)(6), d)(7), d)(8) and d)(9).

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. None.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(b)	See b)(2)a. and b)(2)b
b.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D)	Volatile organic compounds (VOC) shall not exceed 0.23 pound per hour (lb/hr) and 1.01 tons per year (TPY). See b)(2)c.
c.	ORC 3704.03(F) OAC rule 3745-114-01	See d)(6).
d.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 20% opacity as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.
e.	OAC rule 3745-17-09(B)	PE shall not exceed 0.10 lbs per one hundred lbs of liquid, semi-solid refuse and salvageable material charged.
f.	OAC rule 3745-17-09(C)	See b)(2)d.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05 (A)(3) do not apply to the particulate emissions (PE), nitrogen oxide emissions (NOx), sulfur dioxide emissions (SO2), or carbon monoxide emissions (CO) from this air contaminant source since the uncontrolled potential to emit for these pollutants is less than ten tons per year.

The annual PE rate for this emissions unit is 0.66 ton; determined by multiplying the maximum rated capacity of the incinerator of 150 pounds/hour by an emission factor of 0.10 pound PE/100 pounds charged [OAC rule 3745-17-09 (B)], a maximum operating schedule of 8,760 hours/year, and a conversion factor of 1 ton/2000 pounds.

The annual NOx emission rate for this emissions unit is 1.01 tons; determined by multiplying the maximum rated capacity of the incinerator of 150 pounds/hour by an emission factor of 3.0 pounds NOx/ton processed (AP-42, Chapter 2.1, 10/96), a maximum operating schedule of 8,760 hours/year, and a conversion factor of 1 ton/2000 pounds.

The annual SO2 rate for this emissions unit is 0.83 ton; determined by multiplying the maximum rated capacity of the incinerator of 150 pounds/hour by an emission factor of 2.5 pounds SO2/ton processed (AP-42, Chapter 2.1, 10/96), a maximum operating schedule of 8,760 hours/year, and a conversion factor of 1 ton/2000 pounds.

The annual CO rate for this emissions unit is 3.29 tons; determined by multiplying the maximum rated capacity of the incinerator of 150 pounds/hour by an emission factor of 10.0 pounds CO/ton processed (AP-42, Chapter 2.1, 10/96), a maximum operating schedule of 8,760 hours/year, and a conversion factor of 1 ton/2000 pounds.

b. The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the particulate emissions (PE) from this air contaminant source since the calculated annual emission rate for PE is less than ten tons per year taking into account the federally enforceable rule limit of 0.10 pound PE per one hundred pounds of liquid, semi-solid or solid refuse and salvageable material charged under OAC rule 3745-17-09 (B). This emission limit is equal to 0.66 ton PE/year.

c. This permit-to-install and operate (PTIO) takes into account the use of an afterburner (secondary chamber) to control VOC emissions, whenever this air contaminant source is in operation as a voluntary restriction as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05 (A)(3).

The controlled, annual VOC emission rate from this emissions unit is 1.01 tons; determined by multiplying the maximum rated capacity of the incinerator of 150 pounds/hour by a controlled emission factor of 3.0 pounds VOC/ton processed (AP-42, Chapter 2.1, 10/96), a maximum operating schedule of 8,760 hours/year, and the conversion factor of 1 ton/2000 pounds.

d. The human cremation multiple chamber incinerator, including all associated equipment and grounds, shall be designed, operated, and maintained so as to prevent the emission of objectionable odors.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) This emissions unit must be equipped with an afterburner that shall be used at all times this emissions unit is in operation.

(2) The permittee shall install, operate, and properly maintain a temperature gauge which monitors the temperature of the afterburner.

(3) The cremator shall not be operated unless the temperature monitoring devices are operating properly.

(4) This emissions unit shall be installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers' specifications. This includes but is not limited to:

a. during start-up the temperature controller for the afterburner shall be set to at least the minimum temperature recommended by the manufacturer; and

b. for the first cremation of the day, or for subsequent cremations after the unit has entered or completed the cool-down state, the afterburner temperature must reach the minimum temperature recommended by the manufacturer as measured by the afterburner indicator, before ignition of the primary burner to start the cremation.

(5) This emissions unit shall be operated only by properly trained personnel. A copy of all the training records for each operator shall be maintained on file as long as that operator is employed for that job and shall be immediately available to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency upon request.

(6) Ashes shall be removed from the primary chamber on a daily basis.

(7) To the extent possible, non-combustible material shall be removed from the material charged to this emissions unit.

(8) This emissions unit shall not be used to dispose of any "medical or infectious waste" as defined in OAC rule 3745-75-01.

(9) The stack shall be designed to minimize any building down wash impacts from emissions and/or odors on employees and nearby residences. The design shall meet good engineering practices so as not to result in excessive concentrations of air contaminants and/or odors in locations at, near, or in such a configuration, as to affect any air intake for heating and cooling of buildings or at operable windows or doors.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:

a. the color of the emissions;

b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;

c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;

d. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and

e. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible emissions.

If visible emissions are present, a visible emission incident has occurred. The observer does not have to document the exact start and end times for the visible emission incident under item (d) above or continue the daily check until the incident has ended. The observer may indicate that the visible emission incident was continuous during the observation period (or, if known, continuous during the operation of the emissions unit). With respect to the documentation of corrective actions, the observer may indicate that no corrective actions were taken if the visible emissions were representative of normal operations, or specify the minor corrective actions that were taken to ensure that the emissions unit continued to operate under normal conditions, or specify the corrective actions that were taken to eliminate abnormal visible emissions.

(2) The permittee shall maintain daily records of the following information for this emissions unit:

a. for each cremation, the temperature of the afterburner must be recorded just prior to the primary burner ignition;

b. the weight of each charge;

c. the time of each charge; and

d. a log of the time and date the ash is removed from the cremator.

(3) The permittee shall inspect this cremator using preventive maintenance procedures recommended by the equipment manufacturer. The inspection should be done at least semi-annually (more often if recommended by the equipment manufacturer). Each inspection shall include a written log which documents the findings of the inspection and identifies any needed cleaning or repairs to both the primary burner and afterburner chambers. If cleaning or repairs are needed, the cremator shall not be operated if the operation would result in any exceedance of the emission limits detailed in this permit.

(4) Copies of contractor's invoices of maintenance and repairs shall be maintained on site for no less than five (5) years.

(5) For each day during which the permittee burns a fuel other than natural gas, the permittee shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel burned in this emissions unit.

(6) The PTIO application for this emissions unit(s) [N001] was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC

rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled AReview of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A@, as follows:

a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):

   i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; or

   ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).

c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., A24@ hours per day and A7@ days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

   TLV/10 x 8/24 x 5/7 = 4 TLV/42 = MAGLC

d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or Aworst case@ toxic contaminant(s):

   Toxic Contaminant: Mercury

   TLV (mg/m3): 0.01

   Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 3.19E-04

   Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 0.1307

   MAGLC (ug/m3): 0.24

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of **Mercury**, from emissions unit(s) **N001**, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F).

(7) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration@, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;

b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and

c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@ will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a “modification”, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTI, PTIO, or FEPTIO (as applicable) prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

(8) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F):

a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);

b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F);

c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and

d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.

(9) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the emission limitations specified in Section A.1 of the terms and conditions of this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

a. Emission Limitation: VOC shall not exceed 0.23 lb/hr and 1.01 tpy.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance with the hourly emission limitation shall be determined according to test Methods 1-4 and 18, 25 or 25A of 40 CFR Part 60, as set forth in the "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60 "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources."

The annual emission limitation was developed by multiplying the hourly emission limitation by the maximum operating schedule of 8760 hours/year, and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, if compliance is shown with the hourly limitations, compliance with the annual limitations shall be assumed.

b. Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed twenty percent opacity, as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.

Applicable Compliance Method: If required, compliance with the particulate emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with OAC rule 3745-17-03 (B)(5).

c. Emission Limitation: 0.10 pounds PE/100 pounds of material charged

Applicable Compliance Method: If required, compliance with the particulate emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with OAC rule 3745-17-03 (B)(8).

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) In accordance with ORC section 4717.13(A)(9), the permittee shall not cremate animals in a cremation chamber in which dead human bodies or body parts are cremated and the permittee shall not cremate dead human bodies or human body parts in a cremation chamber in which dead animals are cremated.