



11/7/2013

Certified Mail

Mr. John Pfanner
Gavilon Grain, LLC
7211 Shawnee Street
Harpster, OH 43323

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR NSR
No	CEMS
No	MACT/GACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MODELING SUBMITTED
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID TITLE V
No	FEDERALLY ENFORCABLE PTIO (FEPTIO)
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR GHG

RE: FINALAIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 0388000137
Permit Number: P0115720
Permit Type: Administrative Modification
County: Wyandot

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate (PTIO) which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully. In this letter you will find the information on the following topics:

- **How to appeal this permit**
- **How to save money, reduce pollution and reduce energy consumption**
- **How to give us feedback on your permitting experience**
- **How to get an electronic copy of your permit**

How to appeal this permit

The issuance of this PTIO is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$70.00, made payable to "Ohio Treasurer Josh Mandel," which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
77 South High Street, 17th Floor
Columbus, OH 43215

How to save money, reduce pollution and reduce energy consumption

The Ohio EPA is encouraging companies to investigate pollution prevention and energy conservation. Not only will this reduce pollution and energy consumption, but it can also save you money. If you would like to learn ways you can save money while protecting the environment, please contact our Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469. Additionally, all or a portion of the capital expenditures related to installing air pollution control equipment under this permit may be eligible for financing and State tax exemptions through the Ohio Air Quality Development Authority (OAQDA) under Ohio Revised Code Section 3706. For more information, see the OAQDA website: www.ohioairquality.org/clean_air

How to give us feedback on your permitting experience

Please complete a survey at www.epa.ohio.gov/survey.aspx and give us feedback on your permitting experience. We value your opinion.

How to get an electronic copy of your permit

This permit can be accessed electronically via the eBusiness Center: Air Services in Microsoft Word format or in Adobe PDF on the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page, www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc by clicking the "Search for Permits" link under the Permitting topic on the Programs tab.

If you have any questions, please contact Ohio EPA DAPC, Northwest District Office at (419)352-8461 or the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469.

Sincerely,



Michael W. Ahern, Manager

Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: Ohio EPA-NWDO



FINAL

**Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
Gavilon Grain, LLC**

Facility ID:	0388000137
Permit Number:	P0115720
Permit Type:	Administrative Modification
Issued:	11/7/2013
Effective:	11/7/2013
Expiration:	11/21/2018



**Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate**

for
Gavilon Grain, LLC

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Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
Gavilon Grain, LLC
Permit Number: P0115720
Facility ID: 0388000137
Effective Date: 11/7/2013

Authorization

Facility ID: 0388000137
Application Number(s): M0002453
Permit Number: P0115720
Permit Description: Administrative modification to change emission factors and opacity restrictions for emissions unit P901
Permit Type: Administrative Modification
Permit Fee: \$0.00
Issue Date: 11/7/2013
Effective Date: 11/7/2013
Expiration Date: 11/21/2018
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Jan 1 - Dec 31, Due Feb 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

Gavilon Grain, LLC
7211 Shawnee St
Harpster, OH 43323

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Ohio EPA DAPC, Northwest District Office
347 North Dunbridge Road
Bowling Green, OH 43402
(419)352-8461

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency


Scott J. Nally
Director



Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Gavilon Grain, LLC

Permit Number: P0115720

Facility ID: 0388000137

Effective Date: 11/7/2013

Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0115720

Permit Description: Administrative modification to change emission factors and opacity restrictions for emissions unit P901

Permits for the following Emissions Unit(s) or groups of Emissions Units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:	P901
Company Equipment ID:	Grain Receiving
Superseded Permit Number:	P0115214
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable



Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
Gavilon Grain, LLC
Permit Number: P0115720
Facility ID: 0388000137
Effective Date: 11/7/2013

A. Standard Terms and Conditions



1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. What records must I keep under this permit?

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

- PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

- Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. For facilities that are permitted as synthetic minor sources, the fee schedule is adjusted annually for inflation. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is



very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions of this permit will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.



10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the [DO/LAA] in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emission unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the



change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.



Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
Gavilon Grain, LLC
Permit Number: P0115720
Facility ID: 0388000137
Effective Date: 11/7/2013

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions



Final Permit-to-Install and Operate

Gavilon Grain, LLC

Permit Number: P0115720

Facility ID: 0388000137

Effective Date: 11/7/2013

1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
 - a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (1) None.
 - b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - (1) None.



Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
Gavilon Grain, LLC
Permit Number: P0115720
Facility ID: 0388000137
Effective Date: 11/7/2013

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions



1. P901, Grain Receiving

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Grain receiving, transferring, conveying, screening and storage, controlled by baghouse and oil spray for dust suppression.

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. None.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. None.

b) **Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements**

(1) The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(F)	Emission limitations, opacity restrictions operational restrictions, and control requirements [See b)(2)a. and c)(1)]
b.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 11/30/2001	See b)(2)b.
c.	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 12/1/2006	See b)(2)c. and b)(2)d.
d.	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See b)(2)e.
e.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	See b)(2)h.
f.	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	See b)(2)f.
g.	OAC rule 3745-17-08(A)	See b)(2)g.

(2) **Additional Terms and Conditions**

a. This permit establishes the following legally and practically enforceable emission limitations for the purpose of limiting potential to emit (PTE). The legally and practically enforceable emission limitations are voluntary restrictions established



under OAC rule 3745-31-05(F) and are based on the operational restrictions contained in section c)(1) which include throughput restrictions and control measures:

- i. 0.04 grains particulate matter 10 microns or less in size (PM10)/dry standard cubic foot (dscf) and 0.01 ton PM10/yr from the baghouse that controls grain receiving pits #1 and #3;
- ii. Visible particulate emissions (PE) from the baghouse that controls grain receiving pits #1 and #3 shall not exceed 5% opacity, as a six-minute average;
- iii. 2.44 tons fugitive PM10/year from truck grain receiving;
- iv. Visible fugitive PE from enclosure serving truck grain receiving pits #1 and #3 shall not exceed 10% opacity, as a three-minute average;
- v. Visible fugitive PE from truck grain receiving pit #2 shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a three-minute average;
- vi. 0.59 ton fugitive PM10/year from grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations;
- vii. Visible fugitive PE from any grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a three-minute average;
- viii. 0.55 ton fugitive PM10/year from grain storage; and
- ix. Visible fugitive PE from any bin vent associated with grain storage shall not exceed 10% opacity, as a three-minute average.

*All emissions of particulate matter from the baghouse discharge are PM10.

- b. Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 11/30/01 have been determined to be compliance with the voluntary restrictions established in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-05(F) [See b)(2)a.].

It should be noted that the voluntary restrictions were also established with the intentional purpose of avoiding BAT requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective 12/01/06 [See b)(2)c.].

The permittee has satisfied the Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements pursuant to OAC paragraph 3745-31-05(A)(3), as effective November 30, 2001, in this permit. On December 1, 2006, paragraph (A)(3) of OAC rule 3745-31-05 was revised to conform to ORC changes effective August 3, 2006 (S.B. 265 changes), such that BAT is no longer required by State regulations for NAAQS pollutants less than ten tons per year. However, that rule revision has not yet been approved by U.S. EPA as a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, until the SIP revision occurs and the U.S. EPA approves the



revisions to OAC rule 3745-31-05, the requirement to satisfy BAT still exists as part of the federally-approved SIP for Ohio. Once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of 3745-31-05, then these emission limits/control measures no longer apply.

It should be noted that the requirements established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(F) will remain applicable after the above SIP revisions are approved by U.S. EPA.

- c. This rule paragraph applies once U.S. EPA approves the December 1, 2006 version of OAC rule 3745-31-05 as part of the State Implementation Plan.

Best Available Technology (BAT) requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)(a) do not apply to the PM₁₀ emissions from this air contaminant source since the controlled potential to emit (PTE) is less than 10 tons per year taking into consideration practically and legally enforceable voluntary restrictions established under OAC rule 3745-31-05(F) in this permit.

- d. The BAT requirements under OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) are not applicable to the particulate emissions emitted from this emissions unit. BAT is only applicable to emissions of an air contaminant or precursor of an air contaminant for which a national ambient air quality standard (NAAQS) has been adopted under the Clean Air Act. Particulate emissions (also referred to as total suspended particulate or particulate matter) is an air contaminant that does not involve an established NAAQS.
- e. The emission limitation specified by this rule is equivalent to or less stringent than the voluntary restrictions established under OAC rule 3745-31-05(F).
- f. This emissions unit is exempt from the visible particulate emission limitations specified in OAC rule 3745-17-07(B) pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)(11)(e).
- g. This facility is not located within an "Appendix A" area as identified in OAC rule 3745-17-08. Therefore, pursuant to OAC rule 3745-17-08(A), this emissions unit is exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-17-08(B).
- h. The visible emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the voluntary restrictions established under OAC rule 3745-31-05(F).

PE and PM₁₀ are emitted as a fugitive emission from grain receiving, handling and storage. PE and PM₁₀ emissions generated by grain receiving pits #1 and #3 are collected (50% capture efficiency) and controlled by a baghouse. PM₁₀ is emitted as a point source emission from the baghouse stack (all emissions of particulate matter from the baghouse are considered to be PM₁₀).

c) **Operational Restrictions**

- (1) The following operational restrictions have been included in this permit for the purpose of establishing legally and practically enforceable requirements which limit PTE [See b)(2)a.]:



- a. The maximum annual amount of grain received for this emissions unit shall not exceed 207,200 tons of grain.
 - b. The use of a baghouse achieving a maximum outlet concentration of 0.04 grains PM10/dscf for grain receiving pits #1 and #3.
 - c. The use of total enclosure for all grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations.
 - d. All grain processed through the transferring/conveying and screening operations shall have been treated with mineral oil. The mineral oil may be applied at any operation at the grain elevator preceding these operations (i.e. oil may be applied at grain receiving operations).
- d) **Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements**
- (1) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of grain throughput (grain received) for this emissions unit (in tons per month and total tons, to date for the calendar year).
 - (2) For each day during which the permittee processes grain through the grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations which has not been treated with oil, the permittee shall maintain a record of the amount of grain processed.
 - (3) The permittee shall perform daily checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible fugitive particulate emissions from the grain receiving pits, grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations, and storage bin vents serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible fugitive emissions shall be noted in an operations log. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:
 - a. for the grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations:
 - i. the location and color of the emissions;
 - ii. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - iii. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible emissions.
 - b. for the storage bin vents and truck grain receiving pits:
 - i. the location and color of the emissions;
 - ii. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;
 - iii. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;
 - iv. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and



- v. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible emissions.

If visible emissions are present, a visible emission incident has occurred. The observer does not have to document the exact start and end times for the visible emission incident under item d)(3)b.iv. above or continue the daily check until the incident has ended. The observer may indicate that the visible emission incident was continuous during the observation period (or, if known, continuous during the operation of the emissions unit). With respect to the documentation of corrective actions, the observer may indicate that no corrective actions were taken if the visible emissions were representative of normal operations, or specify the minor corrective actions that were taken to ensure that the emissions unit continued to operate under normal conditions, or specify the corrective actions that were taken to eliminate abnormal visible emissions.

- (4) The permittee shall perform daily visible emission checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the baghouse stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log. If visible particulate emissions are observed, the permittee shall note the following in the operation log:
 - a. the color of the emissions;
 - b. the total duration of any visible emission incident; and
 - c. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the abnormal visible emissions.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall submit an annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) to the Ohio EPA District Office or Local Air Agency by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than twelve months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit. It is recommended that the PER is submitted electronically through the Ohio EPA's "e-Business Center: Air Services" although PERs can be submitted via U.S. postal service or can be hand delivered.
- (2) The permittee shall additionally identify the following information in the annual PER in accordance with the monitoring requirements in section d)(3) and d)(4):
 - a. for the grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations, the storage bin vents and the truck grain receiving pits:
 - i. all days during which visible fugitive particulate emissions were observed that were not representative of normal operations from the storage bin vents and/or the truck grain receiving pits (identify the specific operation that experienced the visible emissions);



- ii. all days during which visible fugitive particulate emissions were observed from the grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations; and
 - iii. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible fugitive particulate emissions.
- b. for the baghouse stack:
- i. all days during which any visible particulate emissions were observed; and
 - ii. any corrective actions taken to eliminate the visible particulate emissions.

The above information shall be provided as an attachment to the PER. If there were no day(s) and/or corrective action(s) to identify as required above, the permittee shall indicate within the "Additional Information and Corrections" section of the PER that no visible emissions were observed and no corrective actions were taken.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emission limitations in b)(1) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

a. Emission Limitations:

0.04 grains of PM10/dscf and 0.01 ton PM10/yr from the baghouse that controls grain receiving pits #1 and #3

Applicable Compliance Methods:

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the grains/dscf limitation in accordance with the test methods and procedures in Methods 1 – 4 of 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A and Methods 201/201A and 202 of 40 CFR, Part 51, Appendix M. Alternative U.S. EPA approved test methods may be used with prior approval from the Ohio EPA, Northwest District Office.

The annual PM10 limitation was developed by multiplying a maximum annual grain throughput of 237,200 tons* by the emission factors of 0.0078 lb of PM10/ton of grain (AP-42 Table 9.9.1-1 [3/03] for hopper truck delivery), and 0.059lb of PM10/ton of grain (AP-42 Table 9.9.1-1 [3/03] for straight truck delivery), then applying a capture efficiency of 50% and a removal efficiency of 99% for the baghouse, then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, provided compliance is shown with the annual grain throughput restriction, compliance with the annual emission limitation shall also be demonstrated.

*Accounts for a portion of the grain going through receiving multiple times (as determined by the permittee, please see application), and the worst case scenario of the all grain being processed through receiving pits #1 and #3, which are controlled by the baghouse.



**Worst case was determined to be 25% of the throughput for straight truck delivery and 75% for hopper truck delivery.

b. Emission Limitation:

Visible PE from the baghouse that controls grain receiving pits #1 and #3 shall not exceed 5% opacity, as a six-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9 of 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A.

c. Emission Limitation:

2.44 ton fugitive PM10/yr from truck grain receiving

Applicable Compliance Method:

The annual PM10 limitation was developed by multiplying a maximum annual grain throughput of 237,200 tons* by the emission factors of 0.0078 lb of PM10/ton of grain (AP-42 Table 9.9.1-1 [3/03] for hopper truck delivery), and 0.059lb of PM10/ton of grain (AP-42 Table 9.9.1-1 [3/03] for straight truck delivery), then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, provided compliance is shown with the annual grain throughput restriction, compliance with the annual emission limitation shall also be demonstrated.

*Accounts for a portion of the grain going through receiving multiple times (as determined by the permittee, please see application), and the worst case scenario of all the grain being processed through receiving pit #2, which is uncontrolled.

**Worst case was determined to be 25% of the throughput for straight truck delivery and 75% for hopper truck delivery.

d. Emission Limitation:

Visible fugitive PE from enclosure serving truck grain receiving pits #1 and #3 shall not exceed 10% opacity, as a three-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9 of 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A.

e. Emission Limitation:

Visible fugitive PE from truck grain receiving pit #2 shall not exceed 20% opacity, as a three-minute average



Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9 of 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A.

f. Emission Limitation:

0.59 ton fugitive PM₁₀/yr from grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations

Applicable Compliance Method:

The annual PM₁₀ limitation was developed by multiplying a maximum annual grain throughput of 694,400 tons* by the emission factor of 0.034lb of PM₁₀/ton of grain (AP-42 Table 9.9.1-1 [3/03]), then applying a control efficiency of 95% for total enclosure, and dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, provided compliance is shown with the annual grain throughput restriction, compliance with the annual emission limitation shall also be demonstrated.

*Accounts for the worst case scenario of the grain going through handling operations multiple times (as determined by the permittee, please see application)

g. Emission Limitation:

Visible fugitive PE from any grain handling (transferring, conveying, and screening) operations shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a three-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9 of 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A.

h. Emission Limitation:

0.55 ton fugitive PM₁₀/yr from grain storage

Applicable Compliance Method:

The annual PM₁₀ limitation was developed by multiplying a maximum annual grain throughput of 347,200 tons* by the emission factors of 0.0063lb of PM₁₀/ton of grain (AP-42 Table 9.9.1-1 [3/03]), then applying a control efficiency of 50% for mineral oil application, then dividing by 2000 lbs/ton. Therefore, provided compliance is shown with the annual grain throughput restriction, compliance with the annual emission limitation shall also be demonstrated.

*Accounts for the worst case scenario of a portion of the grain going to storage multiple times (as determined by the permittee, please see application)



i. Emission Limitation:

Visible fugitive PE from any bin vent associated with grain storage shall not exceed 10% opacity, as a three-minute average

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance with the visible emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 9 of 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A.

g) Miscellaneous Requirements

(1) None.