



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

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Columbus, OH 43216-1049

5/11/2009

TIM MOSLEY
PARMA COMMUNITY GENERAL HOSPITAL
7007 POWERS BLVD
PARMA, OH 44129

RE: FINAL AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 1318452983
Permit Number: P0104611
Permit Type: Renewal
County: Cuyahoga

Certified Mail

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR
No	CEMS
No	MACT
Yes	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
No	MODELING SUBMITTED

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate ("PTIO") which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully.

Ohio EPA maintains a document entitled "Frequently Asked Questions about the PTIO". The document can be downloaded from the DAPC Web page, www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc, from the "Permits" link. This document contains additional information related to your permit, such as what activities are covered under the PTIO, who has enforcement authority over the permit and Ohio EPA's authorization to inspect your facility and records. Please contact the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469 if you need assistance.

The issuance of this PTIO is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission ("ERAC") under Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and describe the action complained of and the grounds for the appeal. The appeal must be filed with the ERAC within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. A filing fee of \$70.00 must be submitted to the ERAC with the appeal, although the ERAC, has discretion to reduce the amount of the filing fee if you can demonstrate (by affidavit) that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. If you file an appeal of this action, you must notify Ohio EPA of the filing of the appeal (by providing a copy to the Director) within three (3) days of filing your appeal with the ERAC. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal also be provided to the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the ERAC at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions regarding this permit, please contact the Cleveland Division of Air Quality. This permit has been posted to the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern
Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: CDAQ

Ted Strickland, Governor
Lee Fisher, Lieutenant Governor
Chris Korleski, Director



**State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control**

FINAL

**Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
PARMA COMMUNITY GENERAL HOSPITAL**

Facility ID: 1318452983
Permit Number: P0104611
Permit Type: Renewal
Issued: 5/11/2009
Effective: 5/11/2009
Expiration: 5/11/2014



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
 Division of Air Pollution Control

Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
 for
 PARMA COMMUNITY GENERAL HOSPITAL

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Permit Number: P0104611
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Authorization

Facility ID: 1318452983
Application Number(s): A0036881
Permit Number: P0104611
Permit Description: FEPTIO for two 18.8 mmBtu/hr natural gas and No. 2 fuel oil boilers
Permit Type: Renewal
Permit Fee: \$0.00
Issue Date: 5/11/2009
Effective Date: 5/11/2009
Expiration Date: 5/11/2014
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

PARMA COMMUNITY GENERAL HOSPITAL
7007 POWERS BLVD
PARMA, OH 44129

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Cleveland Division of Air Quality
2nd Floor
75 Erieview Plaza
Cleveland, OH 44114
(216)664-2297

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0104611

Facility ID: 1318452983

Effective Date: 5/11/2009

Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0104611

Permit Description: FEPTIO for two 18.8 mmBtu/hr natural gas and No. 2 fuel oil boilers

Permits for the following emissions unit(s) or groups of emissions units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:	B008
Company Equipment ID:	Boiler # 2
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	B009
Company Equipment ID:	Boiler # 3
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable



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Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0104611

Facility ID: 1318452983

Effective Date: 5/11/2009

A. Standard Terms and Conditions



1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. What records must I keep under this permit?

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

- PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

- Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. For facilities that are permitted as synthetic minor sources, the fee schedule is adjusted annually for inflation. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.



If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.



10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Cleveland Division of Air Quality in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emission unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
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change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.



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B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
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1. All the following facility-wide terms and conditions are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only:
 - a) None.



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C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions



1. B008, Boiler # 2

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

18.8 mmBtu/hr Natural Gas/No. 2 Fuel Oil Boiler

- a) The following emissions unit terms and conditions are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (1) None.
- b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements
 - (1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(PTI# 13-04687 issued February 20, 2007)	The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Dc and OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
b.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.
c.	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)	0.020 pound of particulate emissions per million Btu of actual heat input.
d.	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Dc.
e.	40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Dc	0.5 pound of SO ₂ emissions per million Btu of actual heat input.
f.	OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	See b)(2)c.
g.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) Synthetic Minor to avoid Title V	Sulfur dioxide (SO ₂) emissions shall not exceed 12.25 TPY as a rolling, 12-month summation. Nitrogen oxide (NO _x) emissions shall not exceed 3.5 TPY as a rolling, 12-month summation (when burning fuel oil).



	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		See b)(2)f. See c)(3).
h.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(a)(ii)	See b)(2)d through b)(2)f.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. Compliance with OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the use of natural gas or No. 2 fuel oil, a sulfur content limitation for No. 2 fuel oil, and the emission limitations listed in b)(1).
- b. The application and enforcement of the provisions of the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), as promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA), 40 CFR Part 60, are delegated to the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (Ohio EPA).
- c. The design of the emissions unit and the technology associated with the current operating practices satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. This rule revision was submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Until the U.S. EPA approves the revision to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- d. The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the particulate emissions from this emissions unit since the calculated annual emission rate for particulate emissions is less than ten tons per year taking into account the federally enforceable rule limit of 0.02 pound of particulates per million Btu of actual heat input under OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1).
- e. The BAT requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the uncontrolled NOx, VOC and CO emissions from this emissions unit since the potential to emit for NOx (when burning only natural gas), VOC and CO are each less than ten tons per year.
- f. Permit to Install 13-04687 for this emissions unit takes into account the restriction upon oil usage, as proposed by the permittee, for the purpose of avoiding the BAT requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) for NOx.



c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The permittee shall burn only natural gas and/or No. 2 fuel oil in this emissions unit.
- (2) The quality of No. 2 fuel oil received for burning in this emissions unit shall have a combination of sulfur content and heat content sufficient to comply with the allowable sulfur dioxide emission limitation of 0.50 lb/mmBtu of actual heat input and the sulfur content limitation for No. 2 fuel oil of less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur.
- (3) The maximum annual No. 2 fuel oil usage rate for this emissions unit shall not exceed 350,000 gallons per rolling, 12-month period.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall maintain records of the oil burned in this emissions unit in accordance with either Alternative 1 or Alternative 2 described below:

a. Alternative 1:

For each shipment of oil received for burning in this emissions unit, the permittee shall collect or require the oil supplier to collect a representative grab sample of oil and maintain records of the total quantity of oil received, the permittee's or oil supplier's analyses for sulfur content and heat content, and the calculated sulfur dioxide emission rate (in lbs/MMBtu). The sulfur dioxide emission rate shall be calculated in accordance with the formula specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04(F). A shipment may be comprised of multiple tank truck loads from the same supplier's batch, or may be represented by single or multiple pipeline deliveries from the same supplier's batch, and the quality of the oil for those loads or pipeline deliveries may be represented by a single batch analysis from the supplier.

b. Alternative 2:

The permittee shall collect a representative grab sample of oil that is burned in this emissions unit for each day when the emissions unit is in operation. If additional fuel oil is added to the tank serving this emissions unit on a day when the emissions unit is in operation, the permittee shall collect a sufficient number of grab samples to develop a composite sample representative of the fuel oil burned in this emissions unit. A representative grab sample of oil does not need to be collected on days when this emissions unit is only operated for the purpose of "test-firing." The permittee shall maintain records of the total quantity of oil burned each day, except for the purpose of test-firing, the permittee's analyses for sulfur content and heat content, and the calculated sulfur dioxide emission rate (in lbs/MMBtu). The sulfur dioxide emission rate shall be calculated in accordance with the formula specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04(F).



The permittee shall perform or require the supplier to perform the analyses for sulfur content and heat content in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 19, or the appropriate ASTM methods, such as ASTM methods D240 Standard Test Method for Heat of Combustion of Liquid Hydrocarbon Fuels by Bomb Calorimeter and D4294, Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum and Petroleum Products by Energy-Dispersive X-Ray Fluorescence Spectrometry, or equivalent methods as approved by the Director.

- (2) The owner or operator shall record and maintain records of the amounts of each fuel combusted during each month.
- (3) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following information:
 - a. the total volume of natural gas (mmcf) burned in this emissions unit;
 - b. the total number of gallons of No. 2 fuel oil used in this emissions unit for each month; and
 - c. the rolling, 12-month summation of the gallons of No. 2 fuel oil used.

Records of fuel consumption for each boiler may be calculated using records of total facility fuel consumption and records of utilization (in hours of operation or pounds steam) for each emissions unit.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:
 - a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the potential to emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:

The maximum annual No. 2 fuel oil usage rate for this emissions unit shall not exceed 350,000 gallons per rolling, 12-month period

- b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);
- c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and
- d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.



The quarterly reports shall be submitted, electronically through Ohio EPA Air Services, each year by January 31 (covering October to December), April 30 (covering January to March), July 31 (covering April to June), and October 31 (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the Director (the appropriate District Office or local air agency).

- (2) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation(s):

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.

Applicable Compliance Method(s):

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with U.S. EPA Reference Method 9 in 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A,

- b. Emission Limitation(s):

0.50 lb/mmBtu, 12.25 TPY SO₂ emissions as a rolling, 12-month average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The emission limitations were based upon the emission factor from AP-42, "Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors", 5th Edition, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1 (9/98). Compliance with the lb/mmBtu emission limitation shall be based upon the record keeping in d)(1). Compliance with the annual emission limitation shall be determined by multiplying the monthly average lb SO₂/mmBtu value by the monthly average heat content, the monthly total gallons on No. 2 fuel oil burned, and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton and shall be the sum of the monthly emission rates for any rolling, 12-month period.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the lb/mmBtu emission limitation through emission tests performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1- 4, and 6 or 6C.



c. Emission Limitation(s):

0.020 lb of particulate emissions per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

The emission limitations were based upon the emission factor from AP-42, "Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors", 5th Edition, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1 (9/98). Compliance with the lb/mmBtu emission limitation may be determined by converting the 2 lbs PE/10³ gal emission factor into lbs PE/mmBtu by dividing by 140 mmBtu/10³ gal.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the lb/mmBtu emission limitation through emission tests performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 -5.

d. Sulfur Content Limitation(s):

≤ 0.5 weight percent sulfur

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the record keeping requirement described in d)(1).

e. Emission Limitation(s):

3.5 TPY of NOx emissions as a rolling, 12-month average (when burning fuel oil).

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual emission limitation shall be determined by multiplying the emission factor for NOx (20 lb/1000 gallons of fuel oil burned) taken from AP-42, "Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors", 5th Edition, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1 (9/98) by the monthly total gallons of No. 2 fuel oil burned, and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton and shall be the sum of the monthly emission rates for any rolling, 12-month period.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) The potential to emit for PE, CO, VOC and NOx emissions was determined as follows:

Natural gas as fuel:

PM/PM-10

Potential to Emit (PTE)



AP-42 Factor = 7.6 lbs PM/mmcf
(18.8 mmBtu/hr) * (7.6 lbs PM/mmcf) * (cf/1050 Btu) = 0.14 lb PM/hr
(0.14 lb PM/hr) * (8760hrs/yr) * (ton/2000 lbs) = 0.61 TPY PM/PM-10

CO

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 84 lbs CO/mmcf
(18.8 mmBtu/hr) * (84 lbs CO/mmcf) * (cf/1050 Btu) = 1.50 lbs CO/hr
(1.50 lbs CO/hr) * (8760hrs/yr) * (ton/2000 lbs) = 6.58 TPY CO

VOC

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 11 lb/mmcf
(18.8 mmBtu/hr)*(11 lb/mmcf)*(cf/1050 Btu) = 0.19 lb VOC/hr
(0.19 lb VOC/hr) * (8760hrs/yr)*(ton/2000 lbs) = 0.83 TPY VOC

NOx

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 100 lbs NOx/mmcf
(18.8 mmBtu/hr) * (100 lbs NOx/mmcf) * (cf/1050 Btu) = 1.88 lb NOx/hr
(1.88 lb NOx/hr) * (8760hrs/yr)*(ton/2000 lbs) = 8.23 TPY NOx

No.2 oil as fuel:

PM/PM-10

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 2 lbs PM/1000 gal
(2 lbs PM/1000 gal) * (1000 gals/140 mmBtu) = 0.014 lb PM/mmBtu
(18.8 mmBtu/hr) * (0.014 lb PM/mmBtu) = 0.26 lb PM/hr

(0.26 lb PM/hr) * (8760hrs/yr) * (ton/2000 lbs) = 1.14 TPY PM

No.2 oil as fuel (continued):

CO

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 5 lbs CO/1000 gal
(5 lbs CO/1000 gal) * (1000 gals/140 mmBtu) = 0.036 lb CO/ mmBtu
(18.8 mmBtu/hr) * (0.036 lb CO/mmBtu) = 0.68 lb CO/hr

(0.68 lb CO/hr) * (8760hrs/yr) * (ton/2000 lbs) = 2.98 TPY CO



VOC

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 0.252 lb VOC/1000 gal

$(0.252 \text{ lb VOC}/1000 \text{ gal}) * (1000 \text{ gals}/140 \text{ mmBtu}) = 0.0018 \text{ lb VOC}/\text{mmBtu}$

$(18.8 \text{ mmBtu}/\text{hr}) * (0.0018 \text{ lb}/\text{mmBtu}) = 0.033 \text{ lb VOC}/\text{hr}$

$(0.033 \text{ lb VOC}/\text{hr}) * (8760 \text{ hrs}/\text{yr}) * (\text{ton}/2000 \text{ lbs}) = 0.14 \text{ TPY VOC}$



2. B009, Boiler # 3

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

18.8 mmBtu/hr Natural Gas/No. 2 Fuel Oil Boiler

- a) The following emissions unit terms and conditions are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (1) None.
- b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements
 - (1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(PTI# 13-04687 issued February 20, 2007)	The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Dc and OAC rule 3745-31-05(C).
b.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.
c.	OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1)	0.020 pound of particulate emissions per million Btu of actual heat input.
d.	OAC rule 3745-18-06(D)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Dc.
e.	40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Dc	0.5 pound of SO ₂ emissions per million Btu of actual heat input.
f.	OAC rule 3745-21-08(B)	See b)(2)c.
g.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(C) Synthetic Minor to avoid Title V	Sulfur dioxide (SO ₂) emissions shall not exceed 12.25 TPY as a rolling, 12-month summation.



	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		Nitrogen oxide (NO _x) emissions shall not exceed 3.5 TPY as a rolling, 12-month summation (when burning fuel oil). See b)(2)f. See c)(3).
h.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(a)(ii)	See b)(2)d through b)(2)f.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. Compliance with OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the use of natural gas or No. 2 fuel oil, a sulfur content limitation for No. 2 fuel oil, and the emission limitations listed in b)(1).
- b. The application and enforcement of the provisions of the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), as promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA), 40 CFR Part 60, are delegated to the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (Ohio EPA).
- c. The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revisions occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

- d. The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the particulate emissions from this emissions unit since the calculated annual emission rate for particulate emissions is less than ten tons per year taking into account the federally enforceable rule limit of 0.02 pound of particulates per million Btu of actual heat input under OAC rule 3745-17-10(B)(1).
- e. The BAT requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the uncontrolled NO_x, VOC and CO emissions from this emissions unit



since the potential to emit for NO_x (when burning only natural gas), VOC and CO are each less than ten tons per year.

- f. Permit to Install 13-04687 for this emissions unit takes into account the restriction upon oil usage, as proposed by the permittee, for the purpose of avoiding the BAT requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) for NO_x.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The permittee shall burn only natural gas and/or No. 2 fuel oil in this emissions unit.
- (2) The quality of No. 2 fuel oil received for burning in this emissions unit shall have a combination of sulfur content and heat content sufficient to comply with the allowable sulfur dioxide emission limitation of 0.50 lb/mmBtu of actual heat input and the sulfur content limitation for No. 2 fuel oil of less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur.
- (3) The maximum annual No. 2 fuel oil usage rate for this emissions unit shall not exceed 350,000 gallons per rolling, 12-month period.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall maintain records of the oil burned in this emissions unit in accordance with either Alternative 1 or Alternative 2 described below.

a. Alternative 1:

For each shipment of oil received for burning in this emissions unit, the permittee shall collect or require the oil supplier to collect a representative grab sample of oil and maintain records of the total quantity of oil received, the permittee's or oil supplier's analyses for sulfur content and heat content, and the calculated sulfur dioxide emission rate (in lb/mmBtu). [The sulfur dioxide emission rate shall be calculated in accordance with the formula specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04(F)]. A shipment may be comprised of multiple tank truck loads from the same supplier's batch, and the quality of the oil for those loads may be represented by a single batch analysis from the supplier.

b. Alternative 2:

The permittee shall collect a representative grab sample of oil that is burned in this emissions unit for each day when the emissions unit is in operation. If additional fuel oil is added to the tank serving this emissions unit on a day when the emissions unit is in operation, the permittee shall collect a sufficient number of grab samples to develop a composite sample representative of the fuel oil burned in this emissions unit. A representative grab sample of oil does not need to be collected on days



when this emissions unit is only operated for the purpose of "test-firing." The permittee shall maintain records of the total quantity of oil burned each day, except for the purpose of test-firing, the permittee's analyses for sulfur content and heat content, and the calculated sulfur dioxide emission rate (in lb/mmBtu). [The sulfur dioxide emission rate shall be calculated in accordance with the formula specified in OAC rule 3745-18-04(F)].

- c. The permittee shall perform or require the supplier to perform the analyses for sulfur content and heat content in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 19, or the appropriate ASTM methods (such as, ASTM methods D240 and D4294), or equivalent methods as approved by the Director.
- (2) The owner or operator shall record and maintain records of the amounts of each fuel combusted during each month.
 - (3) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following information:
 - a. the total volume of natural gas (mmcf) burned in this emissions unit;
 - b. the total number of gallons of No. 2 fuel oil used in this emissions unit for each month; and
 - c. the rolling, 12-month summation of the gallons of No. 2 fuel oil used.

Records of fuel consumption for each boiler may be calculated using records of total facility fuel consumption and records of utilization (in hours of operation or pounds steam) for each emissions unit.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:
 - a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the potential to emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:

The maximum annual No. 2 fuel oil usage rate for this emissions unit shall not exceed 350,000 gallons per rolling, 12-month period
 - b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);
 - c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and
 - d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).



If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted, electronically through Ohio EPA Air Services, each year by January 31 (covering October to December), April 30 (covering January to March), July 31 (covering April to June), and October 31 (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the Director (the appropriate District Office or local air agency).

- (2) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation(s):

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average, except as provided by rule.

Applicable Compliance Method(s):

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with U.S. EPA Reference Method 9 in 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A,

- b. Emission Limitation(s):

0.50 lb/mmBtu, 12.25 TPY SO₂ emissions as a rolling, 12-month average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The emission limitations were based upon the emission factor from AP-42, "Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors", 5th Edition, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1 (9/98). Compliance with the lb/mmBtu emission limitation shall be based upon the record keeping in d)(1). Compliance with the annual emission limitation shall be determined by multiplying the monthly average lb SO₂/mmBtu value by the monthly average heat content, the monthly total gallons on No. 2 fuel oil burned, and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton and shall be the sum of the monthly emission rates for any rolling, 12-month period.



If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the lb/mmBtu emission limitation through emission tests performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1- 4, and 6 or 6C.

c. Emission Limitation(s):

0.020 lb of particulate emissions per mmBtu

Applicable Compliance Method:

The emission limitations were based upon the emission factor from AP-42, "Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors", 5th Edition, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1 (9/98). Compliance with the lb/mmBtu emission limitation may be determined by converting the 2 lbs PE/10³ gal emission factor into lbs PE/mmBtu by dividing by 140 mmBtu/10³ gal.

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the lb/mmBtu emission limitation through emission tests performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 -5.

d. Sulfur Content Limitation(s):

≤ 0.5 weight percent sulfur

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by the record keeping requirement described in d)(1).

e. Emission Limitation(s):

3.5 TPY of NOx emissions as a rolling, 12-month average (when burning fuel oil).

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the annual emission limitation shall be determined by multiplying the emission factor for NOx (20 lb/1000 gallons of fuel oil burned) taken from AP-42, "Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors", 5th Edition, Section 1.3, Table 1.3-1 (9/98) by the monthly total gallons of No. 2 fuel oil burned, and then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton and shall be the sum of the monthly emission rates for any rolling, 12-month period.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

- (1) The potential to emit for PE, CO, VOC and NOx emissions was determined as follows:



Natural gas as fuel:

PM/PM-10

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 7.6 lbs PM/mmcf
 $(18.8 \text{ mmBtu/hr}) * (7.6 \text{ lbs PM/mmcf}) * (\text{cf}/1050 \text{ Btu}) = 0.14 \text{ lb PM/hr}$
 $(0.14 \text{ lb PM/hr}) * (8760\text{hrs/yr}) * (\text{ton}/2000 \text{ lbs}) = 0.61 \text{ TPY PM/PM-10}$

CO

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 84 lbs CO/mmcf
 $(18.8 \text{ mmBtu/hr}) * (84 \text{ lbs CO/mmcf}) * (\text{cf}/1050 \text{ Btu}) = 1.50 \text{ lbs CO/hr}$
 $(1.50 \text{ lbs CO/hr}) * (8760\text{hrs/yr}) * (\text{ton}/2000 \text{ lbs}) = 6.58 \text{ TPY CO}$

VOC

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 11 lb/mmcf
 $(18.8 \text{ mmBtu/hr}) * (11 \text{ lb/mmcf}) * (\text{cf}/1050 \text{ Btu}) = 0.19 \text{ lb VOC/hr}$
 $(0.19 \text{ lb VOC/hr}) * (8760\text{hrs/yr}) * (\text{ton}/2000 \text{ lbs}) = 0.83 \text{ TPY VOC}$

NOx

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 100 lbs NOx/mmcf
 $(18.8 \text{ mmBtu/hr}) * (100 \text{ lbs NOx/mmcf}) * (\text{cf}/1050 \text{ Btu}) = 1.88 \text{ lb NOx/hr}$
 $(1.88 \text{ lb NOx/hr}) * (8760\text{hrs/yr}) * (\text{ton}/2000 \text{ lbs}) = 8.23 \text{ TPY NOx}$

No.2 oil as fuel:

PM/PM-10

Potential to Emit (PTE)

AP-42 Factor = 2 lbs PM/1000 gal
 $(2 \text{ lbs PM}/1000 \text{ gal}) * (1000 \text{ gals}/140 \text{ mmBtu}) = 0.014 \text{ lb PM/mmBtu}$
 $(18.8 \text{ mmBtu/hr}) * (0.014 \text{ lb PM/mmBtu}) = 0.26 \text{ lb PM/hr}$

$(0.26 \text{ lb PM/hr}) * (8760\text{hrs/yr}) * (\text{ton}/2000 \text{ lbs}) = 1.14 \text{ TPY PM}$

No.2 oil as fuel (continued):

CO

Potential to Emit (PTE)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{AP-42 Factor} &= 5 \text{ lbs CO/1000 gal} \\ (5 \text{ lbs CO/1000 gal}) * (1000 \text{ gals/140 mmBtu}) &= 0.036 \text{ lb CO/ mmBtu} \\ (18.8 \text{ mmBtu/hr}) * (0.036 \text{ lb CO/mmBtu}) &= 0.68 \text{ lb CO/hr} \\ (0.68 \text{ lb CO/hr}) * (8760\text{hrs/yr}) * (\text{ton}/2000 \text{ lbs}) &= 2.98 \text{ TPY CO} \end{aligned}$$

VOC

Potential to Emit (PTE)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{AP-42 Factor} &= 0.252 \text{ lb VOC/1000 gal} \\ (0.252 \text{ lb VOC/1000 gal}) * (1000 \text{ gals/140 mmBtu}) &= 0.0018 \text{ lb VOC/mmBtu} \\ (18.8 \text{ mmBtu/hr}) * (0.0018 \text{ lb/mmBtu}) &= 0.033 \text{ lb VOC/hr} \\ (0.033 \text{ lb VOC/hr}) * (8760\text{hrs/yr}) * (\text{ton}/2000 \text{ lbs}) &= 0.14 \text{ TPY VOC} \end{aligned}$$