State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

STREET ADDRESS:
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Columbus, Ohio 43215

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www.epa.state.oh.us

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P.O. Box 1049
Columbus, OH 43216-1049

Certified Mail

2/23/2009

Yes	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR
No	CEMS
No	MACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
Yes	MODELING SUBMITTED

ANNETTE EHRHORN-WILLEMAN
Three Bond International, Inc.
6184 Schumacher Park Drive
West Chester, OH 45069

RE: FINAL AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 0857103289
Permit Number: P0104101
Permit Type: OAC Chapter 3745-31 Modification
County: Montgomery

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate ("PTIO") which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully.

Ohio EPA maintains a document entitled "Frequently Asked Questions about the PTIO". The document can be downloaded from the DAPC Web page, www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc, from the "Permits" link. This document contains additional information related to your permit, such as what activities are covered under the PTIO, who has enforcement authority over the permit and Ohio EPA's authorization to inspect your facility and records. Please contact the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469 if you need assistance.

The issuance of this PTIO is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission ("ERAC") under Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and describe the action complained of and the grounds for the appeal. The appeal must be filed with the ERAC within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. A filing fee of $70.00 must be submitted to the ERAC with the appeal, although the ERAC, has discretion to reduce the amount of the filing fee if you can demonstrate (by affidavit) that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. If you file an appeal of this action, you must notify Ohio EPA of the filing of the appeal (by providing a copy to the Director) within three (3) days of filing your appeal with the ERAC. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal also be provided to the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the ERAC at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions regarding this permit, please contact the Regional Air Pollution Control Agency. This permit has been posted to the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern

Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: RAPCA

State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

FINAL

Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Three Bond International, Inc.

Facility ID:	0857103289
Permit Number:	P0104101
Permit Type:	OAC Chapter 3745-31 Modification
Issued:	2/23/2009
Effective:	2/23/2009
Expiration:	9/30/2013

State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Three Bond International, Inc.

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Authorization

Facility ID: 0857103289
Application Number(s): A0036309
Permit Number: P0104101
Permit Description: The purpose of this application is to request authorization for the installation of four (4) new dip coating tanks, two (2) new rotary coaters and one (1) new automated coater. In addition, the eight (8) existing coating operations (K001 - K008) are being modified to create one new facility wide HAP and VOC synthetic minor emission cap to avoid major source status. Note that there are no physical modifications planned for K001 - K008
Permit Type: OAC Chapter 3745-31 Modification
Permit Fee: $1,400.00
Issue Date: 2/23/2009
Effective Date: 2/23/2009
Expiration Date: 9/30/2013
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

Three Bond International, Inc.
101 DARUMA PKWY
Moraine, OH 45439

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Regional Air Pollution Control Agency
117 South Main Street
Dayton, OH 45422-1280
(937)225-4435

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director

Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0104101
Permit Description: The purpose of this application is to request authorization for the installation of four (4) new dip coating tanks, two (2) new rotary coaters and one (1) new automated coater. In addition, the eight (8) existing coating operations (K001 - K008) are being modified to create one new facility wide HAP and VOC synthetic minor emission cap to avoid major source status. Note that there are no physical modifications planned for K001 - K008

Permits for the following emissions unit(s) or groups of emissions units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:	**K008**
Company Equipment ID:	Tumbling Process #1
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable

Group Name: **Automated and Rotary Coaters**

Emissions Unit ID:	**K006**
Company Equipment ID:	Automated Coater #1
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K007**
Company Equipment ID:	Rotary Coater #1
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K013**
Company Equipment ID:	Rotary Coater #2
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K014**
Company Equipment ID:	Rotary Coater #3
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K015**
Company Equipment ID:	Automated Coater #2
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable

Group Name: **Dip Coaters**

Emissions Unit ID:	**K001**
Company Equipment ID:	Dip coater # 1
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K002**
Company Equipment ID:	Dip coater #2
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K003**
Company Equipment ID:	Dip coater #3
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K004**

Company Equipment ID:	Dip coater #4
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K005**
Company Equipment ID:	Dip coater #5
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K009**
Company Equipment ID:	Dip Coater #6
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K010**
Company Equipment ID:	Dip Coater #7
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K011**
Company Equipment ID:	Dip Coater #8
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**K012**
Company Equipment ID:	Dip Coater #9
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable

A. Standard Terms and Conditions

1. **What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?**

   This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. **Who is responsible for complying with this permit?**

   The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

   The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. **What records must I keep under this permit?**

   You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. **What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?**

   There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

   - PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

     You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

   - Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. For facilities that are permitted as synthetic minor sources, the fee schedule is adjusted annually for inflation. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. **When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?**

   This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is

very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.

10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Regional Air Pollution Control Agency in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emission unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the

change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

   a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

      (1) None.

   b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

      (1) None.

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions

1. K008, Tumbling Process #1

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Tumbling Process #1

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. b)(1)d., d)(4) through d)(7) and e)(2).

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. b)(1)c., b)(2)b., d)(2), d)(3), e)(3), f)(1)c., f)(1)d., and f)(1)e.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	The Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 18.69 lbs/hr from coatings. The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(2)(e)(i), OAC rule 3745-31-05(D), OAC rule 3745-114-01 and ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c).
b.	OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(2)(e)(i)	The permittee shall not use more than 8 gallons of coating material per day for the coating of miscellaneous metal parts.
c.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) (synthetic minor to avoid Title V and MACT applicability)	The VOC emissions from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		See b)(2)b. The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 9.9 tons/year for any single HAP per rolling 12 month summations. The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 24.9 tons/year for any combination of HAPs, for any single per rolling 12 month summations.
d.	OAC rule 3745-114-01 and ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c)	The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" requirements are not federally enforceable.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The pound/hr emission limit was established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for the emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with this limitation.

b. The VOC usage rate from emissions units K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year, based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly usage rates.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the usage levels specified in the following table:

Month(s)	Maximum Allowable Cumulative Usage Rate of VOC (tons)
1	10
2	20
3	30
4	40

5	43.71
6	43.41
7	43.71
8	43.71
9	43.71
10	43.71
11	43.71
12	43.71

After the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, compliance with the annual usage rate limitation for VOC shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC usage rates.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information each day for the coating line.

a. The name and identification number of each coating employed.

b. The volume, in gallons of each coating employed.

c. The total volume, in gallons, of all the coatings employed.

(2) The permittee shall collect and record each month the following information for emissions units (K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015):

a. The name and identification of each coating and cleanup material employed.

b. The volume in gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed.

c. The VOC content of each coating and cleanup material employed, in pounds per gallon.

d. The total VOC emissions from all cleanup materials employed, [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)c. for each cleanup material employed], in pounds per month.

e. The amount of cleanup material recovered, in pounds of VOC, based on monthly analysis or other preapproved methods.

f. The total VOC emissions from cleanup operations, in pounds [i.e., d)(2)d. – d)(2)e.]

g. The amount of waste from the MEC process disposed in pound or gallons.

h. The total VOC in the waste from the MEC process based on monthly analysis or other preapproved methods.

i. The total VOC emissions from all coating employed, in pounds, [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)c. for each coating employed minus d)(2)h.].

j. The total VOC emissions from coating and cleanup materials in tons. [d)(2)f + d)(2)i.]

k. The rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC emissions and usages in tons.

(3) The permittee shall collect and record each month the following information for the entire facility:

a. the name and identification number/code of each coating, thinner, additive, cleanup material, and any other material containing any HAP;

b. the name/identification of each individual HAP contained in each material applied (and identified in d)(3)a. and the pound(s) of each HAP per gallon of each HAP-containing material applied;

c. the number of gallons of each coating, thinner, additive, cleanup material, and other material applied during the month;

d. for each individual HAP, the total emissions from all the materials employed, in ton(s), i.e., for each individual HAP, the summation of the products of d)(3)b. x d)(3)c. for all the materials applied during the month, divided by 2,000 pounds;

e. the total combined HAPs emissions from all the materials employed during the month, in ton(s), i.e., the summation of all the individual HAPs emissions from d)(3)d.;

f. for each individual HAP, the total emissions during the rolling, 12-month period, i.e., the summation of the individual HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(3)d., for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s); and

g. the total combined HAP emissions during the rolling 12-month period, i.e., the summation of all HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(3)e., for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s).

A listing of the HAPs can be found in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act, or can be obtained by contacting your Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency contact. Material Safety Data Sheets typically include a listing of the solvents contained in the coatings and cleanup materials.

(4) The FEPTIO application for these emissions unit(s), K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled AReview of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A@, as follows:

a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):

i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; or

ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).

c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., A8@ hours per day and A5@ days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4\ TLV/XY = MAGLC$$

d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or Aworst case@ toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Toluene

TLV (mg/m3): 188

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 38.24

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 2,075

MAGLC (ug/m3): 4,476

Toxic Contaminant: TCE

TLV (mg/m3): 269

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 24.56

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 1,332

MAGLC (ug/m3): 6,405

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of Toulene and TCE, from emissions unit(s) K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F).

(5) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration@, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;

b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and

c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@ will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a “modification”, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final FEPTIO prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level

concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

(6) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F):

a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);

b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F);

c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and

d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.

(7) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) The permittee shall notify the Director (appropriate District Office or local air agency) in writing of any daily record showing that the coating line employed more than the applicable maximum daily coating usage restriction of 8 gallons. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (appropriate District Office or local air agency) within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.

(2) The permittee shall include any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, in the quarterly deviation (excursion) reports. If no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.

(3) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:

a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the Potential to Emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:

i. The VOC emissions from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials.

ii. all exceedances of the rolling, 12-month individual HAP emission limitation for each HAP for all the coatings, thinners, additives, and cleanup materials employed; and

iii. all exceedances of the rolling, 12-month total combined HAPs emission limitation for all the coatings, thinners, additives, and cleanup materials employed;

b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);

c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and

d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted electronically (postmarked) each year by the thirty-first of January (covering October to December), the thirtieth of April (covering January to March), the thirty-first of July (covering April to June), and the thirty-first of October (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the director (the appropriate district office or local air agency).

(4) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

The VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 18.69 lbs/hr excluding cleanup.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by multiplying the maximum hourly coating usage times the maximum VOC content of any coating employed in this emissions unit.

b. Emission Limitation:

The permittee shall not use more than 8 gallons of coating material per day for the coating of miscellaneous metal parts.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(1)c.

c. Emissions Limitation:

The VOC emissions and usages from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials.

Applicable compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(2)k.

d. Emission Limitation:

The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 9.9 tons/year for any single HAP per rolling 12 month summations.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping requirements specified in d)(3)f.

e. Emission Limitation:

The emissions of HAPs, as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 24.9 tons/year for any combination of HAPs, per rolling 12 month summation.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping requirements specified in d)(3)g.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) Terms in this permit supercede those identified in P0093492 issued 09/30/2008.

2. K014, Rotary Coater #3

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Rotary Coater #3

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. b)(1)e., d)(4) through d)(7) and e)(2).

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. b)(1)d., b)(2)c., d)(2), d)(3), e)(3), f)(1)d., f)(1)e., and f)(1)f.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	The Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 9.24 lbs/hr from coatings. The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(2)(e)(i), OAC rule 3745-31-05(D), OAC rule 3745-114-01 and ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c).
b.	OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(2)(e)(i)	See b)(2)d.
c.	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)(2)	On the days when coating nonmetal parts. See b)(2)a.
d.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) (synthetic minor to avoid Title V and MACT applicability)	The VOC emissions from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		coatings and cleanup materials. See b)(2)c. The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 9.9 tons/year for any single HAP per rolling 12 month summations. The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 24.9 tons/year for any combination of HAPs, for any single per rolling 12 month summations.
e.	OAC rule 3745-114-01 and ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c)	The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" requirements are not federally enforceable.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The OC emission limitations of 8 pounds per hour and 40 pounds per day shall cease to be effective and federally enforceable on the date the U.S. EPA approves the current OAC rule 3745-21-07 as a revision to the Ohio SIP for organic compounds. After the rule is added to the Ohio SIP, these emission limitations and the associated monitoring, record keeping, reporting, and testing requirements shall be void.

b. The pound/hr emission limit was established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for the emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with this limitation.

c. The VOC usage rate from emissions units K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year, based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly usage rates.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the usage levels specified in the following table:

Month(s)	Maximum Allowable Cumulative Usage Rate of VOC (tons)

1	10
2	20
3	30
4	40
5	43.71
6	43.41
7	43.71
8	43.71
9	43.71
10	43.71
11	43.71
12	43.71

After the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, compliance with the annual usage rate limitation for VOC shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC usage rates.

d. The permittee shall not use more than 8 gallons of coating material per day for the coating of miscellaneous metal parts. The daily usage limitation for the coating line shall not include coatings applied to parts or products which are not metal.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information each day for this emissions unit.

a. The name and identification of each coating employed (including whether it is used for metal or nonmetal parts) and cleanup material employed.

b. The volume, in gallons of each coating employed.

c. On the days when coating metal parts, the total volume, in gallons, of all the coatings employed for the coating of metal parts.

d. The volume, in gallons of each cleanup material employed.

e. The OC content of each coating and cleanup material employed, in pounds per gallon.

f. The total OC emissions rate for all coating and cleanup materials employed, (when coating nonmetal parts) [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)e. for all coatings plus d)(2)d. x d)(2)e. for all cleanup materials], in pounds.

g. The total numbers of hours the emissions unit was in operation (when coating nonmetal parts).

h. The average hourly OC emissions rate for all coatings and cleanup materials, i.e., d)(2)f./d)(2)g., in pounds per hour (average) (when coating nonmetal parts).

[Note: The requirements for d)(1)a., d)(1)f, d)(1)g., and d)(1)h. established under OAC rule 3745-21-07 shall cease to be effective and federally enforceable on the date the U.S. EPA approves the current rule as a revision to the Ohio SIP for the control of organic compounds].

(2) The permittee shall collect and record each month the following information for emissions units (K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015):

a. The name and identification of each coating and cleanup material employed.

b. The volume in gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed.

c. The VOC content of each coating and cleanup material employed, in pounds per gallon.

d. The total VOC emissions from all cleanup materials employed, [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)c. for each cleanup material employed], in pounds per month.

e. The amount of cleanup material recovered, in pounds of VOC.

f. The total VOC emissions from cleanup operations, in pounds [i.e., d)(2)d. – d)(2)e.]

g. The amount of waste from the MEC process disposed in pound or gallons.

h. The total VOC in the waste from the MEC process based on monthly analysis or other preapproved methods.

i. The total VOC emissions from all coating employed, in pounds, [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)c. for each coating employed minus d)(2)h.]

j. The total VOC emissions from coating and cleanup materials in tons. [d)(2)f + d)(2)i.]

k. The rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC emissions and usages in tons.

(3) The permittee shall collect and record each month the following information for the entire facility:

a. the name and identification number/code of each coating, thinner, additive, cleanup material, and any other material containing any HAP;

b. the name/identification of each individual HAP contained in each material applied and identified in d)(3)a. and the pound(s) of each HAP per gallon of each HAP-containing material applied;

c. the number of gallons of each coating, thinner, additive, cleanup material, and other material applied during the month;

d. for each individual HAP, the total emissions from all the materials employed, in ton(s), i.e., for each individual HAP, the summation of the products of d)(3)b. x d)(3)c. for all the materials applied during the month, divided by 2,000 pounds;

e. the total combined HAPs emissions from all the materials employed during the month, in ton(s), i.e., the summation of all the individual HAPs emissions from d)(3)d.;

f. for each individual HAP, the total emissions during the rolling, 12-month period, i.e., the summation of the individual HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(3)d., for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s); and

g. the total combined HAP emissions during the rolling 12-month period, i.e., the summation of all HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(3)e., for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s).

A listing of the HAPs can be found in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act, or can be obtained by contacting your Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency contact. Material Safety Data Sheets typically include a listing of the solvents contained in the coatings and cleanup materials.

(4) The FEPTIO application for these emissions unit(s), K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The ATOxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled AReview of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A@, as follows:

a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw

materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):

i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; or

ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).

c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., A8@ hours per day and A5@ days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

TLV/10 x 8/X x 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC

d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or Aworst case@ toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Toluene

TLV (mg/m3): 188

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 38.24

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 2,075

MAGLC (ug/m3): 4,476

Toxic Contaminant: TCE

TLV (mg/m3): 269

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 24.56

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 1,332

MAGLC (ug/m3): 6,405

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of Toulene and TCE, from emissions unit(s) K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012,

K013, K014 and K015, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F).

(5) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration@, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;

b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and

c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@ will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a “modification”, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final FEPTIO prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

(6) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F):

a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);

b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F);

c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and

d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.

(7) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) The permittee shall notify the Director (appropriate appropriate District Office or local air agency) in writing of any daily record showing that the coating line employed more than the applicable maximum daily coating usage restriction of 8 gallons. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (appropriate District Office or local air agency) within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.

(2) The permittee shall include any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, in the quarterly deviation (excursion) reports. If no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.

(3) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:

a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the Potential to Emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:

i. The VOC emissions from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials.

ii. all exceedances of the rolling, 12-month individual HAP emission limitation for each HAP for all the coatings, thinners, additives, and cleanup materials employed; and

iii. all exceedances of the rolling, 12-month total combined HAPs emission limitation for all the coatings, thinners, additives, and cleanup materials employed.

iv. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic compound emissions from the coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 8 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic compound emissions for each such day; and

v. an identification of each day during which the organic compound emissions from the coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 40 pounds per day, and the actual organic compound emissions for each such day.

b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);

c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and

d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted (postmarked) each year by the thirty-first of January (covering October to December), the thirtieth of April (covering January to March), the thirty-first of July (covering April to June), and the thirty-first of October (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the director (the appropriate district office or local air agency).

[Note: The requirements for e)(3)a.iv. and e)(3)a.v established under OAC rule 3745-21-07 shall cease to be effective and federally enforceable on the date the U.S. EPA approves the current rule as a revision to the Ohio SIP for the control of organic compounds].

(4) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

The VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 9.24 lbs/hr excluding cleanup.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by multiplying the maximum hourly coating usage times the maximum VOC content of any coating employed in this emissions unit.

b. Emission Limitation:

The permittee shall not use more than 8 gallons of coating material per day for the coating of miscellaneous metal parts.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(1)c.

c. Emissions Limitation:

On the days when coating nonmetal parts the organic compound (OC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 8 pounds per hour and 40 pounds per day.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(1)h. and d)(1)f. respectively.

Note: [The requirements for f)(1)c. established under OAC rule 3745-21-07 shall cease to be effective and federally enforceable on the date the U.S. EPA approves the current rule as a revision to the Ohio SIP for the control of organic compounds].

d. Emissions Limitation:

The VOC emissions and usages from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials.

Applicable compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(2)k.

e. Emission Limitation-

The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 9.9 tons/year for any single HAP per rolling 12 month summations.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping requirements specified in d)(3)f.

f. Emission Limitation:

The emissions of HAPs, as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 24.9 tons/year for any combination of HAPs, per rolling 12 month summation.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping requirements specified in d)(3)g.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) None.

3. Emissions Unit Group - Dip Coaters: K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K009, K010, K011, K012,

EU ID	Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description
K001	Dip Coater 1
K002	Dip Coater 2
K003	Dip Coater 3
K004	Dip Coater 4
K005	Dip Coater 5
K009	Dip coater #6
K010	Dip coater #7
K011	Dip Coater #8
K012	Dip Coater #9

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. b)(1)e., d)(4) through d)(7) and e)(2).

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. b)(1)d., b)(2)c., d)(2), d)(3), e)(3), f)(1)d., f)(1)e., and f)(1)f.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	The Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 18.69 lbs/hr from coatings. The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(2)(e)(i), OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)(2), OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) OAC rule 3745-114-01 and ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c).
b.	OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(2)(e)(i)	See b)(2)d.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
c.	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)(2)	On the days when coating nonmetal parts. See b)(2)a.
d.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) (synthetic minor to avoid Title V and MACT applicability)	The VOC emissions from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials. See b)(2)c. The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 9.9 tons/year for any single HAP per rolling 12 month summations. The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 24.9 tons/year for any combination of HAPs, for any single per rolling 12 month summations.
e.	OAC rule 3745-114-01 and ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c)	The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" requirements are not federally enforceable.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The OC emission limitations of 8 pounds per hour and 40 pounds per day shall cease to be effective and federally enforceable on the date the U.S. EPA approves the current OAC rule 3745-21-07 as a revision to the Ohio SIP for organic compounds. After the rule is added to the Ohio SIP, these emission limitations and the associated monitoring, record keeping, reporting, and testing requirements shall be void.

b. The pound/hr emission limit was established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for the emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with this limitation.

c. The VOC usage rate from emissions units K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year, based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly usage rates.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the usage levels specified in the following table:

Month(s)	Maximum Allowable Cumulative Usage Rate of VOC (tons)
1	10
2	20
3	30
4	40
5	43.71
6	43.41
7	43.71
8	43.71
9	43.71
10	43.71
11	43.71
12	43.71

After the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, compliance with the annual usage rate limitation for VOC shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC usage rates.

d. The permittee shall not use more than 8 gallons of coating material per day for the coating of miscellaneous metal parts. The daily usage limitation for the coating line shall not include coatings applied to parts or products which are not metal.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information each day for this emissions unit.

a. The name and identification of each coating employed (including whether it is used for metal or nonmetal parts) and cleanup material employed.

b. The volume, in gallons of each coating employed.

c. On the days when coating metal parts, the total volume, in gallons, of all the coatings employed for the coating of metal parts.

d. The volume, in gallons of each cleanup material employed.

e. The OC content of each coating and cleanup material employed, in pounds per gallon.

f. The total OC emissions rate for all coating and cleanup materials employed, (when coating nonmetal parts) [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)e. for all coatings plus d)(2)d. x d)(2)e. for all cleanup materials], in pounds.

g. The total numbers of hours the emissions unit was in operation (when coating nonmetal parts).

h. The average hourly OC emissions rate for all coatings and cleanup materials, i.e., d)(2)f./d)(2)g., in pounds per hour (average) (when coating nonmetal parts).

[Note: The requirements for d)(1)a., d)(1)f, d)(1)g., and d)(1)h. established under OAC rule 3745-21-07 shall cease to be effective and federally enforceable on the date the U.S. EPA approves the current rule as a revision to the Ohio SIP for the control of organic compounds].

(2) The permittee shall collect and record each month the following information for emissions units (K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015):

a. The name and identification of each coating and cleanup material employed.

b. The volume in gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed.

c. The VOC content of each coating and cleanup material employed, in pounds per gallon.

d. The total VOC emissions from all cleanup materials employed, [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)c. for each cleanup material employed], in pounds per month.

e. The amount of cleanup material recovered, in pounds of VOC.

f. The total VOC emissions from cleanup operations, in pounds [i.e., d)(2)d. – d)(2)e.]

g. The amount of waste from the MEC process disposed in pound or gallons.

h. The total VOC in the waste from the MEC process based on monthly analysis or other preapproved methods.

i. The total VOC emissions from all coating employed, in pounds, [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)c. for each coating employed minus d)(2)h.]

j. The total VOC emissions from coating and cleanup materials in tons. [d)(2)f + d)(2)i.]

k. The rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC emissions and usages in tons.

(3) The permittee shall collect and record each month the following information for the entire facility:

a. the name and identification number/code of each coating, thinner, additive, cleanup material, and any other material containing any HAP;

b. the name/identification of each individual HAP contained in each material applied and identified in d)(3)a. and the pound(s) of each HAP per gallon of each HAP-containing material applied;

c. the number of gallons of each coating, thinner, additive, cleanup material, and other material applied during the month;

d. for each individual HAP, the total emissions from all the materials employed, in ton(s), i.e., for each individual HAP, the summation of the products of d)(3)b. x d)(3)c. for all the materials applied during the month, divided by 2,000 pounds;

e. the total combined HAPs emissions from all the materials employed during the month, in ton(s), i.e., the summation of all the individual HAPs emissions from d)(3)d.;

f. for each individual HAP, the total emissions during the rolling, 12-month period, i.e., the summation of the individual HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(3)d., for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s); and

g. the total combined HAP emissions during the rolling 12-month period, i.e., the summation of all HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(3)e., for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s).

A listing of the HAPs can be found in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act, or can be obtained by contacting your Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency contact. Material Safety Data Sheets typically include a listing of the solvents contained in the coatings and cleanup materials.

(4) The FEPTIO application for these emissions unit(s), K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The ATOxic Air Contaminant Statute@,

ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled AReview of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A@, as follows:

a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):

   i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; or

   ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).

c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., A8@ hours per day and A5@ days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

   TLV/10 x 8/X x 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC

d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or Aworst case@ toxic contaminant(s):

   Toxic Contaminant: Toluene

   TLV (mg/m3): 188

   Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 38.24

   Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 2,075

MAGLC (ug/m3): 4,476

Toxic Contaminant: TCE

TLV (mg/m3): 269

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 24.56

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 1,332

MAGLC (ug/m3): 6,405

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of Toulene and TCE, from emissions unit(s) K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F).

(5) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration@, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;

b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and

c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@ will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a “modification”, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final FEPTIO prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

(6) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F):

a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);

b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F);

c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and

d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.

(7) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) The permittee shall notify the Director (appropriate appropriate District Office or local air agency) in writing of any daily record showing that the coating line employed more than the applicable maximum daily coating usage restriction of 8 gallons. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (appropriate District Office or local air agency) within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.

(2) The permittee shall include any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, in the quarterly deviation (excursion) reports. If no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.

(3) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:

a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the

Potential to Emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:

i. The VOC emissions from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials.

ii. all exceedances of the rolling, 12-month individual HAP emission limitation for each HAP for all the coatings, thinners, additives, and cleanup materials employed; and

iii. all exceedances of the rolling, 12-month total combined HAPs emission limitation for all the coatings, thinners, additives, and cleanup materials employed.

iv. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic compound emissions from the coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 8 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic compound emissions for each such day; and

v. an identification of each day during which the organic compound emissions from the coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 40 pounds per day, and the actual organic compound emissions for each such day.

b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);

c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and

d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted (postmarked) each year by the thirty-first of January (covering October to December), the thirtieth of April (covering January to March), the thirty-first of July (covering April to June), and the thirty-first of October (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the director (the appropriate district office or local air agency).

[Note: The requirements for e)(3)a.iv. and e)(3)a.v established under OAC rule 3745-21-07 shall cease to be effective and federally enforceable on the date the U.S. EPA approves the current rule as a revision to the Ohio SIP for the control of organic compounds].

(4) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall

cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

The VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 18.69 lbs/hr excluding cleanup.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by multiplying the maximum hourly coating usage times the maximum VOC content of any coating employed in this emissions unit.

b. Emission Limitation:

The permittee shall not use more than 8 gallons of coating material per day for the coating of miscellaneous metal parts.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(1)c.

c. Emissions Limitation:

On the days when coating nonmetal parts the organic compound (OC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 8 pounds per hour and 40 pounds per day.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(1)h. and d)(1)f. respectively.

Note: [The requirements for f)(1)c. established under OAC rule 3745-21-07 shall cease to be effective and federally enforceable on the date the U.S. EPA approves the current rule as a revision to the Ohio SIP for the control of organic compounds].

d. Emissions Limitation:

The VOC emissions and usages from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials.

Applicable compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(2)k.

e. Emission Limitation-

The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 9.9 tons/year for any single HAP per rolling 12 month summations.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping requirements specified in d)(3)f.

f. Emission Limitation:

The emissions of HAPs, as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 24.9 tons/year for any combination of HAPs, per rolling 12 month summation.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping requirements specified in d)(3)g.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) Terms in this permit supercede those identified in P0093492 issued 09/30/2008 for emissions units K001, K002, K003, K004 and K005.

4. Emissions Unit Group - Automated and Rotary Coaters: K006, K007, K013, K015,

EU ID	Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description
K006	Automated Coater 1
K007	Rotary Coater 1
K013	Rotary Coater #2
K015	Automated Coater #2

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. b)(1)d., d)(4) through d)(7) and e)(2).

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. b)(1)c., b)(2)b., d)(2), d)(3), e)(3), f)(1)c., f)(1)d., and f)(1)e.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).	The Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 9.24 lbs/hr from coatings. The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(2)(e)(i), OAC rule 3745-31-05(D), OAC rule 3745-114-01 and ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c).
b.	OAC rule 3745-21-09(U)(2)(e)(i)	The permittee shall not use more than 8 gallons of coating material per day for the coating of miscellaneous metal parts.
c.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) (synthetic minor to avoid Title V and MACT applicability)	The VOC emissions from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials. See b)(2)b The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 9.9 tons/year for any single HAP per rolling 12 month summations. The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 24.9 tons/year for any combination of HAPs, for any single per rolling 12 month summations.
d.	OAC rule 3745-114-01 and ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c)	The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute" requirements are not federally enforceable.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The pound/hr emission limit was established for PTI purposes to reflect the potential to emit for the emissions unit. Therefore, it is not necessary to develop record keeping and/or reporting requirements to ensure compliance with this limitation.

b. The VOC usage rate from emissions units K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year, based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly usage rates.

To ensure enforceability during the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall not exceed the usage levels specified in the following table:

Month(s)	Maximum Allowable Cumulative Usage Rate of VOC (tons)
1	10
2	20
3	30

4	40
5	43.71
6	43.41
7	43.71
8	43.71
9	43.71
10	43.71
11	43.71
12	43.71

After the first 12 calendar months of operation or the first 12 calendar months following the issuance of this permit, compliance with the annual usage rate limitation for VOC shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC usage rates..

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information each day for the coating line.

a. The name and identification number of each coating employed.

b. The volume, in gallons of each coating employed.

c. The total volume, in gallons, of all the coatings employed.

(2) The permittee shall collect and record each month the following information for emissions units (K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015):

a. The name and identification of each coating and cleanup material employed.

b. The volume in gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed.

c. The VOC content of each coating and cleanup material employed, in pounds per gallon.

d. The total VOC emissions from all cleanup materials employed, [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)c. for each cleanup material employed], in pounds per month.

e. The amount of cleanup material recovered, in pounds of VOC.

f. The total VOC emissions from cleanup operations, in pounds [i.e., d)(2)d. – d)(2)e.]

g. The amount of waste from the MEC process disposed in pound or gallons.

h. The total VOC in the waste from the MEC process based on monthly analysis or other preapproved methods.

i. The total VOC emissions from all coating employed, in pounds, [i.e., summation of d)(2)b. x d)(2)c. for each coating employed minus d)(2)h.]

j. The total VOC emissions from coating and cleanup materials in tons. [d)(2)f + d)(2)i.]

k. The rolling, 12-month summation of the monthly VOC emissions and usages in tons.

(3) The permittee shall collect and record each month the following information for the entire facility:

a. the name and identification number/code of each coating, thinner, additive, cleanup material, and any other material containing any HAP;

b. the name/identification of each individual HAP contained in each material applied (and identified in d)(3)a. and the pound(s) of each HAP per gallon of each HAP-containing material applied;

c. the number of gallons of each coating, thinner, additive, cleanup material, and other material applied during the month;

d. for each individual HAP, the total emissions from all the materials employed, in ton(s), i.e., for each individual HAP, the summation of the products of d)(3)b. x d)(3)c. for all the materials applied during the month, divided by 2,000 pounds;

e. the total combined HAPs emissions from all the materials employed during the month, in ton(s), i.e., the summation of all the individual HAPs emissions from d)(3)d.;

f. for each individual HAP, the total emissions during the rolling, 12-month period, i.e., the summation of the individual HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(3)d., for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s); and

g. the total combined HAP emissions during the rolling 12-month period, i.e., the summation of all HAP emissions, as recorded in d)(3)e., for the present month plus the previous 11 months of operation, in ton(s).

A listing of the HAPs can be found in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act, or can be obtained by contacting your Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency contact. Material Safety Data Sheets typically include a listing of the solvents contained in the coatings and cleanup materials.

(4) The FEPTIO application for these emissions unit(s), K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled AReview of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A@, as follows:

a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):

i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; or

ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).

c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., A8@ hours per day and A5@ days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4\ TLV/XY = MAGLC$$

d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or Aworst case@ toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Toluene

TLV (mg/m3): 188

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 38.24

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 2,075

MAGLC (ug/m3): 4,476

Toxic Contaminant: TCE

TLV (mg/m3): 269

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 24.56

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 1,332

MAGLC (ug/m3): 6,405

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of Toulene and TCE, from emissions unit(s) K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015, is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F).

(5) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration@, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;

b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and

c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@ will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a “modification”, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final FEPTIO prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level

concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

(6) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F):

a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);

b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F);

c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and

d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.

(7) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) The permittee shall notify the Director (appropriate District Office or local air agency) in writing of any daily record showing that the coating line employed more than the applicable maximum daily coating usage restriction of 8 gallons. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (appropriate District Office or local air agency) within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.

(2) The permittee shall include any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, in the quarterly deviation (excursion) reports. If no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.

(3) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:

a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the Potential to Emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:

i. The VOC emissions from emissions unit K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials.

ii. all exceedances of the rolling, 12-month individual HAP emission limitation for each HAP for all the coatings, thinners, additives, and cleanup materials employed; and

iii. all exceedances of the rolling, 12-month total combined HAPs emission limitation for all the coatings, thinners, additives, and cleanup materials employed.

b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);

c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and

d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted (postmarked) each year by the thirty-first of January (covering October to December), the thirtieth of April (covering January to March), the thirty-first of July (covering April to June), and the thirty-first of October (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the director (the appropriate district office or local air agency).

(4) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

The VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall not exceed 9.24 lbs/hr excluding cleanup.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by multiplying the maximum hourly coating usage times the maximum VOC content of any coating employed in this emissions unit.

b. Emission Limitation:

The permittee shall not use more than 8 gallons of coating material per day for the coating of miscellaneous metal parts.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(1)c.

c. Emissions Limitation:

The VOC emissions and usages from emissions units K001, K002, K003, K004, K005, K006, K007, K008, K009, K010, K011, K012, K013, K014 and K015 shall not exceed 43.71 tons per year (TPY) as a rolling 12-month summation, including both coatings and cleanup materials.

Applicable compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping specified in d)(2)k.

d. Emission Limitation-

The emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 9.9 tons/year for any single HAP per rolling 12 month summations.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping requirements specified in d)(3)f.

e. Emission Limitation:

The emissions of HAPs, as identified in Section 112(b) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, from this facility shall be less than 24.9 tons/year for any combination of HAPs, per rolling 12 month summation.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping requirements specified in d)(3)g.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) Terms in this permit supercede those identified in P0093492 issued 09/30/2008 for emissions units K006 and K007.