



10/29/2013

Certified Mail

Otto Simmerman
BEKAERT CORPORATION
510 Collins Blvd
Orrville, OH 44667

No	TOXIC REVIEW
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR NSR
No	CEMS
No	MACT/GACT
No	NSPS
No	NESHAPS
No	NETTING
No	MODELING SUBMITTED
Yes	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID TITLE V
Yes	FEDERALLY ENFORCABLE PTIO (FEPTIO)
No	SYNTHETIC MINOR TO AVOID MAJOR GHG

RE: FINALAIR POLLUTION PERMIT-TO-INSTALL AND OPERATE
Facility ID: 0285010331
Permit Number: P0115394
Permit Type: Renewal
County: Wayne

Dear Permit Holder:

Enclosed please find a final Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Air Pollution Permit-to-Install and Operate (PTIO) which will allow you to install, modify, and/or operate the described emissions unit(s) in the manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains conditions and restrictions, please read it very carefully. In this letter you will find the information on the following topics:

- **How to appeal this permit**
- **How to save money, reduce pollution and reduce energy consumption**
- **How to give us feedback on your permitting experience**
- **How to get an electronic copy of your permit**

How to appeal this permit

The issuance of this PTIO is a final action of the Director and may be appealed to the Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Section 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. The appeal must be filed with the Commission within thirty (30) days after notice of the Director's action. The appeal must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$70.00, made payable to "Ohio Treasurer Josh Mandel," which the Commission, in its discretion, may reduce if by affidavit you demonstrate that payment of the full amount of the fee would cause extreme hardship. Notice of the filing of the appeal shall be filed with the Director within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. Ohio EPA requests that a copy of the appeal be served upon the Ohio Attorney General's Office, Environmental Enforcement Section. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
77 South High Street, 17th Floor
Columbus, OH 43215

How to save money, reduce pollution and reduce energy consumption

The Ohio EPA is encouraging companies to investigate pollution prevention and energy conservation. Not only will this reduce pollution and energy consumption, but it can also save you money. If you would like to learn ways you can save money while protecting the environment, please contact our Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469. Additionally, all or a portion of the capital expenditures related to installing air pollution control equipment under this permit may be eligible for financing and State tax exemptions through the Ohio Air Quality Development Authority (OAQDA) under Ohio Revised Code Section 3706. For more information, see the OAQDA website: www.ohioairquality.org/clean_air

How to give us feedback on your permitting experience

Please complete a survey at www.epa.ohio.gov/survey.aspx and give us feedback on your permitting experience. We value your opinion.

How to get an electronic copy of your permit

This permit can be accessed electronically via the eBusiness Center: Air Services in Microsoft Word format or in Adobe PDF on the Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) Web page, www.epa.ohio.gov/dapc by clicking the "Search for Permits" link under the Permitting topic on the Programs tab.

If you have any questions, please contact Ohio EPA DAPC, Northeast District Office at (330)425-9171 or the Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469.

Sincerely,



Michael W. Ahern, Manager

Permit Issuance and Data Management Section, DAPC

Cc: Ohio EPA-NEDO



FINAL

**Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
BEKAERT CORPORATION**

Facility ID:	0285010331
Permit Number:	P0115394
Permit Type:	Renewal
Issued:	10/29/2013
Effective:	10/29/2013
Expiration:	8/29/2018



Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit-to-Install and Operate
for
BEKAERT CORPORATION

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Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
BEKAERT CORPORATION
Permit Number: P0115394
Facility ID: 0285010331
Effective Date: 10/29/2013

Authorization

Facility ID: 0285010331
Application Number(s): A0046804
Permit Number: P0115394
Permit Description: PTIO Renewal permit for a two-wire zinc galvanizing line and a cold solvent wire cleaning operation
Permit Type: Renewal
Permit Fee: \$0.00
Issue Date: 10/29/2013
Effective Date: 10/29/2013
Expiration Date: 8/29/2018
Permit Evaluation Report (PER) Annual Date: Apr 1 - Mar 31, Due May 15

This document constitutes issuance to:

BEKAERT CORPORATION
510 COLLINS BLVD
Orrville, OH 44667

of a Permit-to-Install and Operate for the emissions unit(s) identified on the following page.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) District Office or local air agency responsible for processing and administering your permit:

Ohio EPA DAPC, Northeast District Office
2110 East Aurora Road
Twinsburg, OH 44087
(330)425-9171

The above named entity is hereby granted this Permit-to-Install and Operate for the air contaminant source(s) (emissions unit(s)) listed in this section pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the described emissions unit(s) will operate in compliance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Scott J. Nally".

Scott J. Nally
Director



Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
BEKAERT CORPORATION
Permit Number: P0115394
Facility ID: 0285010331
Effective Date: 10/29/2013

Authorization (continued)

Permit Number: P0115394

Permit Description: PTIO Renewal permit for a two-wire zinc galvanizing line and a cold solvent wire cleaning operation

Permits for the following Emissions Unit(s) or groups of Emissions Units are in this document as indicated below:

Emissions Unit ID:	P004
Company Equipment ID:	Two-Wire Galvanizing Line
Superseded Permit Number:	02-21943
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable
Emissions Unit ID:	P005
Company Equipment ID:	Solvent wire cleaning
Superseded Permit Number:	02-22566
General Permit Category and Type:	Not Applicable



Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
BEKAERT CORPORATION
Permit Number: P0115394
Facility ID: 0285010331
Effective Date: 10/29/2013

A. Standard Terms and Conditions



1. What does this permit-to-install and operate ("PTIO") allow me to do?

This permit allows you to install and operate the emissions unit(s) identified in this PTIO. You must install and operate the unit(s) in accordance with the application you submitted and all the terms and conditions contained in this PTIO, including emission limits and those terms that ensure compliance with the emission limits (for example, operating, recordkeeping and monitoring requirements).

2. Who is responsible for complying with this permit?

The person identified on the "Authorization" page, above, is responsible for complying with this permit until the permit is revoked, terminated, or transferred. "Person" means a person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership. The words "you," "your," or "permittee" refer to the "person" identified on the "Authorization" page above.

The permit applies only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the permit. If you install or modify any other equipment that requires an air permit, you must apply for an additional PTIO(s) for these sources.

3. What records must I keep under this permit?

You must keep all records required by this permit, including monitoring data, test results, strip-chart recordings, calibration data, maintenance records, and any other record required by this permit for five years from the date the record was created. You can keep these records electronically, provided they can be made available to Ohio EPA during an inspection at the facility. Failure to make requested records available to Ohio EPA upon request is a violation of this permit requirement.

4. What are my permit fees and when do I pay them?

There are two fees associated with permitted air contaminant sources in Ohio:

PTIO fee. This one-time fee is based on a fee schedule in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 3745.11, or based on a time and materials charge for permit application review and permit processing if required by the Director.

You will be sent an invoice for this fee after you receive this PTIO and payment is due within 30 days of the invoice date. You are required to pay the fee for this PTIO even if you do not install or modify your operations as authorized by this permit.

Annual emissions fee. Ohio EPA will assess a separate fee based on the total annual emissions from your facility. You self-report your emissions in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745-78. This fee assessed is based on a fee schedule in ORC section 3745.11 and funds Ohio EPA's permit compliance oversight activities. For facilities that are permitted as synthetic minor sources, the fee schedule is adjusted annually for inflation. Ohio EPA will notify you when it is time to report your emissions and to pay your annual emission fees.

5. When does my PTIO expire, and when do I need to submit my renewal application?

This permit expires on the date identified at the beginning of this permit document (see "Authorization" page above) and you must submit a renewal application to renew the permit. Ohio EPA will send a renewal notice to you approximately six months prior to the expiration date of this permit. However, it is



very important that you submit a complete renewal permit application (postmarked prior to expiration of this permit) even if you do not receive the renewal notice.

If a complete renewal application is submitted before the expiration date, Ohio EPA considers this a timely application for purposes of ORC section 119.06, and you are authorized to continue operating the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit beyond the expiration date of this permit until final action is taken by Ohio EPA on the renewal application.

6. What happens to this permit if my project is delayed or I do not install or modify my source?

This PTIO expires 18 months after the issue date identified on the "Authorization" page above unless otherwise specified if you have not (1) started constructing the new or modified emission sources identified in this permit, or (2) entered into a binding contract to undertake such construction. This deadline can be extended by up to 12 months, provided you apply to Ohio EPA for this extension within a reasonable time before the 18-month period has ended and you can show good cause for any such extension.

7. What reports must I submit under this permit?

An annual permit evaluation report (PER) is required in addition to any malfunction reporting required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 or other specific rule-based reporting requirement identified in this permit. Your PER due date is identified in the Authorization section of this permit.

8. If I am required to obtain a Title V operating permit in the future, what happens to the operating provisions and PER obligations under this permit?

If you are required to obtain a Title V permit under OAC Chapter 3745-77 in the future, the permit-to-operate portion of this permit will be superseded by the issued Title V permit. From the effective date of the Title V permit forward, this PTIO will effectively become a PTI (permit-to-install) in accordance with OAC rule 3745-31-02(B). The following terms and conditions of this permit will no longer be applicable after issuance of the Title V permit: Section B, Term 1.b) and Section C, for each emissions unit, Term a)(2).

The PER requirements in this permit remain effective until the date the Title V permit is issued and is effective, and cease to apply after the effective date of the Title V permit. The final PER obligation will cover operations up to the effective date of the Title V permit and must be submitted on or before the submission deadline identified in this permit on the last day prior to the effective date of the Title V permit.

9. What are my obligations when I perform scheduled maintenance on air pollution control equipment?

You must perform scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(A). If scheduled maintenance requires shutting down or bypassing any air pollution control equipment, you must also shut down the emissions unit(s) served by the air pollution control equipment during maintenance, unless the conditions of OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3) are met. Any emissions that exceed permitted amount(s) under this permit (unless specifically exempted by rule) must be reported as deviations in the annual permit evaluation report (PER), including nonexempt excess emissions that occur during approved scheduled maintenance.



10. Do I have to report malfunctions of emissions units or air pollution control equipment? If so, how must I report?

If you have a reportable malfunction of any emissions unit(s) or any associated air pollution control system, you must report this to the [DO/LAA] in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06(B). Malfunctions that must be reported are those that result in emissions that exceed permitted emission levels. It is your responsibility to evaluate control equipment breakdowns and operational upsets to determine if a reportable malfunction has occurred.

If you have a malfunction, but determine that it is not a reportable malfunction under OAC rule 3745-15-06(B), it is recommended that you maintain records associated with control equipment breakdown or process upsets. Although it is not a requirement of this permit, Ohio EPA recommends that you maintain records for non-reportable malfunctions.

11. Can Ohio EPA or my local air agency inspect the facility where the emission unit(s) is/are located?

Yes. Under Ohio law, the Director or his authorized representative may inspect the facility, conduct tests, examine records or reports to determine compliance with air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. You must provide, within a reasonable time, any information Ohio EPA requests either verbally or in writing.

12. What happens if one or more emissions units operated under this permit is/are shut down permanently?

Ohio EPA can terminate the permit terms associated with any permanently shut down emissions unit. "Shut down" means the emissions unit has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31.

You should notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification that identifies the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. The certification must be submitted by an authorized official from the facility. You cannot continue to operate an emission unit once the certification has been submitted to Ohio EPA by the authorized official.

You must comply with all recordkeeping and reporting for any permanently shut down emissions unit in accordance with the provisions of the permit, regulations or laws that were enforceable during the period of operation, such as the requirement to submit a PER, air fee emission report, or malfunction report. You must also keep all records relating to any permanently shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, for at least five years from the date the record was generated.

Again, you cannot resume operation of any emissions unit certified by the authorized official as being permanently shut down without first applying for and obtaining a permit pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.



13. Can I transfer this permit to a new owner or operator?

You can transfer this permit to a new owner or operator. If you transfer the permit, you must follow the procedures in OAC Chapter 3745-31, including notifying Ohio EPA or the local air agency of the change in ownership or operator. Any transferee of this permit must assume the responsibilities of the transferor permit holder.

14. Does compliance with this permit constitute compliance with OAC rule 3745-15-07, "air pollution nuisance"?

This permit and OAC rule 3745-15-07 prohibit operation of the air contaminant source(s) regulated under this permit in a manner that causes a nuisance. Ohio EPA can require additional controls or modification of the requirements of this permit through enforcement orders or judicial enforcement action if, upon investigation, Ohio EPA determines existing operations are causing a nuisance.

15. What happens if a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid?

If a portion of this permit is determined to be invalid, the remainder of the terms and conditions remain valid and enforceable. The exception is where the enforceability of terms and conditions are dependent on the term or condition that was declared invalid.



Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
BEKAERT CORPORATION
Permit Number: P0115394
Facility ID: 0285010331
Effective Date: 10/29/2013

B. Facility-Wide Terms and Conditions



1. This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
 - a) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - (1) None.
 - b) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the facility-wide terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - (1) None.



Final Permit-to-Install and Operate
BEKAERT CORPORATION
Permit Number: P0115394
Facility ID: 0285010331
Effective Date: 10/29/2013

C. Emissions Unit Terms and Conditions



1. P004, Two-Wire Galvanizing Line

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Two-wire zinc galvanizing line controlled by a wet scrubber

- a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).
 - (1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.
 - a. d)(5)-(8) and e)(2)(h).
 - (2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.
 - a. None.
- b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements
 - (1) The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures are identified below. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	Particulate emissions (PE) shall not exceed 0.44 pound/hour (lb/hr) and 1.93 tons/year (tpy); Visible PE from the stacks serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a 6-minute average. See b)(2)a-b.
b	OAC rule 3745-31-05(D)	See b)(2)a-b.
c	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
d	OAC rule 3745-17-11	The emission limitation specified by this rule is less stringent than the limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).
e	ORC 3704.03(F)(4)	See d)(5)-(8) and e)(2)(h).



(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

- a. Hydrochloric acid (HCl) emissions shall not exceed 0.40 pound/hour and 1.76 tons/year.
- b. The emissions from this emissions unit shall be vented to the wet scrubber at all times the emissions unit is in operation. The scrubber shall capture and control 99% of the HCl emissions.

c) Operational Restrictions

- (1) None.

d) Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) In order to maintain compliance with the applicable emission limitation(s) contained in this permit, the acceptable range for the pressure drop across the scrubber, that must be maintained in order to demonstrate compliance, shall be between 9.8 to 13.8 pounds per square inch (gauge).
- (2) In order to maintain compliance with the applicable emission limitation(s) contained in this permit, the acceptable range for the scrubber liquid flow rate, that shall be maintained in order to demonstrate compliance, shall be between 60 to 80 liters/hour.
- (3) The permittee shall properly install, operate, and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the scrubber (in pounds per square inch, gauge) and the scrubber liquid flow rate (in gallons per minute) during operation of this/these emissions unit(s), including periods of startup and shutdown. The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the scrubber and the scrubber liquid's flow rate on a daily basis. The monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s), with any modifications deemed necessary by the permittee.

Whenever the monitored value for any parameter deviates from the range(s) or minimum limit(s) established in accordance with this permit, the permittee shall promptly investigate the cause of the deviation. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each investigation:

- a. the date and time the deviation began;
- b. the magnitude of the deviation at that time;
- c. the date the investigation was conducted;
- d. the name(s) of the personnel who conducted the investigation; and
- e. the findings and recommendations.

In response to each required investigation to determine the cause of a deviation, the permittee shall take prompt corrective action to bring the control equipment parameters within the acceptable range(s), or at or above the minimum limit(s) specified in this



permit, unless the permittee determines that corrective action is not necessary and documents the reasons for that determination and the date and time the deviation ended. The permittee shall maintain records of the following information for each corrective action taken:

- f. a description of the corrective action;
- g. the date the corrective action was completed;
- h. the date and time the deviation ended;
- i. the total period of time (in minutes) during which there was a deviation;
- j. the pressure drop and flow rate readings immediately after the corrective action was implemented; and
- k. the name(s) of the personnel who performed the work.

Investigation and records required by this paragraph do not eliminate the need to comply with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-15-06 if it is determined that a malfunction has occurred.

These range(s) and/or limit(s) for the pressure drop and liquid flow rate are effective for the duration of this permit, unless revisions are requested by the permittee and approved in writing by the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. The permittee may request revisions to the permitted range or limit for the pressure drop or liquid flow rate based upon information obtained during future performance tests that demonstrate compliance with the allowable particulate emission rate for this/these emissions unit(s). In addition, approved revisions to the range or limit will not constitute a relaxation of the monitoring requirements of this permit and may be incorporated into this permit by means of an administrative modification.

- (4) The permittee shall perform weekly checks, when the emissions unit is in operation and when the weather conditions allow, for any visible particulate emissions from the stack serving this emissions unit. The presence or absence of any visible emissions shall be noted in an operations log. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall also note the following in the operations log:

- a. the color of the emissions;
- b. whether the emissions are representative of normal operations;
- c. if the emissions are not representative of normal operations, the cause of the abnormal emissions;
- d. the total duration of any visible emissions incident; and
- e. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible emissions.

If visible emissions are present, a visible emissions incident has occurred. The observer does not have to document the exact start and end times for the visible emissions



incident under item (d) above or continue the daily check until the incident has ended. The observer may indicate that the visible emissions incident was continuous during the observation period (or, if known, continuous during the operation of the emissions unit). With respect to the documentation of corrective actions, the observer may indicate that no corrective actions were taken if the visible emissions were representative of normal operations, or specify the minor corrective actions that were taken to ensure that the emissions unit continued to operate under normal conditions, or specify the corrective actions that were taken to eliminate abnormal visible emissions.

- (5) The FEPTIO application for this/these emissions unit(s), P004 was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A", as follows:
- a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
 - i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; or
 - ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the ACGIH "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.
 - b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).
 - c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., "X" hours/day and "Y" days/week, from that of 8 hours/day and 5 days/week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the MAGLC:

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC$$



- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants or "worst case" toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: HCl
TLV (mg/m3): 7.5
Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 0.4
Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 171.5
MAGLC (ug/m3): 178.6

The permittee, having demonstrated that emissions of HCl from emissions unit(s) P004 is estimated to be equal or greater than 80%, but less than 100% of the MAGLC, shall not operate the emissions unit(s) at a rate that would exceed the daily emissions rate, process weight rate, and/or restricted hours of operations, as allowed in this permit; and any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F).

- (6) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower TLV than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a "modification", the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final FEPTIO prior to the change. The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.



- (7) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute":
- a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. the MAGLC for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
- (8) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.
- e) Reporting Requirements
- (1) The permittee shall submit an annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) to the Ohio EPA. The PER must be completed electronically and submitted via the Ohio EPA e-Business Center: Air Services by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than 12 months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.
 - (2) The permittee shall identify in the annual permit evaluation report the following information during the 12-month reporting period for this/these emissions unit(s):
 - a. each period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the pressure drop across the scrubber and/or the liquid flow rate was/were outside of the appropriate range or exceeded the applicable limit contained in this permit;
 - b. any period of time (start time and date, and end time and date) when the emissions unit(s) was/were in operation and the process emissions were not vented to the scrubber;
 - c. each incident of deviation described in "a" or "b" (above) where a prompt investigation was not conducted;



- d. each incident of deviation described in “a” or “b” where prompt corrective action, that would bring the pressure drop and/or liquid flow rate into compliance with the appropriate range or limit contained in this permit, was determined to be necessary and was not taken;
- e. each incident of deviation described in “a” or “b” where proper records were not maintained for the investigation and/or the corrective action(s), as identified in the monitoring and record keeping requirements of this permit;
- f. all days during which any visible PE were observed from the stack serving this emissions unit;
- g. any corrective actions taken to minimize or eliminate the visible PE; and
- h. any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to maintain compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. If no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.

f) Testing Requirements

- (1) Compliance with the emissions limitations and/or control requirements specified in section b) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

- a. Emission Limitation
PE shall not exceed 0.44 lb/hr and 1.93 tpy

Applicable Compliance Method

If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission tests performed in accordance with the methods and procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

- b. Emission Limitation
Visible PE from the exhaust stack serving this emissions unit shall not exceed 0% opacity, as a 6-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method

If required, compliance shall be determined through visible emission observations performed in accordance with U.S. EPA Reference Method 9 in 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A.

- c. Emission Limitation
HCl emissions shall not exceed 0.40 pound/hour and 1.76 tons/year.

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with these limitations was demonstrated by required emissions testing conducted 7/19/2007 (0.11 lb/hr, 99.67% removal efficiency).



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If required, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this emission limitation through emission tests performed in accordance with the methods and procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4, and 26A.

- g) Miscellaneous Requirements
 - (1) None.



2. P005, Solvent wire cleaning

Operations, Property and/or Equipment Description:

Portable and stationary cold solvent wire cleaning units

a) This permit document constitutes a permit-to-install issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(F) and a permit-to-operate issued in accordance with ORC 3704.03(G).

(1) For the purpose of a permit-to-install document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are federally enforceable with the exception of those listed below which are enforceable under state law only.

a. d)(4)-(7) and e)(2)g.

(2) For the purpose of a permit-to-operate document, the emissions unit terms and conditions identified below are enforceable under state law only with the exception of those listed below which are federally enforceable.

a. None.

b) Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

(1) The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment that constitute each emissions unit along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures are identified below. Emissions from each unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

	Applicable Rules/Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
a	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	VOC emissions shall not exceed 4872.1 lbs/month and 29.23 tons/year.
b	ORC 3704.03(F)(4)	See d)(4)-(7) and e)(2)g.

(2) Additional Terms and Conditions

a. None.

c) Operational Restrictions

(1) The cold solvent cleaning units shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the following practices to minimize solvent evaporation from the unit:

a. workplace fans shall not be placed near the cold solvent cleaning units opening, and exhaust ventilation shall not exceed 65 cfm/ft² of cold solvent cleaning units opening, unless a higher rate is necessary to meet Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements;



- b. openings to the cold solvent cleaning units shall be minimized during operation, so that entrances and exits silhouette workloads;
 - c. the cold solvent cleaning units shall be provided with downtime covers for closing off the entrance and exit during shutdown hours when solvent remains in the unit;
 - d. the top access lids of the cold solvent cleaning units shall remain closed to prevent solvent evaporation, except when line speed produces a danger of vapor flashing;
 - e. waste solvent and solvent saturated rags shall be stored in covered containers; and
 - f. solvent leaks shall be repaired immediately or the cleaner shall be shut down.
- d) **Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements**
- (1) The permittee shall collect and record the following information each month:
 - a. the company identification for cleaning solvent employed;
 - b. the VOC content of each cleaning solvent, in pounds/gallon;
 - c. the number of gallons of each cleaning solvent dispensed;
 - d. the total amount of solvent collected for disposal and/or recovery and shipped off-site during the month; and
 - e. the total VOC emission rate ($b \times (c-d)$), in pounds/month.
 - (2) The permittee shall maintain the following annual records:
 - a. the total cleaning solvent added to the cold solvent cleaning units or the amount purchased for use in the emissions unit;
 - b. the total amount of solvent collected for disposal and/or recovery and shipped off-site; and
 - c. the estimated annual VOC emissions from this emissions unit, calculated using the difference between the solvent used or purchased and the used solvent shipped offsite, in tons/year.
 - (3) The permittee shall inspect the cold cleaning units daily and maintain records of the following information:
 - a. the date and amount of time that any workplace fans was placed near the cold solvent cleaning units opening, and exhaust ventilation that exceeds 65 cfm/ft² of cold solvent cleaning units opening, except if a higher rate is necessary to meet OSHA requirements;



- b. the date and amount of time any cover, for closing off the entrance and exit, was removed or left open when the cold solvent cleaning units were not in use, excluding during maintenance activities;
- c. the date and amount of time that any top access lid of the cold solvent cleaning units was not closed to prevent solvent evaporation, except when line speed produces a danger of vapor flashing;
- d. the date that any waste solvent and solvent saturated rags were not stored in covered containers; and
- e. the date of any solvent leak and the maintenance records documenting the corrective action and time frame to correct the leak.

These records shall include the corrective action taken to return the units into compliance. These records shall be maintained for at least 5 years and shall be made available to the director or his representative upon verbal or written request.

- (4) The FEPTIO application for this/these emissions unit(s), P005 was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's(s') exhaust system, as specified by the permittee. The "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), was applied to this/these emissions unit(s) for each toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, using data from the permit application; and modeling was performed for each toxic air contaminant(s) emitted at over one ton per year using an air dispersion model such as SCREEN3, AERMOD, or ISCST3, or other Ohio EPA approved model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration result(s) from the approved air dispersion model, was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC), calculated as described in the Ohio EPA guidance document entitled "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions, Option A", as follows:
- a. the exposure limit, expressed as a time-weighted average concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, for each toxic compound(s) emitted from the emissions unit(s), (as determined from the raw materials processed and/or coatings or other materials applied) has been documented from one of the following sources and in the following order of preference (TLV was and shall be used, if the chemical is listed):
 - i. threshold limit value (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; or
 - ii. STEL (short term exposure limit) or the ceiling value from the ACGIH "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents Biological Exposure Indices"; the STEL or ceiling value is multiplied by 0.737 to convert the 15-minute exposure limit to an equivalent 8-hour TLV.



- b. The TLV is divided by ten to adjust the standard from the working population to the general public (TLV/10).
- c. This standard is/was then adjusted to account for the duration of the exposure or the operating hours of the emissions unit(s), i.e., “X” hours/day and “Y” days/week, from that of 8 hours/day and 5 days/week. The resulting calculation was (and shall be) used to determine the MAGLC:

$$TLV/10 \times 8/X \times 5/Y = 4 TLV/XY = MAGLC$$

- d. The following summarizes the results of dispersion modeling for the significant toxic contaminants (emitted at 1 or more tons/year) or “worst case” toxic contaminant(s):

Toxic Contaminant: Stoddard Solvent
TLV (mg/m3): 525
Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lbs/hr): 6.67
Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration (ug/m3): 2900
MAGLC (ug/m3): 12,500

The permittee, has demonstrated that emissions of Stoddard Solvent, from emissions unit(s) P005 is calculated to be less than 80% of the MAGLC; any new raw material or processing agent shall not be applied without evaluating each component toxic air contaminant in accordance with the “Toxic Air Contaminant Statute”, ORC 3704.03(F).

- (5) Prior to making any physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit(s), that could impact the parameters or values that were used in the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration, the permittee shall re-model the change(s) to demonstrate that the MAGLC has not been exceeded. Changes that can affect the parameters/values used in determining the 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. changes in the composition of the materials used or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a new toxic air contaminant with a lower TLV than the lowest TLV previously modeled;
 - b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminant listed in OAC rule 3745-114-01, that was modeled from the initial (or last) application; and
 - c. physical changes to the emissions unit(s) or its/their exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the “Toxic Air Contaminant Statute” will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a “modification” under OAC rule 3745-31-01 solely due to a non-restrictive change to a parameter or process operation, where compliance with the “Toxic Air Contaminant Statute”, ORC 3704.03(F), has been documented. If the change(s) meet(s) the definition of a “modification”, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a final PTIO prior to the change.



The Director may consider any significant departure from the operations of the emissions unit, described in the permit application, as a modification that results in greater emissions than the emissions rate modeled to determine the ground level concentration; and he/she may require the permittee to submit a permit application for the increased emissions.

- (6) The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information for each toxic evaluation conducted to determine compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F):
- a. a description of the parameters/values used in each compliance demonstration and the parameters or values changed for any re-evaluation of the toxic(s) modeled (the composition of materials, new toxic contaminants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. the MAGLC for each significant toxic contaminant or worst-case contaminant, calculated in accordance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F);
 - c. a copy of the computer model run(s), that established the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration that demonstrated the emissions unit(s) to be in compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), initially and for each change that requires re-evaluation of the toxic air contaminant emissions; and
 - d. the documentation of the initial evaluation of compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), and documentation of any determination that was conducted to re-evaluate compliance due to a change made to the emissions unit(s) or the materials applied.
- (7) The permittee shall maintain a record of any change made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, used to demonstrate compliance with the "Toxic Air Contaminant Statute", ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. The record shall include the date and reason(s) for the change and if the change would increase the ground-level concentration.

e) Reporting Requirements

- (1) The permittee shall submit an annual Permit Evaluation Report (PER) to the Ohio EPA. The PER must be completed electronically and submitted via the Ohio EPA e-Business Center: Air Services by the due date identified in the Authorization section of this permit. The permit evaluation report shall cover a reporting period of no more than 12 months for each air contaminant source identified in this permit.
- (2) The permittee shall identify in the annual permit evaluation report the following information during the 12-month reporting period for this/these emissions unit(s):
 - a. any month during which the VOC emissions exceeded the allowable monthly rate;



- b. the date and amount of time that any workplace fans were placed near the cold solvent cleaning units opening, and exhaust ventilation that exceeds 65 cfm/ft² of cold solvent cleaning units opening, except if a higher rate is necessary to meet OSHA requirements;
 - c. the date and amount of time any cover, for closing off the entrance and exit, was removed or left open when the cold solvent cleaning units was not in use, excluding during maintenance activities;
 - d. the date and amount of time that any top access lid of the cold solvent cleaning units was not closed to prevent solvent evaporation, except when line speed produces a danger of vapor flashing;
 - e. the date that any waste solvent and solvent saturated rags were not stored in covered containers;
 - f. the date of any solvent leak and the maintenance records documenting the corrective action and time frame to correct the leak; and
 - g. any changes made to a parameter or value used in the dispersion model, that was used to demonstrate compliance with the Toxic Air Contaminant Statute, ORC 3704.03(F), through the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration. If no changes to the emissions, emissions unit(s), or the exhaust stack have been made, then the report shall include a statement to this effect.
- f) Testing Requirements
- (1) Compliance with the emissions limitations specified in section b) of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a. Emission Limitation
VOC emissions shall not exceed 4872.1 lbs/month and 29.23 tons/year.

Applicable Compliance Method
Compliance shall be demonstrated based upon the record keeping and reporting requirements specified in sections d) and e).
- g) Miscellaneous Requirements
- (1) None.