



4/24/2015

Dan Crago  
 Valley Asphalt Plant 19  
 11641 MOSTELLER RD  
 CINCINNATI, OH 45241

RE: FINALAIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE  
 Facility ID: 1431073386  
 Permit Number: P0118602  
 Permit Type: Renewal  
 County: Hamilton

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate (PTIO) which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully. In this letter you will find the information on the following topics:

- **How to appeal this permit**
- **How to save money, reduce pollution and reduce energy consumption**
- **How to give us feedback on your permitting experience**
- **How to get an electronic copy of your permit**

**How to appeal this permit**

The issuance of this PTIO is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$70.00, made payable to "Ohio Treasurer Josh Mandel," which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission  
 77 South High Street, 17th Floor  
 Columbus, OH 43215

Certified Mail

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR NSR
No	CEMS
No	MACT/GACT
Yes	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MODELING SUBMITTED
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID TITLE V
Yes	FEDERALLY ENFORCABLE PTIO (FEPTIO)
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR GHG

## **How to save money, reduce pollution and reduce energy consumption**

The Ohio EPA is encouraging companies to investigate pollution prevention and energy conservation. Not only will this reduce pollution and energy consumption, but it can also save you money. If you would like to learn ways you can save money while protecting the environment, please contact our Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469. Additionally, all or a portion of the capital expenditures related to installing air pollution control equipment under this permit may be eligible for financing and State tax exemptions through the Ohio Air Quality Development Authority (OAQDA) under Ohio Revised Code Section 3706. For more information, see the OAQDA website: [www.ohioairquality.org/clean\\_air](http://www.ohioairquality.org/clean_air)

## **How to give us feedback on your permitting experience**

Please complete a survey at [www.epa.ohio.gov/survey.aspx](http://www.epa.ohio.gov/survey.aspx) and give us feedback on your permitting experience. We value your opinion.

## **How to get an electronic copy of your permit**

This permit can be accessed electronically via the eBusiness Center: Air Services in Microsoft Word format or in Adobe PDF on the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page, [www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc](http://www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc) by clicking the "Search for Permits" link under the Permitting topic on the Programs tab.

If you have any questions, please contact Southwest Ohio Air Quality Agency at (513)946-7777 or the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469.

Sincerely,



Erica R. Engel-Ishida, Manager  
Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: SWOAQA



**FINAL**

**Division of Air Pollution Control  
Permit-to-Install and Operate  
for  
Valley Asphalt Plant 19**

Facility ID:	1431073386
Permit Number:	P0118602
Permit Type:	Renewal
Issued:	4/24/2015
Effective:	4/24/2015
Expiration:	4/24/2020





**Division of Air Pollution Control**  
**Permit-to-Install and Operate**  
for  
Valley Asphalt Plant 19

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**Final Permit-to-Install and Operate**  
Valley Asphalt Plant 19  
**Permit Number:** P0118602  
**Facility ID:** 1431073386  
**Effective Date:** 4/24/2015

## Authorization

Facility ID: 1431073386  
Application Number(s): A0052225  
Permit Number: P0118602  
Permit Description: PTIO renewal for 300 TPH portable conventional asphaltic concrete plant  
Permit Type: Renewal  
Permit Fee: \$0.00  
Issue Date: 4/24/2015  
Effective Date: 4/24/2015  
Expiration Date: 4/24/2020  
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

Valley Asphalt Plant 19  
612 WEST MEHRING WAY  
CINCINNATI, OH 45241

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

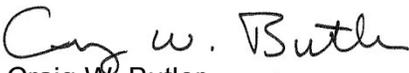
Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Southwest Ohio Air Quality Agency  
250 William Howard Taft Rd.  
Cincinnati, OH 45219  
(513)946-7777

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

  
Craig W. Butler  
Director



**Final Permit-to-Install and Operate**  
Valley Asphalt Plant 19  
**Permit Number:** P0118602  
**Facility ID:** 1431073386  
**Effective Date:** 4/24/2015

## **Authorization (continued)**

Permit Number: P0118602

Permit Description: PTIO renewal for 300 TPH portable conventional asphaltic concrete plant

Permits for the following Emissions Unit(s) or groups of Emissions Units are in this document as indicated below:

<b>Emissions Unit ID:</b>	<b>P901</b>
Company Equipment ID:	Asphalt Batch Plant
Superseded Permit Number:	P0104642
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable



**Final Permit-to-Install and Operate**  
Valley Asphalt Plant 19  
**Permit Number:** P0118602  
**Facility ID:** 1431073386  
**Effective Date:** 4/24/2015

## **A. Standard Terms and Conditions**



**1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?**

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

**2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?**

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

**3. What records must I keep under this permit?**

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

**4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?**

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. For facilities that are permitted as synthetic minor sources, the fee schedule is adjusted annually for inflation. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

**5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?**

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is



very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

**6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?**

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

**7. What reports must I submit under this permit?**

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

**8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?**

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions of this permit will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

**9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?**

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.



**10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?**

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the [DO/LAA] in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

**11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?**

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

**12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?**

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emission unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.



**13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?**

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

**14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?**

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

**15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?**

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.



**Final Permit-to-Install and Operate**  
Valley Asphalt Plant 19  
**Permit Number:** P0118602  
**Facility ID:** 1431073386  
**Effective Date:** 4/24/2015

## **B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions**



**Final Permit-to-Install and Operate**

Valley Asphalt Plant 19

**Permit Number:** P0118602

**Facility ID:** 1431073386

**Effective Date:** 4/24/2015

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
  - a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
    - (1) None.
  - b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
    - (1) None.



**Final Permit-to-Install and Operate**  
Valley Asphalt Plant 19  
**Permit Number:** P0118602  
**Facility ID:** 1431073386  
**Effective Date:** 4/24/2015

## **C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions**



1. P901, Asphalt Batch Plant

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

300 TPH portable batch hot mix asphaltic concrete plant

- a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
  - (1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
    - a. g)(3).
  - (2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
    - a. b)(1)d., c)(1), d)(1) and e)(2).
- b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements
  - (1) The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures are identified below. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (P0104642 issued on 12/10/2009 based upon air application number A0037203 submitted on 3/16/2009)	<u>Stack Emissions</u> Nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions shall not exceed 7.5 pounds per hour while burning natural gas.  NOx emissions shall not exceed 36.0 pounds per hour while burning oil.  Sulfur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ) emissions shall not exceed 1.4 pounds per hour while burning natural gas.  SO <sub>2</sub> emissions shall not exceed 26.4 pounds per hour while burning oil.  SO <sub>2</sub> emissions shall not exceed 159.0 pounds per hour while using slag as aggregate.



	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		<p>Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions while burning any approved fuel shall not exceed 32.8 pounds per hour.</p> <p>Organic compound (OC) emissions while burning any approved fuel shall not exceed 9.0 pounds hour.</p> <p>Particulate emissions (PE) while burning any approved fuel shall not exceed 10.35 pounds per hour.</p> <p>Particulate matter 10 microns and less in diameter (PM10) emissions while burning any approved fuel shall not exceed 4.14 pounds per hour.</p> <p>The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) and 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart I.</p> <p>See b)(2)c. through b)(2)k. and c)(2) through c)(4).</p>
b.	OAC paragraph 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 11/30/01.	<p>Particulate matter 10 microns and less in diameter (PM10) emissions, while burning any approved fuel, shall not exceed 4.14 pounds per hour and 3.45 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>See b)(2)a.</p>
c.	OAC paragraph 3745-31-05(C), as effective 12/01/06.	See b)(2)b.
d.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D) Synthetic minor to avoid Title V permitting	<p><u>Stack Emissions</u></p> <p>NOX emissions shall not exceed 30.0 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>SO2 emissions shall not exceed 24.9 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>CO emissions shall not exceed 28.14 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p>



	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
		<p>OC emissions shall not exceed 7.5 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>PE emissions shall not exceed 8.63 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>PM10 emissions shall not exceed 3.45 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>See c)(1).</p> <p><u>Asphalt Load Out Emissions</u></p> <p>CO emissions shall not exceed 0.34 ton per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>OC emissions shall not exceed 1.04 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>PE/PM10 shall not exceed 0.14 ton per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p><u>Asphalt Silo Filling Emissions</u></p> <p>CO emissions shall not exceed 0.30 ton per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>OC emissions shall not exceed 3.05 tons per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p>PE/PM10 shall not exceed 0.15 ton per rolling, 12-month period.</p> <p><u>Cold End Fugitive Dust Emissions</u></p> <p>Fugitive PE/PM10 emissions associated with the cold aggregate, sand and RAP loading, and the cold aggregate, sand and RAP transfer operations shall not exceed 3.53 tons per rolling, 12-month period for PE and 1.68 tons per rolling, 12-month period for PM10.</p>
e.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).



	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
f.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
g.	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
h.	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
i.	OAC rule 3745-18-06(E)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
j.	OAC rule 3745-279-11	See b)(2)d.
k.	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart I	PE shall not exceed 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gas from the baghouse outlet.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. The permittee has satisfied the Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements pursuant to OAC paragraph 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective November 30, 2001, in this permit. On December 1, 2006, paragraph (A)(3) of OAC rule 3745-31-05 was revised to conform to ORC changes effective August 3, 2006 (S.B. 265 changes), such that BAT is no longer required by State regulations for NAAQS pollutant less than ten tons per year. However, that rule revision has not yet been approved by U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the revisions to OAC rule 3745-31-05, the requirement to satisfy BAT still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio. Once the U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of 3745-31-05, then these emission limits/control measures no longer apply.

- b. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.

The Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) do not apply to the PM10 emissions from this air contaminant source



because Permit #P0104642 for this air contaminant source takes into account the following voluntary restrictions (including the use of any applicable air pollution control equipment) as proposed by the permittee for the purpose of avoiding Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3):

- i. Operational Restrictions specified in c)(1);
  - ii. Baghouse capable of controlling PE emissions to equal to or less than 0.04 grain of PE per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gas from the baghouse outlet; and
  - iii. PM10 emissions shall not exceed 3.45 tons per rolling, 12-month period
- c. Compliance with OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) shall be demonstrated by the use of a baghouse controlling the PE from the dryer, compliance with the emission limitations, compliance with the rolling, 12-month operational restriction, compliance with the visible emission limitations, compliance with the operational restrictions regarding the use of used oil, RAP and slag, and fuel restrictions.
- d. Each shipment of oil burned in this emissions unit shall be “on-specification” (on-spec) oil and shall meet the used oil specifications contained in OAC rule 3745-279-11. The permittee shall determine that the used fuel oil meets these specifications by performing analyses or obtaining copies of analyses or other information from the supplier documenting that the used fuel oil does not exceed (except for flash point which shall not fall below) the following limitations:

Property/Contaminant Allowable Specifications

arsenic	5 ppm, maximum
cadmium	2 ppm, maximum
chromium	10 ppm, maximum
lead	100 ppm, maximum
total halogens	less than 1,000 ppm; or 4,000 ppm maximum if the presumption that the used oil contains hazardous waste is rebutted, as described below
flash point	100°F, minimum

The used oil burned in this emissions unit shall contain less than the quantifiable levels of PCBs as defined in 40 CFR 761.3, and also shall not exceed the following mercury limitation nor fall below the following heating value:



PCBs	less than 2 ppm
heat content	135,000 Btu/gallon, minimum
mercury	1 ppm, maximum

Used oil containing 1,000 ppm or greater total halogens is presumed to be a hazardous waste under the rebuttable presumption provided under paragraph (B)(1) of rule 3745-279-10 of the Administrative Code. The permittee may receive and burn used oil equaling or exceeding 1,000 ppm total halogens, but less than 4,000 ppm, only if the permittee has successfully demonstrated, pursuant to OAC rule 3745-279-63, that the used oil does not contain a listed hazardous waste, by either acquiring and maintaining source process information which demonstrates that the used oil was contaminated by halogenated constituents that would not be listed hazardous waste or by demonstrating that the used oil does not contain significant concentrations of halogens by acquiring and maintaining representative analytical data. Acceptable analytical test protocols that can be used to analyze used oil for halogenated hazardous constituents include SW-846 Test Methods 9075, 9076, and 9077.\*

If analytical results demonstrate that used oil containing 1,000 ppm or more total halogens, but less than 4,000 total halogens, does not contain greater than 100 ppm of any individual halogenated hazardous constituent found in the F001 and F002 listings in OAC rule 3745-51-31 and there is no information suggesting that any other halogenated hazardous constituent (e.g., chlorinated pesticides) has come in contact with the oil, then the presumption that the oil contains hazardous waste has been successfully rebutted.\*\* The rebuttable presumption does not apply to either metal working oils/fluids containing chlorinated paraffins, if processed through a tolling arrangement as described in OAC rule 3745-279-24(C), or used oils contaminated with chlorofluorocarbons removed from refrigeration units.

The burning of used oil not meeting the above limitations is prohibited in this emissions unit and the fuel oil analyses shall document compliance with each limitation before it is burned. The management and burning of used oil is subject to the Standards for the Management of Used Oil, OAC Chapter 3745-279, and the permittee shall document and assure that used oils burned in this emissions unit meet all of the applicable requirements of this Chapter. If the used oil analyses shows total halogens of 1,000 ppm or greater, the permittee shall obtain and maintain all the necessary records to successfully rebut the presumption that the used oil contains or has been mixed with a listed hazardous waste in accordance with this permit.

- e. All number 2 and on-spec used oil burned in this emissions unit shall have a sulfur content equal to or less than 0.5 percent by weight.



- f. All number 4 fuel oil burned in this emission unit shall have a sulfur content equal to or less than 0.8 percent, by weight.
- g. There shall be no visible emissions of fugitive dust from the enclosures for the hot aggregate elevator(s), vibrating screen(s), and weigh hopper(s).
- h. The drop height of the front end loader bucket shall be minimized to the extent possible in order to minimize or eliminate emissions of fugitive dust from the elevator loading area.
- i. The aggregate loaded into the storage bins shall have a moisture content sufficient to minimize or eliminate the visible emissions of fugitive dust from the elevator and the transfer point to the dryer.
- j. Visible emissions of fugitive dust (from areas other than the enclosures for the hot aggregate elevators, vibrating screens and weigh hoppers) shall be less than or equal to 10 per cent opacity, as a 3-minute average.
- k. Visible particulate emissions from the stack shall not exceed 10 per cent opacity, as a six-minute average.
- l. The application and enforcement of the provisions of the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), as promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA), 40 CFR Part 60, are delegated to the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (Ohio EPA).

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) The maximum asphaltic concrete production from this plant shall not exceed 500,000 tons/year based upon a rolling, 12-month summation.

The maximum asphaltic concrete production from this plant which utilizes slag aggregates shall not exceed 11,000 tons/year based upon a rolling, 12-month summation.

The permittee has existing records to document compliance with this requirement upon permit issuance.

- (2) The permittee may substitute reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP), shingles, rubber and slag in the raw material feed mix in amounts not to exceed 50 percent of all aggregate materials.

Asphalt shingles removed from buildings (tear-off material) may be used but only if it has been determined that they do not contain asbestos. Verification that the shingles do not contain asbestos can either be done by actual testing of a representative sample of the shingles, or by verification from the shingle manufacturer that the shingles do not contain asbestos. Records shall be kept documenting the asbestos verification of any shingles used in the feed mix consistent with the language requirements in the standard terms and conditions



- (3) The permittee shall only burn natural gas, number 2 fuel oil, number 4 fuel oil, and/or on-spec used oil in this emissions unit. In order to use a fuel on an ongoing basis, the permittee shall complete the emissions testing for that fuel per f)(1).
- (4) The permittee may not receive or burn any used oil which does not meet the standards in OAC rule 3745-279-11 and the specifications listed in this permit without first obtaining a permit-to-install or permit-to-install and operate that authorizes the burning of off-specification used oil. The burning of off-specification used oil, subject to OAC rule 3745-279-60 through 67, is prohibited as a fuel in this emissions unit.

d) **Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements**

- (1) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the following information for emissions unit P901:
  - a. the total asphalt production, in tons for each month;
  - b. the total asphalt production from this plant which utilizes slag aggregates, in tons for each month;
  - c. the total asphalt produced for each fuel type for each month;
  - d. the rolling, 12 month summation of the total asphalt production, and asphalt production by fuel type, calculated by adding the current month's asphalt production to the asphalt production for the preceding eleven calendar months;
  - e. the rolling, 12 month summation of the total asphalt production from this plant which utilizes slag aggregates, calculated by adding the current month's asphalt production from this plant which utilizes slag aggregates for the preceding eleven calendar months;
  - f. the maximum percentage RAP, shingles, rubber and slag; and
  - g. the rolling 12 month summation of the PE, PM10, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and OC emissions.
- (2) In order to maintain compliance with the applicable emission limitation(s) contained in this permit, the acceptable range established for the pressure drop across the baghouse is between 1.0 to 6.0 inches of water.

This range or limit on the pressure drop across the baghouse is effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The permittee may request revisions to the permitted limit or range for the pressure drop based upon information obtained during future testing that demonstrate compliance with the allowable particulate emission rate for the controlled emissions unit(s). In addition, approved revisions to the range or limit will not constitute a relaxation of the monitoring requirements of this permit and may be incorporated into this permit by means of an administrative modification.



- (3) The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop, in inches of water, across the baghouse when the controlled emissions unit(s) is/are in operation, including periods of startup and shutdown. The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a weekly basis. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s), with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee.

Whenever the monitored value for the pressure drop deviates from the limit or range established in accordance with this permit, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation:

- a. the date and time the deviation began;
- b. the magnitude of the deviation at that time;
- c. the date the investigation was conducted;
- d. the name(s) of the personnel who conducted the investigation; and
- e. the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the operation of the control equipment within the acceptable range specified in this permit, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken:

- f. a description of the corrective action;
- g. the date corrective action was completed;
- h. the date and time the deviation ended;
- i. the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation;
- j. the pressure drop readings immediately after the corrective action was implemented; and
- k. the name(s) of the personnel who performed the work.

Investigation and records required by this paragraph do not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

- (4) The permittee shall receive and maintain the chemical analyses from the supplier/marketer for each shipment of used oil burned in this emissions unit (or if the oil is generated on site, the permittee shall conduct the chemical analyses), which shall contain the following information:



- a. the date the used oil was received at the facility and the amount received;
- b. the name, address, and U.S. EPA identification number (if applicable) of the generator, transporter, processor/refiner, supplier, and/or marketer;
- c. the results of the following chemical analyses, demonstrating that the used oil meets the standards in OAC rule 3745-279-11:
  - i. arsenic content, in ppm;
  - ii. the cadmium content, in ppm;
  - iii. the chromium content, in ppm;
  - iv. the lead content, in ppm;
  - v. total halogens, in ppm; and
  - vi. the flash point;
- d. where the chemical analysis shows a total halogen content between 1,000 ppm, and below 4,000 ppm, the successful demonstration for the rebuttal of the presumption that the used oil contains or has been mixed with a listed hazardous waste, as described in OAC rule 3745-279-63(C); and
- e. the results of the analyses demonstrating that the used oil meets the heating value and the mercury and PCB limitations contained in this permit.

Each analysis shall be kept in a readily accessible location for a period of not less than 5 years\* following the receipt of each shipment of used oil and shall be made available to the Ohio EPA Division of Materials and Waste Management and/or the Division of Air Pollution Control (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) upon verbal or written request. Any authorized representative of the Ohio EPA may sample or require sampling of any used oil shipments received, stored, or burned by/at this facility for periodic detailed chemical analyses through an independent laboratory.

- (5) For each shipment of number 2 fuel oil, number 4 fuel oil and on-spec used oil received for burning in this emissions unit, the permittee shall maintain records of the total quantity of oil received and the permittee's or oil supplier's analyses for sulfur content and heat content.
- (6) The permittee shall perform daily visible emission checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the enclosures for the hot aggregate elevator, vibrating screens and weigh hopper servicing this emissions unit. If visible particulate emissions are observed, the permittee shall note the following in the operation log:
  - a. the color of the visible particulate emissions;
  - b. the cause of the visible particulate emissions;



- c. the total duration of the visible particulate emission incident; and
- d. corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions.

The permittee may, upon receipt of written approval from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, modify the above-mentioned visible particulate emissions check frequency if operating experience indicates that less frequent checks would be sufficient to ensure compliance with the visible particulate emissions requirements.

- (7) The permittee shall perform daily visible emission checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any abnormal visible particulate emissions from the stack, aggregate storage bins and cold aggregate elevator/conveyor serving this emissions unit. If abnormal visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall note the following in the operation log:
  - a. the color of the abnormal visible particulate emissions;
  - b. the cause of the abnormal visible particulate emissions;
  - c. the total duration of any abnormal visible particulate emissions incident; and
  - d. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the abnormal visible particulate emissions.

The permittee may, upon receipt of written approval from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency modify the above-mentioned visible particulate emissions check frequency if operating experience indicates that less frequent checks would be sufficient to ensure compliance with the visible particulate emissions requirements.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) All applications, notifications or reports required by terms and conditions in this permit to be submitted or "reported in writing" are to be submitted to Ohio EPA through the Ohio EPA's eBusiness Center: Air Services web service ("Air Services"). Ohio EPA will accept hard copy submittals on an as-needed basis if the permittee cannot submit the required documents through the Ohio EPA eBusiness Center. In the event of an alternative hard copy submission in lieu of the eBusiness Center, the post-marked date or the date the document is delivered in person will be recognized as the date submitted. Electronic submission of applications, notifications, or reports required to be submitted to Ohio EPA fulfills the requirement to submit the required information to the Director, the District Office or Local Air Agency, and/or any other individual or organization specifically identified as an additional recipient identified in this permit unless otherwise specified. Consistent with OAC rule 3745-15-03, the required application, notification or report is considered to be "submitted" on the date the submission is successful using a valid electronic signature. Signature by the signatory authority may be represented as provided through procedures established in Air Services.



- (2) The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that identify:
- a. all deviations (excursions) of the following emission limitations, operational restrictions and/or control device operating parameter limitations that restrict the potential to emit (PTE) of any regulated air pollutant and have been detected by the monitoring, record keeping and/or testing requirements in this permit:
    - i. rolling 12-month total PE, PM<sub>10</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, VOC and CO emission limitations
    - ii. the rolling, 12-month asphalt production limitations and/or the RAP, slag, shingles and rubber percentage limitation;
    - iii. the rolling, 12-month asphalt production limitations from this plant which utilizes slag aggregates;
    - iv. any exceedance of the sulfur content in b)(2); and
    - v. any deviation from the use of allowed fuels as outlined in c)(3).
  - b. the probable cause of each deviation (excursion);
  - c. any corrective actions that were taken to remedy the deviations (excursions) or prevent future deviations (excursions); and
  - d. the magnitude and duration of each deviation (excursion).

If no deviations (excursions) occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a report that states that no deviations (excursions) occurred during the quarter.

The quarterly reports shall be submitted each year by January 31 (covering October to December), April 30 (covering January to March), July 31 (covering April to June), and October 31 (covering July to September), unless an alternative schedule has been established and approved by the Director (the appropriate District Office or local air agency).

- (3) The permittee shall submit an annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) to the Ohio EPA. The PER must be submitted by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.
- (4) The permittee shall identify in the annual permit evaluation report the following information concerning the quality of used oil burned in this emissions unit:
- a. any exceedance of the used oil standards in OAC rule 3745-279-11;
  - b. any occasion where used oil containing 1,000 ppm or more total halogens was burned prior to receiving information demonstrating a successful rebuttal of the presumption that the used oil contains or has been mixed with a listed hazardous waste;



- c. any exceedance of the limitations for mercury and/or PCBs; and
  - d. any deviation from the minimum heat content of 135,000 Btu/gallon.
- (5) The permittee shall identify in the annual permit evaluation report the following information concerning the operations of the baghouse during the 12-month reporting period for this emissions unit:
- a. each period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the pressure drop across the baghouse was outside of the acceptable range;
  - b. any period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the emissions unit(s) was/were in operation and the process emissions were not vented to the baghouse;
  - c. each incident of deviation described in "a" (above) where a prompt investigation was not conducted;
  - d. each incident of deviation described in "a" where prompt corrective action, that would bring the pressure drop into compliance with the acceptable range, was determined to be necessary and was not taken;
  - e. each incident of deviation described in "a" where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action(s), as identified in the monitoring and record keeping requirements of this permit; and
  - f. all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed from the stack, aggregate storage bins, and cold aggregate elevator/conveyor serving this emissions unit;
  - g. all days during which any visible emissions of fugitive dust were observed from the enclosures for the hot aggregate elevator, vibrating screens and weigh hopper servicing this emissions.
- (6) Where the analytical results for any shipment of used oil burned in this emissions unit establish that the used oil contains total halogens greater than 1,000 ppm, but less than 4,000 ppm, the results of the analysis for total halogens (from the appropriate test Method 9075, 9076, or 9077) and the information obtained to rebut the presumption that the used oil contains or has been mixed with a listed hazardous waste shall be submitted to the appropriate District Office or local air agency. Each rebuttal demonstration shall include:
- a. the date the used oil was received;
  - b. the facility location or identification number where the oil was or will be burned;
  - c. the amount of oil in the shipment; and
  - d. all information, including all the analytical results, relied upon by the permittee to rebut the presumption that the used oil contains or has been mixed with a listed hazardous waste.



The rebuttal demonstrations for used oil received from October to December shall be submitted by January 31; used oil received from January to March, by April 30; used oil received from April to June, by July 31; and used oil received from July to September, by October 31.

f) Testing Requirements

(1) Compliance with the Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements specified in section b) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitation:

Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) emissions from the stack shall not exceed 7.5 pounds per hour when burning natural gas and 36.0 pounds per hour when burning oil.

Sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) emissions from the stack shall not exceed 1.4 pounds per hour when burning natural gas; 26.4 pounds per hour when burning oil; and 159.0 pounds per hour while using slag as aggregate.

Organic compounds (OC) emissions from the stack shall not exceed 9.0 pounds per hour when burning any approved fuel.

Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions from the stack shall not exceed 32.8 pounds per hour when burning any approved fuel.

Particulate emissions (PE) from the fabric filter exhaust stack shall not exceed 10.35 pounds per hour when burning any approved fuel.

Particulate matter 10 microns and less in diameter (PM<sub>10</sub>) from the fabric filter exhaust stack shall not exceed 4.14 pounds per hour when burning any approved fuel.

PE while burning any approved fuel shall not exceed 0.04 gr/dscf.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, emission testing for this emissions unit in accordance with the following requirements:

- i. The emission testing shall be conducted within 9 months prior to permit expiration. Emission testing for secondary fuels shall be conducted within 60 days after the switch to the secondary fuel. Prior to secondary fuel emissions testing, the permittee shall consult the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency to determine which pollutants should be tested
- ii. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rates for PE, VOC, CO, NO<sub>x</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> for the primary fuel.



- iii. The emission testing shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rates for PE, VOC, CO, NO<sub>x</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> for the primary fuel. Prior to secondary fuel emissions testing, the permittee shall consult the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency to determine which pollutants should be tested.
- iv. The following test method(s) shall be employed to demonstrate compliance with the allowable mass emission rate(s) for:
  - v. PE, Methods 1-5 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.
  - vi. NO<sub>x</sub>, Methods 1-4 and 7 or 7E of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.
  - vii. SO<sub>2</sub>, Methods 1-4 and 6 or 6C of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.
  - viii. CO, Methods 1-4 and 10 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.
  - ix. VOC, Methods 1-4 and 25 and/or 18 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.
  - x. The VOC pounds per hour emission rate observed during the emission test shall be calculated in accordance with OAC paragraph 3745-21-10(C)(7) where the average molecular weight of the VOC emissions equals 16. i.e., the VOC as carbon emission rate observed during testing shall be converted to the appropriate units by multiplying the VOC as carbon emission rate observed during testing by 16 and dividing by 12.
  - xi. Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA.
  - xii. The test(s) shall be conducted while this emissions unit is operating at or near its maximum capacity and burning natural gas, number 2 fuel oil, or on-spec used oil for PE, VOC, CO, NO<sub>x</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> and employing RAP to verify VOC emissions, unless otherwise specified or approved by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.
  - xiii. Not later than 30 days prior to the proposed test date(s), the permittee shall submit an "Intent to Test" notification to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The "Intent to Test" notification shall describe in detail the proposed test methods and procedures, the emissions unit operating parameters, the time(s) and date(s) of the test(s), and the person(s) who will be conducting the test(s). Failure to submit such notification for review and approval prior to the test(s) may result in the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency's refusal to accept the results of the emission test(s).

Personnel from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency shall be permitted to witness the test(s), examine the testing equipment, and acquire data and information necessary to ensure that the operation of the emissions unit and the testing procedures provide a



valid characterization of the emissions from the emissions unit and/or the performance of the control equipment.

- xiv. A comprehensive written report on the results of the emissions test(s) shall be signed by the person or persons responsible for the tests and submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency within 30 days following completion of the test(s). The permittee may request additional time for the submittal of the written report, where warranted, with prior approval from the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

b. Emission Limitations:

Rolling, 12-month emissions shall not exceed the following:  
PE shall not exceed 8.63 TPY from stack.  
PM10 shall not exceed 3.45 TPY from stack.  
SO2 emissions shall not exceed 24.9 TPY.  
NOx emissions shall not exceed 30.0 TPY.  
CO emissions shall not exceed 28.14 TPY.  
OC emissions shall not exceed 7.5 TPY.

Applicable Compliance Method:

The SO2 emission limitation was established by the following equation:

$$[(0.005)*(a) + (0.088)*(b) + (0.53)*(c)]/2000 \leq 24.9\text{tons of SO}_2 \text{ per rolling 12-month period where}$$

a = tons of asphalt produced while burning natural gas per rolling, 12-month period;

b = tons of asphalt produced while burning on-spec used oil and/or #2 fuel oil per rolling, 12-month period; and

c = tons of slag as aggregate per rolling, 12-month period.

\*lb/ton emission factors may be revised based upon Ohio EPA validated emission testing and shall be revised if emission testing results in higher emissions.

Compliance for the other pollutants shall be determined by multiplying the observed emission rate from the most recent emission testing, in pounds of pollutant per ton of asphalt produced for each fuel, by the actual rolling 12 month summation of asphalt produced for each fuel, in tons per rolling 12-month period summing the results for all fuels, and dividing by 2000.

c. Emission Limitations:

There shall be no visible emissions of fugitive dust from the enclosures for the hot aggregate elevator(s), vibrating screen(s), and weigh hopper(s).



Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance with the limitation on visible emissions of fugitive dust found in b)(2)g. of this permit shall be demonstrated by the monitoring and record keeping in d)(6). Upon request by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, compliance shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 22 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR Part 60, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(4)(a) through (B)(4)(d) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.

d. Emission Limitations:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust (from areas other than the enclosures for the hot aggregate elevators, vibrating screens and weigh hoppers) shall be less than or equal to 10 per cent opacity, as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Upon request by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, compliance shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(3)(a) and (B)(3)(b) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.

e. Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from the stack shall not exceed 10 per cent opacity, as a six-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Upon request by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency, compliance shall be determined in accordance with Test Method 9 as set forth in "Appendix on Test Methods" in 40 CFR, Part 60 ("Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources"), as such Appendix existed on July 1, 2002, and the modifications listed in paragraphs (B)(3)(a) and (B)(3)(b) of OAC rule 3745-17-03.

f. Emission Limitations:

Fugitive PE/PM10 emissions associated with the cold aggregate, sand and RAP loading, and the cold aggregate, sand and RAP transfer operations shall not exceed 3.53 tons per rolling, 12-month period for PE and 1.68 tons per rolling, 12-month period for PM10.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be calculated based upon the following worst case calculations (Emission factors based on AP-42, 5th Edition, Table 11.12-2, 10/2001):



Fugitive emissions from the cold end are calculated as follows:

Hopper loading:

500,000 tons of material/year X 0.0051 lb of PE/ton of material = 2550 lbs of PE/yr; and 500,000 tons of material/year X 0.0024 lb of PM10/ton of material = 1200 lbs of PM10/yr.

Aggregate transfer:

500,000 tons of aggregate/year X 0.0069 lb of PE/ton of aggregate = 3450 lb of PE/yr; and 500,000 tons of aggregate/year X 0.0033 lb of PM10/ton of aggregate = 1650 lb of PM10/yr.

Sand transfer:

500,000 tons of sand/year X 0.0021 lb of PE/ton of sand = 1050 lb of PE/yr; and  
 500,000 tons of sand/year X 0.00099 lb of PM10/ton of sand = 495 lb of PM10/yr.

The sum of the above is 7050 lb of PE/yr X 1 ton/2000 lbs = 3.53 tons of PE; and

The sum of the above is 3010.5 lb of PM10/yr X 1 ton/2000 lbs = 1.68 tons of PM10.

Asphalt Load out and Silo Filling Emissions:

Emissions from load out operations shall not exceed 0.34 ton of CO per rolling 12-month period, 0.14 ton of PE per rolling 12-month period and 1.04 tons of OC per rolling 12-month period.

Emissions from silo filling operations shall not exceed 0.30 ton of CO per rolling 12-month period, 0.15ton of PE per rolling 12-month period and 3.05 tons of OC per rolling 12-month period.

Emissions from asphalt load out and silo filling operations are calculated as follows:

Asphalt plant silo filling and plant load out Emission Factors based on AP-42, Fifth Edition, Table 11.1-14, dated 3/2004.

Known:

V = -0.5 Asphalt volatility factor (default)

T = 325 HMA mix temp (F) (default)

Activity Pollutant Predictive Emission Factor Equation, lb/ton

Silo filling PE EF = 0.000332+0.00105(-V)e<sup>((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)</sup>

Load out PE EF = 0.000181+0.00141(-V)e<sup>((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)</sup>



Silo filling OCEF =  $0.0504(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Load out OCEF =  $0.0172(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Silo filling COEF =  $0.00488(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Load out COEF =  $0.00558(-V)e^{((0.0251)(T+460)-20.43)}$

Based on the above information, the emission factors and emissions are as follows.

Activity/Pollutant lb/ton tons/yr (at 500,000 tons/yr production)

Silo filling PE  $5.86 \times 10^{-4}$  0.15

Load out PE  $5.22 \times 10^{-4}$  0.14

Silo filling OC  $1.22 \times 10^{-2}$  3.05

Load out OC  $4.16 \times 10^{-3}$  1.04

Silo filling CO  $1.18 \times 10^{-3}$  0.30

Load out CO  $1.35 \times 10^{-3}$  0.34

The PM10 emissions are assumed equivalent to the PE.

- (2) Compliance with the asphalt production limitations in c)(1) shall be demonstrated by the record keeping in d)(1).
- (3) Compliance with the operational restriction in c)(2) shall be demonstrated by the record keeping in d)(1).
- (4) Compliance with used oil limitations in b)(2)d. shall be determined by the recordkeeping in d)(4).

The concentrations of contaminants (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, PCBs, and total halogens) in the used oil shall be analyzed using a "total constituent analysis" method, as specified in U.S. EPA publication SW-846, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods." The applicable test methods that should be used are as follows:

Arsenic, cadmium, chromium, and lead: SW-846, Method 3031 or 3051 (digestion procedures) followed by analysis using Method 6010B or 6020;  
 Mercury: SW-846, Method 7471A;

PCBs: SW-846, Method 8270C or 8082; and

Total halogens: SW-846, Method 9075, 9076, or 9077.

The permittee shall submit a written request and receive approval from Ohio EPA Division of Materials and Waste Management and/or the Division of Air Pollution Control,



of Central Office, before an alternative test method, not listed above, can be used for the total constituent analysis of the above-mentioned used oil contaminants.

- (5) Compliance with the sulfur content limitation in b)(2)e. and b)(2)f. shall be demonstrated by the recordkeeping in d)(5).

g) **Miscellaneous Requirements**

- (1) The permittee may relocate the portable source within the State of Ohio without first obtaining a permit-to-install and operate (PTIO) or a permit-to-install (PTI), providing the appropriate exemption requirements have been met and following the approval of the Director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency). The Director may issue a "Notice of Site Approval" if the following criteria is met, pursuant to the permanent exemption for portable sources in OAC rule 3745-31-03(A)(1):

- a. the portable source is operated in compliance with any applicable best available technology (BAT) determination issued in a permit and all applicable state and/or federal rules and laws;
- b. the portable source is operating pursuant to a currently effective PTIO or PTI and/or permit to operate (PTO) and continues to comply with the requirements of the permit;
- c. the permittee has provided a minimum of 30 days notice of the intent to relocate the portable source to the permitting authority (the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency that has issued the effective current permit) prior to the scheduled relocation;
- d. the Ohio EPA district office or local air agency having jurisdiction over the new site has determined that the permitted emissions would not cause a nuisance and would be acceptable under OAC rule 3745-15-07; and
- e. the Director has issued a "Notice of Site Approval", stating that the proposed site is acceptable and the relocation of the portable source, along with any supporting permitted emissions (e.g. roadways or storage piles), would not result in the installation of a major stationary source or a modification of an existing major stationary source at the new site.

The portable source can be relocated upon receipt of the Director's "Notice of Site Approval" for the site.

- (2) If the relocation of the portable source would result in the installation of a major source or the modification of a major source, as defined in OAC rule 3745-31-01, the permittee shall submit an application and obtain a PTIO or PTI (as applicable) for the new location prior to moving the portable source.

When a portable source is located at a stationary source or at a site with multiple portable sources, the potential emissions of the portable source may be required to be added to that of the facility, in order to determine the potential to emit for Title V and PSD applicability. Relocation of any portable source that results in the creation of a



major source, as defined in OAC rule 3745-77-01, must also meet all applicable requirements under the Title V program contained in OAC rule 3745-77, which may include the requirement to apply for a Title V permit.

The "Notice of Intent to Relocate" shall be submitted to the Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency responsible for issuing the permits for the portable source. Upon receipt of the notice, the permitting office shall notify the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency having jurisdiction over the new site. Failure to submit said notification or failure to receive Ohio EPA approval prior to relocation of the portable source may result in fines and civil penalties.

- (3) Modeling to demonstrate compliance with, the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F)(4)(b), was not necessary because the emissions unit's maximum annual emissions for each toxic air contaminant, as defined in OAC rule 3745-114-01, will be less than 1.0 ton per year. OAC Chapter 3745-31 requires a permittee to apply for and obtain a new or modified PTIO prior to making a "modification" as defined by OAC rule 3745-31-01. The permittee is hereby advised that changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would cause the emissions of any toxic air contaminant to increase to above 1.0 ton per year may require the permittee to apply for and obtain a new PTIO.