State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

STREET ADDRESS:
Lazarus Government Center
50 W. Town St., Suite 700
Columbus, Ohio 43215

TELE: (614) 644-3020 FAX: (614) 644-3184
www.epa.state.oh.us

MAILING ADDRESS:
P.O. Box 1049
Columbus, OH 43216-1049

Certified Mail

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	PSD
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR
No	CEMS
No	MACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MAJOR NON-ATTAINMENT
No	MODELING SUBMITTED

9/3/2008

Dave Bortz
Tribco, Incorporated
Post Office Box 10757
Cleveland, OH 44110

RE: FINAL AIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 1318598648
Permit Number: 13-04739
Permit Type: Initial Installation
County: Cuyahoga

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate ("PTIO") which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully.

Ohio EPA maintains a document entitled "Frequently Asked Questions about the PTIO". The document can be downloaded from the DAPC Web page, www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc, from the "Permits" link. This document contains additional information related to your permit, such as what activities are covered under the PTIO, who has enforcement authority over the permit and Ohio EPA's authorization to inspect your facility and records. Please contact the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469 if you need assistance.

The issuance of this PTIO is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission ("ERAC") under Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and describe the action complained of and the grounds for the appeal. The appeal must be filed with the ERAC within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. A filing fee of $70.00 must be submitted to the ERAC with the appeal, although the ERAC, has discretion to reduce the amount of the filing fee if you can demonstrate (by affidavit) that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. If you file an appeal of this action, you must notify Ohio EPA of the filing of the appeal (by providing a copy to the Director) within three (3) days of filing your appeal with the ERAC. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal also be provided to the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the ERAC at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
309 South Fourth Street, Room 222
Columbus, OH 43215

If you have any questions regarding this permit, please contact the Cleveland Division of Air Quality. This permit has been posted to the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page www.epa.state.oh.us/dapc.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern

Michael W. Ahern, Manager
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: CDAQ

State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

FINAL

Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Tribco, Incorporated

Facility ID: 1318598648
Permit Number: 13-04739
Permit Type: Initial Installation
Issued: 9/3/2008
Effective: 9/3/2008
Expiration: 9/3/2018

State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control

Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Tribco, Incorporated

Table of Contents

Authorization 1

A. Standard Terms and Conditions 3

1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do? 4
2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit? 4
3. What records must I keep under this permit? 4
4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them? 4
5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application? 4
6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source? 5
7. What reports must I submit under this permit? 5
8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit? 5
9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment? 5
10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report? 5
11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located? 6
12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently? 6
13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator? 6
14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"? 7
15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid? 7

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions 8

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions 10

1. P001 – Composite Manufacturing Process 11
2. K001 – Coating Line 1 17

Authorization

Facility ID: 1318598648
Application Number(s): A0009913
Permit Number: 13-04739
Permit Description: Composite manufacturing process, hand coating station, machine coating station -- P001 and K001.
Permit Type: Initial Installation
Permit Fee: $400.00
Issue Date: 9/3/2008
Effective Date: 9/3/2008
Expiration Date: 9/3/2018
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

Tribco, Incorporated
18901 Cranwood Parkway
Warrensville Heights, OH 44128

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Cleveland Division of Air Quality
Penton Media Building, 4th Floor
1300 East 9th Street
Cleveland, OH 44114
(216)664-2297

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Chris Korleski
Director

Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: 13-04739
Permit Description: Composite manufacturing process, hand coating station, machine coating station -- P001 and K001.

Permits for the following emissions unit(s) or groups of emissions units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:	**K001**
Company Equipment ID:	Coating Line 1
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	**P001**
Company Equipment ID:	Process Line 1
Superseded Permit Number:	
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable

A. Standard Terms and Conditions

1. **What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?**

   This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. **Who is responsible for complying with this permit?**

   The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

   The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. **What records must I keep under this permit?**

   You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. **What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?**

   There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

   - PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

     You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

   - Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. For facilities that are permitted as synthetic minor sources, the fee schedule is adjusted annually for inflation. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. **When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?**

   This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.

10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the Cleveland Division of Air Quality in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emission unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

   a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

      (1) None.

   b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

      (2) None.

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions

1. P001 – Composite Manufacturing Process

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

P001 – Composite Manufacturing Process

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

(a) None.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

(a) None.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
(a)	OAC rule 3745-31-05 (A)(3)	VOC emissions shall not exceed 5.8 lbs/hr for all coatings. VOC emissions shall not exceed 25.4 TPY for all coatings VOC emissions from cleanup material shall not exceed 0.23 TPY
(b)	OAC rule 3745-21-09 (G)	VOC emissions shall not exceed 4.8 lbs/gallon of solids

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. None.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) All of the VOC emissions from this emissions unit shall be vented to the condenser when the emissions unit is in operation.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information each day for the composite manufacturing process operation:

a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material employed;

b. the amount, in gallons, of each coating and cleanup material employed;

c. the VOC content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds per gallon;

d. the amount, in gallons, of cleanup material that is contained for disposal;

e. the total VOC emission rate for all coatings, in pounds/month [sum of d)(1)b. x d)(1)c.] then multiply the daily rate by (1 – overall control efficiency), where the overall control efficiency is determined from the most recent performance test that demonstrated compliance with the allowable emission limit;

f. the number of hours the emissions unit operated each day;

g. the average hourly VOC emission rate for all coatings, in pounds/hour [d)(1)e. ÷ d)(1)f.]; and

h. the total VOC emissions rate for all cleanup materials, in pounds per month {sum of d)(1)c. x [d)(1)b. – d)(1)d.]}.

(2) The permittee shall install, operate, and maintain continuous temperature monitors and recorder(s) that measure and record(s) the temperature immediately upstream and downstream of the condenser when the emissions unit is in operation. Units shall be in degrees Fahrenheit. The monitoring and recording devices shall be capable of accurately measuring the desired parameter. The temperature monitors and recorder(s) shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer=s recommendations, with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee.

(3) The permittee, having chosen to demonstrate compliance with the applicable pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids limitation by means of control equipment, shall collect and record the following information each day for the composite manufacturing process and control equipment:

a. the name and identification number of each coating, as applied;

b. the pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids, as applied, the volume solids content, in percent, as applied, and the volume, in number of gallons, as applied, of each coating;

c. the maximum VOC content (in pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids, as applied) or the daily volume-weighted average VOC content (in pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids, as applied) of all the coatings;

d. the calculated, controlled VOC emission rate, in pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids, as applied (the controlled VOC emission rate shall be calculated using (i) either the maximum VOC content or the daily volume-weighted VOC content recorded in accordance with c)(3)c. above and (ii) the overall control efficiency for the control equipment as determined during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the emissions unit was in compliance);

e. a log or record of operating time for the capture (collection) system, control device, monitoring equipment, and the associated emissions unit; and

f. When a condenser is the final control device and an organic monitoring device is not used, all three-hour periods of operation during which the average exit (product side) condenser operating temperature was more than eleven degrees Fahrenheit above the average exit (product side) operating temperature during the most recent performance test that demonstrated that the source was in compliance.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

(2) In accordance with OAC 3745-21-09(B)(3)(k), any owner or operator of a coating line who elects to demonstrate compliance with the applicable pounds of VOC per gallon of solids limitation by means of control equipment shall notify the director of any daily record showing that the calculated, controlled VOC emission rate exceeds the applicable pounds of VOC per gallon of solids limitation. A copy of such record shall be sent to the Cleveland Division of Air Quality within forty-five days after the exceedance occurs.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the emission limitation(s) in Section b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

a. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions shall not exceed 5.8 lbs/hr for all coatings.

<u>Applicable Compliance Method:</u>

Compliance shall be based upon the average hourly emission rate determined from the record keeping and reporting requirements as specified in d)(1) and e)(1) above.

b. Emissions Limitation:

VOC emissions shall not exceed 25.4 TPY for all coatings.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the record keeping and reporting requirements as specified in d)(1) and e)(1) above and by summing the actual daily emissions and dividing by 2000 lbs/ton for each calendar year.

c. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions shall not exceed 0.23 TPY VOC for all cleanup materials

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be determined from the record keeping and reporting in d)(1) and e)(1) above and by summing actual daily emissions and dividing by 2000 lbs/ton for each calendar year.

d. Emission Limitation

VOC emissions shall not exceed 4.8 lbs/gallon of solids

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be determined based on the record keeping and reporting in d)(3) and e)(2) above. The lbs VOC/gallon of solids shall be determined in accordance with OAC rule 3745-21-10(B)(8) for $C_{VOC,3}$ as follows:

$C_{VOC,3} = (D_C)(W_{VOC}) / V_S$

Where,

D_C = density of the coating in lbs coating/gallon coating;

W_{VOC} = the weight fraction of VOC in a coating in lb VOC/lb coating;

V_S = the volume fraction of solids (nonvolatile matter) in the coating in gallon solids/gallon coating

The lbs VOC/gallon of solids value shall be multiplied by (1 – overall control efficiency) where the overall control efficiency is determined from the most recent performance test that demonstrated compliance with the allowable emission limit.

USEPA Methods 24 and 24A shall be used to determine the VOC contents for coatings. If, pursuant to Method 24 as outlined in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, an owner or operator determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating or ink, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating or ink to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

(2) The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:

a. The emission testing shall be conducted within 3 months after start-up.

b. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the allowable pounds/hour and pounds VOC/gallon solids limits and to determine the overall control efficiency (i.e., percent capture and percent control) for the condenser.

c. The following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s):

Methods 1 through 4 and Method 25 or 25A to determine the controlled mass emission rate; and

Method 24 or 24A to determine the VOC content of the coatings.

Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.

The capture efficiency shall be determined using Methods 204 through 204F, as specified in 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M, or the permittee may request to use an alternative method or procedure for the determination of capture efficiency in accordance with the USEPA=s AGuidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency,@ dated January 9, 1995. (The Ohio EPA will consider the request, including an evaluation of the applicability, necessity, and validity of the alternative, and may approve the use of the alternative if such approval does not contravene any other applicable requirement.)

The control efficiency (i.e., the percent reduction in mass emissions between the inlet and outlet of the control system) shall be determined in accordance with the test methods and procedures specified in 3745-21-10 or an alternative test protocol approved by the Ohio EPA. The test methods and procedures selected shall be based on a consideration of the diversity of the organic species present and their total concentration, and on a consideration of the potential presence of interfering gases.

d. The test(s) shall be conducted while the emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity, unless otherwise specified or approved by CDAQ.

e. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to CDAQ. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in CDAQ's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

f. Personnel from CDAQ shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a valid

characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

g. A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the CDAQ within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from CDAQ.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) None.

2. K001 – Coating Line 1

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

K001 – Coating Line 1

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

(a) d)(2), d)(3), d)(4), and d)(5)

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

(a) None.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
(a)	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	VOC emissions shall not exceed 4.8 lbs/hr for all coatings VOC emissions shall not exceed 21.2TPY for all coatings VOC emissions shall not exceed 1.6 TPY for cleanup material
(b)	OAC rule 3745-17-11(A)(h)	See b)(2)a.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. Exempt since the process is a surface coating process that applies only dip coatings.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

(1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information each month for the coating operation:

a. the company identification for each coating/adhesive and cleanup material employed;

b. the amount, in gallons, of each coating/adhesive and cleanup material employed;

c. the VOC content of each coating/adhesive and cleanup material, in pounds per gallon;

d. the amount, in gallons, of cleanup material that is contained for disposal;

e. the total VOC emission rate for all coatings/adhesives, in pounds/month [sum of d)(1)b. x d)(1)c.];

f. the number of hours the emissions unit operated per month;

g. the average hourly VOC emission rate for all coatings/adhesives, in pounds/hour [d)(1)e. ÷ d)(1)f.]; and

h. the total VOC emissions rate for all cleanup materials, in pounds per month {sum of d)(1)c. x [d)(1)b. – d)(1)d.]}.

(2) The permit-to-install and operate (PTIO) for this emissions unit K001 was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The ATOxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled AReview of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A@, as follows:

a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):

i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices@; or

ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists= (ACGIH) AThreshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological

Exposure Indices@; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.

b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).

c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., AX@ hours per day and AY@ days per week, from that of 8 hours per day and 5 days per week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC):

TLV/10 x 8/X x 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC

d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or Aworst case@ toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Phenol

TLV (mg/m3): 19.25

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 1.0

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 131.0

MAGLC (ug/m3): 458.22

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of Phenol, from emissions unit(s) K001**,** is calculated to be less than eighty per cent of the maximum acceptable ground level concentration (MAGLC); any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F).

(3) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration@, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV) than the lowest TLV previously modeled;

b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and

c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@ will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTI, PTIO, or FEPTIO (as applicable) prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

(4) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F):

a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);

b. the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC) for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F);

c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and

d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.

(5) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the AToxic Air Contaminant Statute@, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

(1) Annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) forms will be mailed to the permittee at the end of the reporting period specified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permittee shall submit the PER in the form and manner provided by the director by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve-months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the emission limitation(s) in b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method(s):

a. Emission Limitation:

VOC emissions shall not exceed 4.8 lbs/hr for coatings

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be based upon the average hourly emission rate determined from the record keeping and reporting requirements as specified in d)(1) and e)(1) above.

b. Emissions Limitation:

VOC emissions shall not exceed 21.2 TPY for coatings

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be determined from the record keeping and reporting in sections d)(1) and e)(1) above and by summing actual monthly emissions and dividing by 2000 lbs/ton for each calendar year.

c. Emission Limitation

1.6 TPY VOC from cleanup material

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance shall be determined from the record keeping and reporting in sections d)(1) and e)(1) above and by summing actual monthly emissions and dividing by 2000 lbs/ton for each calendar year.

(2) If required, USEPA methods 24 and 24A shall be used to determine the VOC content for coatings and cleanup materials. If pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, the permittee determines that Method 24 or 24A cannot be used for a particular coating or cleanup material, the permittee shall so notify the Administrator of the USEPA and shall use formulation data for that coating or cleanup material to demonstrate compliance until the USEPA provides alternative analytical procedures or alternative precision statements for Method 24 or 24A.

(1) Miscellaneous Requirements

(a) None.