



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

STREET ADDRESS:

Lazarus Government Center
50 W. Town St., Suite 700
Columbus, Ohio 43215

TELE: (614) 644-3020 FAX: (614) 644-3184
www.epa.state.oh.us

MAILING ADDRESS:

P.O. Box 1049
Columbus, OH 43216-1049

10/7/2008

John Schlabach
Millcreek Finishing
30812 T.R. 213
Fresno, OH 42824

RE: FINAL AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 0616000216
Permit Number: P0089122
Permit Type: Renewal
County: Coshocton

Certified Mail

Yes	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR
No	CEMS
No	MACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
Yes	MODELING SUBMITTED

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate ("PTIO") which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully.

Ohio EPA maintains a document entitled "Frequently Asked Questions about the PTIO". The document can be downloaded from the DAPC Web page, www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc, from the "Permits" link. This document contains additional information related to your permit, such as what activities are covered under the PTIO, who has enforcement authority over the permit and Ohio EPA's authorization to inspect your facility and records. Please contact the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469 if you need assistance.

The issuance of this PTIO is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission ("ERAC") under Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and describe the action complained of and the grounds for the appeal. The appeal must be filed with the ERAC within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. A filing fee of \$70.00 must be submitted to the ERAC with the appeal, although the ERAC, has discretion to reduce the amount of the filing fee if you can demonstrate (by affidavit) that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. If you file an appeal of this action, you must notify Ohio EPA of the filing of the appeal (by providing a copy to the Director) within three (3) days of filing your appeal with the ERAC. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal also be provided to the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the ERAC at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions regarding this permit, please contact the Ohio EPA DAPC, Southeast District Office. This permit has been posted to the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern
Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: Ohio EPA-SEDO

Ted Strickland, Governor
Lee Fisher, Lieutenant Governor
Chris Korleski, Director



**State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control**

FINAL

**Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Millcreek Finishing**

Facility ID: 0616000216
Permit Number: P0089122
Permit Type: Renewal
Issued: 10/7/2008
Effective: 10/7/2008
Expiration: 10/7/2013



Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Millcreek Finishing

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Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
Permit Number: P0089122
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Authorization

Facility ID: 0616000216
Application Number(s): A0020358, A0020359, A0020360, A0020361
Permit Number: P0089122
Permit Description: Wood finishing operation with diesel engine.
Permit Type: Renewal
Permit Fee: \$0.00
Issue Date: 10/7/2008
Effective Date: 10/7/2008
Expiration Date: 10/7/2013
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

Millcreek Finishing
30812 T.R. 213
Fresno, OH 42824

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Ohio EPA DAPC, Southeast District Office
2195 Front Street
Logan, OH 43138
(740)385-8501

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director



Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0089122
Permit Description: Wood finishing operation with diesel engine.

Permits for the following emissions unit(s) or groups of emissions units are in this document as indicated below:

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Emissions Unit ID: | P001 |
| Company Equipment ID: | Diesel Engine #1 |
| Superseded Permit Number: | |
| General Permit Category and Type: | Not Applicable |
| Emissions Unit ID: | R001 |
| Company Equipment ID: | Booth #1 |
| Superseded Permit Number: | |
| General Permit Category and Type: | Not Applicable |
| Emissions Unit ID: | R002 |
| Company Equipment ID: | Booth #2 |
| Superseded Permit Number: | |
| General Permit Category and Type: | Not Applicable |
| Emissions Unit ID: | R003 |
| Company Equipment ID: | Booth #3 |
| Superseded Permit Number: | |
| General Permit Category and Type: | Not Applicable |



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0089122

Facility ID: 0616000216

Effective Date: 10/7/2008

A. Standard Terms and Conditions



1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. What records must I keep under this permit?

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

- PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

- Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. For facilities that are permitted as synthetic minor sources, the fee schedule is adjusted annually for inflation. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.



If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.



10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Ohio EPA DAPC, Southeast District Office in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emission unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0089122

Facility ID: 0616000216

Effective Date: 10/7/2008

change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0089122

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Effective Date: 10/7/2008

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0089122

Facility ID: 0616000216

Effective Date: 10/7/2008

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
 - a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (1) None.
 - b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - (1) None.



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Permit Number: P0089122

Facility ID: 0616000216

Effective Date: 10/7/2008

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions



1. P001, Diesel Engine #1

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

96 HP John Deere Diesel PowerTech 4045TF150A

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. None.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. None.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI #06-08270 issued 7/26/07)	Emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx) shall not exceed 2.98 lbs/hr; 13.04 TPY.
b.	3745-31-05(A)(3)(a)(ii)	See (2)a. below.
c.	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)(5)(a)	0.310 lb PE per million Btu of actual heat input.
d.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)(1)	Visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average.
e.	OAC rule 3745-18-06(G)	This emissions unit is exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-18-06 pursuant to OAC rule 3745-18-06(B).
f.	OAC rule 3745-21-08(G)	See (2)b. below

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the particulate, sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide and



volatile organic compounds emissions from this air contaminant source since the uncontrolled potential to emit for particulate, sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide and volatile organic compounds emissions is less than ten tons per year.

- b. The permittee has satisfied the "best available control techniques and operating practices" required pursuant to OAC rule 3745-21-08(B) by committing to comply with the best available technology requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) in this Permit to Install and Operate.

On November 5, 2002, OAC rule 3745-21-08 was revised to delete paragraph (B); therefore, paragraph (B) is no longer part of the State regulations. However, that rule revision has not yet been submitted to the U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-21-08, the requirement to satisfy the "best available control techniques and operating practices" still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) None.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission limitations specified in section b)(1). of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitations:

2.98 lbs/hr and 13.04 TPY of NO_x

Applicable Compliance Methods:

Compliance with the hourly emission limitation above shall be determined by multiplying 0.015 lb/hp-hr, the emission factor specified in AP-42 "Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors," Table 3.3-1 (10/96), by 96 HP, the power output rating of this unit.



If required, compliance with the hourly emission limitation shall be demonstrated based upon emission tests performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and 7.

Compliance with the annual emission limitation shall be determined by multiplying the hourly emission rate above by the maximum hours of operation, 8760 hours/year, and dividing by 2,000 lbs/ton.

b. Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance with this limitation shall be determined using Method 9 of 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

0.310 lb PE per million Btu of actual heat input.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated using the emission factor of 0.31 lb PE per million Btu of actual heat input from AP-42, Table 3.3-1 (Gasoline and Diesel Industrial Engines, 10/96).

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation in accordance with the methods and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(10).

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) None.



2. R001, Booth #1

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Stains Booth, stack with exhaust fan, and HVLP pump/gun combination

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. b)(1)c., d)(8) to d)(11) and e)(3).

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. b)(1)b., c)(1), c)(2), d)(2), d)(3), d)(5), d)(6), d)(7), e)(2), f)(2) and f)(3).

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI #06-08270 issued 7/26/07)	The volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials and thinners for this emissions unit shall not exceed 13.99 lbs per hour and 24.9 tons per year. The requirements of this rule also include compliance with requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(D).
b.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) (Synthetic Minor to Avoid Title V and MACT Applicability)	See (2)a. and (2)b. below.
c.	ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c) and OAC Rule 3745-114	See (2)c., d)(8) through d)(11) below.



(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. The VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials for emissions units R001, R002, R003 and Z001 (Paint Booth), combined, shall be less than 24.9 tons per rolling, 12-month summation.
- b. The content of any single hazardous air pollutant (HAP)¹ in any coating or cleanup material shall not exceed 36 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied. The content of the combined HAPs in any coating or cleanup material shall not exceed 96 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied.

¹ A listing of the HAPs can be found in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act or can be obtained by contacting your Ohio EPA field office contact. Material Safety Data Sheets or Environmental Data Sheets typically include a listing of the solvents contained in the coatings or cleanup materials.
- c. The Stoddard Solvent content of each coating shall not exceed 4.10 pounds per gallon, as applied, for stains, 0.17 pounds per gallon, as applied, sealers, and 0.18 pounds per gallon, as applied for topcoats.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The weight of organic material in solvent evaporated (solvent usage, minus the number of gallons recovered for disposal), which is equivalent to VOC emissions, shall be less than 24.9 tons during any rolling, 12-month summation from emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined.

Compliance with this limitation shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of facility-wide solvent usage, calculated monthly, using the following equation:

Solvent Usage = [Summation (pounds of coatings employed x solvent content of coatings in percent VOC by weight) + (pounds of cleanup solvent employed) for all calendar months] x 0.0005 ton per pound.

- (2) The hours of operation for this emissions unit shall not exceed 55 hours per week.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each day during which any VOC containing material is employed in this emissions unit:
 - a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material employed;
 - b. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed minus the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material recovered for disposal
 - c. the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds VOC per gallon;



- d. the total emissions rate for all the coatings and cleanup material, in pounds VOC per day;
- e. the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation;
- f. the average hourly VOC emission rate for all the coatings and cleanup materials, in pounds per hour (average).

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit.]

- (2) The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each week for the emissions unit:

- a. The total number of hours the emissions unit has operated during the week.

- (3) The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each month for the emissions unit:

- a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material employed;
- b. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed minus the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material recovered for disposal
- c. the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds VOC per gallon;
- d. the total emissions rate for all the coatings and cleanup material, in tons VOC per month;

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit.]

- (4) The permittee shall calculate and record the total VOC emissions for all the coatings and cleanup materials employed, in tons, for each calendar year from this emissions unit.

- (5) The rolling, 12-month summation of total VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials employed in emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined (calculated by adding the current month's VOC emissions to the VOC emissions for the preceding 11 months).

- (6) The permittee shall maintain records of the actual single HAP content and the combined HAPs content for each coating and cleanup material, in percent by weight of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied, (i.e., the pounds of HAP per gallon divided by the pounds of VOC per gallon).

- (7) The permittee shall maintain records of the HAPs content of each coating, as applied, in pounds per gallon and the actual single HAP content and the combined HAPs content for each coating and cleanup material, in percent by weight of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied, (i.e., the pounds of HAP per gallon divided by the pounds of VOC per gallon).



(8) The federally enforceable permit-to-install and operate (FEPTIO) application for these emissions unit(s), R001, R002, and R003, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled AReview of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A[®], as follows:

- a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
 - i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices[®]; or
 - ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices[®]; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.
- b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).
- c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., AX[®] hours per day and AY[®] days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC$$

- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or Aworst case[®] toxic contaminant(s):

Compound: Stoddard Solvent

TLV (mg/m3): 100

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 9.60 (emissions units combined)



Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 7413.45

MAGLC (ug/m3): 13633.27

The MAGLC calculation is based on a 93 hour (15.5 hours/24 hour period) of coating time per 168 hours, per OAC 3704.03(F)(4) and OAC rule 3745-114, but R001 is restricted, voluntarily, to 55 hours per week.

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of Stoddard solvent, from emissions unit(s) R001, R002, R003 and Z001 (Paint Booth) is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F).

- (9) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTI, PTIO, or FEPTIO (as applicable) prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

- (10) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F):



- a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute⁶, ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute⁶, ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute⁶, ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
- (11) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute⁶, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.
- (12) The permittee shall maintain records of the Stoddard Solvent emissions, in pounds per day, the actual single HAP content and the combined HAPs content for each coating and cleanup material, in percent by weight of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied, (i.e., the pounds of HAP per gallon divided by the pounds of VOC per gallon).
- e) Reporting Requirements
- (1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.
 - (2) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:
 - a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations and operational restrictions that restrict the Potential to Emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:
 - i. exceedance of the 55 hours per week restriction
 - ii. 24.9 tons VOC during any rolling, 12 month summation for emissions unit R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined.



- iii. Any single HAP content in any coating above 36 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied.
- iv. Combined HAPs in any coating or cleanup material shall not exceed 96 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied.
- b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);
- c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and
- d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted (postmarked) each year by the thirty-first of January (covering October to December), the thirtieth of April (covering January to March), the thirty-first of July (covering April to June), and the thirty-first of October (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the director (the appropriate district office or local air agency).

- (3) The permittee shall submit annual reports to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, documenting any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute^o, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. If no changes to the emissions unit(s) or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect. This report shall be postmarked or delivered no later than January 31 following the end of each calendar year.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the allowable emission limitations in b)(1)a of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emissions Limitation: (hourly)

The VOC emissions from all the coatings, cleanup materials and thinners shall not exceed 13.99 pounds per hour for this emissions unit.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by the daily values calculated in d)(1)., based on the record keeping specified in Section d)(1)a to d)(1)f.

- b. Emission Limitation: (yearly)

The VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials for emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined, shall not exceed 24.9 tons per year.



Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by the value recorded in d)(4), based on the record keeping specified in d)(1) and d)(3).

- (2) Compliance with the allowable emission limitations in b)(1)b of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation: (rolling 12-month summation)

The VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials for emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth), combined, shall not exceed 24.9 tons during any rolling, 12-month summation.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by the value recorded in d)(5) based on the record keeping as specified in d)(1) and d)(3).

- (3) USEPA Method 24 or formulation data shall be used to determine the VOC contents of the coatings and cleanup materials.

- g) Miscellaneous Requirements

- (1) None.



3. R002, Booth #2 (Sealer)

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Sealer booth, stack with exhaust fan, and Air-Assist Airless spray pump/gun combination

- a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
 - (1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - a. b)(1)c., d)(8) to d)(11) and e)(3).
 - (2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - a. b)(1)b., c)(1), c)(2), d)(2), d)(3), d)(5), d)(6), d)(7), e)(2), f)(2) and f)(3).
- b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements
 - (1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI Modification #06-08388 issued 4/24/08)	The volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials and thinners for this emissions unit shall not exceed 12.32 lbs per hour and 24.9 tons per year. The requirements of this rule also include compliance with requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(D).
b.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) (Synthetic Minor to Avoid Title V and MACT Applicability)	See (2)a. and (2)b. below.
c.	ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c) and OAC Rule 3745-114	See (2)c., d)(8) through d)(11) below.



(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. The VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials for emissions units R001, R002, R003 and Z001 (Paint Booth), combined, shall be less than 24.9 tons per rolling, 12-month summation.
- b. The content of any single hazardous air pollutant (HAP)¹ in any coating or cleanup material shall not exceed 36 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied. The content of the combined HAPs in any coating or cleanup material shall not exceed 96 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied.

¹ A listing of the HAPs can be found in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act or can be obtained by contacting your Ohio EPA field office contact. Material Safety Data Sheets or Environmental Data Sheets typically include a listing of the solvents contained in the coatings or cleanup materials.

- c. The toluene content of each coating shall not exceed 0.77 pounds per gallon, as applied, for sealers, 0.80 pounds per gallon, as applied, for topcoats.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The weight of organic material in solvent evaporated (solvent usage, minus the number of gallons recovered for disposal), which is equivalent to VOC emissions, shall be less than 24.9 tons during any rolling, 12-month summation from emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined.

Compliance with this limitation shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of facility-wide solvent usage, calculated monthly, using the following equation:

Solvent Usage = [Summation (pounds of coatings employed x solvent content of coatings in percent VOC by weight) + (pounds of cleanup solvent employed) for all calendar months] x 0.0005 ton per pound.

- (2) The hours of operation for this emissions unit shall not exceed 93 hours (15.5 hours per 24 hour period) of coating per 168 hours (7 days).

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each day during which any VOC containing material is employed in this emissions unit:
 - a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material employed;
 - b. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed minus the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material recovered for disposal
 - c. the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds VOC per gallon;
 - d. the total emissions rate for all the coatings and cleanup material, in pounds VOC per day;



- e. the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation;
- f. the average hourly VOC emission rate for all the coatings and cleanup materials, in pounds per hour (average).

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit.]

- (2) The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each week for the emissions unit:

- a. The total number of hours the emissions unit has operated during the week.

- (3) The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each month for the emissions unit:

- a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material employed;
- b. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed minus the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material recovered for disposal
- c. the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds VOC per gallon;
- d. the total emissions rate for all the coatings and cleanup material, in tons VOC per month;

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit.]

- (4) The permittee shall calculate and record the total VOC emissions for all the coatings and cleanup materials employed, in tons, for each calendar year from this emissions unit.

- (5) The rolling, 12-month summation of total VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials employed in emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined (calculated by adding the current month's VOC emissions to the VOC emissions for the preceding 11 months).

- (6) The permittee shall maintain records of the actual single HAP content and the combined HAPs content for each coating and cleanup material, in percent by weight of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied, (i.e., the pounds of HAP per gallon divided by the pounds of VOC per gallon).

- (7) The permittee shall maintain records of the HAPs content of each coating, as applied, in pounds per gallon and the actual single HAP content and the combined HAPs content for each coating and cleanup material, in percent by weight of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied, (i.e., the pounds of HAP per gallon divided by the pounds of VOC per gallon).

- (8) The federally enforceable permit-to-install and operate (FEPTIO) application for these emissions unit(s), R001, R002, and R003, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to



this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled *Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A*, as follows:

- a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
 - i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) *Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices*; or
 - ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) *Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices*; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.
- b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).
- c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., *X* hours per day and *Y* days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC$$

- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or *worst case* toxic contaminant(s):

Compound: Toluene

TLV (mg/m3): 20

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 3.45 (emissions units combined)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 2474.90

Adjusted* MAGLC (ug/m3): 3241.37



*Adjusted refers to basing the calculation on 93 hours (15.5 hours/24 hour period) of coating time per 168 hours, per OAC 3704.03(F)(4) and OAC rule 3745-114

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of toluene, from emissions unit(s) R001, R002, R003 and Z001 (Paint Booth) is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F).

- (9) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTI, PTIO, or FEPTIO (as applicable) prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

- (10) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F):
- a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);



- b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
- (11) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.
- (12) The permittee shall maintain records of the Toluene emissions, in pounds per day, the actual single HAP content and the combined HAPs content for each coating and cleanup material, in percent by weight of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied, (i.e., the pounds of HAP per gallon divided by the pounds of VOC per gallon).
- e) Reporting Requirements
- (1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.
 - (2) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:
 - a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations and operational restrictions that restrict the Potential to Emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:
 - i. exceedance of the 93 hours per week restriction
 - ii. 24.9 tons VOC during any rolling, 12 month summation for emissions unit R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined.
 - iii. Any single HAP content in any coating above 36 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied.



- iv. Combined HAPs in any coating or cleanup material shall not exceed 96 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied.
- b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);
- c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and
- d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted (postmarked) each year by the thirty-first of January (covering October to December), the thirtieth of April (covering January to March), the thirty-first of July (covering April to June), and the thirty-first of October (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the director (the appropriate district office or local air agency).

- (3) The permittee shall submit annual reports to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, documenting any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute^o, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. If no changes to the emissions unit(s) or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect. This report shall be postmarked or delivered no later than January 31 following the end of each calendar year.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the allowable emission limitations in b)(1)a of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emissions Limitation: (hourly)

The VOC emissions from all the coatings, cleanup materials and thinners shall not exceed 12.32 pounds per hour for this emissions unit.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by the daily values calculated in d)(1)., based on the record keeping specified in Section d)(1)a to d)(1)f.

- b. Emission Limitation: (yearly)

The VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials for emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined, shall not exceed 24.9 tons per year.

Applicable Compliance Method:



Compliance shall be determined by the value recorded in d)(4), based on the record keeping specified in d)(1) and d)(3).

- (2) Compliance with the allowable emission limitations in b)(1)b of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation: (rolling 12-month summation)

The VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials for emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth), combined, shall not exceed 24.9 tons during any rolling, 12-month summation.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by the value recorded in d)(5) based on the record keeping as specified in d)(1) and d)(3).

- (3) USEPA Method 24 or formulation data shall be used to determine the VOC contents of the coatings and cleanup materials.

- g) Miscellaneous Requirements

- (1) None.



4. R003, Booth #3 (Topcoat)

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Topcoat Booth, stack with exhaust fan, and Air-Assisted Airless spray pump/gun combination

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. b)(1)c., d)(8) to d)(11) and e)(3).

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. b)(1)b., c)(1), c)(2), d)(2), d)(3), d)(5), d)(6), d)(7), e)(2), f)(2) and f)(3).

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI Modification #06-08388 issued 4/24/08)	The volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials and thinners for this emissions unit shall not exceed 12.32 lbs per hour and 24.9 tons per year. The requirements of this rule also include compliance with requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(D).
b.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) (Synthetic Minor to Avoid Title V and MACT Applicability)	See (2)a. and (2)b. below.
c.	ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(c) and OAC Rule 3745-114	See (2)c., d)(8) through d)(11) below.



(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. The VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials for emissions units R001, R002, R003 and Z001 (Paint Booth), combined, shall be less than 24.9 tons per rolling, 12-month summation.
- b. The content of any single hazardous air pollutant (HAP)¹ in any coating or cleanup material shall not exceed 36 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied. The content of the combined HAPs in any coating or cleanup material shall not exceed 96 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied.

¹ A listing of the HAPs can be found in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act or can be obtained by contacting your Ohio EPA field office contact. Material Safety Data Sheets or Environmental Data Sheets typically include a listing of the solvents contained in the coatings or cleanup materials.

- c. The toluene content of each coating shall not exceed 0.77 pounds per gallon, as applied, for sealers, 0.80 pounds per gallon, as applied, for topcoats.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The weight of organic material in solvent evaporated (solvent usage, minus the number of gallons recovered for disposal), which is equivalent to VOC emissions, shall be less than 24.9 tons during any rolling, 12-month summation from emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined.

Compliance with this limitation shall be based upon a rolling, 12-month summation of facility-wide solvent usage, calculated monthly, using the following equation:

Solvent Usage = [Summation (pounds of coatings employed x solvent content of coatings in percent VOC by weight) + (pounds of cleanup solvent employed) for all calendar months] x 0.0005 ton per pound.

- (2) The hours of operation for this emissions unit shall not exceed 93 hours (15.5 hours per 24 hour period) of coating per 168 hours (7 days).

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each day during which any VOC containing material is employed in this emissions unit:
 - a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material employed;
 - b. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed minus the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material recovered for disposal
 - c. the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds VOC per gallon;
 - d. the total emissions rate for all the coatings and cleanup material, in pounds VOC per day;



- e. the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation;
- f. the average hourly VOC emission rate for all the coatings and cleanup materials, in pounds per hour (average).

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit.]

- (2) The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each week for the emissions unit:

- a. The total number of hours the emissions unit has operated during the week.

- (3) The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each month for the emissions unit:

- a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material employed;
- b. the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material employed minus the number of gallons of each coating and cleanup material recovered for disposal
- c. the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds VOC per gallon;
- d. the total emissions rate for all the coatings and cleanup material, in tons VOC per month;

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit.]

- (4) The permittee shall calculate and record the total VOC emissions for all the coatings and cleanup materials employed, in tons, for each calendar year from this emissions unit.

- (5) The rolling, 12-month summation of total VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials employed in emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined (calculated by adding the current month's VOC emissions to the VOC emissions for the preceding 11 months).

- (6) The permittee shall maintain records of the actual single HAP content and the combined HAPs content for each coating and cleanup material, in percent by weight of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied, (i.e., the pounds of HAP per gallon divided by the pounds of VOC per gallon).

- (7) The permittee shall maintain records of the HAPs content of each coating, as applied, in pounds per gallon and the actual single HAP content and the combined HAPs content for each coating and cleanup material, in percent by weight of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied, (i.e., the pounds of HAP per gallon divided by the pounds of VOC per gallon).

- (8) The federally enforceable permit-to-install and operate (FEPTIO) application for these emissions unit(s), R001, R002, and R003, was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The AToxic Air Contaminant Statute[®], ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to



this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled *Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A*, as follows:

- a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
 - i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) *Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices*; or
 - ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) *Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices*; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.
- b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).
- c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., *X* hours per day and *Y* days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC$$

- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or *worst case* toxic contaminant(s):

Compound: Toluene

TLV (mg/m3): 20

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 3.45 (emissions units combined)

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 2474.90

Adjusted* MAGLC (ug/m3): 3241.37



*Adjusted refers to basing the calculation on 93 hours (15.5 hours/24 hour period) of coating time per 168 hours, per OAC 3704.03(F)(4) and OAC rule 3745-114

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of toluene, from emissions unit(s) R001, R002, R003 and Z001 (Paint Booth) is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F).

- (9) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTI, PTIO, or FEPTIO (as applicable) prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

- (10) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F):
- a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);



- b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
- (11) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.
- (12) The permittee shall maintain records of the toluene emissions, in pounds per day, the actual single HAP content and the combined HAPs content for each coating and cleanup material, in percent by weight of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied, (i.e., the pounds of HAP per gallon divided by the pounds of VOC per gallon).
- e) Reporting Requirements
- (1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.
 - (2) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:
 - a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations and operational restrictions that restrict the Potential to Emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:
 - i. exceedance of the 93 hours per week restriction
 - ii. 24.9 tons VOC during any rolling, 12 month summation for emissions unit R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined.
 - iii. Any single HAP content in any coating above 36 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied.



- iv. Combined HAPs in any coating or cleanup material shall not exceed 96 percent, by weight, of the VOC portion of the coating or cleanup material, as applied.
- b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);
- c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and
- d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted (postmarked) each year by the thirty-first of January (covering October to December), the thirtieth of April (covering January to March), the thirty-first of July (covering April to June), and the thirty-first of October (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the director (the appropriate district office or local air agency).

- (3) The permittee shall submit annual reports to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, documenting any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute^o, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. If no changes to the emissions unit(s) or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect. This report shall be postmarked or delivered no later than January 31 following the end of each calendar year.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the allowable emission limitations in b)(1)a of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emissions Limitation: (hourly)

The VOC emissions from all the coatings, cleanup materials and thinners shall not exceed 12.32 pounds per hour for this emissions unit.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by the daily values calculated in d)(1)., based on the record keeping specified in Section d)(1)a to d)(1)f.

- b. Emission Limitation: (yearly)

The VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials for emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth) combined, shall not exceed 24.9 tons per year.

Applicable Compliance Method:



Compliance shall be determined by the value recorded in d)(4), based on the record keeping specified in d)(1) and d)(3).

- (2) Compliance with the allowable emission limitations in b)(1)b of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation: (rolling 12-month summation)

The VOC emissions from all the coatings and cleanup materials for emissions units R001, R002, R003, and Z001 (Paint Booth), combined, shall not exceed 24.9 tons during any rolling, 12-month summation.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined by the value recorded in d)(5) based on the record keeping as specified in d)(1) and d)(3).

- (3) USEPA Method 24 or formulation data shall be used to determine the VOC contents of the coatings and cleanup materials.

- g) Miscellaneous Requirements

- (1) None.